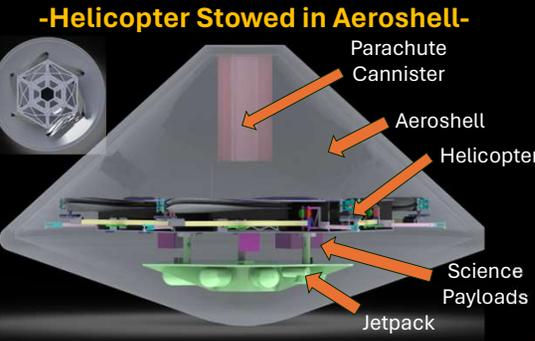


Michael Becerra, Samuel Biehle, Tyler Brown, David Li, David Remich, Collin Ruprecht

Major Requirements

- Design and Build Functional Prototype Helicopter ✓
- Total Helicopter Mass ~44 kg < 50 kg ✓
- Survive Falcon-9 Launch Loads ✓
- Stow Within Aeroshell Geometry ✓

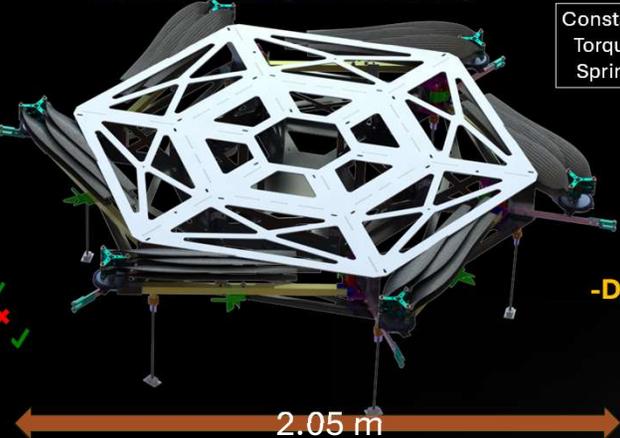


Leg

Can the leg survive a 2 m/s vertical and 0.5 m/s horizontal landing velocity?

Load Requirement	Yield Strength	Pass/Fail
365 N	1046 N (235 lb)	✓
96.6 N	134 N (30.2 lb)	✓
96.6 N	68 N (15.4 lb)	✗

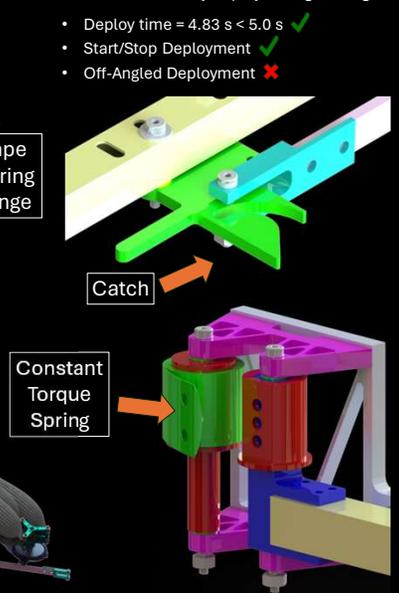
-Stowed Helicopter Assembly-



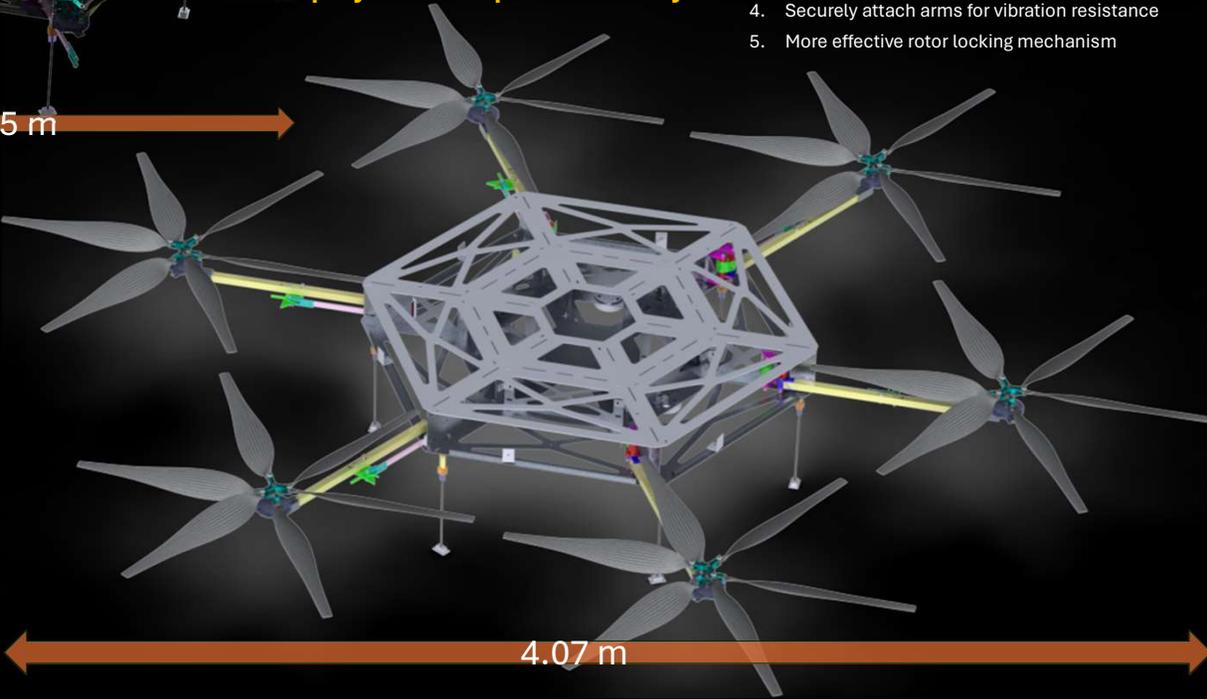
Arm

Can the arm reliably deploy during landing?

- Deploy time = 4.83 s < 5.0 s ✓
- Start/Stop Deployment ✓
- Off-Angled Deployment ✗



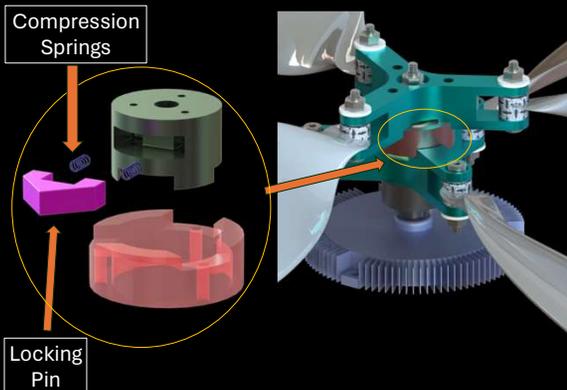
-Deployed Helicopter Assembly-



Rotor

Can the rotor transition from the stowed to deployed configuration and consistently lock into place?

- Rotor Deployment ✓
- Locking Pin Actuation ✓



Flight Recommendations

1. Carbon fiber composite structure
2. Modular arm, leg, and rotor systems capable of independent test
3. Stiffer arm deployment hinge spring
4. Securely attach arms for vibration resistance
5. More effective rotor locking mechanism

Launch Loads Testing

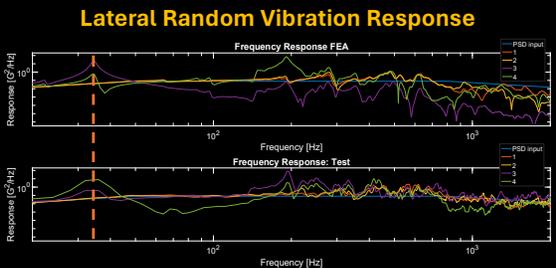
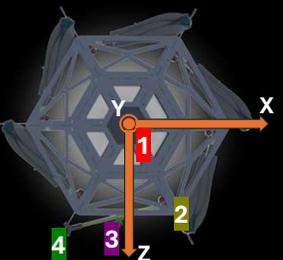
Test Procedure (Z & Y axes)

1. Pre Sine Survey
 - Learn Baseline Response
 - Compare to FEA
2. Random Vibration
 - PSD input
3. Mid Sine Survey
 - Compare to previous survey
4. Sine Burst
 - Static Loading
 - 8.5G Axial, 3G Lateral
5. Post Sine Survey
 - Compare to previous survey

Structure Requirements

1. 8.5G Static Axial (Y) Load ✓
2. 3G Static Lateral (Z) Load ✓
3. Random Vibrations (PSD Input) ✓
4. Primary Axial Frequency > 25 Hz ✗
5. Primary Lateral Frequency > 10 Hz ✓

Accelerometer Locations



Static Axial Stress [psi]

