

Electrical Safety

1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 Electricity is a serious workplace hazard, capable of causing both employee injury and property damage. It is the policy of Facilities Management to protect all employees, students, and other personnel from potential electrical hazards. This will be accomplished through compliance with the work practices described herein along with the effective application of engineering controls, administrative controls and the use of personal protective equipment (PPE). Facilities Management seeks to put forth an organized effort to reduce the potential for injury.
- 1.2 The Electrical Safety Program is founded on the principle of avoiding energized work unless it is absolutely necessary. Live parts will be de-energized before an employee works on or near them unless one of the following conditions apply:
 - 1.2.1 **De-energizing introduces additional or increased hazards.** Examples of “additional or increased” hazards would include interruption of life support equipment, deactivation of emergency alarm systems or shutdown of hazardous location ventilation systems.
 - 1.2.2 **De-energizing is not possible due to equipment design or operational limitations.** Examples of this situation would increase testing of electrical circuits that can only be performed with the circuit energized and work on circuits that form an integral part of a continuous process that would otherwise need to be completely shut down in order to permit work on one circuit or piece of equipment.
 - 1.2.3 **Live parts are operating at less than 50 volts to ground and there is no increased exposure to electrical burns or to explosion due to electrical arcs.**
- 1.3 Live parts are to be de-energized in accordance with Lockout/Tagout Program. If live parts are not placed in an electrically safe condition, the work practices described in this program must be used to protect employees.

2.0 Responsibilities

2.1 Facilities Management Safety Officer:

- 2.1.1 Provide recommendations for additional control methods to be used in areas where deemed necessary to protect employees from electrical hazards.
- 2.1.2 Evaluate overall effectiveness of the electrical safety program.

2.2 Supervisors:

- 2.2.1 Determine the applicability of this program to applied activities within their respective areas.
- 2.2.2 Ensure employees comply with all provisions of this program.
- 2.2.3 Ensure employees receive training appropriate to their assigned electrical tasks and maintain documentation of such training.
- 2.2.4 Ensure employees are provided with and use appropriate PPE.

2.3 Employees:

- 2.3.1 Follow the work practices described in this program, including the use of appropriate protective equipment and tools.

- 2.3.2 Do not perform tasks unless the proper training has been provided.
- 2.3.3 Attend all training required relative to this program.
- 2.3.4 Report any concerns related to electrical safety to supervision.

3.0 Definitions

- 3.1 *Arc Flash* - a phenomenon where a flashover of electric current leaves its intended path and travels through the air from one conductor to another, or to the ground.
- 3.2 *Arc Rating* - the maximum incident energy resistance demonstrated by a material (or a layered system of materials) prior to “breaking open” or at the onset of a second-degree skin burn. This rating is assigned to electrical protective clothing and is normally expressed in calories per square centimeter (cal/cm²).
- 3.3 *De-energized* - free from any electrical connection to a source of potential difference and from electric charge.
- 3.4 *Electrically safe working condition* - a state in which the conductor or circuit part to be worked on or near has been disconnected from energized parts, locked/tagged in accordance with Lockout/Tagout program, tested to ensure the absence of voltage, and grounded if determined necessary.
- 3.5 *Energized* - electrically connected to or having a source of voltage.
- 3.6 *Exposed (as to live parts)* - capable of being inadvertently touched or approached from closer than a safe distance by a person.
- 3.7 *Flash Hazard* - a dangerous condition associated with the release of energy caused by an electric arc.
- 3.8 *Flash Hazard Analysis* - a study investigating a worker’s potential exposure to arc flash energy, conducted for the purpose of injury prevention, the determination of safe work practices, and the appropriate levels of personal protective equipment (PPE).
- 3.9 *Flash Protection Boundary* - an approach limit at a distance from exposed live parts within which a person could receive a second degree burn if an electrical arc were to occur.
- 3.10 *Flame-Resistant (FR)* - the property of a material whereby combustion is prevented, terminated, or inhibited following the application of a flaming or non-flaming source of ignition, with or without subsequent removal of the ignition source.
- 3.11 *Flash Suit* - a complete flame-resistant clothing and equipment system that covers the entire body, except for the hands and feet.
- 3.12 *Incident Energy* - the amount of energy impressed on a surface, a certain distance from the source, generated during an electrical arc event.
- 3.13 *Limited Approach Boundary* - an approach limit at a distance from an exposed live part within which a shock hazard exists.
- 3.14 *Prohibited Approach Boundary* - an approach limit at a distance from an exposed live part within which work is considered the same as making direct contact with the live part.
- 3.15 *Qualified person* - one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of the electrical equipment and installation and has received training on the hazards involved.

- 3.16** *Restricted Approach Boundary* – an approach limit at a distance from an exposed live part within which there is an increased risk of shock, due to electrical arc over combined with inadvertent movement, for personnel working in close proximity to the live part.

4.0 Training

- 4.1** Employees who are exposed to an electrical hazard that is not reduced to a safe level by the installation (panel cover, outlet cover, etc.) must be trained.
- 4.2** Training must be provided before the employee is assigned duties that involve work near or on electrical systems.
- 4.3** The level of electrical safety training provided is dependent on whether the employee is classified as a “qualified” or “unqualified” person.
- 4.4** A “qualified person” shall be trained and knowledgeable in all of the following topics:
- 4.4.1 Construction and operation of equipment on which work is assigned.
 - 4.4.2 Skills and techniques necessary to distinguish exposed energized parts from other parts of electrical equipment.
 - 4.4.3 Skills and techniques necessary to determine the nominal voltage of exposed live parts or the absence of voltage.
 - 4.4.3.1 An individual can obtain knowledge in the three topics listed above through a combination of methods including the individual’s education, past work experience, apprenticeships, and on-the-job training.
 - 4.4.4 The approach distances specified in this program and the corresponding voltages to which the qualified employee will be exposed.
 - 4.4.5 The process necessary to determine the degree and extent of electrical hazards along with the PPE and job planning necessary to perform the task safely.
- 4.5** A person can be considered qualified with respect to certain equipment and methods but unqualified for others.
- 4.6** An “unqualified person” shall be trained in the inherent hazards of electricity and any related work practices that are necessary for their safety. This training is considered an awareness level of training.
- 4.7** Supervisors shall maintain a record of all electrical training provided to their employees along with a listing of all employees classified as qualified persons.

5.0 Working On or Near Live Parts

5.1 Job Briefing

- 5.1.1 A job briefing is required before the start of each job involving energized electrical work. Each qualified person shall be briefed on the job.
- 5.1.2 At a minimum the briefing must include the following: associated electrical hazards, work procedures, special precautions, isolation points and procedures, emergency response, PPE requirements and other work in the immediate area.

5.2 Approach Boundaries to Live Parts

- 5.2.1 Safe approach distances will be determined for all tasks in which approaching personnel are exposed to live parts.
- 5.2.2 Safe approach distances to fixed live parts can be determined by referring to Appendix A, “Approach Boundaries to Live Parts for Shock Protection.” This appendix can be used to identify the Limited, Restricted, and Prohibited Approach Boundaries associated with various system voltages.
- 5.2.3 Unqualified persons may only cross the Limited Approach Boundary when they are under the direct supervision of a qualified person.
- 5.2.4 Qualified persons may not cross or take any conductive objects closer than the Restricted Approach Boundary unless one of the following conditions applies:
 - 5.2.4.1 The qualified person is insulated or guarded from the live parts and no uninsulated part of the qualified person’s body crosses the Prohibited Approach Boundary.
 - 5.2.4.2 The live parts are insulated from the qualified person and from any other conductive object at a different potential.
- 5.2.5 Crossing the Prohibited Approach Boundary is considered the same as making contact with energized parts. Qualified persons may only cross this boundary when all of the following precautions have been taken:
 - 5.2.5.1 The qualified person has specific training to work on energized parts.
 - 5.2.5.2 The qualified person uses PPE appropriate for working on energized parts which is rated for the voltage and energy level involved.

5.3 Other Precautions for Personnel Activities

- 5.3.1 Employees shall not reach blindly into areas that might contain exposed live parts or above eye level where a panel may have an open knock out hole.
- 5.3.2 Employees shall not enter spaces containing live parts unless illumination is provided that allows the work to be performed safely.
- 5.3.3 Conductive articles of jewelry and clothing (such as watchbands, bracelets, rings, key chains, necklaces, metalized aprons, cloth with conductive thread, metal headgear, or metal frame glasses) shall not be worn where they present an electrical contact hazard with exposed live parts.
- 5.3.4 Conductive materials, tools, and equipment that are in contact with any part of an employee’s body shall be handled in a manner that prevents accidental contact with live parts. Such materials and equipment include, but are not limited to, long conductive objects such as ducts, pipes, tubes, conductive hose and rope, metal-lined rules and scales, steel tapes, pulling lines, metal scaffold parts, structural members, and chains.
- 5.3.5 When an employee works in a confined or enclosed space (such as a manhole or vault) that contains exposed live parts, the employee shall use protective shields, barriers or insulating materials as necessary to avoid contact with these parts. Doors, hinged panels, and the like shall be secured to prevent them from swinging into employees.

6.0 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

6.1 General Requirements

- 6.1.1 Employees working in areas where electrical hazards are present shall be provided with, and shall use, protective equipment that is designed and constructed for the specific body part to be protected and for the work to be performed.
- 6.1.2 Department supervisors are responsible for providing electrical protective equipment required by this program at no cost to employees, such as flame resistant (FR) apparel, eye protection, head protection, hand protection, insulated footwear and face shields. Department supervisors are not responsible for providing non-FR under layers to employees.
- 6.1.3 All PPE shall be maintained in safe, reliable condition by the employee to whom it is issued.
- 6.1.4 Employee shall wear nonconductive head protection whenever there is a danger of head injury for electric shock or burns due to contact with live parts or from flying objects resulting from electrical explosion.
- 6.1.5 Employees shall wear PPE for the eyes whenever there is a danger of injury from electric arcs, flashes, or from flying objects resulting from electrical explosion.
- 6.1.6 Employees shall wear rubber insulating gloves where there is danger of hand and arm injury due to contact with live parts or possible exposure to arc flash burn. The following PPE ratings can be found on voltage rated gloves:
 - 6.1.6.1 Class 00 = Protect against voltage up to 500 volts
 - 6.1.6.2 Class 0 = Protect against voltage up to 1,000 volts
 - 6.1.6.3 Class 1 = Protect against voltage up to 7,500 volts
 - 6.1.6.4 Class 2 = Protect against voltage up to 17,000 volts
 - 6.1.6.5 Class 3 = Protect against voltage up to 26,500 volts
 - 6.1.6.6 Class 4 = Protect against voltage up to 36,000 volts
- 6.1.7 Where insulated footwear is used as protection against step and touch potential, dielectric overshoes, as illustrated below, shall be required. Insulated footwear shall not be used as the primary protection.
- 6.1.8 Face shields used during any electrical work must be arc rated to ensure adequate protection. Safety glasses or goggles must always be worn underneath face shields.
- 6.1.9 Additional illumination may be needed when using tinted face shields as protection during electrical work.
- 6.1.10 Employees shall wear hearing protection whenever there is a danger of noise overexposure resulting from an electrical explosion.

6.2 Flash Hazard Boundary

- 6.2.1 PPE shall be provided to and used by all employees working within the Flash Hazard Boundary.
- 6.2.2 The Flash Hazard Boundary is determined through a detailed arc flash hazard analysis.
- 6.2.3 This information can be located on the Arc Flash Hazard labels.
 - 6.2.3.1 See Appendix B for an example of an Arc Flash Hazard label.

6.2.4 The specific PPE to be worn within the Flash Protection Boundary can be determined by one of following three methods:

6.2.4.1 Required PPE is listed on the Arc Flash Hazard labels.

6.2.4.2 A detailed description of necessary PPE is located in Appendix C, Protective Clothing and PPE.

6.3 Flame-Resistant Apparel & Under Layers

6.3.1 FR apparel shall be visually inspected before each use. FR apparel that is damaged or contaminated shall not be used. Protective items that become contaminated with grease, oil, flammable liquids or combustible liquids shall not be used.

6.3.2 The garment manufacturer's instructions for care and maintenance of FR apparel shall be followed.

6.3.3 When FR apparel is worn to protect an employee, it shall cover all ignitable clothing and allow for movement and visibility.

6.3.4 FR apparel must cover potentially exposed areas as completely as possible. FR shirt sleeves must be fastened and FR shirts/jackets must be closed at the neck.

6.3.5 Non-melting, flammable garments (i.e. cotton, wool, rayon, silk, or blends of these materials) may be used as under layers beneath FR apparel.

6.3.6 Fibers that can melt such as acetate, nylon, polyester, polypropylene, and spandex shall not be permitted in fabric under layers next to the skin.

6.3.7 When FR apparel is required, garments worn as outer layers over FR apparel (i.e. jackets or raingear) must also be made from FR material.

6.3.8 Flash suits must permit easy and rapid removal by the user.

7.0 Insulated Tools and Equipment

7.1 Only insulated tools and equipment shall be used within the Limited Approach Boundary of exposed energized parts.

7.2 Insulated tools shall be rated for the voltages on which they are used.

7.3 Insulated tools shall be designed and constructed for the environment to which they are exposed and the manner in which they are used.

7.4 Fuse or fuse holder handling equipment, insulated for the circuit voltage, shall be used to remove or install a fuse if the fuse terminals are energized.

7.5 Ropes and hand lines used near exposed energized parts shall be nonconductive.

7.6 Portable ladders used for electrical work shall have nonconductive side rails.

8.0 Portable Power Tools and Extension Cords

8.1 Electrically powered portable hand tools shall be protected by a grounding conductor. The metal parts of portable and/or plug connected equipment shall be protected through three (3) wire cords and plugs.

8.2 GFCI protection is also required when cord sets, power tools, etc., are connected to permanent wiring.

- 8.3 GFCI is required with all extension cords. Cords shall be protected from sharp edges and corners. Cords shall not be spliced or taped.
- 8.4 Extension cords and cables passing through the work area shall be elevated or covered for protection, and arranged to eliminate any tripping hazards. All cords should be checked for proper polarity.
- 8.5 Extension cords must be three (3) wire, 14 gauge or heavier with a ground plug.
- 8.6 Damaged or worn cords must be taken out of service and tagged defective and repaired or removed.
- 8.7 Extension cords may not be used as a permanent source of power.

9.0 Labeling

- 9.1 All switchboards, panel boards, industrial panels, motor control centers, and meter socket enclosures shall be labeled using a label similar to the one found in Appendix B.
- 9.2 Circuit breakers should be labeled as to what each circuit controls.

10.0 Alerting Techniques

- 10.1 Barricades shall be used in conjunction with safety signs to prevent or limit access to work areas containing live parts. Conductive barricades shall not be used where they might cause an electrical hazard. Barricades shall be placed no closer than the Limited Approach Boundary.
- 10.2 If signs and barricades do not provide sufficient protection, an attendant will be assigned to warn and protect pedestrians. The primary duty of the attendant shall be to keep unqualified persons out of the work area where an electrical hazard exists. The attendant shall remain in the area as long as there is a potential exposure to electrical hazards.

11.0 Housekeeping

- 11.1 Good housekeeping must be maintained at all times. Poor housekeeping in mechanical spaces presents many hazards including fire, trip and accidental contact; as well as code violations.
 - 11.1.1 The OSHA Standard (29 CFR 1910.303 (g)) requires sufficient access and working space around all equipment serving 600 volts or less. For equipment serving between 120 and 250 volts, the regulations require a minimum of three feet of clearance. The width of the working space in front shall be 30 inches minimum or width of the equipment.
 - 11.1.2 The National Electric Code (NFPA 70 110.26) requires a minimum of 36 inches of clear working space in the direction of any access to live parts.

12.0 Contractors

- 12.1 CU Contracting Agencies shall inform contractors engaged in electrical work of any known hazards applicable to the work being performed. Contractors are required to follow all applicable OSHA regulations and NFPA 70E standards.
- 12.2 All proper PPE must be used and is to be provided by the contractor.

13.0 Arc Flash Safety

- 13.1 To reduce the potential for arc flash incidences, the following procedures should be followed:

- 13.1.1 De-energize all circuits before performing work on them (follow departmental policies when de-energizing circuits).
- 13.1.2 Ensure that all possible sources of supply are found and open disconnecting devices for each source.
- 13.1.3 Apply Lockout/Tagout devices in accordance with Lockout/Tagout procedure.
- 13.1.4 Test voltage on each conductor to verify that it is de-energized.
- 13.1.5 Apply grounding devices where stored energy or induced voltage could exist or where de-energized conductors could contact live parts.

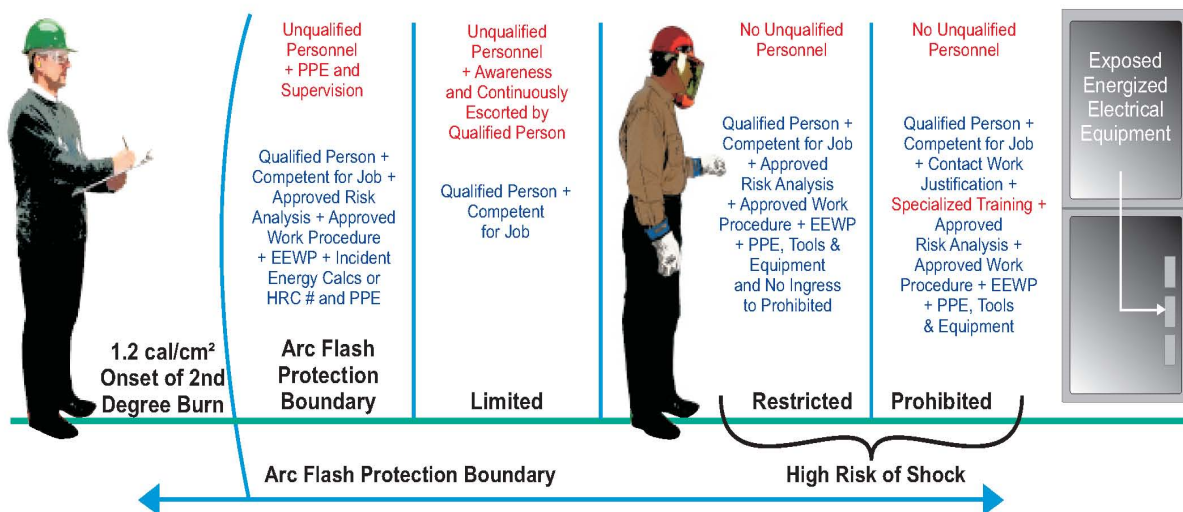
13.2 If work is necessary on energized parts, the following procedures should be followed:

- 13.2.1 Establish boundaries keeping those not involved with the work ten (10) feet away.
- 13.2.2 Use insulated tools along with considering insulated floor mats.
- 13.2.3 Wear safety glasses/goggles and voltage rated gloves.
- 13.2.4 Wear hard-soled leather work shoes or dielectric overshoes.
- 13.2.5 Wear appropriate arc flash protection.
 - 13.2.5.1 Voltages 50-120 = standard cotton shirt and cotton pants.
 - 13.2.5.2 Voltages 120-600 = category 2 arc flash coat over standard uniform, low voltage gloves, hardhat with arc flash shield and earplugs.

Appendix A – Approach Boundaries to Live Parts for Shock Protection

All dimensions are distance from live part to employee.

Boundaries for Arc Flash Protection and Shock - Approach Limits



Example of
Detailed Arc Flash and Shock Warning Label

Note:
Arc Flash + Shock PPE
for 600 V Energized
Work Task as example



! WARNING

**Arc Flash and Shock Hazard
Appropriate PPE Required**

ARC FLASH PROTECTION		SHOCK PROTECTION	
Working Distance:	18 inches	Shock Hazard when cover is removed:	600 VAC
Incident Energy:	6.0 cal/cm ²	Limited Approach:	42 inch
Arc Flash Protection Boundary:	48 inch	Restricted Approach:	12 inch
		Prohibited Approach:	1 inch
		Glove Class:	0

Refer to CSA Z462 and company's Electrical Safety Program for PPE requirements.


Equipment Name: MCC#3 Nov. 19, 2009 Std: IEEE 1584
Arc Flash Analysis By: XYZ Consulting File: "ABC PLANT REV X. xyz"


CSA Z462 Table 1 / NFPA 70E Table 130.2 (C)
Approach Boundaries to Energized Electrical
Conductors or Circuit Parts for Shock Protection

	Limited	Restricted	Prohibited
480V	3 ft. 6 in. 1.07 m	1 ft. 0 in. 305 mm	0 ft. 1 in. 25 mm
600V	3 ft. 6 in. 1.07 m	1 ft. 0 in. 305 mm	0 ft. 1 in. 25 mm
4160V	5 ft. 0 in. 1.52 m	2 ft. 2 in. 660 mm	0 ft. 7 in. 187 mm
13800V	5 ft. 0 in. 1.52 m	2 ft. 2 in. 660 mm	0 ft. 7 in. 187 mm

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Appendix B- Arc Flash Hazard Label

 <h1 style="margin: 0;">WARNING</h1>	
<h2 style="margin: 0;">Arc Flash and Shock Hazard</h2> <h3 style="margin: 0;">Appropriate PPE Required</h3>	
89 inch	Flash Hazard Boundary
16.4	cal/cm² Flash Hazard at 18 inches
Class 3	Cotton Underwear + FR Shirt & Pant + FR Coverall
480 VAC	Shock Hazard when cover is removed
00	Glove Class
42 inch	Limited Approach (Fixed Circuit)
12 inch	Restricted Approach
1 inch	Prohibited Approach
Bus: C-H Prot: MCB C-H	

 <h1 style="margin: 0;">WARNING</h1>																					
<h2 style="margin: 0;">Arc Flash and Shock Hazard</h2> <h3 style="margin: 0;">Appropriate PPE Required</h3>																					
<p>Arc Flash Protection</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flash Protection Boundary: _____ • Hazard Risk Category: _____ • Incident Energy at 18" (cal/cm²): _____ 	<p>Required PPE</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Hard Hat</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> T-shirt</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Safety Glasses</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> FR Shirt</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Safety Goggles</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> FR Pants</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Face Shield</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> FR Coverall</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Flash Hood</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Flash Suite</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Ear Protection</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Leather Shoes</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Long Pants</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Leather Gloves</td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Long Sleeve Shirt</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Cotton Underwear</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Voltage Rated Gloves</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	<input type="checkbox"/> Hard Hat	<input type="checkbox"/> T-shirt	<input type="checkbox"/> Safety Glasses	<input type="checkbox"/> FR Shirt	<input type="checkbox"/> Safety Goggles	<input type="checkbox"/> FR Pants	<input type="checkbox"/> Face Shield	<input type="checkbox"/> FR Coverall	<input type="checkbox"/> Flash Hood	<input type="checkbox"/> Flash Suite	<input type="checkbox"/> Ear Protection	<input type="checkbox"/> Leather Shoes	<input type="checkbox"/> Long Pants	<input type="checkbox"/> Leather Gloves	<input type="checkbox"/> Long Sleeve Shirt		<input type="checkbox"/> Cotton Underwear		<input type="checkbox"/> Voltage Rated Gloves	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hard Hat	<input type="checkbox"/> T-shirt																				
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<input type="checkbox"/> Flash Hood	<input type="checkbox"/> Flash Suite																				
<input type="checkbox"/> Ear Protection	<input type="checkbox"/> Leather Shoes																				
<input type="checkbox"/> Long Pants	<input type="checkbox"/> Leather Gloves																				
<input type="checkbox"/> Long Sleeve Shirt																					
<input type="checkbox"/> Cotton Underwear																					
<input type="checkbox"/> Voltage Rated Gloves																					
<p>Shock Protection</p> <p>Shock Hazard when cover is OPENED or REMOVED: _____</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Limited Approach: _____ • Restricted Approach: _____ • Prohibited Approach: _____ 																					
Equipment ID: _____	Date: _____																				

Appendix C – Protective Clothing and PPE

PPE CATEGORY LEVEL CHART NFPA 2009		
 0	CATEGORY What Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) You Shall Wear: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cotton Undergarments <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Long Sleeved Shirt (Natural Fiber) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Long Pants (Natural Fiber) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Safety Glasses or Goggles <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hearing Protection (Inserts) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Leather Gloves (as needed) or Insulating Gloves w/Protectors	
 1	CATEGORY What Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) You Shall Wear: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cotton Undergarments <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated Long Sleeved Shirt (or FR Coveralls) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated Long Pants (or FR Coveralls) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hard Hat with Arc Rated Face Shield <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hearing Protection (Inserts) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Safety Glasses or Goggles <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Leather Gloves or Insulating Gloves w/Protectors <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Leather Shoes (as needed)	
 2	CATEGORY What Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) You Shall Wear: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cotton Undergarments <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Short Sleeved "T" Shirt (Natural Fiber) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated Long Sleeved Shirt and Long Pants or Arc Rated Coveralls Instead <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hard Hat with Arc Rated Face Shield w/Sock Balaclava <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Safety Glasses or Goggles <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hearing Protection (Inserts) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Leather Gloves or Insulating Gloves w/Protectors <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Leather Shoes (as needed)	
 3	CATEGORY What Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) You Shall Wear: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cotton Underwear <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Short Sleeved "T" Shirt (Natural Fiber) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated Long Sleeved Shirt and Long Pants <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated Coveralls (Over the above) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated (25 cal) Arc Flash Suite Jacket <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated (25 cal) Arc Flash Suit Pants <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated (25cal) Arc Flash Suite Hood <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hard Hat <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Safety Glasses or Goggles <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hearing Protection <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated Leather Gloves or Insulating Gloves w/Protectors <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Leather Shoes	
 4	CATEGORY What Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) You Shall Wear: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cotton Underwear <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Short Sleeved "T" Shirt (Natural Fiber) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated Long Sleeved Shirt and Long Pants <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated Coveralls (Over the above) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated (40 cal) Arc Flash Suite Jacket <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated (40 cal) Arc Flash Suit Pants <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated (40 cal) Arc Flash Suite Hood <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hard Hat <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Safety Glasses or Goggles <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hearing Protection <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arc Rated Leather Gloves or Insulating Gloves w/Protectors <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Leather Shoes	

Always wear voltage rated rubber glove liners when working above 50 volts in all categories!