



<u>Mission</u>

- Sierra Space is developing a fuel gauge capable of measuring remaining fuel to an accuracy of $\leq 1\%$ of actual in microgravity conditions
- Designed for Sierra Space's ECLIPSE satellite line, the system supports on-orbit refueling operations with precise fuel tracking
- This concept reduces mission costs and extends spacecraft lifetimes

Requirements

Gauge external to tank

 \checkmark Accuracy: $\leq 1\%$ of actual

Specifications

- System Leakage ≤ 0.7 psi/hr 5.6-gallon tank • ¹/₄ " NPT piping junction • 500-lbf linear actuator Pressure Sensor Accuracy: ± 0.02psi ✓ Working Temperature: 0-40°C • 120W power limit
- Applicable in Microgravity

✓ Working Pressure: 0-50psi

Theory

ΔWeight

Safe to use

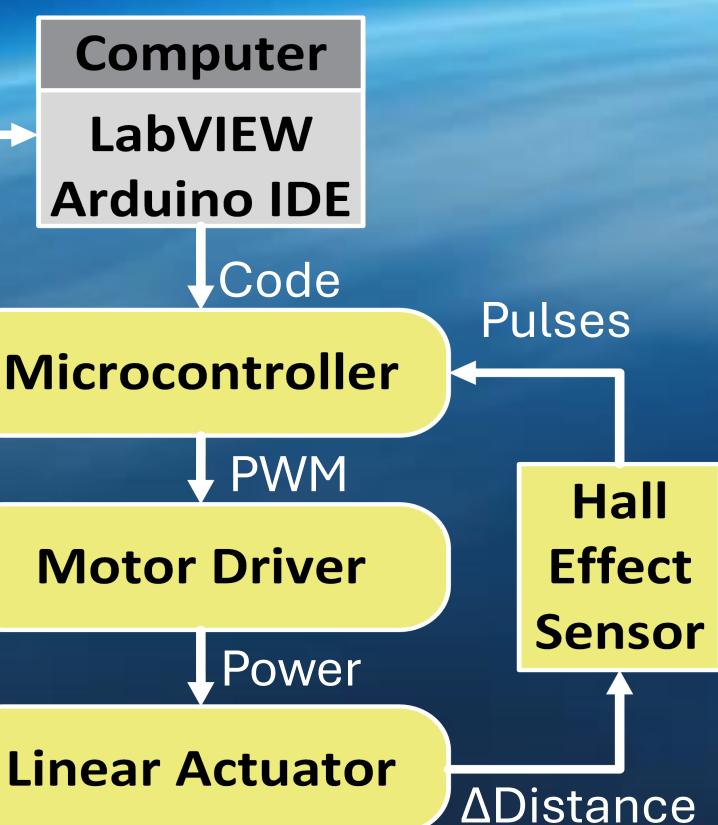
Budget: \$2000

- The fuel gauge uses a method called Compression Mass Gauging (CMG)
- The system compresses a known volume (ΔVol) using the linear actuator to compress the piston cylinder
- The change in volume is correlated to a change in pressure (ΔP) measured by the pressure sensor
- Testing proved the gas in our system behaves ideally and isothermally
- Ideal gas behavior allows us to correlate ΔVol and ΔP using a modified Boyle's Law (Eq. 1)
- The volume of gas is used to determine the volume of fuel in (Eq. 2)

(2) $V_{fuel} = V_{system} - V_{gas}$ ΔP **Electronics Control Diagram** Computer ΔΡ Pressure DAQ LabVIEW Sensor **Arduino IDE** Code Microcontroller Temperature ΔT Tank PWM Sensor **Motor Driver** Power Scale

Acknowledgments: Patrick Maguire | Julie Steinbrenner | Daria Kotys-Schwartz | Andy Kain | Greg Potts | Chase Logsdon | Victoria Lanaghan | Mike Walker

• Thermistor Accuracy: ± 0.2 °C



Pressure Sensor

- Future Work
- Further thermal testing
- accuracy pressure sensor
- functionality

