

ECONOMICS OF THE PUBLIC SECTOR, ECON 4211-001  
Department of Economics, University of Colorado  
Spring 2009

Classtime: M,W,F: 11:00-11:50 a.m. Room: ECON 119

Professor: Charles de Bartolome Office: ECON 203  
Office hours: M 3:45-4:45 pm; Tu 9:15-10:15am; e-mail: debartol@colorado.edu  
Thurs 1:15 - 2:15 pm.

*Textbook:* Harvey S. Rosen and Ted Gayer: *Public Finance* (8<sup>th</sup> edition). McGraw-Hill Irwin.

*Course description:*

The benchmark model of economics is that markets are “good” at producing and allocating most commodities. However, there are instances when markets do not work well. This is termed market failure, and the course will discuss two classic examples of market failures, viz. public goods and externalities. In such situations, a government program may be justified on the grounds that it can improve outcomes. In addition, markets do not always lead to equitable outcomes. In such situations, a government program may be justified if it redistributes resources from rich to poor families. The course discusses how the design of a program is determined by the legislators’ objectives and by the extent to which voters are informed. In addition to discussing the justification and design of a government program, the course discusses the financing of the program and the design of the tax structure.

*Pre-requisites:*

Intermediate Microeconomics, ECON 3070;  
Introduction to Statistics with Computer Applications, ECON 3818.

*Course Assignments and CULearn:*

All course assignments, problem sets and some lecture notes are posted on the CULearn page located at: <http://culearn.colorado.edu> .

In the past, some students have had difficulty in downloading some of the posted pdf files. ITS advises that this is due to the large file sizes. ITS recommends that you open the Adobe Acrobat Reader. Then click as: Edit > Preferences> Internet and *uncheck* “Allow Fast Web View”.

Please note that six pages of each Adobe Acrobat file can be printed on a single sheet by clicking as: Print>Properties>Multipage>6

*Problem Sets:*

The problem sets are an integral part of the course. They are designed to help you

use the material and a significant part of the exams will closely follow their format.

In addition, there are many questions at the end of each chapter in the textbook. I encourage you to do these questions and I hope to post the answers for your use.

*Attendance at class:*

Woody Allen once remarked: "90% of life is just turning up". The best way to learn the material is to attend class. Reading the lecture notes posted on the web is not a good substitute for attendance. Attendance at class is expected and required.

*Grading:*

There will be a paper, a midterm exam and a final exam. The student's grade (before any adjustment for non-attendance) will be determined as: 45% Midterm, 45% Final and 10% Paper.

Non-attendance at class will be reflected in your grade. Your final score - calculated as explained above under "Grading" - is out of 100 points. For each absence from class after your third absence, your score will be reduced by .5 point. For example, your score from the exams and paper is 76 (out of 100) and in total you missed 6 classes. Your final score which I will use to calculate your grade is  $76 - 3(.5) = 74.5$ .

*Paper timeliness:*

It is important that the paper is handed in on the date due (to be announced). If the paper is not handed in by the date due, your course score will be lowered 5% . If the paper is not handed in by the day of the exam, *you will be graded Fail*. If you subsequently hand in the paper within 6 months of the final, your grade will be changed to the grade earned in the midterm, the final and the paper. If you do not subsequently hand in the paper within 6 months of the final, your grade will remain permanently as Fail.

*Contributing to the group in the creation of the paper:*

There have been instances in the past when a member of a group does not fully participate in the creation of the paper. If this happens, the members of the group who are participating should email me noting that the member of the group is not fully participating in the creation of the paper. I will then forward this email to the member asking for his/her comment. If he/she agrees that he/she is not fully participating, I will increase the scores of the participating members to reflect the fact that they are doing more work and reduce the score of the other member to reflect the level of his/her participation. If he/she disagrees and claims to be participating, I will summon all group members to my office to discuss.

*Administrative Drop:*

Because attendance is important and is expected, I will drop from the class any student who neither attends one the first three classes of the term nor gets special permission from me for his/her absence.

*Exams:*

Because this is an advanced course, there is only one midterm. The midterm and final will be given as:

MIDTERM: Monday 2 March 7:00 p.m. - 9:00 pm.  
in HLMS 252

FINAL: Tuesday 5 May 7:30 p.m. - 10:00 p.m.  
in ECON 119

You must bring a blue-book to each exam.

*Failure to be present at an exam:*

If you fail to be present at an exam (unless you are ill and have a medical note from your doctor or unless, before the exam, I have granted you permission to take a make-up exam), you will score 0 in the exam.

*Classroom courtesy:*

Please turn your cell 'phone off prior to the start of class.

I believe that learning is enhanced if there is full concentration by both the instructor and the student. Therefore, usage of laptop computers in class is restricted to following the course notes. To facilitate this, laptops may only be used in the front two rows of the classroom.

*Students with Special Needs:*

If you qualify for accommodations because of a disability, please submit to me a letter from Disability Services in a timely manner so that your needs may be addressed. Disability Services determines accommodations based on documented disabilities. Contact: 303-492-8671, Willard 322 and [www.Colorado.EDU/disabilityservices](http://www.Colorado.EDU/disabilityservices) .

*Harassment Policy:*

The University of Colorado at Boulder policy on Discrimination and Harassment, the University of Colorado policy on Sexual Harassment and the University of Colorado policy on Amorous Relationships applies to all students, staff and faculty. Any student, staff or faculty member who believes s/he has been the subject of discrimination or harassment based on race, color, national origin, sex, age,

disability, religion, sexual orientation, or veteran status should contact the Office of Discrimination and Harassment (ODH) at (303) 492-2127 or the Office of Judicial Affairs at (303) 492-5550. Information about the ODH, the above referenced policies and the campus resources available to assist individuals regarding discrimination or harassment can be obtained at: <http://www.colorado.edu/odh>

*Religious Observances:*

Campus policy regarding religious observances requires that faculty make every effort to reasonably and fairly deal with all students who, because of religious obligations, have conflicts with scheduled exams, assignments or required attendance. In this class, please let me know in a timely manner if one of the exam dates falls on a religious holiday you intend to observe and I will arrange for you to take a make-up. See policy details at: [http://www.colorado.edu/policies/fac\\_relig.html](http://www.colorado.edu/policies/fac_relig.html)

*Classroom Behavior:*

Students and faculty each have responsibility for maintaining an appropriate learning environment. Students who fail to adhere to behavioral standards may be subject to discipline. Faculty have the professional responsibility to treat students with understanding, dignity and respect, to guide classroom discussion and to set reasonable limits on the manner in which students express opinions. Professional courtesy and sensitivity are especially important with respect to individuals and topics dealing with differences in race, culture, religion, politics, sexual orientation, gender variance, and nationalities. Class rosters are provided to the instructor with the student's legal name. I will gladly honor your request to address you by an alternate name or gender pronoun. Please advise me of this preference early in the semester so that I may make appropriate changes to my records. See policies at <http://www.colorado.edu/policies/classbehavior.html> and at [http://www.colorado.edu/studentaffairs/judicialaffairs/code.html#student\\_code](http://www.colorado.edu/studentaffairs/judicialaffairs/code.html#student_code)

*Academic Integrity:*

All students of the University of Colorado at Boulder are responsible for knowing and adhering to the academic integrity policy of this institution. Violations of this policy may include: cheating, plagiarism, aid of academic dishonesty, fabrication, lying, bribery, and threatening behavior. All incidents of academic misconduct shall be reported to the Honor Code Council ( [honor@colorado.edu](mailto:honor@colorado.edu) ; 303-725-2273). Students who are found to be in violation of the academic integrity policy will be subject to both academic sanctions from the faculty member and non-academic sanctions (including but not limited to university probation, suspension, or expulsion). Other information on the Honor Code can be found at: <http://www.colorado.edu/policies/honor.html> and at <http://www.colorado.edu/academics/honorcode/>

## PROVISIONAL COURSE OUTLINE

<u>Date</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Chapter</u>
1. INTRODUCTION		
12 Jan	INTRODUCTION The Four Questions of Public Finance Separation of expenditure and taxes Government size. Normative v. positive	1
14 Jan	FISCAL FEDERALISM Assignment of responsibilities  <i>Problem Set: Fiscal Federalism</i>	22
16 Jan	POSITIVE ECONOMICS The need for a model	2
21 Jan	NORMATIVE ECONOMICS: THE OBJECTIVE Pareto-efficiency Welfare functions Need for a model	3
2. BASE CASE: COMPETITIVE MARKETS		
23, 26, 28 Jan	PRIVATE GOODS Competitive outcome. First fundamental welfare theorem. Second fundamental welfare theorem.  <i>Problem Set: First Fundamental Welfare Theorem</i> <i>Problem Set: Public Provision of Private Goods</i> <i>Problem Set: Second Fundamental Welfare Theorem</i>	3 (cont)
3. MARKET FAILURE: PUBLIC GOODS		
30 Jan 2, 4,6,9,11 Feb	PUBLIC GOODS Non-rivalness and non-excludability. Efficient provision. Free-rider problem. Public vs. private provision.	4

*Problem Set:* Why the lights don't get turned off after class.  
*Problem Set:* Non-excludable public good.  
*Problem Set:* Excludable public good.

#### 4. GOVERNMENT FAILURE: PUBLIC DECISION-MAKING

13,16,18,20,23,25 Feb PUBLIC DECISION-MAKING

Normative: Benefit-cost analysis 8

Positive: 6

Informed voters:

- majority voting - median voter theorem.
- cycling.
- Arrow impossibility theorem.

*Problem Set:* Pareto-criterion and Benefit-Cost Analysis.

*Problem Set:* Voting

*Problem Set:* Cycling.

27 Feb

Review

2 Mar

MIDTERM (7:00 - 9:00 p.m. in HLMS 252)

4 Mar

PUBLIC DECISION-MAKING (cont)

6 (cont)

Uninformed voters:

- the iron triangle.

#### 5. MARKET FAILURE: EXTERNALITIES

6,9,11,13,16,18 Mar EXTERNALITIES

5

Efficient behavior.

Coase theorem.

Pigou taxes and subsidies.

Regulation.

*Problem Set:* the Coase theorem.

*Problem Set:* Pigou tax.

*Problem Set:* Permit sales.

*Problem Set:* Regulation

20, 30 Mar	INCOME REDISTRIBUTION	12, 13
1,3,6 Ap	Process or end-state criterion.	
	Equity and social welfare functions.	
	Utilitarianism.	
	Max-min and the original position.	
	The shrinking pie.	
	The equity v. efficiency trade-off.	
	Public provision of private goods.	

5. TAX ANALYSIS		
8,10,13 Apr	PUBLIC FINANCE: TAX OR DEFICIT FINANCING Ricardo equivalence. Keynes view. Overlapping-generation model. Traditional argument. Crowding-out of capital. Social Security	20        11

15,17,20,22 Apr	TAXATION: PRODUCT AND INCOME TAXES	15
	Do sales taxes reduce consumption	
	Do labor taxes reduce effort?	
	Do capital taxes reduce savings?	
	Excess Burdens	

24,27,29 Apr TAXATION: NORMATIVE RULES FOR SETTING TAX RATES  
Tax rules 16

1 May Review

5 May

FINAL EXAM (7:30 p.m. - 10.00 p.m. in ECON 119)