

# Designing Global Learning: Environmental Engineering Students Create Standards-Aligned K–12 Activities for *TeachEngineering*

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## Abstract


Jr/Sr Environmental Engineering students at CU-Boulder developed a series of K–12 educational activities that bring real-world environmental challenges into the classroom. Each lesson includes hands-on, inquiry-based experiments, detailed lesson plans, and alignment with national science and engineering standards (NGSS and Common Core) to ensure classroom relevance. The activities, covering topics such as water quality, waste management, air pollution, and sustainable design, were created for a global audience and are hosted on the ‘*TeachEngineering*’ [1] digital library. This project highlights how engineering education can extend beyond the university to inspire the next generation of problem solvers, foster STEM literacy, and promote sustainability through experiential learning.

## Methods


This NSF-funded effort took place part of a term project in the EVEN 4404 course, where students were tasked with designing an open-ended, hands-on project. Specifically, they were asked to create an activity that educates a K-12 student about water chemistry principles.

- Activities were aligned with either of these K-12 educational STEM standards: Common Core State Standard, Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS), or International Technology and Engineering Educators Association (ITEEA) Standards for Technological Literacy (STL).
- Engineering students sought written input on their designed activity from their Design Mentors, who are Idea Forge’s makerspace engineers.
- Engineering students sought written input on their design activity from their STEM Education Mentor, a K-12 STEM teacher recruited from the Boulder Valley School District, to help design developmentally appropriate content for the target grade or range of grades
- The designed curriculum is mapped to the 'TeachEngineering' digital library, a free, standards-aligned resource for K-12 engineering education. It engages students with over 1,800 lessons and hands-on activities contributed by 57 sources, including 40 NSF-funded GK-12 and RET grants, and serves over 3.5 million users annually.
- University of Colorado - Boulder IRB protocol #23-0388.

## Published K-12 Curriculum



Dyed oil added to water  
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TEACH ENGINEERING

Browse Curriculum K-12 Engineering Popular Topics Standards Get Involved Professional Development

HANDS-ON ACTIVITY

### A Slippery Situation: Oil Spill Cleanup and Polarity

**Quick Look**

Partial design process

GRADE LEVEL: 7 (6 – 8)

TIME REQUIRED: 1 hours 45 minutes (two 50-minute class periods: one period to introduce concepts and get familiar with setup, and one period to design a solution and test it.)

GROUP SIZE: 3

SUBJECT AREAS: Chemistry Earth and Space Measurement Physical Science Problem Solving

NGSS PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS: MS-ETS1-1 MS-ETS1-2 MS-PS1-1

**Learning Objectives**

After this activity, students should be able to:

- Understand the concept of polarity and polar molecules.
- Explain whether polar and nonpolar molecules mix.
- Discuss the effects of oil spills on the environment.
- Brainstorm solutions to simple environmental issues.


**Worksheets and Attachments**

Oil Spill Cleanup Worksheet (docx)  
Oil Spill Cleanup Worksheet (pdf)  
Oil Spill Cleanup Worksheet Answer Key (docx)  
Oil Spill Cleanup Worksheet Answer Key (pdf)  
Oil Spill Cleanup Presentation (pptx)  
Oil Spill Cleanup Presentation (pdf)  
Making Sense Assessment (docx)  
Making Sense Assessment (pdf)

**Vocabulary/Definitions**

*absorption*: Technique to remove oil by using absorbents (i.e., filter).  
*covalent bonds*: Bonds formed by sharing electrons.  
*hydrophobic*: Repellent toward water; does not mix with water.  
*non-polar*: A molecule where electrons are equally shared between atoms, creating zero dipole moment.  
*polar molecules*: A molecule where distribution of electrons between atoms is uneven, creating a dipole moment (i.e., one end of the molecule is slightly positive while the other end is slightly negative).  
*polarity*: The degree to which a molecule has properties of molecular attraction.  
*skimming*: Technique used to physically separate oil from water (via adsorption) and place it in collection tanks (i.e., floating booms).

**Procedure**



Students brainstorming oil spill mitigation

**Summary**

Engineering Connection

**Learning Objectives**

Materials List

Worksheets and Attachments

More Curriculum Like This

Pre-Req Knowledge

Introduction/Motivation

Procedure

Vocabulary/Definitions

Assessment

Investigating Questions

Troubleshooting Tips

Activity Extensions

Activity Scaling

Additional Multimedia Support

User Comments & Tips

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## K-12 Curriculum Scheduled for Publication

- More than 30 K-12 activities focused on environmental engineering have yet to be published, including:


**Charcoal, Charcoal Make the Water Sparkle**

**Activity Goals**


Understand the importance of filtration and how charcoal plays a role

Test a hypothesis on whether or not the charcoal will play a key role

Connect ideas of filtration and charcoal filters to worldwide situations



Dirty snow put through an activated charcoal filter




Engineering students presenting their final K-12 designed curriculum to K-12 STEM mentor and design mentors.

**The Power of pH and Plants**

**Methods**

Following the completion of first day tasks:


- Make initial observations. Do the samples look different? What challenges can this create when trying to determine water quality?
- Hypothesize which in which pH's the plants will thrive.



**Connections**

The links to the outside world...

- Ocean Acidification**
  - Increased CO<sub>2</sub> in the atmosphere leads to the pH of the ocean decreasing
  - Makes it harder for animals to build their shells
  - Bleaches coral reefs
- Pollution**
  - Trash in water systems can leach chemicals into the water
  - Manufacturing processes sometimes dump chemicals
  - Many of these chemicals are toxic and can also cause other effects such as changing the pH

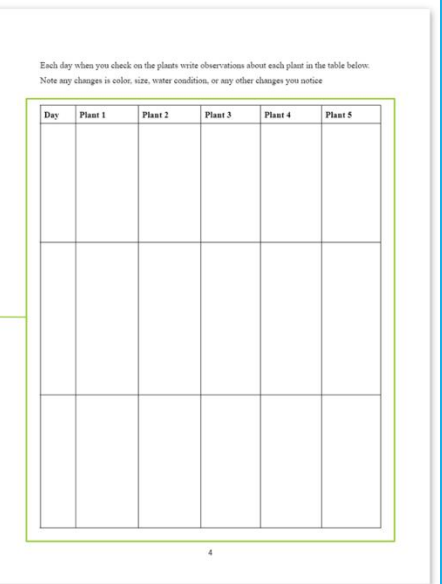


**Observations**

When performing your experiment here are a few things to look out for:

- Growth**: Is the plant getting bigger or sprouting any new leaves
- Color**: Has the plant yellowed or changed color
- Damage**: Have any leaves begun to wither or detach

Where observations should be recorded!



## Future Work

- Classroom testing of the K-12 designed activities.
- Publishing the classroom tested activities on ‘*TeachEngineering.org*.’

## Acknowledgments

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Reference:  
[1] TeachEngineering, “*STEM curriculum for K-12—TeachEngineering*,” Available: <https://www.teachengineering.org/> [Accessed January 15, 2022].