## PSCI 4028: Middle Eastern Politics Fall 2011

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> MWF 10-10:50am 1-2:00pm Ketchum 235

Office Hours MW 11:00 – 12:00 and by appointment

### Overview

This class is an in-depth survey of the political and economic development in the Middle East and North African (MENA) region. Using a political economy approach, we will survey the roots of some of the major problems plaguing the region. We will start with the ethnic and cultural roots of the inhabitants of the Middle East. We will move on to the effects of the oil reserves underlying the Middle Eastern economy. Then we will examine to the regime types and the conundrum of democratization in the region. Finally, we will look more closely to a few countries for a deeper understanding of the causal links of the political and economic outcomes.

### Course Goals

This course has two primary goals. First, it approaches the MENA region from a comparative perspective. By comparing countries of the Middle East to one another, we will use one of the mainstream methodologies in political science and learn how to scientifically assess causal links between variables. Second, it will give the students a much more nuanced and deeper understanding of the MENA region. It will compare and contrast the cultural, political and economic backgrounds of these countries, and will generate a more comprehensive understanding of the religion of Islam.

# Required Reading

All readings listed on this syllabus are required except otherwise stated. The two books we will use mainly are available for purchase at the CU Book Store, and two copies of each are also available on course reserve at Norlin Library. They are as follows:

(1) Kuran, T. (2004). *Islam and Mammon: The Economic Predicaments of Islamism*. Princeton University Press.

(2) Palmer, M. (2006). The Politics of the Middle East (2nd ed.). Wadsworth Publishing.

Here are two recommended books for those who are interested in the history and political evolution of the region:

- (1) Long, D. E., Reich, B., & Gasiorowski, M. (2010). The Government and Politics of the Middle East and North Africa: Sixth Edition (Sixth Edition, Sixth Edition.). Westview Press.
- (2) Kamrava, M. (2011). The Modern Middle East: A Political History since the First World War, Second Edition (2nd ed.). University of California Press.

Other required readings will be available on course electronic reserves (abbreviated as "E-RES") and through CULearn. These readings will appear in the course outline below and the students are expected to read them by the date they appear in the outline. Aside from this syllabus, all course "handouts" are emailed to students and posted to CULearn; they are not printed, copied, and handed out.

Students are also required to follow the current events happening in the region from the two following sources:

- Middle East Channel's Daily News Brief at <a href="http://mideast.foreignpolicy.com">http://mideast.foreignpolicy.com</a>
- The Economist <a href="http://www.economist.com/">http://www.economist.com/</a>
- http://english.aljazeera.net/

These sources will be very valuable in presentations and participation in class.

## Grading

Your final grade is comprised of the following parts.

- 1) Examinations 55%
  - Presentations: 10%
  - Midterm: 15%
  - Final: 30%
- 2) Paper 25%
  - Research paper: 25%
- 3) Attendance 10%
- 4) Participation 10%

First, 45% of the overall grade is based on two closed-book, in-class tests—a *Midterm* (15%) and a *Final* (30%)—and 3 closed-book, in-class *Presentations* (10%). The *Presentations* will work as follows: On Fridays, 2 students will present separately on a current event happening in the Middle East that week. They will end their presentations proposing discussion questions to the class, stirring a debate on the topic of interest. The students are encouraged to discuss with me their topic and questions beforehand. The *Midterm* will cover material up to date and the *Final* will cover ALL course material. *Examinations will not be given to anyone at a day or time other than that already* 

specified on this syllabus, unless students have discussed with me IN ADVANCE special arrangements due to disability or final exam conflict. Students with disabilities must show me authorization from the Office of Services to Disabled Students and must take the examination at the specified time.

Second, 25% of the final grade is based on the research paper. The Research paper (25%) is a medium length (1500-word, 5-6 pages) paper based on outside readings and research. More information on this assignment will be forthcoming. Papers handed in after the specified time will have ten percentage points subtracted from their final score each business day they are late. Students must also submit papers to turnitin.com, and the same late penalty applies to these electronic submissions.

Third, students will be graded for their Attendance (10%) in class. The instructor will personally take attendance every class. Students will be allowed 6 "freebie" absences. Beyond these absences, the attendance grade will be lowered from 100 by ten percentage points per absence. Attendance will be taken at the beginning of class, so students who are late will be counted absent! Because all students receive an ample allotment of freebies, please do not discuss, request excuses for, or argue about absences with the instructor!

Note that religious holidays, sickness, and other reasons for absence that are "legitimate" DO COUNT against your freebie absences. You are strongly advised to use your freebies for these purposes. Students with 12 or more absences will either have to drop the class or receive an "F".

Fourth, the Participation (10%) component of the grade is based on student engagement and participation in class discussions. Most Fridays during the semester will be organized as discussion sections rather than lecture sessions, so student participation on these days is crucial.

There are no extra credit projects available in this course. Final grades will be determined using the following percentage scale: A=94-100, A=90-94, B+=87-90, B=84-87, B=80-84, C+=77-80, C=74-77, C=70-74, D=67-70, D=64-67, D=60-64, F=<60.

As always, academic dishonesty is not tolerated; you will receive an "F" in the class and may be expelled. Academic dishonesty includes, but is not limited to, passing off the work of others (especially current or former students or published work) as your own.

#### Course Outline

#### Introduction

Class 1 (8/22/11): Introduction and housekeeping

Class 2 (8/24/11): What is the Middle East? The Importance of kinship, Islam and culture · Palmer Ch. 1

• Huntington, S. P. (1992). Clash of Civilizations, The. Foreign Affairs, 72, 22.

Class 3 (8/26/11): Colonialism and the Middle East since WW2

· Palmer Ch. 1 continued

Islamic Economics and Underdevelopment

Class 4 (8/29/11): What does "Islamic economics" mean?

Kuran. ix-xvii, 1-37.

Class 5 (8/31/11): Does Islam cause poverty?

• Kuran. 121-147.

Class 6 (9/2/11): The Resource Curse

- Ross, Michael. 1999. "The Political Economy of the Resource Curse." World Politics 51(2): 297-322. (Skim)
- · Presentations and Discussion

### Other Sources of Underdevelopment

Class 7 (9/5/11): Labor Day, no class

Class 8 (9/7/11): Bad politicians

Chaudry, Kiren Aziz. 1993. "The Myths of the Market and the Common History of Late Developers." Politics and Society 21(3). 245-74.

Class 9 (9/9/11): International structure

· Presentations and Discussion

#### Islam and the Middle Eastern Issues

Class 10 (9/12/11): Historical origins

• Kuran, 82-120.

Class 11 (9/14/11): Does underdevelopment help Islamists?

• Pepinsky, Thomas B., R. William Liddle, and Saiful Mujani. 2010. "Testing Islam's Political Advantage: Evidence from Indonesia." Working paper, Cornell University.

Class 12 (9/16/11): The role of women in the economy of Middle Eastern countries

- · Ross, M. L. (2008). "Oil, Islam, and Women". American Political Science Review, 102(01), 107-123.
- · Presentations and Discussion

**Political Regimes** 

Class 13 (9/19/11): Can there be an Islamic democracy?

• Bukay, David. 2007. "Can There Be an Islamic Democracy?" Middle East Quarterly 14(2):71-79

Class 14 (9/21/11): Islam and Authoritarianism (1)

• Fish, Steven. 2002. "Islam and Authoritarianism." World Politics 55(1): 4-37.

Class 15 (9/23/11): Islam and Authoritarianism (2)

- Nasr, Seyyed Vali Reza. 2005. "The Rise of 'Muslim Democracy'." Journal of Democracy 16(2): 13-27.
- · Presentations and Discussion

#### Globalization

Class 16 (9/26/11): Globalization (1)

• Barber, Benjamin R 1992. "Jihad Versus McWorld: How Globalism and Tribalism are Reshaping the World." The Atlantic Magazine.

Class 17(9/28/11): Globalization (2)

• Noland, Marcus, and Howard Pack. "Islam, Globalization, and Economic Performance in the Middle East" 2004

Class 18 (9/30/11): Globalization (3)

- Najjar, F. (2005). "The Arabs, Islam and Globalization". Middle East Policy, 12(3), 91-106. · Presentations and Discussion

# Conflict and the Middle East

Class 19 (10/3/11): The effect of wars on development

• Olson, Mancur. 1993. "Dictatorship, Democracy, and Development." American Political Science Review 87(3):

Class 20 (10/5/11): So much conflict in the Middle East?

• Sørli, M. E., Gleditsch, N. P., & Strand, H. (2005). "Why Is There So Much Conflict in the Middle East?" Journal

Class 21 (10/7/11): Midterm

# The Rise of Political Islam

Class 22 (10/10/11): Turkey vs. Egypt

• Gumuscu, S. (2010). "Class, Status, and Party: The Changing Face of Political Islam in Turkey and Egypt." Comparative Political Studies, 43(7), 835-861.

Class 23 (10/12/11): Islam vs. Islamism

• Tibi, B. (2010). "The Politicization of Islam into Islamism in the Context of Global Religious Fundamentalism." The Journal of the Middle East and Africa, 1(2), 153.

Class 24 (10/14/11): The Muslim Brotherhood

- Leiken, R. S., & Brooke, S. (2007). "The Moderate Muslim Brotherhood". Foreign Affairs, 86(2), 107-121.

#### **Terrorism**

Class 25 (10/17/11): Crazy terrorist?

• Robert Pape. 2003. "The Strategic Logic of Suicide Terrorism." American Political Science Review 97(3).

Class 26 (10/19/11): Roots

• Bernard Lewis. 1990. "The Roots of Muslim Rage." The Atlantic Monthly. Reprinted in Policy 17(4): 17-

Class 27 (10/21/11): More roots

• Von Hippel, K. (2002). The Roots of Terrorism: Probing the Myths. The Political Quarterly, 73, 25-39.

# Cases: Turkey and Israel

Class 28 (10/24/11): Moderate Islamist Politics in Turkey

- Demiralp, Seda. 2009. "The Rise of Islamic Capital and the Decline of Islamic Radicalism in Turkey." Comparative Politics 41(3): 315-335. • Palmer p. 303-340 (Skim)

Class 29 (10/26/11): The rise and rise of the Justice and Development Party in Turkey

• Özbudun, Ergun. 2006. "From Political Islam to Conservative Democracy: The Case of the Justice and Development Party in Turkey." South European Society and Politics 11(3): 543.

Class 30 (10/28/11): Israel

- Schumpeter. 2010. "Beyond the start-up nation." The Economist <a href="http://www.economist.com/node/17796932">http://www.economist.com/node/17796932</a>
- Presentations and Discussion

Class 31 (10/31/11): Israel

• Palmer p.87-143 (Skim)

## Cases: Egypt and Tunisia

Class 32 (11/2/11): Egypt

• El-Ghobashy, Mona. 2005. "The Metamorphosis of the Egyptian Muslim Brothers." International Journal of Middle East Studies 37(3): 373-395.

Class 33 (11/4/11): The revolution of Egypt

- Kanalley, Craig. 2011. "Egypt Revolution 2011: A Complete Guide To The Unrest." Huffington Post http://www.huffingtonpost.com/2011/01/30/egypt-revolution-2011\_n\_816026.html
- · Presentations and Discussion

Class 34 (11/7/11): Tunisia

• Migdalovitz, Carol. 2009. "Tunisia: Current Issues" CRS Report for Congress. http://www.dtic.mil/cgibin/GetTRDoc?AD=ADA512803&Location=U2&doc=GetTRDoc.pdf

Class 35 (11/9/11): The jasmine revolution of Tunisia

- Koplow, Michael. 2011. "Why Tunisia's Revolution Is Islamist-Free". Foreign Policy http://www.foreignpolicy.com/articles/2011/01/14/why tunisias revolution is islamist free
- Walt M. Stephen. 2011. "Why the Tunisian revolution won't spread". Foreign Policy http://walt.foreignpolicy.com/posts/2011/01/15/why the tunisian revolution wont spread
- Zuckerman, Ethan. 2011. "The first Twitter revolution?" Foreign Policy http://www.foreignpolicy.com/articles/2011/01/14/the\_first\_twitter\_revolution?page=0,1

Class 36 (11/11/11): Tunisia's future

Presentations and Discussion

# Cases: Saudi Arabia, the ultimate petro-state

Class 37 (11/14/11): Saudi Arabia

• Palmer p. 178-219 (Skim)

Class 38 (11/16/11): Reform in Saudi Arabia?

- Meijer, Roel. 2010. "Reform in Saudi Arabia: The Gender-Segregation Debate." Middle East Policy 17(4): 80-100. Class 39 (11/18/11): Revolution in Saudi Arabia?
- · Al-Rasheed, Madawi. 2011. "Yes, it could happen here." Foreign Policy http://www.foreignpolicy.com/articles/2011/02/28/yes\_it\_could\_happen\_here
- Obaid, Nawaf. 2011. "There will be no uprising in Saudi Arabia". Foreign Policy http://www.foreignpolicy.com/articles/2011/03/10/there\_will\_be\_no\_uprising\_in\_saudi\_arabia

· Presentations and Discussion.

Class (11/21/11): No class (Thanksgiving break)

Class (11/23/11): No class (Thanksgiving break)

Class (11/25/11): No class (Thanksgiving break)

## Cases: Iran and Iraq

Class 40 (11/28/11): Iran • Palmer p. 261-301 (Skim)

Class 41 (11/30/11): Iraq • Palmer p. 221-259 (Skim)

Class 42 (12/2/11): Iran and Iraq Presentations and Discussion

### Wrapping Up:

Class 43 (12/5/11): Review, Q & A

Class 44 (12/7/11): Review, Q & A

Class 45 (12/9/11): Review, Q & A

# University of Colorado Policies

## Students with Disabilities

According to the Americans with Disabilities Act, students with disabilities should ask for "reasonable and timely" accommodations. You are welcomed to do so in the first two weeks of the semester either during my office hours or after class. These accommodations can be extended if you are a student with a disability and are registered with the Office of Services to Disabled Students. Please refer to the web link www.colorado.edu/disabilityservices or contact 303-492-8671, Willard 322 for information. University regulations on this issue will be strictly observed. If you qualify for accommodations because of a disability, please submit to me a letter from Disability Services in a timely manner so that your needs may be addressed. Disability Services determines accommodations based on documented disabilities.

## **Cheating and Plagiarism**

Cheating or plagiarizing will be treated according to the University regulations which will be strictly observed. All students of the University of Colorado at Boulder are responsible for knowing and adhering to the academic integrity policy of this institution. Violations of this policy may include: cheating, plagiarism, aid of academic dishonesty, fabrication, lying, bribery, and threatening behavior. All incidents of academic misconduct shall be reported to the Honor Code Council (honor@colorado.edu; 303-725-2273). Students who are found to be in violation of the academic integrity policy will be subject to both academic sanctions from the faculty member and nonacademic sanctions (including but not limited to university probation, suspension, or expulsion). Students are strongly advised to familiarize themselves with the University of Colorado's Code for

www.colorado.edu/academics/honorcode/.

# Religious Observances

Campus policy regarding religious observances requires that faculty make every effort to reasonably and fairly deal with all students who, because of religious obligations, have conflicts with scheduled exams, assignments or required attendance. Students in this situation can ask for "reasonable and timely" accommodations. Please review the syllabus closely and try to find out whether you have time conflicts with any of the assignments. I encourage you to do so in the first two weeks of the semester and inform me about your concerns either during my office hours or after class. Full details can be found at http://www.colorado.edu/policies/fac\_relig.html.

### **Classroom Behavior**

Students and faculty each have responsibility for maintaining an appropriate learning environment. Students who fail to adhere to such behavioral standards may be subject to discipline. Faculty have the professional responsibility to treat all students with understanding, dignity and respect, to guide classroom discussion and to set reasonable limits on the manner in which they and their students express opinions. Professional courtesy and sensitivity are especially important with respect to individuals and topics dealing with differences of race, culture, religion, politics, sexual orientation, gender, gender variance, and nationalities. Class rosters are provided to the instructor with the student's legal name. I will gladly honor your request to address you by an alternate name or gender pronoun. Please advise me of this preference early in the semester so that I may make appropriate changes to my records. See polices at http://www.colorado.edu/policies/classbehavior.html and at http://www.colorado.edu/studentaffairs/judicialaffairs/code.html#student\_code.

# Discrimination and Harassment

The University of Colorado at Boulder policy on Discrimination and Harassment, the University of Colorado policy on Sexual Harassment and the University of Colorado policy on Amorous Relationships apply to all students, staff and faculty. Any student, staff or faculty member who believes s/he has been the subject of discrimination or harassment based upon race, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, religion, sexual orientation, or veteran status should contact the Office of Discrimination and Harassment (ODH) at 303-492-2127 or the Office of Judicial Affairs at 303-492-5550. Information about the ODH, the above referenced policies and the campus resources available to assist individuals regarding discrimination or harassment can be obtained at http://www.colorado.edu/odh.