2020 Annual Security and Fire Safety Report

With crime and fire statistics for 2017-2019

In compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act

University of Colorado Boulder
# Table of Contents

1. **Message from the Chancellor** ................................................................. 4

2. **Message from the Chief of Police** ......................................................... 5

3. **How to Reach the CU Boulder Police Department** ................................. 6

4. **Clery Act Requirements** ........................................................................ 8
   - *What is the Clery Act?* ........................................................................... 8

5. **Overview of the CU Boulder Police Department** ...................................... 9
   - *Statement Addressing CUPD Mission, Law Enforcement Authority and Officer Training* ........................................ 9
   - *Statement Addressing Jurisdiction and Interagency Relationships with Local and State Law Enforcement* ... 10

6. **Reporting Crimes and Other Emergencies** ............................................ 11
   - *Statement Addressing How to Report a Crime or Emergency on Campus* ................................................................. 11
   - *Statement Addressing Anonymous and Voluntary Confidential Reporting* .............................................................. 13
   - *Statement Encouraging Accurate and Prompt Crime Reporting* ............................................................................... 13
   - *Statement Addressing Counselors and Confidential Crime Reporting* ................................................................. 14
   - *Statement Addressing Campus Security Authorities* ............................................................................................. 14
   - *Statement Addressing When to Report Suspicious Activity* .................................................................................. 16

7. **Timely Warning Notifications** ................................................................ 16
   - *Statement Addressing the Issuance of Timely Warning Notifications* ................................................................. 16

8. **Emergency Response, Notification, and Evacuation Procedures** ............ 19
   - *Statement Addressing Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures* .............................................................. 19
   - *Statement Addressing Testing Emergency Response* ......................................................................................... 27
   - *Statement Addressing Evacuation Procedures* .................................................................................................. 27

9. **Crime Statistics** .......................................................................................... 28
   - *Statement Addressing Preparation of Disclosures of Annual Crime Statistics* .................................................... 28
   - *Statement Addressing Criminal Activity Off Campus* ........................................................................................... 29
   - *Statement Addressing the Daily Crime Log* ...................................................................................................... 30
   - *Crime Statistic Tables* .............................................................................. 31 - 32
10. **Security Awareness, Crime Prevention, and Education** .......................................................... 33
    - Statement Addressing Security Awareness Programs for Students and Employees .................. 33
    - Statement Addressing Crime Prevention Programs ................................................................. 34

11. **Missing Student Policy** ........................................................................................................ 34

12. **Statement of Policy Regarding Sex Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking Programs and Procedures** ............................................................................. 36
    - Relevant Definitions with Regard to Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking ...... 37
    - Safe and Positive Options for Bystander Intervention and Risk Reduction ................................. 39
    - Primary and On-Going Prevention and Awareness Programs and Campaigns ............................ 41
    - Procedures Victims Should Follow and Reporting Options ...................................................... 46
    - Victim Accommodations ........................................................................................................ 51
    - Victim Services and Resources .............................................................................................. 53
    - Explanation of CU Boulder Procedure for Disciplinary Action .................................................. 55
    - Possible Safety Measures or Sanctions ................................................................................... 58

13. **Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence or Non-Forcible Sex Offenses** ............. 60

14. **Sex Offender Registry Policy** ............................................................................................... 60

15. **Drug and Alcohol Policy** ..................................................................................................... 61
    - Statement Addressing Possession, Use, and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages ............................... 61
    - Statement Addressing Illegal Drugs ...................................................................................... 62
    - Drug and Alcohol Abuse Education Programs ......................................................................... 63

16. **Campus Facilities** .................................................................................................................. 64
    - Statement Addressing Access to Campus Facilities ................................................................... 64
    - Statement Addressing Security of Campus Facilities ............................................................... 65
    - Statement Addressing Security Considerations in the Maintenance of Campus Facilities .......... 65

17. **Campus Counseling, Mental Health and Other Resources** .................................................. 66
    - Counseling and Psychiatric Services ..................................................................................... 66
    - Faculty and Staff Assistance Program .................................................................................... 66
    - Office of Victim Assistance .................................................................................................... 67
    - Student Support and Case Management ................................................................................ 67
In accordance with federal law, CU Boulder does not discriminate on the basis of sex/gender in its educational programs and employment. Sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking are forms of sex/gender discrimination and, in addition to being violations of criminal law, are prohibited conduct under CU Boulder policy.
1. Message from the Chancellor

At the University of Colorado Boulder, we strive to shape tomorrow’s leaders, be the top university of innovation and to positively impact humanity. That cannot be done in an environment that is unsafe.

The document that you are about to read, the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report, is prepared every year as required by federal law and lays out crime and fire statistics for the past three calendar years, general information about campus fire safety systems, campus safety policies, and crime prevention and education programs that the campus offers.

The federal law, known as the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, was signed into law in 1990, and is named after Jeanne Clery, a Lehigh University student who was raped and murdered in her campus residence hall in 1986.

Oftentimes, following the Clery Act, as it is commonly known, is thought to be the responsibility of a university’s police department and, while they do have the lion’s share of that duty, the responsibility for the Clery Act touches all parts of the campus. For example, the creation of this report involved many people from across our campus. Also, there are hundreds of campus security authorities that are not part of the police department. You can learn more about the Clery Act on the police department’s website.

I encourage you to take some time to read through the report. In addition to crime and fire statistics, it includes safety policies, crime prevention and education campaigns, lists of resources and much more. The most important thing we can do together is to care for one another. We can do this by reporting concerns and by taking advantage of the many available University resources. Working together as a community, we can help each other be safe and successful.
2. Message from the Chief of Police

Dear University of Colorado Boulder community:

This Annual Security and Fire Safety Report has been produced in accordance with the requirements of the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act and provides information you can use to help keep yourself and your property safe. I encourage you to become familiar with this report. Read it and learn how your police department and so many campus partners have come together to make our campus safer.

Your safety and security are the primary focus of the members of the University of Colorado Boulder Police Department. Our commissioned officers and civilian employees work side by side with partners within our campus community to make our campus a safe place where we can shape tomorrow’s leaders, lead the nation’s universities in innovation, and positively impact humanity. We pride ourselves in ensuring that all members of our community are treated with kindness and compassion.

Our police department is a full-service police agency utilizing a community-oriented policing model to a diverse community of over 34,000 students and nearly 8,000 faculty and staff members as well as the countless visitors who come to our campus every year. Patrolling the campus by foot, bicycle, motorcycle, and vehicle, CUPD works diligently with the CU Boulder community and surrounding partner agencies to ensure a prompt and coordinated law enforcement response.

Our website, www.colorado.edu/police, serves as an excellent resource on emergency preparedness and crime prevention. We also share these many of these resources on Facebook, Twitter and Instagram. Simply search for CUBoulderPolice.

CUPD is here to serve and protect you. We want to hear your questions and concerns. Together, we can ensure that our campus community remains safe.

You may request a printed copy of this report by calling CUPD at 303-492-8168.
3. How to Reach the CU Boulder Police Department

Emergency: 911
Non-Emergency Phone: 303-492-6666
Support Services: 303-492-8168
Emergency Management: 303-492-7418
Records: 303-492-5115
Website: http://www.colorado.edu/police

On Facebook, Twitter, Instagram and YouTube as CUBoulderPolice.
How to Find Information in an Emergency

• On social media – Like CU Boulder Police and CU Boulder on Facebook and follow @cuboulderpolice, @cuboulder and @cuboulderalerts on Twitter.

• On your cell phone – Watch for text alerts (Safety Alert) if there is a threat to personal safety or in the case of a campus closure (weather, power outage, etc.).

• On your mobile device - receive push notifications on your mobile device and/or tablet with Alertus Recipient App.

• On your computer—Watch for alert email (Safety Alert) on your computer for information regarding campus safety.

• On the web—Visit alerts.colorado.edu for detailed campus closure and emergency information and updates.

• On the phone—Call the campus info line at 303-492-INFO (4636) for recorded information and updates relating to campus alerts.

• By email—Check your official university email after an emergency for support and resource information.

University of Colorado Police Department
1050 Regent Drive
Boulder, CO 80309
4. Clery Act Requirements

What is the Clery Act?

Signed into law in 1990, the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act) is a federal law that requires colleges and universities to disclose certain timely and annual information about campus crime and security policies. All post-secondary public and private institutions participating in federal student aid programs must adhere to these regulations. The Clery Act was championed by Howard and Connie Clery after their daughter Jeanne was murdered at Lehigh University in 1986.

To ensure compliance with the Clery Act, CU Boulder must meet certain obligations required by federal law. These obligations include: (1) policy disclosure; (2) records collection and retention; and (3) information dissemination.

1. Policy Disclosure

CU Boulder must provide the campus community and the public with accurate statements of current policies and practices regarding procedures for students and others to report criminal actions or other emergencies on campus, security of and access to campus facilities, and campus law enforcement.

2. Records Collection and Retention

CU Boulder is required to keep campus records of crimes reported on campus to campus security authorities, make a reasonable, good faith effort to obtain certain crime statistics from appropriate law enforcement agencies to include in the annual security report, and keep a daily crime log open for public inspection.

3. Information Dissemination

To provide members of the campus community with information needed to make informed personal safety decisions, CU Boulder must provide: 1) a “timely warning” of any Clery Act crime that is considered by the University to represent a serious or continuing threat to the safety to students and employees; an “emergency notification” is sent out, upon confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation that has or is occurring on campus and is an immediate threat to the campus community. Examples could include: active harmer, extreme weather conditions, building fire; 2) a log of all crimes reported to the CU Boulder Police Department (CUPD) occurring within its patrol jurisdiction and ensure public access to the crime log located at the Records Office of CUPD during normal business hours; and 3) publish an annual security and fire safety report, make the report available to all current students, faculty, and staff, and ensure the annual security and fire safety report is also made available to prospective students and employees.
5. Overview of the CU Boulder Police Department

VISION

The University of Colorado Boulder Police Department (CUPD) is committed to being a leader among university police departments.

MISSION

"The members of the University of Colorado Boulder Police Department (CUPD) are dedicated to provide the highest quality services in order to enhance community safety, protect life and property, and reduce crime and the fear of crime. We pledge to develop a partnership with the greater campus community and to improve the overall safety and quality of life for all CU affiliates through fair and impartial, transparent and consistent policing."

CORE VALUES

Collaboration – We value working together to create and maintain a culture of mutual trust and optimism for the future, with a goal of shared success and accomplishment

Competence – We are skilled professionals, exhibiting a quiet confidence in the performance of our duties; demonstrating adaptability to all situations, accompanied by a desire for continuous improvement.

Humility – We serve the University in a respectful, compassionate, and non-judgmental manner; remembering that we are members of the community we serve.

Integrity – We operate in a professional, ethical, and honest manner towards our work, peers, and the University community.

Passionate – We demonstrate a personal enthusiasm that drives focus, a desire to excel, and a commitment to support and protect one another.

AUTHORITY

CUPD officers receive their authority through the provisions of Colorado Revised Statutes (Title 24, Article 7.5) and through their City of Boulder commission. As such, CUPD officers have full police authority on all university properties and within the City of Boulder. In addition to state and municipal laws, the Board of Regents further delegates authority to CUPD officers to enforce university rules and regulations. Similar to their municipal counterparts, CUPD officers are armed and are legally empowered to issue summonses for persons to face charges in
court, arrest persons and place them in jail, write affidavits for and execute arrest and search warrants, perform investigations, and file cases with the local district attorney’s office.

**OFFICER TRAINING**

University of Colorado Boulder police officers receive the same training as other full-service police officers in Colorado. They must successfully complete an authorized Colorado Law Enforcement Training Academy program with a minimum of 548 hours of specialized instruction. Also, all university officers must successfully complete an on-the-job field training program under the supervision of experienced officers and supervisors. This training lasts a minimum of four months and covers security and crime concerns specific to the university community. Finally, officers must complete a probationary period of one year before being certified for their staff positions.

**Statement Addressing Jurisdiction and Interagency Relationships with Local and State Law Enforcement**

CUPD maintains excellent working and mutual aid relationships with other state and local law enforcement agencies and will coordinate responses to crime when appropriate. CUPD recognizes the importance of maintaining close and cooperative working relationships with the Boulder Police Department, Boulder County Sheriff’s Office, and Boulder County District Attorney’s Office. CUPD routinely meets with these departments on a formal and informal basis and on specific issues as the need arises. CUPD also conducts joint training exercises with these departments and other state and local emergency service providers on a regular basis.

These law enforcement departments share a computer-aided dispatching system and other information systems to track offender criminal histories, arrest information, and crime trend information. CUPD has direct lines of communication with state and local law enforcement agencies, which allows for efficient coordination when necessary.

The Boulder Police Department has an agreement with CUPD to commission CU Boulder officers as Boulder police officers. Consequently, CUPD has police authority within the legal jurisdiction of the City of Boulder. Also, by agreement with the Boulder Police Department, CUPD provides personnel and equipment to participate as members of the Special Weapons and Tactics (SWAT) team. Under Colorado Revised Statutes 29-5103, CUPD has statutory authority to provide assistance to other law enforcement agencies as needed and required. Additionally, under Colorado Revised Statutes 29-5-104, CUPD has the authority to request law enforcement personnel from other agencies as needed or required to deal with emergency situations and special events on campus. CUPD does not have written agreements with the City of Boulder Police Department or Boulder County Sheriff’s Office regarding the investigation of criminal incidents.
6. Reporting Crimes and Other Emergencies

Statement Addressing How to Report a Crime or Emergency on Campus

1. Duty to Report Criminal Behavior

Under Colorado Law, “It is the duty of every corporation or person who has reasonable grounds to believe that a crime has been committed to report promptly the suspected crime to law enforcement authorities.” (C.R.S. § 18-8-115) Students, faculty and staff are encouraged to accurately and promptly report all crimes to CUPD and other campus offices, described elsewhere in this document, as appropriate when the victim of a crime elects to, or is unable to, make such a report.

CU Boulder Police take all reports seriously. Reports will be accepted at the CU Boulder Police Department located at 1050 Regent Drive.

Criminal offenses reported will assist the University in keeping accurate records regarding the number of reported incidents on campus, and on property owned or controlled by the University, determine where there is a pattern of crime, and evaluate if an alert to the campus community is warranted.

To call in an emergency report, call 911 from your cell phone or landline. To call in a non-emergency report, use the following phone numbers.

- University of Colorado Boulder Police Department – 303-492-6666
- City of Boulder Police Department – 303-441-3333
- Boulder County Sheriff – 303-441-3600

2. Emergencies

In case of an emergency, call 911 to reach CUPD to report criminal incidents or emergencies on campus and to reach fire, ambulance, and rescue services. Persons who are deaf or hard of hearing should call 911 from a TTY/TDD telephone to reach CUPD. CUPD operates its own dispatch center 24 hours a day, seven days a week. In Boulder County, public safety answering points, including the CUPD dispatch center, have text-to-911 capabilities. Because this method is slower, it is only recommended during those times when it is not safe for you to speak because of an immediate threat. You can read more about sending text messages to 911 on our website (www.colorado.edu/police/crime-prevention/cupd-dispatch-center-now-receiving-911-text-messages).
3. Accidents

In order to prevent accidents, please be aware of traffic conditions while moving around campus. If you have an accident on campus or in one of the campus parking lots, call CUPD dispatch at 303-492-6666.

4. Online Crime Reporting

As a time-saving option for reporting certain offenses, CUPD offers online reporting. Bike thefts, criminal mischief, and other crimes that are not in progress can be reported at the CUPD website (https://www.colorado.edu/police). Click on the “Report an Incident” image in the middle of the page; then scroll down to “File a Report Online” link in the middle of the page and then the blue “File an Online Report” button at the bottom of the page.

Online crime reporting can be used for reports of:

- Bicycle theft (no dollar limit)
- Computer/other theft (value under $2,500)
- Criminal mischief (not graffiti)
- Lost/mislaid personal or CU Boulder property
- Noncriminal property damage or personal injury
- Traffic- or pedestrian-related concerns

The online crime reporting site is not for reporting “crimes in progress” or other emergencies.

Ordinarily, an officer would respond to these incidents, interview witnesses, and then compile a police report. While that method remains an option, the online reporting site can save time for both the reporting party and CUPD officers. You may upload a case summary, possible suspect info, and incident photos, which will be transferred into CUPD’s records management system and investigated in the same manner as reports filed by CUPD officers.

5. Response

Dispatchers are available at the above telephone numbers 24 hours a day to answer your calls. CUPD policies and procedures require immediate responses to emergency calls. CUPD works closely with the city of Boulder and Boulder County first responders (police, sheriff, fire, ambulance) to coordinate effective responses to emergency calls. Priority response is given to crimes against persons and incidents involving personal injuries. Upon receipt of non-emergency calls, CUPD will either dispatch an officer or ask the victim to file an incident report online or in person at CUPD.

Like other full-service law enforcement agencies, CUPD provides police patrol, investigations (detectives), police records, E-911 communications (dispatch), property and evidence, and event management services. CUPD maintains excellent working relationships with local, state and federal law enforcement and emergency response agencies.
Statement Addressing Anonymous and Voluntary Confidential Reporting

CUPD works in conjunction with the Northern Colorado Crime Stoppers program to encourage the anonymous reporting of crime-related activity. Rewards may be given when the information leads to an arrest and the filing of criminal charges. A CUPD detective or patrol officer investigates information on criminal activity received through confidential informants or third-party reporting. You may anonymously report a crime on the Northern Colorado Crime Stoppers (https://www.nococrimestoppers.com/) website. Voluntary confidential reporting is not offered through this site.

The CU Boulder Office of Victim Assistance has a confidential reporting site, available at https://www.colorado.edu/studentaffairs/confidential-reporting, that allows CU community members (students, staff, faculty, and their significant others) to confidentially report harmful and/or traumatic events they or others have experienced. This option allows you to provide information about harmful and/or traumatic events in a confidential manner that does not constitute a report to CU Boulder or to law enforcement. This information goes to the confidential Office of Victim Assistance and will not be shared except in an aggregate, non-identifiable form.

CU Boulder does not have policies or procedures allowing for voluntary, confidential reporting of crimes for the purpose of inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Statement Encouraging Accurate and Prompt Crime Reporting

Community members, students, faculty, staff and guests are encouraged to report all crimes and public safety-related incidents to CUPD or the appropriate police agencies in a timely and accurate manner. CU Boulder encourages accurate and prompt reporting of all crimes when the victim of a crime elects to, or is unable to, make such a report. Colorado Revised Statutes 18-8-115 states: “It is the duty of every corporation or person who has reasonable grounds to believe that a crime has been committed to report promptly the suspected crime to law enforcement authorities. Notwithstanding any other provision of the law to the contrary, a corporation or person may disclose information concerning a suspected crime to other persons or corporations for the purpose of giving notice of the possibility that other such criminal conduct may be attempted which may affect the persons or corporations notified. When acting in good faith, such corporation or person shall be immune from any civil liability for such reporting or disclosure. This duty shall exist notwithstanding any other provision of the law to the contrary; except that this section shall not require disclosure of any communication privileged by law.”

Crimes should be reported to CUPD for inclusion within the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report which includes crime statistics (if they occurred within CU Boulder’s defined Clery
boundaries) and may also be used to aid in the provision of timely warnings or safety advisories to the CU Boulder community. Reports can also be made to other campus offices as described elsewhere in this document, (e.g.) the Office of Institutional Equity and Compliance. (OIEC is located on the second floor of the ARCE Building, 3100 Marine Street).

Crimes reported to CUPD that fall outside the department’s jurisdiction will be referred to the appropriate law enforcement agency. CUPD will help connect the reporting party to the appropriate agency.

**Statement Addressing Counselors and Confidential Crime Reporting**

Occasionally, victims of crime wish to report a crime but do not want to give their names and/or do not want to pursue action through the criminal justice or CU Boulder institutional systems. Pastoral and professional counselors who receive confidential reports of crime are not required to report these crimes to CUPD for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics or for the purpose of a timely warning. These positions are defined as follows:

**Pastoral Counselor:** A person who is associated with a religious order or denomination, is recognized by that religious order or denomination as someone who provides confidential counseling and is functioning within the scope of that recognition as a pastoral counselor.

**Professional Counselor:** A person whose official responsibilities include providing mental health counseling to members of the institution’s community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification. At CU Boulder, all staff in the Office of Victims Assistance (OVA) are licensed professional counselors.

Pastoral and professional counselors, if and when they deem it appropriate, are encouraged to inform the persons they are counseling of the procedures to a report crime to CUPD for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics. However, CU Boulder does not have a procedure that requires pastoral and professional counselors to inform the persons they counsel of procedures for reporting crime voluntarily and confidentially for inclusion in CU Boulder’s crime statistics.

Certain other CU Boulder departments whose members include campus security authorities may also accept anonymous reports of a crime from a victim. The Clery Act, however, requires these departments to report the crime to CUPD. This reporting allows CU Boulder to maintain accurate records on the number of incidents that take place; determine if there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant; and alert the campus community of an ongoing threat if needed.

**Statement Addressing Campus Security Authorities (CSA)**

It is important for the campus community to report criminal incidents directly to CU Boulder Police. However, some victims of crimes may be more inclined to report a crime to someone other than the police. Another way to report is through a person designated by the university
because of their position/role on campus as a Campus Security Authority (CSA). CSA’s include students, staff/employees of CU Boulder, and faculty members. Once a person is designated as a campus CSA because of their position, they are provided training on their CSA role and responsibilities.

Under the Clery Act regulations, a crime is “reported” when it is brought to the attention of a designated “campus security authority” (CSA). If a CSA receives the crime information and believes it was provided in good faith, he/she should report it to CUPD to allow CUPD to consider whether to make a timely warning report and for inclusion in the annual statistical disclosure.

CSA’s can report directly to CUPD by calling 911, call into dispatch by dialing (303) 492-6666, in-person at the CUPD building at 1050 Regent Drive, or by utilizing the CUPD website (https://www.colorado.edu/police) for online reporting options. Click on the “Report an Incident” image in the middle of the page; then scroll down to “File a Report Online” link in the middle of the page and then the blue “File an Online Report” button at the bottom of the page.

Campus security authorities (CSA) encompass four groups of individuals and organizations associated with an institution, as follows:

1. Member of campus police department;
2. Any individual or individuals who have responsibility for campus security but who do not constitute a campus police department or a campus security department (e.g., an individual who is responsible for monitoring the entrance into institutional property);
3. Any individual or organization specified in an institution’s statement of campus security policy as an individual or organization to which students and employees should report criminal offenses;
4. An official of an institution who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to student housing, student discipline and campus judicial proceedings. Individuals may be designated as CSAs based on whether they perform the following functions as outlined in their official job description and position offer letter: their responsibilities involve significant interaction with students and/or campus activities; they serve as a member in an office or of a committee to whom students are instructed and informed to report or discuss crimes, allegations of crime, and other troubling issues, and/or; they have oversight for disciplinary procedures.
Some examples of campus security authorities (CSA) may include, but are not limited to the following:

- Campus law enforcement officers and department staff
- Residential safety officials (RSO)
- Dean of students and student affairs office staff
- Athletic director, athletics staff, coaches
- Student conduct and conflict resolution office staff
- Faculty advisor to a student group
- Office of institutional equity and compliance (OIEC) - Title IX coordinators
- Residence life/housing staff; family housing managers
- Coordinator of Greek life
- Study abroad program staff and faculty sponsors
- Contracted security personnel

Statement Addressing When to Report Suspicious Activity

Suspicious activity could be innocent or criminal, but that is not up to the general public to decide. If you see something suspicious, call law enforcement and let them decide if it is criminal in nature. Some examples of suspicious activities include but are not limited to the following.

- Specific threats to inflict harm (e.g., a threat to shoot a named individual);
- Use of any object to attack or intimidate another;
- You witness someone committing a crime;
- You need to report an old crime;
- You see fire or smell smoke;
- You think you observe a drunk driver;
- You have knowledge of a chemical spill;
- Someone is injured or ill.

7. Timely Warning Notifications

Statement Addressing the Issuance of Timely Warning Notifications

CUPD is responsible for developing and disseminating timely warning notifications to members of the CU Boulder community. Once an incident that may require a timely warning notification has been reported to CUPD, the on-call command duty officer will coordinate with the Clery/crime analyst to determine whether the criteria for issuing a timely warning have been met and a timely warning will be issued. The decision will be made on a case-by-case basis.
In general, timely warnings will be issued when a specific crime has occurred on campus property (or adjacent to campus), and there is a serious or on-going threat to the campus community. The following three conditions should be met prior to issuing a timely warning:

1. One of the following statutorily designated crimes (Clery crime) is reported to CUPD:
   - **Criminal homicide** – Including murder and non-negligent manslaughter, and manslaughter by negligence;
   - **Sex offenses** – Including rape, fondling, incest, and statutory rape
   - **Robbery**
   - **Aggravated assault** – The decision to release a timely warning for an aggravated assault depends on the facts of the case and the information known by CUPD. For example, if an assault occurs between two students who have a disagreement, there may be no continuing threat to other CU Boulder community members. As such, a timely warning would not be distributed.
   - **Burglary and/or motor vehicle theft** – In general, timely warnings will not be issued for single incidents. A timely warning may be distributed if a series of incidents poses a continuing threat to the CU Boulder community.
   - **Arson**
   - **Hate crimes**
   - **Domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking**
   - **Arrests and referrals for drug, alcohol, and weapons law violations.**

2. The reported crime occurred at a **Clery-reportable location**, (Clery geography) which is defined as:
   - On campus;
   - On public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus boundaries; or,
   - In a non-campus buildings or property. Non-campus locations are described as property that is owned or controlled by CU Boulder, used for educational purposes, and frequently used by students.

3. The reported crime presents a **serious or continuing threat** to CU Boulder students, faculty, and staff, as determined at CU Boulder’s sole discretion. Factors for determining whether an incident poses a serious or continuing threat include:
   - Whether the suspect has been apprehended;
   - Timeliness of the reported crime to CUPD;
   - Whether a pattern of crimes exists that places CU Boulder students or employees at risk of becoming victims of a similar crime.
If the criteria for issuing a timely warning have been met, the command duty officer will consult with other personnel as necessary (including, but not limited to, Clery compliance personnel, the public information officer, the on-call detective, and on-scene personnel) to determine the content of the warning and the means of dissemination. CUPD personnel will work with the office of strategic relations and communications to disseminate the timely warning. Timely warnings will generally be disseminated via email to @colorado.edu account for CU Boulder students, faculty and staff with the subject line: Safety Alert. This is sent out to the CU Boulder community and posted on both the CU Boulder and CUPD Facebook, Twitter and Instagram Story accounts. CU Boulder students, faculty, and staff will automatically receive timely warning email notices through their CU Boulder email accounts.

CUPD may learn about an incident that may require a timely warning notification from a number of sources, including individuals involved in the incident, witnesses, CUPD or other law enforcement officers, or campus security authorities as defined by the Clery Act.

When members of the office of institutional equity and compliance (OIEC), in their role as campus security authorities, learn of an incident that may require a timely warning notification but the reporting person requests that the OIEC not communicate with law enforcement, the OIEC may still notify CUPD of the incident as part of the OIEC’s obligation to provide a safe and nondiscriminatory environment. In making the determination to notify CUPD, the OIEC will consider a number of factors, including the following:

- The risk that the alleged perpetrator will commit additional acts of misconduct or other violence;
- The seriousness of the alleged conduct, including whether the alleged perpetrator threatened further sexual or other violence against the alleged victim or others, whether the alleged conduct was facilitated by the incapacitation of the alleged victim, or whether the alleged perpetrator has been found responsible in legal or other disciplinary proceedings for acts of sexual or other violence;
- Whether the alleged conduct was perpetrated with a weapon;
- Whether the alleged victim is a minor;
- Whether the university possesses means other than the alleged victim’s testimony to obtain relevant evidence of the alleged conduct (e.g., security cameras or personnel, physical evidence); and
- Whether the alleged conduct reveals a pattern of perpetration at a given location or by a particular group.

For a list of past timely warnings, visit the CUPD website (www.colorado.edu/police/media-advisories/2019-media-releases).
8. Emergency Response, Notification, and Evacuation Procedures

When an emergency occurs on campus, CU Boulder strives to provide students, faculty and staff with the critical information needed to protect themselves. To allow CU Boulder to provide this information, community members must ensure they are registered, and their emergency notification contact information is correct.

- CU Boulder students are automatically registered using your @colorado.edu email address. We ask that you add a mobile number during course registration periods and update as needed in Buff Portal.
- CU Boulder faculty and staff are automatically registered using your @colorado.edu email address. You can manage your mobile alerts number and update as needed in your MyCUInfo portal.
- CU Boulder partners with @cu.edu, @cufund.org, @cusys.edu, @ucdenver.edu, or @cuanschutz.edu email domains must still register and maintain their information at www.getrave.com/login/cuboulder.
- Affiliates who are not a student, faculty or staff and do not have one of the emails domains listed above can opt-in to CU Boulder Alerts to receive text alerts by texting “cuaffiliate” to 81437.

For more information, go to the CU Boulder Alerts webpage (alerts.colorado.edu).

Statement Addressing Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

1. Policy Statement

This policy establishes the emergency response and evacuation procedures for the University of Colorado Boulder. This policy has been established to ensure the safety and welfare of CU Boulder students and employees to the greatest extent possible. This policy is aligned with and in compliance with the Higher Education Opportunity Act, which requires all Title IV institutions, without exception, to have and disclose emergency response procedures in response to a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on the campus.
2. Scope

The requirements set forth in this policy are only applicable to emergency or dangerous situations occurring on campus. The institution may issue emergency notifications about emergency or dangerous situations that occur in the broader community if institutional officials determine that such notifications provide helpful or relevant information to the campus population.

3. Situation

CU Boulder will, upon confirmation of an ongoing significant emergency or dangerous situation that poses an imminent threat to the safety of campus community members, immediately issue emergency notifications to the campus community. An emergency notification is sent using text messaging to your registered cell phone number, push notifications to computers and mobile devices that have the Alertus app installed, email to all @Colorado.edu accounts, postings on social media, publishing to CU Boulder websites, and recording on the campus information line. While it is impossible to predict every significant emergency or dangerous situation that may occur on campus, the following situations are examples that may warrant an emergency notification after confirmation.

- Active harmer
- Bomb/explosives (threat)
- Communicable disease outbreak
- Severe weather
- Terrorist incident
- Civil unrest
- Natural disaster
- Hazardous materials incident
- Structure fires

CU Boulder officials shall use their best, reasonable judgment in all other situations to determine whether an emergency notification is warranted.

Situations that may create business, academic or research interruptions, but do not pose a health or safety risk, may also generate an emergency notification to be sent. CU Boulder will facilitate notifications about such situations, in coordination of involved departments, as appropriate. CU Boulder will facilitate notifications about such situations in coordination of involved departments as appropriate. Examples of such situations include:

- Snow closures
- Temporary building closures
- Power outages
- Network outages
CU Boulder will, without delay, and considering the safety of the community, determine the content of the emergency notification and initiate the emergency notification system, unless the emergency notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities:

- Compromise efforts to assist the victim or victims;
- Compromise efforts to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency, such as compromising the efforts of first responders.

4. Assumptions

This policy was established with the following assumptions:

- Utilization of multiple notification methods is needed, as no single notification method will reach everyone, everywhere, every time.
- One hundred percent delivery of notification to each member of the campus population cannot be guaranteed.
- Other information sources outside the institution’s control may generate erroneous or conflicting information (i.e. affiliated and unaffiliated social media sites, word of mouth).
- Regular testing of notification systems is required to ensure proper functionality and operator skill.
- Notification systems must account for communication impairments.
- Several notifications are considered passive notifications requiring an action by recipients. Some recipients will not take this action and, therefore, not all recipients will receive notifications during the desired timeframe.
- It is the responsibility of campus members that are registered for the notification system to maintain updated contact information.
- Several notification methods rely on the functionality of third-party vendors that are outside of the institution’s control (i.e. cell phone service providers, electricity).

5. Confirmation of an Emergency or Dangerous Situation

Reports of emergency or dangerous situations can originate from various sources including:

- Reports from first responders
- Reports from established warning points
- Reports from other campus departments
- Reports from citizens through 911

CU Boulder Police, including CUPD emergency management, will confirm if there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus. Confirmation means CU Boulder officials have verified that a significant emergency or dangerous situation is or may soon occur on the campus that involves an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees.
Process for confirmation:

- CUPD command-level staff (including the chief of police, command duty officers, or director of emergency management) will determine whether a significant emergency or dangerous situation is confirmed. In the event CUPD command-level staff is unavailable, CUPD’s on-duty shift supervisor, public information officer, Clery compliance officer, communications center manager, or emergency management managers may also determine whether a significant emergency or dangerous situation is confirmed. When making a determination, personnel will assess readily available information and consider a number of factors—including the nature of the reported situation, the reliability of available information, observations of law enforcement officers, information from established warning points, and other factors—to determine if there is enough information to reasonably conclude a significant emergency or dangerous situation is occurring on campus that involves an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees. CUPD and CUPD emergency management personnel may consult with additional departments and policy-level personnel as practical without jeopardizing life safety.

Established warning points are entities with subject matter expertise on particular hazards that may affect campus. CUPD and CUPD emergency management personnel may consider information from established warning points when determining whether a significant emergency or dangerous situation is confirmed. CUPD and CUPD emergency management personnel may conduct additional consultation with campus officials as practical without jeopardizing life safety. This table is not all-inclusive but represents a sampling of established warning points.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Established Warning Point</th>
<th>Hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Weather Service</td>
<td>Warnings for weather events, flood events, and wildfires</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban Drainage Flood Control District</td>
<td>Warnings for flash flood events</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder County Public Health</td>
<td>Communicable disease/public health emergencies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder Fire-Rescue Department</td>
<td>Fire or hazardous material events</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. Population Notified/Segmented Notification

In the situations when a single facility/area is involved, facility alarms, public address systems, phone trees, and other available technologies may be utilized to provide warning to a specific portion of the campus population. CUPD will evaluate the situation to determine if it meets criteria for an emergency notification or timely warning and follow those procedures as required. However, if the situation is limited to a specific facility/area and does not pose a threat or impact to the campus as a whole, CUPD may identify the appropriate segment or segments, determine the appropriate segmented notification process, and issue the
notification only to those impacted. Should a segmented notification be issued, on-going assessments of the situation will occur, and a campus-wide notification may be sent as necessary.

7. Emergency Notification Content

The content of an emergency notification will depend on the situation and the notification method. However, the following information will be included in all initial emergency notifications regardless of the situation or method:

- A description of the situation (i.e., flash flood warning, dangerous situation)
- Location of situation if known (i.e., building, area of campus)
- Relevant safety instructions (i.e., move to higher ground, shelter in place)

A third element of where to get additional information will be included, if feasible. Because of text character limits or the immediate availability of information, the third element of where to get information may not always be included in emergency notifications. Typically, more information will be provided on the CU Boulder Alerts website (alerts.colorado.edu) during ongoing emergency events.

Pre-scripted Emergency Notifications

CU Boulder has several pre-scripted emergency notifications that have been collaboratively developed and agreed upon by CUPD, emergency management, strategic relations and communications, and appropriate policy-level personnel. Pre-scripted notifications facilitate faster dissemination and ensures the sender is providing the content needed for the situation. Pre-scripted notifications have been developed primarily for campus wide emergencies, active harmers, flash flood, and other immediate emergencies that could occur with little or no warning.

During situations for which a pre-scripted notification cannot be utilized, or when the responsible official determines different content is needed, the guidelines listed above will be followed to craft these notifications.

The following departments have the authority to develop the content for an emergency notification message: CUPD, emergency management, and/or the office of strategic relations and communications.
**Additional Content Considerations**

As feasible, after the situation description, relevant instructions, and additional information sources are provided, the following content should be considered for inclusion:

- Campus operating status (open, closed, etc.)
- Information update frequencies
- Additional instructions that are not specific to life safety

**Follow-Up Information**

As deemed appropriate by the responsible institution official, follow-up messages deemed necessary during an emergency may be distributed to the campus community and an “all clear” notification may be distributed at the conclusion of a significant emergency or dangerous situation. Any follow-up notifications and the “all clear” message will be sent using some or all of the same communication methods used to send the original emergency notification. These follow-up notifications should include campus operating status, if relevant.

**8. Concept of Operations**

The primary method of issuing a campus-wide emergency notification is the CU Boulder Alerts system. The CU Boulder Alerts system is capable of sending text messages, emails, posting to campus social media sites, push notifications to mobile devices, and computer pop-ups to registered computers. The CU Boulder community is responsible for maintaining correct contact information in their student/employee records or the alerts website and for regularly checking registered devices and accounts during bi-annual system tests. This is the primary alerting tool for campus-wide emergency notification as it utilizes both “active” and “passive” alerting functions. The campus recognizes the need for public safety partners in the broader community to have situational awareness of emergencies that occur on campus and, as such, select members of the broader public safety community are registered to receive campus-wide CU Boulder Alerts.

CU Boulder Alerts notifications is used in conjunction with other campus systems such as the CU Boulder home page (www.colorado.edu), the campus information line and campus social media sites. Other systems that will be used as appropriate include Boulder County public warning sirens, vehicle public address systems, building public address systems, and local television and radio news stations.

The campus alerts website is designed to accommodate increased traffic during emergency situations so that both campus community members and the broader community are provided with emergency notifications and information. The website will be the primary point of information dissemination for the broader community, including parents, neighbors and other members of the larger community.
Initiation of Notification

Upon confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation, the following process to initiate an emergency notification will be used:

Decision Criteria for Emergency Notifications

- Life safety considerations
- Has the situation at hand been confirmed?
- What is the potential for injury or death?
- What is the potential for interruptions to critical services?
- What is the potential for damage to property and infrastructure?
- What is the impact to the campus operating status?
- Is the situation stable? What is the potential for the situation to worsen?
- What is the urgency of the situation?
  - What is the potential for injury or death?
  - What is the potential for damage?
  - What is the potential for interruptions to critical services?
- Situation
  - What is the impact to the campus?
  - Is the situation stable? What is the potential for the situation to worsen?
  - What is the urgency of the situation?

Initial Emergency Notification Responsibilities

- University of Colorado Police Department
  - CUPD is responsible for initiating emergency notifications regarding criminal incidents that warrant an emergency notification rather than a timely warning notification because there is an immediate threat to the health and safety of the community, such as an active harmer on campus.
  - CUPD dispatch, CUPD emergency management staff, or the CUPD public information officer may send initial CU Boulder Alerts regarding criminal incidents.
  - CUPD command staff or their designees are responsible for contacting the office of strategic relations and communications to coordinate additional notification methods and follow up notifications. (CU Boulder website, emergency information line)
- CUPD Emergency Management
  - CUPD emergency management is responsible for coordinating all emergency notifications that are not criminal in nature.
  - CUPD emergency management staff, the office of strategic relations and communications or CUPD dispatch can send the initial CU Boulder Alerts regarding non-criminal incidents.
  - Emergency management staff is responsible for contacting the office of strategic relations and communications to initiate additional notification methods (CU Boulder website, emergency information line).
• Office of Strategic Relations and Communications
  o The office of strategic relations and communications is responsible for coordinating all emergency notifications that are not criminal in nature.
  o The office of strategic relations and communications is responsible for maintaining and disseminating emergency notifications to the CU Boulder community and to the larger community using:
    ▪ The CU Boulder website
    ▪ The CU Boulder emergency information line at 303-492-INFO (303-492-4636)
    ▪ Campus social media sites
    ▪ Internal campus email systems

CU Boulder Police or CUPD emergency management is responsible for providing the necessary content to strategic relations and communications.

Whenever possible, the CUPD public information officer and CUPD emergency management staff will assume the responsibility of sending initial emergency notifications in order to allow CUPD dispatch to focus on coordinating a safe and effective emergency response. However, because CUPD dispatch could be the first campus entity to confirm a significant emergency or dangerous situation, they may need to initiate emergency notifications in some circumstances.

Additional Emergency Notifications

After the initial notification, CUPD emergency management or the CUPD public information officer staff will assume responsibility from CUPD dispatch for additional messages until that duty can be transition to strategic relations and communications.

9. Emergency Response Organization

The campus maintains an emergency operation plan that outlines responsibilities of campus departments during emergencies. This plan outlines incident priorities, campus organization and specific responsibilities of particular departments or positions.

CU Boulder departments are responsible for developing emergency response and continuity of operations plans for their areas and staff. CUPD emergency management provides resources and guidance for the development of these plans.

10. Emergency Response Information-Education

Information about emergency response procedures is provided at the beginning of each semester at student orientation, and it is re-emphasized throughout the year on a campus-wide basis as other relevant advisories are issued, such as those posted at the start of flood season. Information on how to receive emergency notifications is also located in the campus closure policy, which is provided electronically to the entire campus community on an annual basis.
Every campus building is equipped with an emergency evacuation sign that illustrates the emergency evacuation route. Additionally, campus facilities that are located in the 100-year flood plain have flood specific emergency instructions. These instructions are located on the CUPD emergency management website (www.colorado.edu/emergencymanagement). The CUPD emergency management website also provides information and instructions about hazards that are likely to affect campus.

**Statement Addressing Testing Emergency Response**

In compliance with federal law, the CU Boulder Alerts system is tested twice a year. During the test, all emergency notification capabilities are triggered and evaluated for performance and examined for potential problems regarding that alert channel. Problems identified are investigated, corrected, and retested to ensure the entire system is functioning as expected and ready for deployment. During these scheduled (announced) tests, campus community members are also encouraged to verify their contact information is correct, report any problems they may have had receiving alerts, and become familiar with the location of emergency information. Testing of the emergency response system is typically announced through internal campus e-mails. In addition to the emergency notification system test, the campus departments conduct drills, tabletop, functional, and full-scale exercises to test their individual emergency response plans as well as campus emergency operations plans and annexes. At the conclusion of each exercise, an after-action review is conducted to gather lessons learned and note areas that worked well aimed at improving the written plans.

**Statement Addressing Evacuation Procedures**

The residence halls conduct emergency evacuation drills at the beginning of each semester. Other campus facilities are responsible for organizing and conducting their own emergency evacuation drills. The purpose of evacuation drills is to prepare building occupants for an organized evacuation in case of a fire or other emergency. Evacuation drills are used as a way to educate and train occupants on fire safety issues specific to their building. During the drill, occupants “practice” drill procedures and familiarize themselves with the location of exits and the sound of the fire alarm. In addition to educating the occupants of each building about the evacuation procedures during the drills, the process also provides the college an opportunity to test the operation of fire alarm system components.

At the sound of a fire alarm or if you are instructed to evacuate, leave your area immediately, proceed to the nearest exit and leave the building. If you are the first to recognize a fire situation, activate the alarm, evacuate to a safe location using the nearest exit and notify CUPD by dialing 911. Other tips for response in a fire situation include:

- Remain calm.
- Use the stairs, not elevators.
• If you are unable to self-evacuate without the use of elevators, proceed to the “temporary gathering place” as identified on the building emergency evacuation plans posted in all buildings; often, this is near or in a stairwell.
• If you are part of a personal support network for someone who is unable to self-evacuate, evacuate the building and immediately inform CUPD or the Boulder Fire Department of the individual’s location.
• Proceed to a clear area at least 150 feet from the building. Keep all walkways clear for emergency vehicles.
• Make sure all personnel are out of the building.
• Do not re-enter the building.

9. Crime Statistics

Statement Addressing Preparation of Disclosure of Annual Crime Statistics

The purpose of this Annual Security and Fire Safety Report (ASFSR) is to inform the CU Boulder community, including current and prospective students and employees, regarding issues related to safety and security at CU Boulder. The annual compilation and distribution of the ASFSR is required to be in compliance with the federal Clery Act regulations. The CUPD Clery compliance and crime analyst prepares this report, working closely with other offices around campus and in the community to publish accurate policy statements and to collect crime statistics. Campus crime, arrest and referral statistics include those reported to CUPD, the office of student conduct and conflict resolution, the office of institutional equity and compliance, residence life and housing, and other campus security authorities as defined by the Clery act. Other reporting sources include the Boulder Police Department, Boulder County Sheriff’s Office, and other local law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction over portions of CU Boulder geography as defined by the Clery Act. Crime statistics are gathered for buildings and property within the core campus that are owned or controlled by CU Boulder and used for educational and institutional purposes. Other geography included for crime statistics purposes includes areas on public property within or immediately adjacent to the campus boundaries, and in buildings outside the core campus and designated as “non-campus” locations that are owned or controlled by CU Boulder, used for educational purposes, and frequently used by students.

Each year, by October 1, an e-mail notification is made to all enrolled students, faculty, and staff that provides the link to the website address for accessing crime statistics and information regarding how interested persons can request a printed copy. CU Boulder’s most current Annual Security and Fire Safety Report is posted online (www.colorado.edu/clery) on the CUPD website (www.colorado.edu/police).

Prospective students are notified of the availability of the report on the CU Boulder - Admissions homepage (www.colorado.edu/admissions) and the CU Boulder graduate admissions homepage (www.colorado.edu/graduateschool). Additionally, information about the Annual Security
and Fire Safety Report is made available to all applicants who apply for a position on the Boulder campus. This information and download link to the report can be found on the CU Boulder Jobs webpage (cu.taleo.net/careersection/2/moresearch.ftl) at the bottom of the page. Clery Act information for current employees is located on the campus department of human resources website (www.colorado.edu/hr/policies-guidance).

**Statement Addressing Criminal Activity Off Campus**

For Clery Act purposes, CU Boulder is required to report crimes that occur at non-campus buildings or property that are owned or controlled by student organizations that are officially recognized by CU Boulder. This includes Panhellenic sororities, affiliated fraternities, and multicultural Greek organizations (www.colorado.edu/greeks/) that are officially recognized by CU Boulder and own or control off-campus housing buildings. The Boulder Police Department has primary responsibility for responding to reports of crimes that occur at these non-campus locations in the city of Boulder. As such, the Boulder Police Department monitors and records criminal activity reported to have occurred at Boulder locations owned or controlled by the Panhellenic sororities and multicultural Greek organizations. If CU Boulder does officially recognize Interfraternity Council member houses, any crimes that occur on those properties would be counted in the annual Clery statistics, as are the CU recognized sorority residences. CUPD obtains crime reports from the Boulder Police Department for crimes reported at Panhellenic sorority, recognized fraternity, and multicultural Greek organization properties for the purpose of collecting crime statistics.

CUPD maintains excellent working relationships with all area law enforcement agencies including the city of Boulder Police Department, the Boulder County Sheriff’s Office, the Colorado State Patrol, the Colorado Bureau of Investigation (CBI) and the local field office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). These working relationships are maintained through periodic communication among agency administrators and by frequent contact between line officers and investigators cooperating on specific cases.

CU Boulder must also include in the non-campus buildings or property category any property that is owned or controlled by CU Boulder and is used in direct support of, or in relation to, CU Boulder’s educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the CU Boulder campus. This includes, for instance, classroom space rented by CU Boulder departments to host classes at off-campus sites.

CUPD handles all criminal matters on CU Boulder property. CUPD also has concurrent jurisdiction in the city of Boulder through a commission granted by the chief of police of the Boulder Police Department. In addition, if one of the local law enforcement agencies responds or is contacted about criminal activity occurring off-campus but involving CU Boulder students, that law enforcement agency may notify CUPD; however, other agency policies do not require such notification. Students in these cases may be subject to arrest by the local agencies and subject to CU Boulder disciplinary action through the office of student conduct and conflict resolution. Information about the office may be found on their website (www.colorado.edu/sccr/).
In general, prospective students, employees, and visitors to CU Boulder should know that, as with any community, criminal activity occasionally occurs both on- and off-campus, and it is important to take reasonable precautions at all times. CUPD can assist any member of the CU Boulder community in determining an appropriate point of contact for police matters falling outside of the department’s jurisdiction. Contact the department at 303-492-6666 for assistance. For additional local off-campus information, you may contact the Boulder Police Department or the Boulder County Sheriff’s Office.

**Statement addressing the Daily Crime Log**

As required under federal law, CUPD maintains a daily crime log (police blotter), which is made available on the CUPD website (www.colorado.edu/police/records-reports/daily-crime-log). The daily crime log is normally updated each business day by CUPD and contains all crimes reported to CUPD occurring within its patrol jurisdiction. The daily crime log is a secondary means of distributing information to the CU Boulder community about crimes and crime trends on campus. The log records the nature, date and time reported, date and time occurred, general location, and disposition of each offense.
## Crime Statistics Tables

### Criminal Offense

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criminal Offense</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>All On-Campus Property</th>
<th>Non-Campus Property</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>On-Campus Residential Only</th>
<th>Unfounded</th>
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### VAWA Offenses

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10. Security Awareness, Crime Prevention, and Education

Statement Addressing Security Awareness Programs for Students and Employees

CUPD provides a number of services and programs to the campus community to help ensure the safety and security of our campus affiliates. Our services strive to emphasize proactive measures in order to minimize the need for reactive responses. We must all take responsibility for our own safety and the safety of others. Promptly and accurately reporting any and all criminal acts, dangerous situations, and suspicious behaviors greatly assists in the provision of a safe campus community.

The following are descriptions of CUPD security awareness programs provided to CU affiliates on at least an annual basis:

- **Student orientation & faculty orientation**: Tips on personal safety while on campus and in the surrounding community, information on registering bicycles and computers on campus, and information regarding local laws and regulations.
- **Active harmer response training**: In-person training offered to resident advisors and campus departments (by request) on actions you should take if you encounter an active harmer.
- **Clery Act - Campus Security Authority (CSA) training**: In-person and online training provided to all campus security authorities regarding their responsibilities under the Clery Act and mechanisms in place to report Clery related offenses. This training is encouraged and recommended in compliance with the provisions of the Clery Act.
- **Fire Academy**: CUPD, Boulder Fire Department, and residence life collaborate to educate resident advisors on fire safety at the beginning of the school year.
- **Housing Liaison Program**: CUPD officers are connected with hall directors and resident advisors to serve as liaisons and provide safety tips and solve problems in the residence halls.
- In addition, throughout the year, police department personnel routinely present information or facilitate programs for student organizations, campus departments, and residence halls on a variety of educational strategies and tips on how to protect themselves.
- In addition to presentations offered by the department, information is available on a variety of topics through CUPD’s website (www.colorado.edu/police/community-outreach). This site offers information and videos designed to enhance student awareness and personal safety.
Statement Addressing Crime Prevention Programs

1. CU NightRide

CU NightRide is a student-operated program dedicated to meeting the safety needs of CU students, faculty, and staff by providing night-time transportation to support a safe academic and socially responsible environment both on campus and in the community. CU NightRide is free for CU students, faculty, and staff. CU NightRide provides service on the main CU Boulder campus and from or to any point off campus within the city boundaries. Rides can be scheduled by visiting the CU NightRide dispatch desk in the UMC or from any location by calling 303-492-SAFE. For more details, see their website (www.colorado.edu/umc/cunightride).

2. Bicycle Registration

CU Boulder encourages you to register your bike online or at a CU Boulder bike station. The free registration discourages theft and aids in identification when your bike is recovered after it is stolen. In addition, any personalization on your bike (stickers, markings, etc.) should be documented and kept in case your bike is stolen. This will make it easier for police to identify your bike. All of this information should be stored and saved along with purchase receipts, manufacturer’s information and a photograph of the bicycle. For more information on bike registration or to complete the registration process, visit the CU Environmental Center’s webpage (www.colorado.edu/ecenter/transportation/bicycle-program-and-updates).

3. Active Harmer Response Training

Active harmer incidents have occurred at a number of locations in recent years, and the University of Colorado Boulder is not immune these types of situations. While the odds of this type of incident occurring at CU Boulder are small, the consequences are so potentially catastrophic it makes sense that all CU Boulder students, staff, faculty and visitors should consider the possibility of such an incident occurring here.

Students, faculty and staff is encouraged to watch the “Run. Hide. Fight.” training video on the CUPD website. This video portrays situations that could occur if an active harmer is on campus or anywhere and provides safety techniques useful in such situations. The video is accessible on the CUPD crime prevention webpage. CUPD also provides in-person safety training for interested campus departments. If you have questions, please contact CUPD at 303-492-8168.

11. Missing Student Policy

As required by federal law, every student residing in on-campus housing will be given the option of providing confidential contact information that will be used in the event that the resident is reported missing. The confidential contact is not required to be a parent or guardian. A student’s contact information will be registered confidentially and is accessible only by
authorized campus officials and law enforcement in the process of a missing person investigation. Parents or guardians will be called if the resident is under the age of 18 years of age and not emancipated. During the residence halls application process, every student will be offered the opportunity to register a confidential missing person contact person or persons to be notified by CU Boulder in the event they are determined to be missing by CUPD or local law enforcement. If the student does not wish to list a contact, they may decline to do so.

Reports of missing on-campus residents, and any related updates, should be made to CUPD and must be made immediately when a student has been missing for 24 hours. Reports of missing students who live off-campus should typically be made to their local law enforcement agency in that jurisdiction. No waiting period exists for CUPD to document information and report an individual as missing. CUPD will ensure all reasonable and necessary investigation, notification, dissemination of information, coordination of resources, and searches are conducted to resolve missing person cases or missing/abducted juveniles.

CUPD will ensure that:

- The listed missing person’s emergency contact, if registered, is contacted within 24 hours by CUPD, a representative of residence life or the office of the dean of students and is made aware of the missing student’s status.
- If the student is under 18 years of age and not emancipated, the custodial parent or legal guardian and any other designated contact will be notified within 24 hours of the student being determined missing.
- Regardless of whether the student has identified a contact person, or is above the age of 18, or is an emancipated minor, CUPD will inform the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction in the area that the student is missing within 24 hours.
12. Statement of Policy and Procedures Regarding Sex Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Stalking, and Hate Crimes

In accordance with federal law, CU Boulder does not discriminate on the basis of sex/gender in its educational programs and employment. Sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking are forms of sex/gender discrimination and, in addition to being violations of criminal law, are prohibited conduct under CU Boulder policy.

For more information regarding CU Boulder’s relevant policies, see:

- Office of Institutional Equity and Compliance (OIEC) Resolution Procedures (www.colorado.edu/oiec/node/165/attachment);
- University of Colorado Sexual Misconduct, Intimate Partner Violence, and Stalking Policy (Administrative Policy Statement 5014, or APS 5014) (www.cu.edu/ope/aps/5014);
- University of Colorado Boulder Discrimination and Harassment Policy (www.colorado.edu/policies/discrimination-harassment-policy-procedures)

In accordance with federal law, CU Boulder does not discriminate on the basis of sex/gender in its educational programs and employment. Sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking are forms of sex/gender discrimination and, in addition to being violations of criminal law, are prohibited offenses by CU Boulder.
For more information regarding CU Boulder’s relevant policies, see:

- Office of Institutional Equity and Compliance (OIEC) process and procedures (www.colorado.edu/oiec/policies);
- APS 5014 – Sexual Misconduct, Intimate Partner Abuse, and Stalking Policy (www.cu.edu/ope/aps/5014);
- Discrimination and Harassment Policy and Procedures (www.colorado.edu/policies/discrimination-harassment-policy-procedures)

### Relevant Definitions with Regard to Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking

#### 1. Definitions of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking

Sexual assault, domestic violence, and stalking are criminal offenses in the state of Colorado. Dating violence is not a criminal offense under Colorado Revised Statutes. Definitions of these crimes are included in appendix A of this document, so you have a better understanding of what actions violate the law in Colorado. However, these are not the definitions used for classifying offenses for Clery statistical purposes.

#### 2. Definitions of Consent

Colorado Revised Statutes defines “consent” in Part 4 of Title 18, which pertains to unlawful sexual behavior (including sexual assault and unlawful sexual contact). “Consent” means cooperation in act or attitude pursuant to an exercise of free will and with knowledge of the nature of the act. A current or previous relationship shall not be sufficient to constitute consent under the provisions of this part 4. Submission under the influence of fear shall not constitute consent. Nothing in the definition shall be construed to affect the admissibility of evidence or the burden of proof in regard to the issue of consent under this part 4. - C.R.S. 18-3-401(1.5).

CU defines “consent” in reference to sexual activity. APS 5014 requires “affirmative consent” with regard to sexual activity. The definition of affirmative consent pursuant to APS 5014 is reproduced below:

**Consent:** Means **affirmative consent**, which is unambiguous and voluntary agreement to engage in a specific sexual activity. Consent is clear, knowing and voluntary words or actions that create mutually understandable clear permission of willingness to engage in, and the conditions of, sexual activity. Consent must be active; silence by itself cannot be interpreted as consent.

**Affirmative consent:** Means the unambiguous and voluntary agreement to engage in a specific sexual activity. Consent is clear, knowing and voluntary words or actions that create mutually understandable clear permission of willingness to engage in, and the conditions of, sexual activity. Consent must be active; silence by itself cannot be interpreted as consent.
Consent is not effectively given if it results from the use of force, including threats, or intimidation, or if it is from someone who is incapacitated:

- **Force** is the use of physical violence or imposing on someone physically to gain sexual access.
- **Threats** exist where a reasonable person would have been compelled by the words or actions of another to give permission to sexual contact she or he would not otherwise have given. For example, threats to kill or harm someone, kill or harm themselves, or to kill or harm someone for whom a person cares constitute threats.
- **Intimidation** occurs when someone uses physical presence to menace another, although no physical contact occurs, or where knowledge of prior violent behavior by an assailant, coupled with menacing behavior, places someone in fear as an implied threat.

Consent will be determined using both objective and subjective standards. The objective standard is met when a reasonable person would consider the words or actions of the parties to have manifested an agreement between them to do the same thing, in the same way, at the same time, with one another. The subjective standard is met when a party believes in good faith that the words or actions of the parties manifested an agreement between them to do the same thing, in the same way, at the same time, with one another.

- A person who does not want to consent to sex is not required to resist.
- A previous sexual encounter does not mean that consent has been given for future sexual activity.
- Consent to some forms of sexual activity does not automatically imply consent to other forms of sexual activity.
- Silence, previous sexual relationships, or the existence of a current relationship do not imply consent.
- Consent cannot be implied by attire or inferred from the giving or acceptance of gifts, money, or other items.
- Consent to sexual activity may be withdrawn at any time, as long as the withdrawal is communicated clearly.
- Withdrawal of consent can be manifested through conduct and need not be a verbal withdrawal of consent.

- In order to give effective consent, the person giving consent must be of legal age under Colorado law for the purposes of determining whether there was a sexual assault.
- A respondent’s intoxication resulting from intentional use of alcohol/drugs will not function as a defense to engaging in sexual activity without an individual’s consent.
**Incapacitation:** Incapacitation may result from alcohol or other drug use, unconsciousness, or other factors. The use of alcohol or drugs, in and of itself does not render a person incapacitated. Incapacitation is a state beyond drunkenness or intoxication. The impact of alcohol and drugs varies from person to person. Incapacitation is a state where a person cannot make a rational, reasonable decision because they lack the capacity to give consent (to understand the who, what, when, where, why or how of sexual interaction). Incapacitation can also result from illness, sleep, mental disability and other circumstances. Engaging in sexual activity with a person whom you know to be mentally or physically incapacitated, or reasonably should know to be incapacitated, violates APS 5014.

**Safe and Positive Options for Bystander Intervention and Risk Reduction**

CU Boulder’s educational programming includes information on safe and positive options for bystander intervention and risk reduction. Bystanders play a critical role in the preventing harm from crimes like domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. By recognizing precursors that may lead to dangerous situations, like seeing a drunk person being aggressively pursued at a party or seeing someone engaging in risk-taking behaviors, a bystander can take safe and positive steps to intervene and reduce the risk of harm. Risk reduction means options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction, and to increase empowerment for victims to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence.

Risk reduction strategies addressed in our educational programs include:

- Dynamics of abuse and precursors to relationship and sexual violence
- Data on prevalence of intimate partner violence, sexual misconduct, and stalking for our campus community, who the victims are, common locations, perpetrator tactics, and timing of incident during the academic year
- Signs that indicate incapacitation and dynamics in the college environment, including party culture, that foster relationship and sexual violence
- Things to notice in a relationship or in a party environment that might be an indication of potential perpetration of violence
- The role of alcohol and other drugs in facilitating and justifying aggression and abusive conduct
- Skills for recognizing high-risk situations and how to look out for each other when going out:
  - Make a plan with friends and make sure everyone has each other’s cell number.
  - Commit to not ditching someone if they have had too much to drink and/or become difficult or problematic
  - Go out with people you can trust and stay with the same group to make sure everyone gets home safely
  - Pay attention to people who hit on the drunkest person or try to get a drunk person alone or away from their friends
There are many different kinds of situations where bystanders can help, but there is no one strategy that will be effective for every person or type of situation. At CU Boulder, we teach key strategies that can be safe and effective in almost any context.

**Be Direct**
Some situations are straightforward, especially if it’s clear that someone needs help and they aren’t able to address the situation themselves. Direct help can work well if someone is injured or in an accident and the barriers to helping are minimal. In certain contexts, being direct may be the best option. Be prepared to follow the lead of the person you perceive as needing help.

**Go Covert**
Sometimes being direct has the potential to backfire or escalate a situation. Keeping everyone’s safety, including yours, in mind is important. If you’re worried that being direct will make the situation worse or that you might be interpreting the situation wrong, go covert. Use distraction or diversion to diffuse the situation.

**Recruit Others**
Sometimes the best strategy is to alert others. This may mean getting someone who is better positioned to help or who has the authority to address the problem. It may also just mean getting more people around you to recognize the problem and join in helping. When you can, get input from those being targeted about engaging others. Working in a team is a good idea when it’s possible.

**Now vs. Later**
Sometimes helping doesn’t have to be limited to right there in the moment. In situations that aren’t emergencies, if we’re acquainted with the people involved, we have the option to talk to them at a later time. When you can, check in after about what happened.

We take the approach that people don’t have to solve the whole problem or aggressively confront someone for their actions to change the situation or prevent harm. Sometimes little things like getting other to help or being a distraction can be as effective as more direct action.

Remember, there are safe ways for you to intervene that may be helpful; you don’t have to solve the whole problem or aggressively confront someone for your actions to change the situation. Sometimes little things like acting covertly or being a distraction can be as effective as more direct action.
Primary and On-Going Prevention and Awareness Programs and Campaigns

CU Boulder engages in comprehensive educational programming to prevent and bring awareness about sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

1. Programming Content

Educational programming consists of primary prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students and new employees and ongoing awareness and prevention campaigns for students, faculty, and staff that:

- Identifies sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking as prohibited conduct by CU Boulder policies and state criminal law;
- Defines what behavior constitutes sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking pursuant to CU Boulder policies and state criminal law;
- Defines what behavior and actions constitute consent to sexual activity pursuant to CU Boulder policies and state criminal law;
- Provides safe and positive options for bystander intervention that may be carried out by an individual to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking against a person other than the bystander;
- Provides information on risk reduction so that students and employees may recognize warning signs of abusive behavior and how to avoid potential attacks; and,
- Provides an overview of the information that follows below in this policy statement.

2. Description of Programs and Campaigns

a. New Student Welcome and New Hire Programming

CU Boulder has developed an annual educational campaign consisting of presentations that include distribution of educational materials to new students, participating in and presenting information and materials during new employee orientation, participating in the faculty orientation program, and presenting educational programs throughout the year.

- Specifically, CU Boulder requires all new undergraduate students to participate in two required programs:
  - **Community Equity** is an online module that addresses CU Boulder policies regarding sexual misconduct and protected-class discrimination and harassment. This program also includes information on sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, stalking, and support services.
  - **Effective Bystander Intervention Skills** which is an in-person (or virtual), skill-building program to train students in bystander intervention.
CU Boulder also requires faculty, staff, and student employees to complete discrimination and harassment training according to the following schedule:

- Staff and student employees: within first 30 days of employment
- Faculty: within their first semester of employment
- Everyone: after initial training, again at least once every three years.

b. Ongoing Programs and Campaigns

All employees, including student employees, must complete discrimination and harassment training at least once every three years. Some departments require more frequent completion of this training requirement. The office of institutional equity and compliance also offers specialized departmental trainings for faculty, supervisors, and other employee groups throughout the year upon request.

c. Office of Victim Assistance (OVA) Presentations

The office of victim assistance offers presentations on all of its topic areas and how to support people who may be impacted by traumatic/disruptive life events. OVA topic areas include, but are not limited to physical assault, hazing, experiences of bias, grief and loss, discrimination, harassment, sexual harassment, intimate partner abuse, sexual assault, and stalking.

Upon request, OVA will provide tailored presentations on various subjects, including:

- **What the office of victim assistance offers**
  - This session should be done in combination with one of the options below

- **Supporting survivors: how to help a friend (responding to a disclosure of trauma, for example sexual assault or intimate partner abuse)**
  - How you respond matter. Friends, peers, mentors are often the first to be confided in.
  - Learn about the positive impacts of trauma-informed support and how it can help a survivor heal.
  - Learn skills on how to positively respond to someone after a traumatic or life-disrupting event.
  - How to connect people to OVA so they can get confidential support and learn about all their rights and options.
  - When applicable, trauma-informed mandatory reporting can be included in the session as well.
• **Impact of Trauma and the Healing Process**
  o Information on what people may experience physically, emotionally, and cognitively in the aftermath of a traumatic event. Presentation is geared towards people already involved in a helping role or for a class discussing trauma.

More information on OVA’s programs and presentations can be found at on their website ([www.colorado.edu/ova/presentations](http://www.colorado.edu/ova/presentations)).

d. **Office of Institutional Equity and Compliance (OIEC) Programs**

The office of institutional equity and compliance is committed to preventing and eliminating discrimination and harassment based on race, color, national origin, pregnancy, sex, age, disability, creed, religion, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, veteran status, political affiliation, or political philosophy at the University of Colorado Boulder.

• **Community Equity**
  o All CU Boulder students complete an online version of this training.
  o Undergraduate students – all undergraduate students are required to complete the Community Equity course in Canvas and pass the online quiz with a minimum score of 90 percent.
  o Graduate students – all graduate students are required to complete the Community Equity course in Canvas and pass the online quiz with a minimum score of 90 percent.
  o This course covers the university policies on discrimination, harassment, and sexual misconduct. Students, staff or faculty learn about the range of behaviors included, discuss scenarios, practice skills for addressing behaviors, and learn about reporting options. Graduate students and employees are trained extensively on the obligation to report incidents related to sexual misconduct, intimate partner violence, stalking, discrimination, and harassment to OIEC.

• **Effective Bystander Intervention**
  o Effective bystander intervention skills are included within the policy courses for all students, staff, and faculty.
  o In addition, OIEC offers skill-building educational workshops to enhance bystander intervention efficacy. We explore factors that promote or prevent helping and practice skills for intervening effectively in real-world situations. This is a foundational skills-based training for helping people to notice and gain insight into potentially problematic situations and to increase their ability to interrupt, reduce, or prevent harmful or potentially harmful outcomes.

OIEC implements educational campaigns (print and video) on bystander intervention skills and what constitutes sexual assault (“Don’t Ignore It” and “Just Because”).
- **Undergraduate students** – OIEC trains all incoming students at the start of the semester. Booster sessions are offered for all students and student groups and organizations.

- **Graduate students** – offered at GTP fall/spring intensive, within departments, TA/RA skills for inside the classroom, among peers, and interactions with faculty.

- **Faculty and staff** – departmental sessions for addressing concerns in the work environment, among peers, and during interactions with students. Also offered as part of the Manager’s Academy.

- **Don’t Ignore It Campaign** – Unfair treatment. Unwelcome sexual attention. A classmate who appears to be distressed or depressed. These are among the concerns that could—and should—be reported at the University of Colorado Boulder, even if students, staff or faculty are unsure it’s something the university could address or what outcome they’d like to see.

Through the university’s “Don’t Ignore It” campaign, the office of institutional equity and compliance encourages students to use its website to explore the options for reporting a concern.

The website focuses on sexual misconduct issues, including sexual assault, sexual exploitation, sexual harassment, intimate partner violence, and stalking, along with identity-based discrimination and harassment. In addition to outlining the options for reporting, the site has educational information about bystander intervention strategies, creating a “buddy system” to look out for one another, and how to effectively respond to friends and peers who disclose a traumatic event. For more information, go to the Don’t Ignore It website (www.colorado.edu/dontignoreit/).

- **Reducing Unconscious Cognitive Bias**

OIEC works with departments, units and committees to identify key areas where bias is most likely to occur and implement policies, practices, and structural changes to reduce bias and increase inclusion.

Training can be tailored for hiring and recruitment, pedagogy, curriculum development and interactions with colleagues and students both inside and outside the classroom.

- **What to Say and How to Say It: Skills for Managing Difficult Conversations**

Skills-based support for addressing problematic behaviors and comments. Coaching and practice on what approaches and responses are most effective and ways to set the stage for a more positive and inclusive environment.
Offered to all students, staff and faculty. Ideal for intact groups, committees, programs and departments.

- **Diagnostics and Data Analysis**

  Assistance for programs, departments, and colleges to understand indicators of campus climate using institutional survey data and focus group findings.

  OIEC conducts program evaluation and large- and small-scale surveys to diagnose trends, identify areas of success, and help prioritize efforts for making improvements to the CU Boulder culture.

- **Culture Reset**

  This session is a group process for defining norms for interactions and making agreements that uphold the values and goals of the department. Two hours is the minimum length and full departmental participation is required.

- **Sexual Consent and Sexual Assault**

  In this interactive, discussion-based session, participants discuss affirmative consent and how to communicate effectively with a sexual partner. Participants also explore what sexual assault is and the risk factors for perpetration. Campus statistics and prevention strategies are explored along with campus and community resources and reporting options.

- **Policy Education**

  Mandatory online course covering university policy on sexual misconduct, affirmative consent, and campus resources for support and reporting as well as policy on protected class discrimination and harassment. In-person and virtual workshops are available and language interpretation is provided for those who need to complete the training in their native language.

For more information or to request a program from OIEC, contact Teresa Wroe, 303-735-7518, or by email at Teresa.Wroe@Colorado.edu.
Procedures Victims Should Follow and Reporting Options

CU Boulder has procedures in place to be sensitive to those who report sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and hate crimes, including informing individuals about their right to report to law enforcement as well as the availability of medical, counseling, and supportive services, and additional remedies to prevent contact between a victim and an accused party, such as housing, academic, transportation, and working accommodations, if reasonably available. When a student or employee reports one of these offenses to CU Boulder, the student or employee will be provided with a written notice of rights and options, whether the offense occurred on or off campus.

The written notice includes information about the importance of preserving evidence that may assist in proving that the alleged criminal offense occurred or that may be helpful in obtaining a protection order, how and to whom the alleged offense should be reported, options about the involvement of law enforcement and campus authorities, including notification of the victim’s options, including notification of the victim’s option to notify proper law enforcement authorities, including on-campus and local police, to be assisted by campus authorities in notifying law enforcement authorities, if the victim so chooses, or to decline to notify such authorities. The written notice also includes information about the rights of victims and the institution’s responsibilities for orders of protection, “no-contact” orders, restraining orders, or similar lawful orders issued by a criminal, civil, or tribal court, or by the institution.

In 2016, efforts were put in place to improve awareness of resources for support and reporting options including the “Don’t Ignore It” and “How to Help a Friend” campaigns. In 2017, the office of victim assistance (OVA) launched the “Buffs Supporting Buffs” campaign to increase awareness of sexual assault, discrimination, intimate partner abuse, and stalking. This campaign lines up with OVA’s presentation on Supporting Survivors, focusing on teaching skills to help a friend and increasing awareness of OVA’s services.

Expanded training for students on how to appropriately respond to someone who discloses a traumatic event is important as most often survivors go to a friend first. OVA offer this training
to key departmental staff. OIEC has integrated this education into sessions that they offer to students and staff and has expand resources and information to support these skills in partnership with OVA.

**Preservation of Evidence**

Individuals may be unsure if they want to report a sexual assault or an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to law enforcement. Regardless of whether or not a victim chooses to report an incident, it is important to preserve any evidence of the offenses so that if the victim decides at any point in time to report the incident, that evidence is still available. Preserved evidence can be helpful in proving that an alleged criminal offense occurred or in obtaining a protection order.

Examples of evidence to preserve include, but are not limited to: the clothing the individual was wearing at the time of the incident, bedding, text message correspondence discussing the incident (either with the accused or with friends or family), photographs, screenshots, emails, social media correspondence/posts (e.g. Facebook, Tinder, Snapchat, Instagram, etc.), correspondence via other messaging applications (Whatsapp, Kik, GroupMe, etc.), logs, copies of documents, video surveillance, and/or names of witnesses and contact information.

Bathing, smoking, changing clothes, or cleaning the bed or area where a sexual assault occurred may reduce the ability to collect forensic evidence. If the individual chooses to change the clothing that was worn at the time of the assault, put all of the clothes into a paper (not plastic) bag. While the preservation of evidence is helpful, forensic evidence collection may still take place regardless of whether the individual has taken these steps.

After a sexual assault, an individual should consider seeking medical attention as soon as possible. Regardless of whether an individual chooses to report the assault to police, a medical exam can be done to preserve evidence. The sexual assault nurse examiner (SANE) program at the emergency department at Boulder Community Health, located at 4747 Arapahoe Avenue, Boulder, is available to conduct a medical forensic exam performed by a SANE, ideally within five days of the sexual assault. It is best if the individual does not bathe, shower, eat, drink, douche, or change clothes. However, evidence can be collected even if the individual has done any or all of these things.

Even if the individual does not opt for forensic evidence collection, health care providers can still offer medical support, such as treating injuries, if applicable, and take steps to address concerns of pregnancy (if applicable) and/or sexually transmitted infections.

In Colorado, evidence may be collected even when the victim chooses not to make a report to law enforcement. Colorado law contains provisions to ensure the collection and preservation of forensic evidence in sexual assault cases. A victim of a sexual assault shall not bear the cost of a forensic medical examination; that includes the collection of evidence even if the victim...
chooses not to participate in the criminal justice system or otherwise cooperate with the law enforcement agency, prosecuting officer, or other government official. In Colorado, there are also options for getting a medical forensic exam anonymously. For more information on reporting options in Colorado, visit the website for the Colorado Coalition Against Sexual Assault (www.ccasa.org/reportingoptions).

Remember that while preserved evidence can be helpful in proving that an alleged criminal offense occurred or in obtaining a protection order, the lack of evidence does not preclude an investigation from taking place.

The procedures set forth below are intended to afford a prompt response to charges of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and hate crimes; to maintain confidentiality and fairness consistent with applicable legal requirements; and to impose appropriate sanctions on violators of CU Boulder policies.

**Confidential Reporting**

If a victim is not sure about making a police report or initiating an OIEC resolution procedure, the victim can receive free, confidential information, counseling, advocacy, and support by calling the Office of Victim Assistance (OVA) at the University of Colorado Boulder at 303-492-8855, by e-mail at assist@colorado.edu, in person at the Center for Community (C4C), Suite N450, or at the OVA website (www.colorado.edu/ova). **All employees in this office are advocates and professional, licensed counselors.**

Additional confidential resources are listed in the section entitled “Victim Services and Resources” later in this policy.

**CU Boulder Title IX and other Protected-Class Discrimination and Harassment (including Hate Crimes) Reporting**

If a complainant (the person who reports being the target of misconduct) would like to initiate a formal grievance or other resolution procedure into an allegation of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or hate crime, the incident should be reported to the Office of Institutional Equity and Compliance by phone at 303-492-2127, by e-mail at cureport@colorado.edu or online. To make a report online, go to the OIEC website (www.colorado.edu/oiec/) and select “Report to OIEC.” A report can also be filed via the EthicsPoint website (secure.ethicspoint.com/domain/en/default_reporter.asp).
The OIEC reporting process is not confidential. After a report is received, the OIEC will respond to the complainant to provide information about available supportive measures and resolution options, including a complainant’s right to file a formal complaint initiating a formal grievance. Complainants can receive supportive measures regardless of whether they elect to pursue a resolution procedure through the OIEC.

CU Boulder will provide resources to persons who report experiencing sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or hate crimes. Appropriate disciplinary procedures will be taken against parties who violate the applicable policy.

**Law Enforcement Reporting**

The victim has the option to contact the University of Colorado Boulder Police Department by calling 303-492-6666 or in person at 1050 Regent Drive, Boulder. Additional information about the University of Colorado Boulder Police Department may be found online (www.colorado.edu/police).

**Options Regarding Notification of Law Enforcement and Campus Authorities**

Whether or not criminal charges are filed, a complainant or the OIEC may initiate a formal grievance or other resolution procedure pursuant to the University of Colorado Sexual Misconduct, Intimate Partner Violence, and Stalking Policy and/or the protected-class Discrimination and Harassment Policy. For more information, refer the OIEC Resolution Procedures (www.colorado.edu/oiec/node/165/attachment).

Reports of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking within the primary reporting jurisdiction of the University of Colorado Boulder Police Department will be referred to the office of institutional equity and compliance for response regardless of whether the victim chooses to pursue criminal charges. Names and identifying information of victims of a sexual assault will only be released with the victim’s consent in accordance with state law.

Federal and state law requires some faculty and staff positions to report certain criminal activity to law enforcement. CU Boulder also strongly encourages all members of its community to report any criminal activity to law enforcement. Victims who are not sure about reporting incidents can contact the confidential CU Boulder Office of Victim Assistance (OVA) or another confidential
resource (listed later in this document) to review their options.

OVA can assist victims with notifying local police and or the University if the victim police if they should decide to report criminal activity. OVA is located at the Center for Community (C4C), Suite N450, Boulder. OVA can be reached by telephone at 303-492-8855, after-hour phone counselors are available, or via e-mail at assist@colorado.edu.

Additional resources on campus, who can provide assistance in notifying law enforcement authorities if the victim so chooses, include: the associate vice chancellor for student affairs and dean of students; associate vice chancellor of the office of institutional equity and compliance & Title IX coordinator; the associate vice chancellor of human resources; and the director of the student conduct and conflict resolution.

Reports of criminal activity that occurred on the CU Boulder campus may be made directly to the University of Colorado Police Department at 303-492-6666. Reports of criminal activity that occurred elsewhere in the city of Boulder can be made directly to the city of Boulder Police Department at 303-441-3333.

Victims can also decline to notify any or all of these authorities at any time.

**Orders of Protection, Restraining Orders, or Similar Lawful Orders Issued by a Criminal, Civil, or Tribal Court**

Victims who are interested in obtaining an order of protection, or any other order issued by a criminal, civil, or tribal court, must pursue those options on their own behalf. Restraining orders are obtained through the Boulder County consolidated courts. More information on obtaining a restraining order in Colorado is located online at [www.courts.state.co.us/userfiles/File/Media/Brochures/restraining.pdf](http://www.courts.state.co.us/userfiles/File/Media/Brochures/restraining.pdf). The office of victim assistance (OVA) can assist victims free of charge with the process of how to obtain a restraining order. CU student legal services (SLS) may also be able to provide legal resources.

CU Boulder complies with Colorado law in recognizing orders of protection. Any person who obtains an order of protection from Colorado or any other state should provide a copy to the University of Colorado Boulder Police Department and the associate vice chancellor of the office of institutional equity and compliance and Title IX coordinator.

For further information regarding University no-contact orders and other supportive measures, see the section titled “Possible Protective Measures and Sanctions.”

**How CU Boulder Will Protect Victim Confidentiality**

For students who are victims of crime, the University complies with the provisions of the
Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) with regard to recordkeeping. For faculty and staff members who are victims of crime, the University adheres to the applicable law, including the Colorado Open Records Act (CORA). For more information, see Administrative Policy Statement 2022 – Colorado open records act (CORA), including Appendix A: Information Not Public by Law. A current copy of this policy statement can be found here (www.cu.edu/sites/default/files/2022_Appendix-A.pdf). CU Boulder will complete publicly available recordkeeping, including Clery Act reporting and disclosures, without the inclusion of personally identifying information about the victim.

These recordkeeping protections are also applicable to any accommodations or protective measures provided to the victim, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the University to provide the accommodations or protective measures.

CU Boulder students may request that directory information be withheld from public release by contacting the office of the registrar, Regent Administrative Center 101, 20 UCB, Boulder. The office of the registrar can be contacted by telephone at 303-492-6970. More information on student privacy is located on the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act website (https://www.colorado.edu/registrar/students/records/ferpa).

CU Boulder recognizes that employees might have unique circumstances that justify removing an employee’s name from campus phone directories (the hard copy and online versions and via the switchboard). However, this need must be balanced against the legitimate business need of the campus to ensure that all employees are accessible to the campus community. As a result, a process has been created to assist employees who have a legitimate need to be removed from these sources for safety purposes (e.g., stalking). For more information, contact the department of human resources at 303-492-6893.

**Victim Accommodations**

Sometimes experiencing a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and/or hate crimes can compromise concentration, ability to focus on school, or feeling able to get to class. The office of victim assistance (OVA) can discuss options for managing academic issues while maintaining confidentiality and provide assistance with identifying other options under the policy.

Regardless of whether a victim elects to pursue a criminal complaint with CUPD or other law enforcement, CU Boulder will assist victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and/or stalking by providing assistance and accommodations, and will provide each victim with a written explanation of these options. CU Boulder will provide written notification about existing counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid, and other services available for victims, both within the institution and in the community. CU Boulder will also provide written notification to victims about options for, available assistance in, and how to request changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations or safety measures.
For example, if reasonably available, a victim may be offered changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations, such as changing residence hall rooms, alternative transportation options, adjustment to course schedules, or a leave of absence. CU Boulder must make these accommodations if the victim requests them and if they are reasonably available, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement. Victims should communicate requests for how to request changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations or safety to the office of institutional equity and compliance.
**Victim Services and Resources**

Disclaimer: The following contact information was current as of the date of publication of this report but may not remain accurate. It is recommended that individuals verify this information.

**On-Campus**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service or Resource</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Phone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Office of Victim Assistance</td>
<td>Center for Community (C4C), Suite N450</td>
<td>(303) 492-8855 (has after-hours phone coverage)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confidential service</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(<a href="http://www.colorado.edu/ova/">www.colorado.edu/ova/</a>)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Counseling and Psychiatric Services</td>
<td>Center for Community (C4C), Suite N352</td>
<td>(303) 492-CAPS (2277) (has after-hours phone coverage)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Confidential service</td>
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<tr>
<td>(<a href="http://www.colorado.edu/counseling/home">www.colorado.edu/counseling/home</a>)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Director of Psychological Health &amp; Performance</td>
<td>Dal Ward, office 139</td>
<td>(303) 735-7182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confidential service</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(<a href="https://cubuffs.com/psychology.php">https://cubuffs.com/psychology.php</a>)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Faculty and Staff Assistance Program</td>
<td>Administrative Research Center A353, 3100 Marine Street</td>
<td>(303) 492-3020</td>
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<tr>
<td>Confidential service</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(<a href="https://www.colorado.edu/hr/faculty-staff-assistance-program">https://www.colorado.edu/hr/faculty-staff-assistance-program</a>)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ombuds Office</td>
<td>Center for Community (C4C), Suite N440</td>
<td>(303) 492-5077</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confidential service</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(<a href="http://www.colorado.edu/ombuds/">www.colorado.edu/ombuds/</a>)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Office of Institutional Equity and Compliance &amp; Title IX Coordinator</td>
<td>Administrative Research Center, 3100 Marine St., Second Floor</td>
<td>(303) 492-2127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(<a href="http://www.colorado.edu/oiec/">www.colorado.edu/oiec/</a>)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Colorado Boulder Police Department</td>
<td>1050 Regent Drive</td>
<td>(303) 492-6666</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(<a href="http://www.colorado.edu/police">www.colorado.edu/police</a>)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>CU Student Legal Services</td>
<td>University Memorial Center (UMC) Room 311</td>
<td>(303) 492-6813</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(<a href="http://www.cubouldersls.com/">www.cubouldersls.com/</a>)</td>
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## Off-Campus, Boulder County Community

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service or Resource</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Phone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boulder Police Department (<a href="http://www.bouldercolorado.gov/police">www.bouldercolorado.gov/police</a>)</td>
<td>1805 33rd Street, Boulder</td>
<td>303-441-3333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder County Sheriff’s Office (<a href="http://www.bouldercounty.org/safety/sheriff/">www.bouldercounty.org/safety/sheriff/</a>)</td>
<td>5600 Flatiron Parkway, Boulder</td>
<td>303-441-4444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder Community Health (<a href="http://www.bch.org/">www.bch.org/</a>)</td>
<td>4747 Arapahoe Avenue, Boulder</td>
<td>720-854-7000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safehouse Progressive Alliance for Nonviolence (SPAN) (confidential services) (<a href="http://www.safehousealliance.org/">http://www.safehousealliance.org/</a>)</td>
<td>835 North Street, Boulder</td>
<td>303-444-2424</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MESA (Moving to End Sexual Assault) (confidential services) (<a href="http://www.movingtoendsexualassault.org/">www.movingtoendsexualassault.org/</a>)</td>
<td>1455 Dixon Avenue, Lafayette</td>
<td>303-443-7300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder County Housing and Human Services (<a href="http://www.bouldercounty.org/dept/housinghumanservices/pages/default.aspx">www.bouldercounty.org/dept/housinghumanservices/pages/default.aspx</a>)</td>
<td>3460 Broadway, Boulder</td>
<td>303-441-1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRU Community Care (Hospice) (<a href="http://www.trucare.org/">www.trucare.org/</a>)</td>
<td>2594 Trailridge Drive East, Lafayette</td>
<td>303-442-0961</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Family Assistance Association (<a href="http://www.efaa.org/">www.efaa.org/</a>)</td>
<td>1575 Yarmouth Ave., Boulder</td>
<td>303-442-3042</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mental Health Crisis Line (confidential services) (<a href="http://www.mhpcolorado.org/">www.mhpcolorado.org/</a>)</td>
<td>1333 Iris Ave, Boulder</td>
<td>303-447-1665</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder County District Attorney’s Office (<a href="http://www.bouldercounty.org/dept/districtattorney/pages/default.aspx">www.bouldercounty.org/dept/districtattorney/pages/default.aspx</a>)</td>
<td>1777 6th Street, Boulder</td>
<td>303-441-3700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder County Sheriff’s Victim Advocates (<a href="http://www.bouldercounty.org/jobs/vol/pages/viconcall.aspx">www.bouldercounty.org/jobs/vol/pages/viconcall.aspx</a>)</td>
<td>5600 Flatiron Pkwy, Boulder</td>
<td>303-441-3656</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder Police Department Victim Advocates (<a href="http://www.bouldercolorado.gov/police/victim-services">www.bouldercolorado.gov/police/victim-services</a>)</td>
<td>1805 33rd St, Boulder</td>
<td>303-441-4048</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Off-Campus, Online State and National Resources:

Other resources available to persons who report being the victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, include:

- Colorado Coalition Against Sexual Assault (CCASA) ([www.ccasa.org/](http://www.ccasa.org/))
- Violence Free Colorado, formerly Colorado Coalition Against Domestic Violence (CCADV) ([www.violencefreecolorado.org/](http://www.violencefreecolorado.org/))
- Women of Color Network (minority women survivors of sexual or domestic violence) ([www.wocninc.org/](http://www.wocninc.org/))
- WINGS Foundation (adult survivors of childhood sexual abuse) ([www.wingsfound.org/](http://www.wingsfound.org/))
- Rape, Abuse and Incest National Network ([www.rainn.org/](http://www.rainn.org/))
- Department of Justice ([www.justice.gov/](http://www.justice.gov/))
- Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights ([www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html](http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html))

Explanation of CU Boulder Procedure for Disciplinary Action

CU Boulder’s adjudication processes are administered through the OIEC and provide prompt, fair and impartial proceedings from the initial investigation to the final result. The proceedings are conducted by officials who receive training at least annually on issues related to sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and hate crimes, and on how to conduct grievance and adjudication procedures to ensure processes that protect the safety of all parties and promote accountability. Officials involved in adjudication procedures have completed, including but not limited to Title IX coordinators, investigators, and decision-makers, receive training on the Federal Title IX Regulations governing how complaints are handled by educational institutions. This includes training on how to serve impartially, conflicts of interest, and bias. The Office of the Colorado Attorney General Title IX Training are the official training materials for officials handling complaints under Title IX and the university’s Sexual Misconduct, Intimate Partner Violence, and Stalking Policy.

A formal grievance process to adjudicate allegations of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking is initiated when a complainant or the Title IX coordinator files a formal complaint with the office of institutional equity and compliance (OIEC) alleging a violation of the University of Colorado Sexual Misconduct, Intimate Partner Violence, and Stalking Policy. A formal adjudication process to adjudicate allegations of a hate crime can be initiated when a complainant reports an incident to the OIEC alleging violation of the CU Boulder protected-class Discrimination and Harassment Policy. Any person can report potential violations of these policies by contacting the OIEC by phone at 303-492-2127, or by e-mail at cureport@colorado.edu.

For situations in which a formal process is not appropriate or not desired, the OIEC offers other options, including non-disciplinary resolution options, for addressing concerns arising under
the Sexual Misconduct, Intimate Partner Violence, and Stalking Policy and/or the protected-class Discrimination and Harassment Policy. For example, if the complaint has been made against a University employee, the OIEC may refer the matter to that employee's disciplinary authority or supervisor, who may initiate or impose disciplinary action as appropriate. The OIEC can also conduct a policy compliance meeting with the respondent. The primary focus during policy compliance meeting remains the welfare of the parties and the safety of the campus community, but the meeting does not result in a written report or a determination as to whether a policy has been violated. The focus of the meeting is to (1) discuss the behavior as alleged and provide the respondent an opportunity to respond; (2) review prohibited conduct under the applicable policies; (3) identify and discuss appropriate future conduct and behavior as well as how to avoid behavior that could be interpreted as retaliatory; (4) inform the complainant(s) of the respondent’s responses if appropriate; and (5) notify SCCR or the respondent’s supervisor of the allegations and responses if necessary, who will determine whether any other disciplinary action is appropriate.

No complaint is automatically addressed using a certain type of proceeding, but rather the totality of the circumstances is reviewed on a case-by-case basis. The OIEC will consider a complainant’s wishes in determining how an allegation of sexual misconduct, intimate partner violence, stalking, or hate crime is addressed. A complainant can, but is not required to, file a formal complaint requesting the OIEC investigate and adjudicate allegations. There is no time limit for filing a formal complaint or reporting allegations to the OIEC. A complainant can also request that the allegation be addressed through a non-investigative, non-disciplinary approach, such as a Policy Compliance Meeting with the person accused of the misconduct. A complainant can also request that the allegation not be addressed. In certain situations, the Title IX Coordinator or designee may file a formal complaint initiating a formal grievance process regarding allegations of sexual misconduct, intimate partner violence, stalking, or a hate crime even if the complainant does not wish to file a complaint or participate in an adjudication. Such decisions will only be made on a case-by-case basis, in consideration of CU Boulder’s responsibility to provide a safe and non-discriminatory environment, and after an individualized and thoughtful review.

For cases that result in a formal grievance process under the Sexual Misconduct, Intimate Partner Violence, and Stalking Policy, the OIEC issues a written notice of allegations to both parties, and then OIEC investigators seek to obtain all available evidence directly related to the allegations at issue. Collection of evidence may include conducting interviews with the parties and witnesses, obtaining university records such as Buff OneCard and door access records and video recordings, and collection of other documentation such as police reports, emails, text messages, etc. The University, and not the parties, holds both the burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility. During the investigation, the parties have the option to bring an advisor of their choice to any meeting with the OIEC. After the investigation, the OIEC will provide all parties with all evidence collected that is directly related to the allegations at issue. Parties will then have an opportunity to submit a written response.
After the initial investigation and prior to the decision-maker(s) reaching a determination regarding responsibility, a live hearing will be conducted to allow the parties’ advisors to cross-examine the other party and witnesses. The hearing officer is responsible for maintaining an orderly, fair, and respectful hearing. The complainant and respondent will not be permitted to directly question each other and will not be physically present together at any point. Technology will enable the hearing officer and the parties to simultaneously see and hear the party or witness answering questions.

Following the hearing, the hearing officer(s) will reach a determination regarding responsibility based on a preponderance of the evidence standard (whether it is more likely than not that the sexual misconduct occurred). The hearing officer who reaches the determination regarding responsibility is not the same person who conducted the investigation. The hearing officer(s) will provide all parties a written determination regarding responsibility, including notice of the disciplinary sanction, if applicable. Possible sanctions for student respondents range from probation through expulsion. Possible sanctions for employee respondents range from letter of expectation through termination of employment. An appeal process is available to both parties, and the hearing officer’s determination will also simultaneously provide both parties written information about the appeal process and when the determination will become final.

Appeals must be submitted in writing to the associate vice chancellor of the OIEC or designee within seven (7) days after the determination regarding responsibility is issued. The appeal should indicate the specific basis for the appeal, supporting arguments and documentation, and any other relevant information the appealing party wishes to include.

The appealing party may not present any new evidence unless the party can demonstrate that it could not, with reasonable diligence, have been discovered or produced during the course of the investigation. The appeal decision, and any changes in sanctioning (if applicable) will be communicated in writing to the complainant and respondent simultaneously.

For hate crime allegations resulting in a formal adjudication process, a similar procedure is followed beginning with a written notice of allegations and investigation conducted by OIEC investigators. However, the formal adjudication process used in protected-class Discrimination and Harassment Policy allegations does not include a live hearing with cross-examination. In this process, after the initial information-gathering phase of the investigation, the investigators provide the parties with a written summary of the relevant and material information gathered, as well as access to review and inspect the complete investigative file, which may include information gathered upon which the investigators do not intend to rely in making a determination regarding responsibility. The parties then have seven days to review and
respond to the information summary, including requesting that the OIEC ask follow-up questions to the other party and/or witnesses.

Once the formal investigation is complete, the OIEC investigators will prepare a written determination regarding responsibility, summarizing the investigation and explaining the investigators’ rationale in reaching conclusions. The investigators’ written determination regarding responsibility is reviewed by an investigation review board, which independently assesses the thoroughness and fairness of the investigation and whether the conclusions reached in the report are reasonable. The board may review any information contained in the investigative file, may consult with the investigators, and may recommend that further investigation or a new investigation be done by the same or other officials. The board may not conduct its own investigation. Both the complainant and the respondent are simultaneously informed, in writing, of the investigative result the disciplinary sanctioning outcome, if applicable, of any formal adjudication, as well as information about the appeal process available to both parties and when the determination regarding responsibility and the sanction decision are considered final.

The OIEC will use its best efforts to complete its all formal grievance and adjudication processes investigation and impose sanctions within ninety 90 days, although this time frame may be extended for good cause.

For student respondents found responsible for violating a provision of the University’s Sexual Misconduct, Intimate Partner Violence, and Stalking Policy (www.colorado.edu/institutionalequity/sexual-misconduct) and/or the campus protected-class Discrimination and Harassment Policy, a sanctioning board determines disciplinary action. For employee respondents found responsible for a violation of either policy, the respondent will be subject to sanctions determined by the respondent’s disciplinary authority in consultation with the associate vice chancellor of OIEC & Title IX coordinator and human resources. If the respondent is a faculty member, the provost or designee is also consulted.

The OIEC process is independent from the police and court processes. In most cases, OIEC will not wait until a criminal case is resolved before proceeding with a resolution process. The OIEC’s investigation may be delayed for a short period of time upon a request from law enforcement, but the OIEC will promptly resume the investigation as soon as possible.

Additional details about all disciplinary and non-disciplinary resolution processes available for addressing concerns raised under the University of Colorado Sexual Misconduct, Intimate Partner Violence, and Stalking Policy and the University of Colorado Boulder Discrimination and Harassment Policy can be found in the OIEC Resolution Procedures 2020-2021 (www.colorado.edu/oiec/node/165/attachment).

Possible Safety Measures or Sanctions

Safety measures for victims may be available and put into place on an interim basis pending the final outcome of disciplinary procedures regarding sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or hate crimes.
In the case of an accused student, the director of support and safety measures/deputy Title IX coordinator or designee will determine appropriate supportive and/or safety measures, which could include, but are not limited to: academic services, transportation changes, no-contact orders enforced by the university, residential relocations, changes to or exclusion from classes, changes to or exclusion from campus activities, campus exclusion orders, and/or interim student suspensions. A university issued no-contact order prohibits intentional communication of any kind with a specified individual. Contact the office of institutional equity and compliance to learn more.

In the case of an accused employee, the associate vice chancellor of OIEC & Title IX coordinator or the director of support and safety measures/deputy Title IX coordinator will determine, together with the appropriate disciplinary authorities and/or supervisors, the appropriate safety measures, which could include, but are not limited to: reassignment to a different position or supervisor, modification of job duties, a temporary leave of absence, and/or campus exclusion orders.

These safety measures may be applied to one, both or multiple parties involved. Violations of these directives and/or safety measures will constitute related violations that may lead to additional disciplinary action. Safety measures imposed may be temporary pending the results of an investigation or may become permanent as determined by CU Boulder.

Students who are found responsible for violating a provision of the University’s Sexual Misconduct, Intimate Partner Violence and Stalking Policy and/or the campus protected-class Discrimination and Harassment Policy which includes provisions that prohibit sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and hate crimes, will be referred to the University sanctioning board for sanctions. These sanctions may include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following:

- Expulsion
- Suspension
- Residence hall reassignment
- Residence hall contract termination
- Exclusion from some/all campus facilities
- Restriction or denial of University services
- Delayed conferral of degree
- Withholding of official transcript
- Recommendation for revocation of degree
- Warning/written reprimand
- Probation
- Educational sanctions
- Additional sanctions.
If it is determined that an employee has violated the University’s Sexual Misconduct, Intimate Partner Violence and Stalking Policy and/or the campus protected-class Discrimination and Harassment Policy and procedures, which includes provisions that prohibit sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and hate crimes the employee will be subject to appropriate employment sanctions imposed by the employee’s disciplinary authority that include, but are not limited to:

- Termination of employment
- Reduction in salary/ineligibility for merit increases
- Demotion
- Letter of expectation/reprimand
- Mandatory training
- Termination of employment contract
- Job duty modification
- Exclusion from some/all campus facilities
- Ineligibility for rehire
- Additional sanctions

13. Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence or Non-Forcible Sex Offenses

CU Boulder will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence (as that term is defined in section 16 of title 18, United States Code), or a non-forcible sex offense (i.e., incest or statutory rape) the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by CU Boulder against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim shall be provided with the results if so requested.

14. Sex Offender Registration Policy

The federal Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act, enacted on Oct. 28, 2000, requires institutions of higher education to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information provided by a state concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a state to provide notice, as required under state law, of each institution of higher education in that state at which the person is employed, carries on a vocation, volunteers services, or is a student.

Law enforcement information concerning registered sex offenders at CU Boulder may be obtained from CUPD’s records section during normal business hours. The records section can be reached at 303-492-5111. You can view the state of Colorado’s sex offender registry (sor.state.co.us/). To view the Boulder Police Department’s sex offender registry, go to their website (www.bouldercolorado.gov/police/sex-offenders).
15. Drug and Alcohol Policy

Statement Addressing Possession, Use, and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages

- **Alcohol use at CU Boulder**

  CU Boulder is committed to excellence in all aspects of personal and academic life. Alcohol abuse and misuse are significant impediments to achieving this excellence. Therefore, CU Boulder promotes only responsible, legal consumption of alcohol.

  CU Boulder complies with all federal, state, and local laws concerning alcohol and illegal drugs. As a CU Boulder student, you are responsible for acquainting yourself with the laws and CU Boulder policies regarding alcohol and illegal drugs.

- **Alcohol policies**

  The policies listed below apply to the Boulder campus and to CU Boulder-sponsored activities at off-campus locations.

  Administrators, alumni, faculty, guests, staff, and students must adhere to all applicable state and local laws and CU Boulder policies related to the possession, sale, and use of alcoholic beverages. Those persons or organizations making decisions that control the service of alcoholic beverages are responsible for compliance with applicable laws and CU Boulder policies.

- **Standards of conduct**

  - The information contained within the Student Code of Conduct Policies and Procedures (“code”) applies to all students at CU Boulder regardless of designation, program, or residence. The code is available on the Student Conduct website (www.colorado.edu/sscr/student-conduct). To obtain a paper copy of the publication, contact the office of student conduct and conflict resolution at studentconduct@colorado.edu or 303-492-5550. The code governs:

    - Student conduct that occurs on or as it relates to CU Boulder property or at official functions and CU Boulder sponsored programs conducted away from the campus. CU Boulder property is defined as land, buildings, and facilities in possession of or owned, used, or controlled by CU Boulder or funded by CU Boulder budgets.
    - Student conduct that occurs off CU Boulder property is subject to this policy if it: (1) adversely affects the health, safety, or security of any
member of the CU Boulder community or the mission of CU Boulder; or 
(2) involves any records or documents of CU Boulder.

- For purposes of this policy, CU Boulder’s mission is broadly defined to include both 
its academic goals and the importance of developing civic responsibility by our 
students.
- CUPD enforces all state and local underage drinking laws related to the possession, 
use, and sale of alcoholic beverages. The office of student conduct and conflict 
resolution takes an educational approach to students found in violation of the 
alcohol policy. In effect, a student would not face suspension for first-time illegal 
possession or consumption of alcohol, however CU Boulder would hold 
accountable any student who provided alcohol or other drugs in violation of state 
and federal laws and as a result caused harm to or potentially endangered another 
person.

- **Laws Related to Alcohol Use and Sale**
  - The sale of alcoholic beverages is prohibited except in designated areas at times 
and dates licensed by the Colorado State Department of Revenue.
  - Persons under 21 years of age cannot legally possess or consume malt beverages, 
fermented malt liquor, or vinous or spirituous liquor. The furnishing of alcoholic 
beverages to underage persons is prohibited.
  - No person under legal drinking age or any visibly intoxicated person shall be 
furnished, served, or given an alcoholic beverage. Alcohol cannot be consumed or 
carried in open containers on any street, sidewalk, alley, automobile, or public area. 
The CU Boulder’s alcohol service and alcohol events policies are available on the 
University’s webpage (www.colorado.edu/policies/alcohol-service-campus) and on the CUPD 
Events webpage (www.colorado.edu/events/plan/alcohol).

**Statement Addressing Illegal Drugs**

The sale, manufacture, distribution, use, and/or possession of illegal drugs are prohibited. 
Students accused or suspected of violating CU Boulder’s drug policy may be referred to the 
office of student conduct and conflict resolution for disciplinary action. CUPD enforces all state 
and local drug laws and all CU Boulder policies regarding drug use, possession, sale, etc. 
CUPD officers may provide information regarding investigations involving federal drug laws to federal 
law enforcement authorities when it is requested by 
those authorities or when officers believe those 
authorities would have a particular interest in the 
information. Please note that the 2012 passage of 
Colorado’s Amendment 64 (legalization of small 
amounts of marijuana) does not affect any drug law 
as it pertains to those under the age of 21. The 
consumption of marijuana in campus buildings and 
outdoor areas of campus is prohibited by federal law.
and CU Boulder policy. For frequently asked questions on Amendment 64, please visit the CU Boulder website (www.colorado.edu/today/2012/11/09/eight-things-you-need-know-about-amendment-64).

Contact the office of student conduct and conflict resolution at studentconduct@colorado.edu or student conduct at 303-492-5550 for more information concerning CU Boulder drug policy and disciplinary procedures, as well as students’ rights within the disciplinary procedures.

In accordance with the safe and drug-free schools and communities act, the department of human resources sends information annually to all campus employees regarding the campus drug and alcohol policy. The campus drug and alcohol policy can be found on the CU Boulder human resources webpage (www.colorado.edu/hr/policies-guidance/alcohol-drugs-guidelines) or the counseling and psychiatric services webpage (www.colorado.edu/counseling/).

**Drug and Alcohol Abuse Education Programs**

CU Boulder offers a variety of drug and alcohol-abuse education programs for students and employees. For information on these programs and other resources, visit the alcohol and other drugs webpage (www.colorado.edu/aod/resources) which contains information about CU Boulder’s drug and alcohol abuse prevention program, pursuant to section 120 (a) through (d) of the higher education opportunity act.

The policy section of the AOD website in addition to campus policy regarding alcohol links to HR guidance and policy statement for employees, https://www.colorado.edu/hr/alcohol-drugs-guidelines. Included within those guidelines are standards of conduct, resources for faculty and staff, link to the health effects (www.colorado.edu/aod/health-effects) legal sanctions, and sanctions for employees who violate the guidelines.

Penalties are listed at www.colorado.edu/aod/penalties and include penalties for students, potential penalties that relate to employees, as well Colorado laws, Boulder City Code for alcohol and marijuana offenses and federal trafficking penalties. Sanctions that will be imposed by the University of Colorado for employees who are found to be in violation of this policy may include expulsion and/or termination of employment. Compliance with this policy is a condition of employment for all employees.

Resources that are available to employees and students are provided at www.colorado.edu/aod/resources. It includes on-campus and community resources. Treatment resources for faculty, staff and students are listed at www.colorado.edu/aod/get-help.

Additional information on CU Boulder’s drug- and alcohol-abuse education programs is available in CU Boulder’s biennial review report. You can obtain a copy of the latest report by clicking the link at the bottom of the resources webpage for emailing health promotion at health.promotion@colorado.edu. The 2020 Biennial Report should be available in December 2020.
16. Campus Facilities

Statement Addressing Access to Campus Facilities

- **Residence Halls**

  All residence hall doors that lead to living areas are locked 24 hours a day. The lobbies or common areas of residence halls are open from 6 a.m. to 8 p.m. During these hours, a resident may enter the hall through the lobby or common area to access the living areas, using their Buff OneCard electronic access. Access to residence halls is restricted to residents and guests. Friends and guests of a resident may enter the lobby or common area until midnight and call the resident to gain access. All visitors and guests must be escorted by the resident while in the residence hall.

  After 8 p.m., the visitor must call the resident to gain access from outside the residence hall, and the resident must go to the locked lobby door and allow the visitor to enter. The visitor then must be escorted by the resident while in the building.

  All residence halls use an electronic key access system. Access to a resident’s room will be placed on the resident’s Buff OneCard. Only the residents of each respective room are given access to that room. When temporary key cards are made when a Buff OneCard is lost, the new card overrides the access on that student’s Buff OneCard for security purposes. The temporary key has a short expiration date and the resident is instructed to get a new Buff OneCard for permanent access. When the new Buff OneCard is issued, the temporary access is overridden, and the new card provides the only access to the room. It is the responsibility of the resident to notify the residence hall office if the Buff OneCard is lost.

- **Campus Buildings**

  As a member of the campus community, you, in addition to CU Boulder guests and visitors, have access to most campus buildings and facilities during regular hours on weekdays and for scheduled events in the evenings and on Saturdays and Sundays, excluding most holidays. CUPD’s community safety officials is responsible for locking and unlocking designated CU Boulder buildings and for patrolling campus grounds and buildings. If you need assistance in gaining authorized entry outside of business hours to a CU Boulder building or room and no other help is available, you may call CUPD at 303-492-6666.
Statement Addressing Security of Campus Facilities

- **Residence Halls**

Residents are instructed to maintain high security in the residence halls by not admitting unescorted guests. Residents should never allow strangers to follow them through locked security doors into their residence halls.

At check in, residents are provided with a Buff OneCard that has access to the residence hall and the resident’s specific room. Additionally, the student receives a mailbox key. Outside doors to the residence hall should never be propped open, and malfunctioning doors should be reported to the hall office. Residents are advised to keep their room door locked and closed whenever they leave and to carry their Buff OneCard with them at all times.

Security cameras are installed on the outside doors of the residence halls and in the lobby areas.

- **Campus Buildings**

CU Boulder police officers and residential safety officials regularly patrol the exterior and interior of campus buildings throughout the night, on weekends and during holidays. These employees report door lock and security hardware failures to facilities management on an as-needed basis.

Statement Addressing Security Considerations in the Maintenance of Campus Facilities

- **Lighting**

Exterior campus lighting is essential in creating a safe campus environment. Motor vehicle parking lots and structures, main pedestrian walkways and bike paths and most campus building exteriors are lighted throughout the night. Maintenance, custodial, police, parking, and residence hall personnel advise the facilities management service desk on an ongoing basis of any lighting outages that occur. Exterior lighting receives periodic inspections to identify any unreported lighting failures. These failures are assigned a high priority in the high-voltage electrical shop and are normally repaired within 24 to 48 hours.

- **Trees, Vines, and Shrubs**

The campus groundskeepers trim trees, vines, shrubs and other vegetation on a regular basis to enhance campus security. Pedestrian walkways, building entrances, windows and lighting fixtures are kept free from obstructing vegetation. Building proctors are encouraged to report any specific concerns regarding vegetation to the facilities management service desk at 303-492-5522.
17. Campus Counseling, Mental Health and Other Resources

Counseling and Psychiatric Services

Counseling and Psychiatric Services (CAPS) offers a wide range of confidential mental health services tailored to fit the needs of CU Boulder students. These services include individual and couples counseling, groups and workshops, crisis care, psychological testing, evaluation and treatment of various mental health concerns and medical evaluation and medication management. Walk-in services without appointment are available from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Monday through Friday at the CAPS location in the center for community building. CAPS provides free consultation about any student of concern to students, staff, faculty and parents. If you are a CU Boulder student or if you need to discuss concerns about a CU Boulder student that cannot wait until business hours please call 303-492-CAPS (2277) and press “2” to speak to a mental health professional after-hours.

For more information visit the Health Services counseling webpage (www.colorado.edu/health/counseling).

Faculty and Staff Assistance Program

The faculty and staff assistance program can be reached at 303-492-3020 and is located at 3100 Marine Street, ARC Building, third floor, room A353. Information on FSAP’s services can be found on their website (www.colorado.edu/hr/employees/faculty-staff-assistance-program).

FSAP provides short-term counseling for faculty and staff as individuals, couples and families. FSAP also provides conflict resolution and mediation services. FSAP services are confidential.
FSAP provides up to six sessions per individual per year for those clients appropriate for a short-term therapeutic model. For those needing longer team care (for example, chronic mental illness, high risk for suicide, personality disorders, or others needing long-term care), FSAP helps clients find resources in the community to obtain longer-term counseling.

**Office of Victim Assistance (OVA)**

The office of victim assistance (OVA) provides free, confidential response services for students, faculty, and staff who experience traumatic, disturbing or disruptive life events. OVA does this by providing information, support, advocacy and short-term counseling. They respond to situations including, but not limited to, physical assault and hazing, experiences of bias, death, discrimination and harassment including sexual harassment, intimate partner abuse, serious accidents, sexual assault and stalking, as well as other potentially traumatic situations. OVA helps people learn about and assess their options in these situations, as well as offers counseling.

OVA can be reached by telephone at 303-492-8855 or by email at assist@colorado.edu. OVA is located at the Center for Community, suite N450, and can be reached on the web (www.colorado.edu/ova). OVA is open weekdays and has drop-in hours for people without appointments between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m.

For after-hours phone support, call 303-492-8855 and press “2” to speak to a counselor.

**Student Support and Case Management**

Student support and case management (SSCM) includes case managers who act as members of the student of concern team (SOCT) and reach out to students, offering assistance with referrals to campus and community resources, and assisting in the development of an action plan with the student. The goal is to assist the student, avert more serious difficulties, and ensure the safety of both the student and the CU community. Campus staff, faculty, and students may refer a student to SOCT by submitting a report directly to a case manager using the online form (https://cm.maxient.com/reportingform.php?UnivofColorado&layout_id=3) that is sent directly to a case manager, via phone at 303-492-7348 or by email at SOCT@colorado.edu. For more information visit the student support and case management webpage (www.colorado.edu/studentaffairs/sscm).

**Other CU Boulder Services**

CU Boulder offers a multitude of resources for students, faculty, and staff to ensure their success while a part of the CU Boulder community. For up-to-date information on these programs, please visit the following websites:

- For students (www.colorado.edu/students)
- For staff/faculty (www.colorado.edu/facultystaff)
C.R.S. 18-3-402. Sexual Assault

(1) Any actor who knowingly inflicts sexual intrusion or sexual penetration on a victim commits sexual assault if:

(a) The actor causes submission of the victim by means of sufficient consequence reasonably calculated to cause submission against the victim’s will; or

(b) The actor knows that the victim is incapable of appraising the nature of the victim’s conduct; or

(c) The actor knows that the victim submits erroneously, believing the actor to be the victim’s spouse; or

(d) At the time of the commission of the act, the victim is less than fifteen years of age and the actor is at least four years older than the victim and is not the spouse of the victim; or

(e) At the time of the commission of the act, the victim is at least fifteen years of age but less than seventeen years of age and the actor is at least ten years older than the victim and is not the spouse of the victim; or

(f) The victim is in custody of law or detained in a hospital or other institution and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over the victim and uses this position of authority to coerce the victim to submit, unless the act is incident to a lawful search; or

(g) The actor, while purporting to offer a medical service, engages in treatment or examination of a victim for other than a bona fide medical purpose or in a manner substantially inconsistent with reasonable medical practices; or

(h) The victim is physically helpless and the actor knows the victim is physically helpless and the victim has not consented.

*Note that subparagraphs (d) and (e) above define the offense in Colorado related to the Clery Act crime of Statutory Rape.

C.R.S. 18-3-404. Unlawful Sexual Contact

(1) Any actor who knowingly subjects a victim to any sexual contact commits unlawful sexual contact if:

(a) The actor knows that the victim does not consent; or

(b) The actor knows that the victim is incapable of appraising the nature of the victim’s conduct; or

(c) The victim is physically helpless and the actor knows that the victim is physically helpless and the victim has not consented; or
(d) The actor has substantially impaired the victim’s power to appraise or control the victim’s conduct by employing, without the victim’s consent, any drug, intoxicant, or other means for the purpose of causing submission; or

(c) Repealed.

(f) The victim is in custody of law or detained in a hospital or other institution and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over the victim and uses this position of authority, unless incident to a lawful search, to coerce the victim to submit; or

(g) The actor engages in treatment or examination of a victim for other than bona fide medical purposes or in a manner substantially inconsistent with reasonable medical practices.

(1.5) Any person who knowingly, with or without sexual contact, induces or coerces a child by any of the means set forth in section 18-3-402 to expose intimate parts or to engage in any sexual contact, intrusion, or penetration with another person, for the purpose of the actor’s own sexual gratification, commits unlawful sexual contact. For the purposes of this subsection (1.5), the term “child” means any person under the age of eighteen years.

C.R.S. 18-6-301. Incest

(1) Any person who knowingly marries, inflicts sexual penetration or sexual intrusion on, or subjects to sexual contact, as defined in section 18-3-401, an ancestor or descendant, including a natural child, child by adoption, or stepchild twenty-one years of age or older, a brother or sister of the whole or half blood, or an uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece of the whole blood commits incest, which is a class 4 felony. For the purpose of this section only, “descendant” includes a child by adoption and a stepchild, but only if the person is not legally married to the child by adoption or the stepchild.

C.R.S. 18-6-302. Aggravated Incest

(1) A person commits aggravated incest when he or she knowingly:

(a) Marries his or her natural child or inflicts sexual penetration or sexual intrusion on or subjects to sexual contact, as defined in section 18-3-401, his or her natural child, stepchild, or child by adoption, but this paragraph (a) shall not apply when the person is legally married to the stepchild or child by adoption.

(b) For the purpose of this paragraph (a) only, “child” means a person under twenty-one years of age.

(c) Marries, inflicts sexual penetration or sexual intrusion on, or subjects to sexual contact, as defined in section 18-3-401, a descendant, a brother or sister of the whole or half blood, or an uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece of the whole blood who is under ten years of age.
C.R.S. 18-6-800.3. Domestic Violence
As used in this part 8, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) “Domestic violence” means an act or threatened act of violence upon a person with whom the actor is or has been involved in an intimate relationship. “Domestic violence” also includes any other crime against a person, or against property, including an animal, or any municipal ordinance violation against a person, or against property, including an animal, when used as a method of coercion, control, punishment, intimidation, or revenge directed against a person with whom the actor is or has been involved in an intimate relationship.

(b) “Intimate relationship” means a relationship between spouses, former spouses, past or present unmarried couples, or persons who are both the parents of the same child regardless of whether the persons have been married or have lived together at any time.

Colorado Revised Statutes do not contain an offense relating to dating violence.

C.R.S. 18-3-602. Stalking
A person commits stalking if directly, or indirectly through another person, the person knowingly:

(a) Makes a credible threat to another person and, in connection with the threat, repeatedly follows, approaches, contacts, or places under surveillance that person, a member of that person’s immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship; or

(b) Makes a credible threat to another person and, in connection with the threat, repeatedly makes any form of communication with that person, a member of that person’s immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship, regardless of whether a conversation ensues; or

(c) Repeatedly follows, approaches, contacts, places under surveillance, or makes any form of communication with another person, a member of that person’s immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship in a manner that would cause a reasonable person to suffer serious emotional distress and does cause that person, a member of that person’s immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship to suffer serious emotional distress. For purposes of this paragraph (c), a victim need not show that he or she received professional treatment or counseling to show that he or she suffered serious emotional distress.

For the purposes of this part 6:

(a) Conduct “in connection with” a credible threat means acts that further, advance, promote, or have a continuity of purpose, and may occur before, during, or after the credible threat.

(b) “Credible threat” means a threat, physical action, or repeated conduct that would cause a reasonable person to be in fear for the person’s safety or the safety of his or
her immediate family or of someone with whom the person has or has had a continuing relationship. The threat need not be directly expressed if the totality of the conduct would cause a reasonable person such fear.

(c) “Immediate family” includes the person’s spouse and the person’s parent, grandparent, sibling, or child.

(d) “Repeated” or “repeatedly” means on more than one occasion.
19. Introduction

On August 14, 2008, President George W. Bush signed the Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008. In order to comply with this act and to better inform University of Colorado students, prospective students, and parents of how fires affect university residential facilities, the fire- and life-safety group (FLS) has compiled all required fire statistics and fire safety information for on-campus student housing facilities into the 2020 annual fire safety report. Additional campus fire and life safety policies can be found on our website (www.colorado.edu/firelifesafety/).

20. Description of Fire Safety Systems for On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Table 1 below describes the safety systems in place at each of the residence halls at the University of Colorado Boulder. It also includes information on university-owned family and apartment housing. All buildings also have portable fire extinguishers sized and located in accordance with adopted building code and fire code. Each facility also has emergency evacuation plans in place indicating locations of exits, manual fire alarm boxes, and portable fire extinguishers.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>On-Campus Residence Halls</th>
<th>Fire-sprinkler protection</th>
<th>Single-Station Smoke Alarms (not centrally monitored)</th>
<th>System Smoke Detection (monitored by building fire alarm system)</th>
<th>Number of Evacuation (Fire) Drills Each Calendar Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aden Hall</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Arnett Hall</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Baker Hall</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bear Creek Apartments</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
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<td>0</td>
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<td>Brackett Hall</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>Buckingham Hall</td>
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<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cheyenne Arapaho Hall</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cockerell Hall</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>Crosman Hall</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td>Farrand Hall</td>
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<td>Kittredge West</td>
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<td>Willard Hall</td>
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<tr>
<td>Williams Village East</td>
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On Campus Family Housing Apartments and Homes

<table>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Fire-sprinkler protection</th>
<th>Single-Station Smoke Alarms (not centrally monitored)</th>
<th>System Smoke Detection (monitored by building fire alarm system)</th>
<th>Number of Evacuation (Fire) Drills Each Calendar Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Athens Court</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>Athens North</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Expansion</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<td>Faculty/Staff</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>Newton Court</td>
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<td>Marine Court</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Smiley Court</td>
<td>Partial – All B Buildings</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes – B Buildings</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

21. Number of Fire Drills Performed

Fire drills are performed in on-campus residential halls once per semester (twice per calendar year).

22. Fire Safety Policies in Student Housing Facilities

A full list of policies in student housing facilities and procedures that promote fire safety can be found at [www.colorado.edu/firelifesafety/residence-halls](http://www.colorado.edu/firelifesafety/residence-halls).

Portable Electric Appliances

Electrical appliances that can generate heat or malfunction should never be left unattended. They should be unplugged after use and not stored until they are cool enough to touch. Personal portable electric heaters should not be used except under extraordinary circumstances and after conditional written approval by the department of housing and the campus fire marshal. UL listed baseboard heaters distributed by the department of housing are acceptable provided the circuits are not overloaded and other safety precautions are observed.

Smoking

All residence halls are designated as completely smoke free. Smoking is not permitted in residential or common areas of the residence halls. Smoking is permitted outside the residence halls 25 feet away from entrances, windows, vents or any other area where the smoke may impact other community members. Careless disposal of matches and cigarette butts is a common cause of fire. Use caution when disposing of such items.

If living in off-campus rentals, avoid smoking on all type of combustible furniture. Smoking in bed is extremely dangerous and is one of the primary causes of fires in living areas. Also,
please ensure that a sufficient number of ashtrays are provided and that ashtrays are emptied on a regular basis and when necessary.

Open Flames
Many fires occurring in residence hall are a result of burning candles. Camp stoves, open coil heating or cooking elements, kerosene lamps, etc., can be extremely hazardous. These open flame devices are not permitted in student rooms. Similarly, burning incense is not allowed. Cooking on barbecue grills and hibachis is not allowed in or around the halls. Activities such as making candles or waxing skis are not permitted in your room or areas in the halls other than those designated by the department of housing and approved by the campus fire marshal.

23. Procedures for Student Housing Fire Evacuation

In the event of a fire, all building occupants are instructed to always evacuate the building promptly via the nearest clear exit and to remain in the designated area outside the building until they are given the word to re-enter the building. Staff and residents have been made aware of manual fire alarm box locations within the facility and the fire alarm system may be activated while exiting the building, but in no case should residents jeopardize their safety to activate the alarms. Once outside the building, the fire should be reported by dialing 9-1-1.

The following fire emergency instructions are posted in each student room.

If You Hear a Fire Alarm

1. Immediately evacuate the building via the shortest and safest route. Do not use elevators.
2. If you notice smoke, use the alternative escape route.
3. Test doors with the back of your hand before opening them. If the door is warm or if you notice smoke, use an alternative escape route. Check paths for safety before proceeding and close doors behind you.
4. Crawl low if you have to go through smoke.
5. Go to a safe area or to a pre-assigned exterior area for your building.
6. If you suspect that someone is missing or trapped, contact the emergency personnel outside the building.
7. If you are trapped during a fire emergency, close all doors between you and the fire.
Stuff cracks around the doors to keep out smoke. Wait at a safe window and signal/call for help. If there is a phone in the room, call the fire department or 911 and tell them exactly where you are.

8. Stop, drop and roll if you clothing catches fire.

**If You Discover a Fire**

1. Leave the fire area and close the door to the area.
2. Sound the fire alarm.
3. Immediately evacuate the building via the shortest and safest route. (Proper use of fire extinguishers within extinguisher limits and by trained individuals is optional but should not be attempted until building alarm is actuated and people are evacuated.
4. Do not use elevators. A fire can disrupt the operation of elevators and trap occupants inside.
5. If you notice smoke, use the alternate escape route.
6. Test doors with the back of your hand before opening them. If the door is warm or if you notice smoke, use an alternative escape route. Check paths for safety before proceeding and close doors behind you.
7. Crawl low if you have to go through smoke.
8. Go to a safe area or to a pre-assigned exterior area for your building.
9. From the nearest phone in a safe area, call 911.
10. Await emergency response personnel at safe location and direct them to the scene.
11. If you suspect that someone is missing or trapped, contact the emergency personnel outside the building.
12. If you are trapped during a fire emergency, close all doors between you and the fire and stuff cracks around the doors to keep out smoke. Wait at a safe window and signal/call for help. If there is a phone in the room, call 911 and tell them exactly where you are.
13. Stop, Drop and Roll if your clothes catch on fire.

**Once You Have Evacuated**

1. From the nearest phone in the safe area, call 911.
2. If you suspect that someone is missing or trapped, contact firefighters on scene or at the fire engine, police officers, or ambulance personnel. Do not go back inside until directed to do so.
3. Await emergency response personnel at a safe location and direct them to the scene. Report the fire to the hall office or the nearest available resident advisor. Do not reenter the building until instructed to do so by the fire department.
4. Follow directions of fire and police personnel and the housing staff.
5. Report to the person who is taking roll.
6. Never reenter the building to save your personal belongings.
7. Stay calm.
24. Policies Students and Employees Should Follow in Case of a Fire

Your worst enemy during a fire is smoke. If you’re surrounded by smoke, get down on the floor and crawl to safety. Hold your breath and close your eyes if you can. Close doors behind you as you escape. Always use stairs to escape. Never use an elevator. Here are a few simple fire safety tips:

- Learn the location of fire exits and alarm pull stations near you and know the emergency number for assistance – 911.
- Sound the fire alarm if you see smoke or detect a burning odor.
- Have a prepared escape plan and know your escape route.
- Remember to remain calm.
- Use exit stairs. Never use elevators.
- Close doors behind you as you escape. In most cases, this will prevent smoke damage and fire from entering the room you are exiting.
- Do not re-enter a fire-damaged building until it has been declared safe.
- If you become trapped, seal off cracks around doors and vents with cloth or rugs. (Soak them in water if possible.)
- Shut off fans and air conditioners.
- Signal for help from a window. If a campus phone is still operational, call Police Emergency at 911.

25. Fire Safety Education and Training Programs

RA Academy
The Resident Advisor (RA) Fire Academy is held each August at the University of Colorado Boulder. The program is run by Boulder Fire-Rescue and is designed to help teach student staff and professional staff (including hall directors) about fire safety and allow them to effectively lead residents during emergencies. Included in this training is: fire extinguisher techniques and practice; smoke tower evacuation through non-toxic theatrical smoke to teach the importance of evacuating immediately, scavenger hunt activity through the burn building to demonstrate the importance of clear and accurate “pass-on” messages, and group classroom scenarios on what to do while waiting for emergency personnel to arrive. Kim Scott, Boulder’s Fire-Rescue’s fire safety education coordinator, organizes this event and can be contacted at ScottK@bouldercolorado.gov.

Leadership Fire Academy
Boulder Fire-Rescue hosts the annual leadership fire academy the second week of September at the University of Colorado Boulder. The leadership academy trains student leaders from sororities, fraternities, student government and other influential student organizations in hopes of giving them life-saving information to share with their peers. These students learn the
importance of evacuation strategies, fire behavior in structures, how to properly use a fire extinguisher, and familiarity with search and rescue techniques used by firefighters. During the academy, students are assigned to work in a “fire crew” that is placed in situations that require teamwork and cooperation in order to overcome simulated fire emergencies.

The crews will rotate through various activities including:
- A five-story evacuation simulation
- A hose station requiring them to connect a hose to a hydrant
- Pull hose from a truck and charge a water line
- Fire extinguisher use
- Compression-only CPR training
- Emergency responder and campus fire policy panel discussion

This program is a joint venture of Boulder Fire-Rescue safety education and University of Colorado Boulder office of student affairs. It represents an ongoing collaboration between city and University leaders on important safety issues. Kim Scott, Boulder’s fire safety education coordinator, organizes this event and can be contacted at ScottK@bouldercolorado.gov.

**Community Living Agreement Workshop (CLAW)**
At the beginning of the fall semester, fire safety information, and information regarding common fire hazards/safety violations are addressed with residents. Each resident advisor (RA) will address fire safety as part of their community living agreement workshop (CLAW). Similar information relating to the hazards of fires in residence halls is repeated to residents during the academic year. This may be relayed to residents via newsletters, fliers, or by special memoranda to residents coordinated through the associate director.

**26. Fire Reporting**
Per federal law, University of Colorado Boulder is required to annually disclose statistical data on all fires that occur in on-campus student housing facilities. The following directions are for use by CU Boulder faculty, staff, students, and visitors, for ensuring that the proper authorities are contacted when a fire occurs.
Emergency Procedure
These directions are specifically for when a small fire has been discovered even if it is extinguished before the fire department is called. Please note that Boulder Fire-Rescue needs to be called (dial 9-1-1) for any fire accidents on campus, no matter how small it may be.

1. Contact 9-1-1, even if the fire appears to be extinguished. If using a non-campus (cell) phone, mention that you are calling from CU Boulder.
2. Wait, in a safe location, for the fire department to arrive.

Non-Emergency Procedure
Listed below is the procedure for reporting fires that have already been extinguished or where evidence of an extinguished fire exists. These are for fires for which you are unsure whether Facilities Management may already be aware. If you find evidence of a fire or if you hear about such a fire, please contact the following:

1. Contact the Facilities Management Center at (303) 492-5522.
   a. Inform them of your location, the fire location and whether you believe it has been extinguished.
   b. Inform the service desk if a fire extinguisher was discharged during the fire and request a replacement extinguisher as soon as possible.
   c. Provide them with the location of this extinguisher.

All calls related to fire incidents received by the facilities management service desk are routed to the campus police and the Boulder Fire Department for response by the emergency/first responders on duty. The service center supervisor relays immediate information to the campus fire marshal. The CUPD records manager forwards incident reports to the campus fire marshal.

27. Plans for Future Improvement
In an effort to promote safety, new campus buildings will continue to be constructed in full compliance with building and fire codes. We continue to improve fire safety features in older buildings as we request funds and they become available. Examples of these improvements include fire sprinklers and enclosing stairwells. These actions will greatly increase student and staff safety, and, in the regrettable event of a fire, will reduce the extent and severity of the emergency.
1. Specific goals towards this plan for improvements include:
   a. Student Recreation Center (REC 384) – Completed 2014
   b. McKenna Languages Building (MKNA 237) – Completed 2018
   c. Economics Building (ECON 215) – Completed 2018
   d. Education Building (EDUC 217) – Anticipated completion 2021
   e. Denison Arts & Sciences Building (DEN 207) – Completed 2016
   f. Clare Small Arts & Sciences Building (CLRE 382) – Completed 2016
   g. Science Learning Laboratory (SLL 576) – Anticipated completion 2020
   h. Communications Disorders (SLHS 418) – Completed 2017
   i. Fiske Planetarium (FISK 414) – Completed 2019
   j. Sommers-Bausch Observatory (OBSV 416) – Completed 2020
   k. IMIG Music Building (MUS 334) – Completed 2020
   l. Muenzinger (MUEN 373S) – Anticipated completion 2021

2. Implement an integrated fire alarm/mass notification system on campus using a combination of new and existing infrastructure.

3. These improvements will be made barring any unforeseen circumstances.

28. Fire Statistics

The University of Colorado Boulder maintains a written fire log that records any fire that occurs in an on-campus student housing facility. To view a hard copy of the current fire log, please contact the campus fire marshal at 303-492-4042. An up-to-date electronic version of this fire log is accessible anytime at this website (www.colorado.edu/firelifesafety/node/264/attachment).

Historical Data:
- Fire Log 2019 (www.colorado.edu/firelifesafety/node/277/attachment)
- Fire Log 2018 (www.colorado.edu/firelifesafety/node/273/attachment)
- Fire Log 2017 (www.colorado.edu/firelifesafety/node/266/attachment)

Additionally, annual fire statistics are compiled for every on-campus student housing facility. An electronic copy is accessible anytime at the following link:
- Fire Statistics 2019 (www.colorado.edu/firelifesafety/node/279/attachment)
- Fire Statistics 2018 (www.colorado.edu/firelifesafety/node/275/attachment)
- Fire Statistics 2017 (www.colorado.edu/firelifesafety/node/268/attachment)

The three most recent years are included within Appendix A of this report.

### Residence Halls - 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residential Facility</th>
<th>Street Address</th>
<th>Total Fires in Each Building</th>
<th>Fire Number</th>
<th>Cause of Fire</th>
<th>Number of Injuries That Required Treatment in a Medical Facility</th>
<th>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</th>
<th>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aden Hall (ADEN)</td>
<td>2320 Libby Dr</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Stearns East (STRN)</td>
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<td>Residential Facility</td>
<td>Street Address</td>
<td>Total Fires in Each Building</td>
<td>Fire Number</td>
<td>Cause of Fire</td>
<td>Number of Injuries That Required Treatment in a Medical Facility</td>
<td>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</td>
<td>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire</td>
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<td>1</td>
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<td>3355 Apache Drive</td>
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<tr>
<td>Residential Facility</td>
<td>Street Address</td>
<td>Total Fires in Each Building</td>
<td>Fire Number</td>
<td>Cause of Fire</td>
<td>Number of Injuries That Required Treatment in a Medical Facility</td>
<td>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</td>
<td>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire</td>
</tr>
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<td>Athens Court (ATCT)</td>
<td>1910-1950 Athens Street</td>
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<td>Marine Court (MRCT)</td>
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<td>Unintentional - cooking fire</td>
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<td>Residential Facility</td>
<td>Street Address</td>
<td>Total Fires in Each Building</td>
<td>Fire Number</td>
<td>Cause of Fire</td>
<td>Number of Injuries That Required Treatment in a Medical Facility</td>
<td>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</td>
<td>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire</td>
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<td>Cheyenne Arapaho Hall (CHEY)</td>
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<td>Farrand Hall (FRND)</td>
<td>2200 Baker Drive</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hallett Hall (HLET)</td>
<td>2250 Willard Loop Drive</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kittredge West (KITW)</td>
<td>2400 Kittredge Loop Road</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kittredge Central (KCEN)</td>
<td>2480 Kittredge Loop Road</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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<tr>
<td>Libby Hall (LIBY)</td>
<td>2115 Baker Drive</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Shoe set on fire, thrown out window</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$&lt; 100</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reed Hall (REED)</td>
<td>1001 Cockerell Drive</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sewell Hall (SWLL)</td>
<td>1720 University Avenue</td>
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<tr>
<td>Smith Hall (SMTH)</td>
<td>2525 Kittredge Loop Road</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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<td>n/a</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stearns East (STRN)</td>
<td>600 30th Street</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stearns West (STRN)</td>
<td>600 30th Street</td>
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<td>n/a</td>
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<td>n/a</td>
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<tr>
<td>Willard Hall (WLRD)</td>
<td>2200 Willard Loop Drive</td>
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<tr>
<td>Williams Village North (WVN)</td>
<td>3300 Baseline Road</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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<tr>
<td>Residential Facility</td>
<td>Street Address</td>
<td>Total Fires in Each Building</td>
<td>Fire Number</td>
<td>Cause of Fire</td>
<td>Number of Injuries That Required Treatment in a Medical Facility</td>
<td>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</td>
<td>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
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<td>---------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Athens Court (ATCT)</td>
<td>1910-1950 Athens Street; 1931-2031 Grandview Avenue</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Athens North Court (ATHN)</td>
<td>1951 Grandview Avenue</td>
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<td>n/a</td>
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<tr>
<td>Faculty/Staff Court (FACT)</td>
<td>1245, 1255 19th Street; 1250, 1255 18th Street; 1740-1860 Athens Street</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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<tr>
<td>Newton Court (NTCT)</td>
<td>1475 Folsom Street; 2300 Arapahoe Avenue</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marine Court (MRCT)</td>
<td>1350 20th Street</td>
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<td>n/a</td>
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<tr>
<td>Smiley Court A (SMCTA)</td>
<td>1300 30th Street</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$0 - 99</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smiley Court B (SMCTB)</td>
<td>1300 30th Street</td>
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<td>n/a</td>
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<tr>
<td>Smiley Court C (SMCTC)</td>
<td>1300 30th Street</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
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<td>$1,000 – 9,999</td>
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<tr>
<td>Smiley Court D (SMCTD)</td>
<td>1300 30th Street</td>
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<tr>
<td>1215 Grandview Ave (TB98)</td>
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<td>1232 Grandview Ave (TB95)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1510 13th Street (TB78)</td>
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<td>1514 13th Street (TB66)</td>
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<td>1429 Grandview Ave (TB99)</td>
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<td>1445 Grandview Ave (TB66)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1302 Grandview Ave (TB70)</td>
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<td>n/a</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>n/a</td>
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