Maryland LigaSure Device Jaw Pressure dc COLORADO Will Borelli, Connor Kinney, Sydney Kobak, Benjamin Lee, Aristides Velasco, Jaime Wickersheim

Background

DAQ Housing • The LigaSure Maryland Jaw Open and Laparoscopic Sealer and Divider with Nano-coating is an industry leading, single-use surgical device for everyday clinical practice • The jaws grasp, cut, dissect and reliably seal tissues and vessels using RF energy • Medtronic currently uses a single force measurement at 17° to analyze their devices and wants exploratory research into pressure distribution across the jaws at smaller angles Objectives Determine if Interlink Electronics UX 400 Round Force Sensing Resistors (FSR) are a viable and reliable option for measuring pressure at the Maryland LigaSure Jaw's scale Develop a universal calibration curve for FSRs to convert force to voltage Design a repeatable test setup to gather data from a Maryland LigaSure device \checkmark Achieve insight into how the Maryland LigaSure device's jaws behave at small angles with operator variation at two separate locations (proximal and distal) Design Approach Design Testing Develop Process Data Gather Data from Fixture and Calibration and Determine LigaSure Jaws Wedge Curve End Result **Calibration Curve Universal Calibration Curve Testing Requirements** 2.5 both proximal and distal locations Distal (Tip) tage Location ✓ High FSR repeatability Collected Data -Fitted Curve - Boundary Curve V Negligible drift V Uniform sensor de-loading Force (lbf) **Test Setup Design** • Data Acquisition (DAQ) housing holds our NI USB-6008, breadboard, and circuitry • Alignment features such as the channel, cradle and guide rails hold test setup level ensuring **Acrylic Profile** Force Pegs secure plate interface and restrict rotation during testing Sensing • Front slot houses and stabilizes the bottom jaw for consistent results Resistor Location etchings establish consistent sensor placement and orientation SLA material provides high strength and manufacturability while also having low ductility Bottom • Two locations characterize the pressure at the middle and tip of the jaw; which is more comparable to clinical use Jaw Two wedges tested with individual proximal and distal locations respectively



- repeatable data collection and testing
- Wedge Design
- Proximal and distal locations

 - 4° incline simulates clinical usage

A special thank you to Julie Steinbrenner, Daria Kotys-Schwartz, Aaron Bourdon, Jianliang Xiao, Victoria Lanaghan, Lauren McComb, Tom Puhr, Greg Potts, Chase Logsdon, Patrick Maguire, Rachel Sharpe, Andy Kain, & Gary Miller



Test Setup







- Maryland LigaSure devices
- pressure distributions at small angles



Paul M. Rady Mechanical Engineering

• This project provides Medtronic with additional information to quantify sealing