

The Vortex Phase Diagram in Superconductors

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NSF Summer School on Superconductivity

July 2000

References

Vortex Phase Diagram

Vortices in high temperature superconductors

Blatter, Feigel'man, Geshkenbein, Larkin, and Vinokur, *Rev. Mod. Phys.* **66**, 1125-1388 (1994)

Resistance in High-Temperature Superconductors

Bishop, Gammel, Huse, *Scientific American* **248** (2) 48 (1993)

Thermodynamic observation of first order vortex-lattice melting transition in BSCCO,

Zeldov, Majer, Konczykowski, Geshkenbein, Vinokur, *Nature (London)* **375**, 373-376 (1995)

Vortex melting and the liquid state in YBCO

Crabtree, Kwok, Welp, Lopez, and Fendrich

in *Physics and Materials Science of Vortex States, Flux Pinning, and Dynamics*, R. Kossowsky, S. Bose, V. Pan, and Z. Durusoy, eds. (Kluwer, Dordrecht, 1999) p. 357.

Proceedings of the NATO Advanced Study Institute , Kusadasi, Turkey, July 26-August 8, 1998

Critical Points in Heavy Ion Irradiated Untwinned YBCO Crystals

W. K. Kwok, R. J. Olsson, G. Karapetrov, L. M. Paulius, W. G. Moulton, D. J. Hofman, and G. W. Crabtree
Phys. Rev. Lett. **84**, 3706 (2000)

Evolution of the vortex phase diagram in YBCO with random point disorder

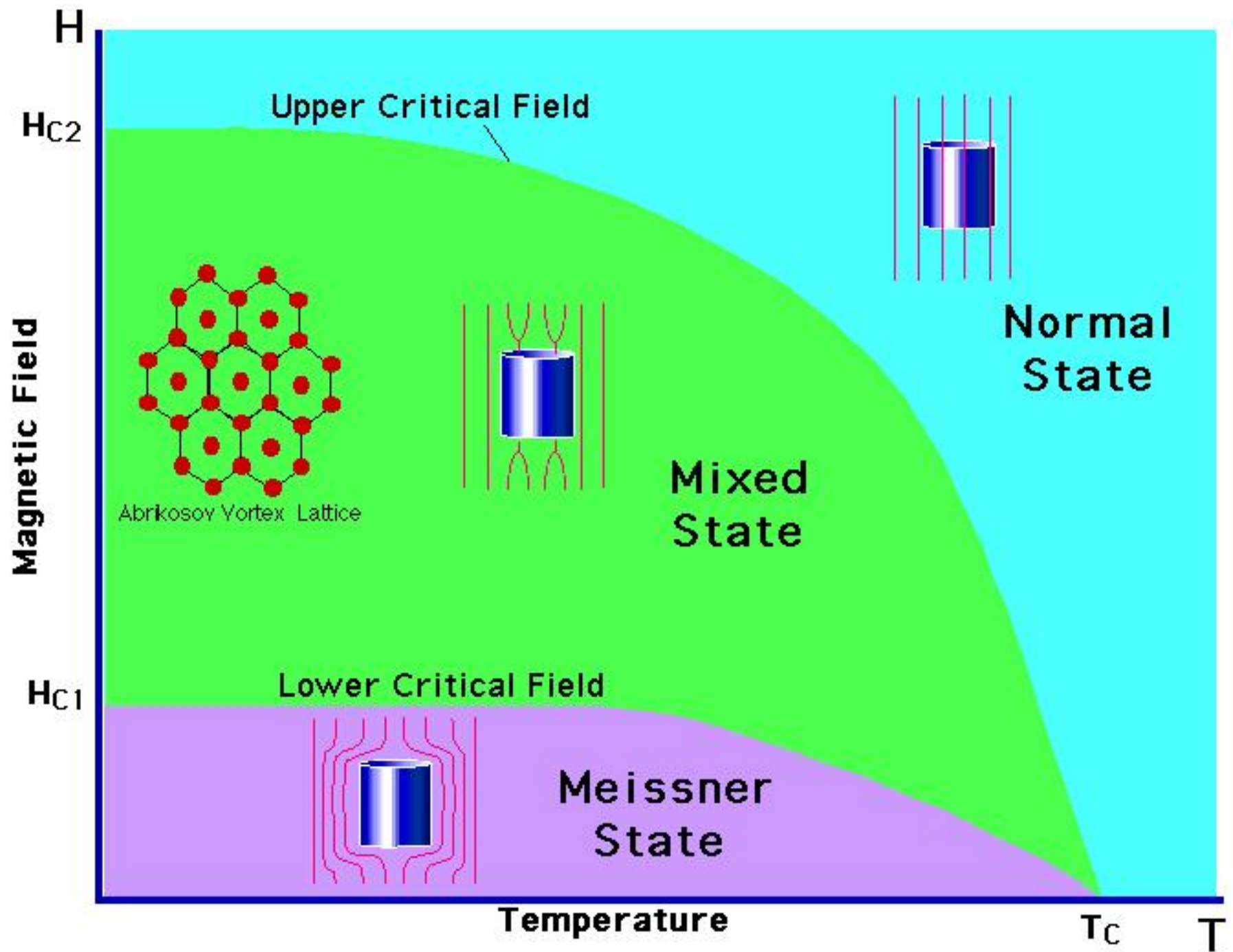
L. M. Paulius, W.-K. Kwok and R. J. Olsson, A. M. Petrean, V. Tobos, J. A. Fendrich and G. W. Crabtree,
C. A. Burns and S. Ferguson
Phys. Rev. B **61**, 11910 (2000)

Experimental Evidence for the Vortex Glass Phase in Untwinned, Proton Irradiated YBCO

A. M. Petrean and L. M. Paulius, W.-K. Kwok, J. A. Fendrich, and G. W. Crabtree
Phys. Rev. Lett. **84**, 5852 (2000)

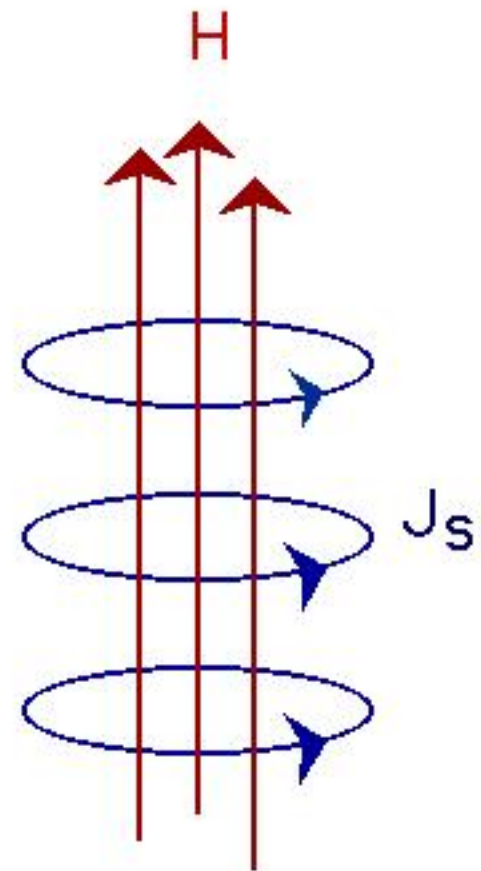
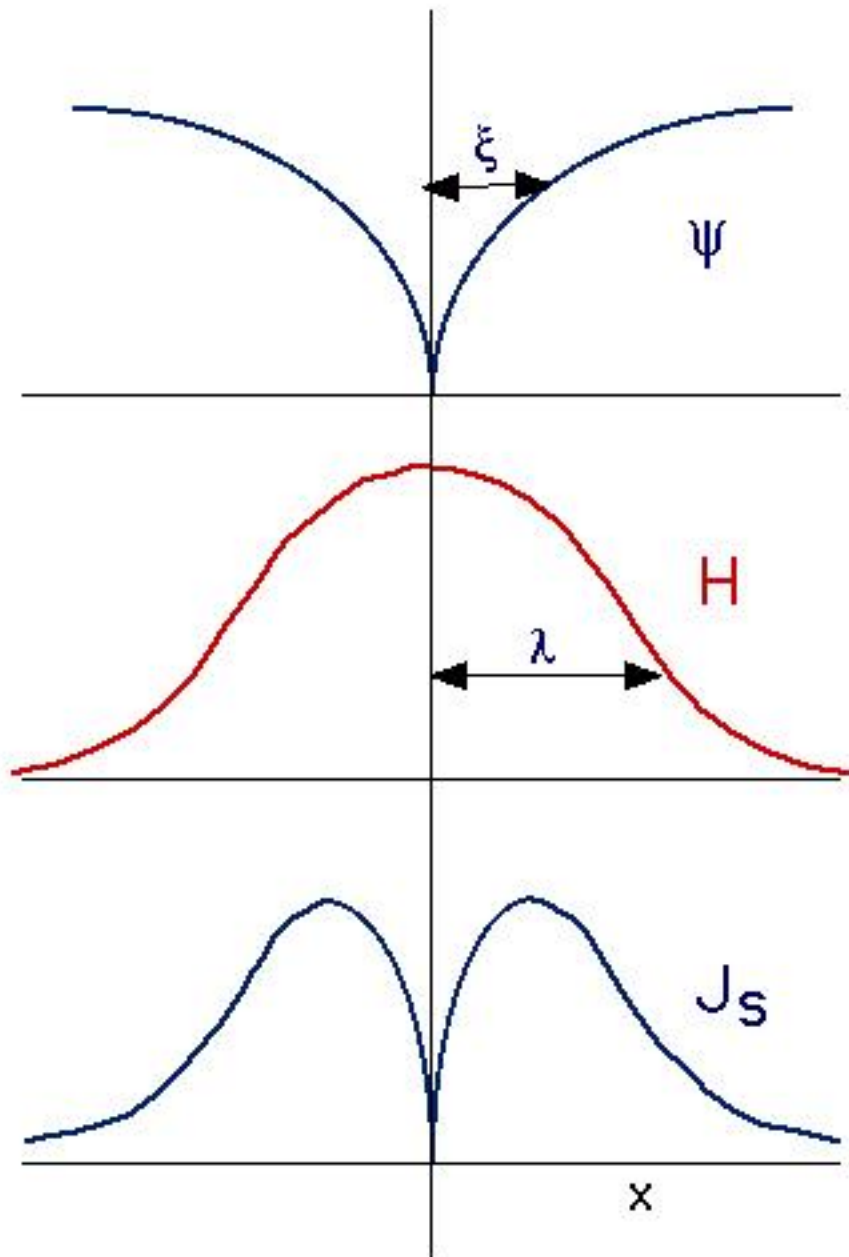
History





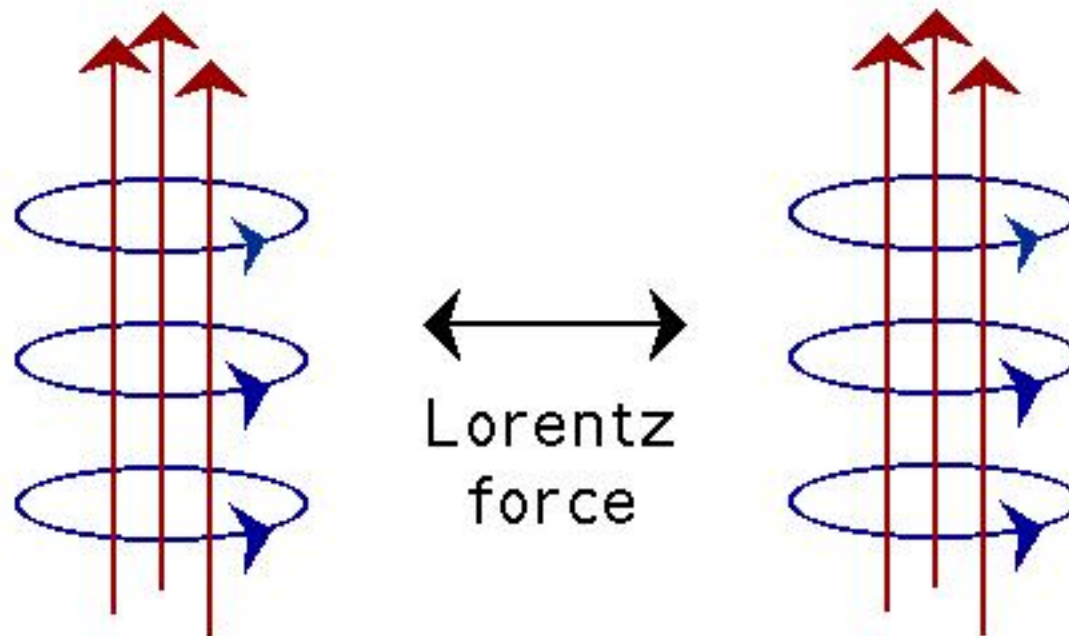
Classical Period before high T_c

What is a Vortex ?



quantum of flux
 $hc/2e$
 $20.7 \text{ 0e-}\mu\text{m}^2$

Vortex Properties



analogy: solenoid

repulsive interaction $\Rightarrow$ Abrikosov lattice

Types of Defects

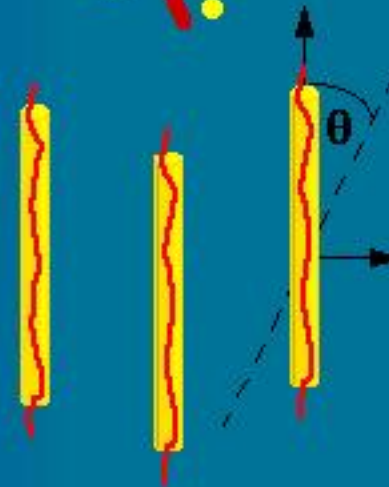
Point Defects

- ◆ Oxygen Vacancies
- ◆ Electron irradiation induced point defects



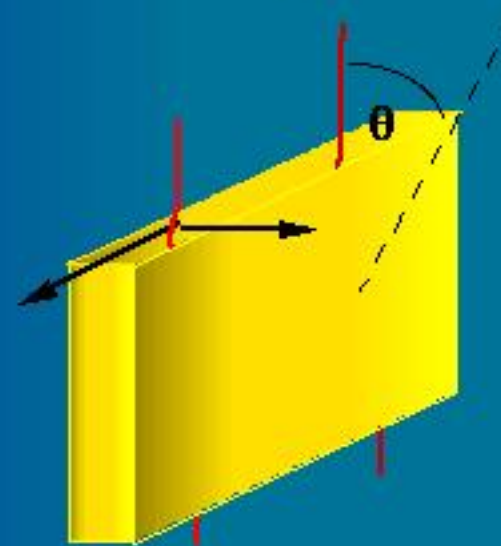
Line Defects

- ◆ Heavy ion irradiation induced columnar tracks

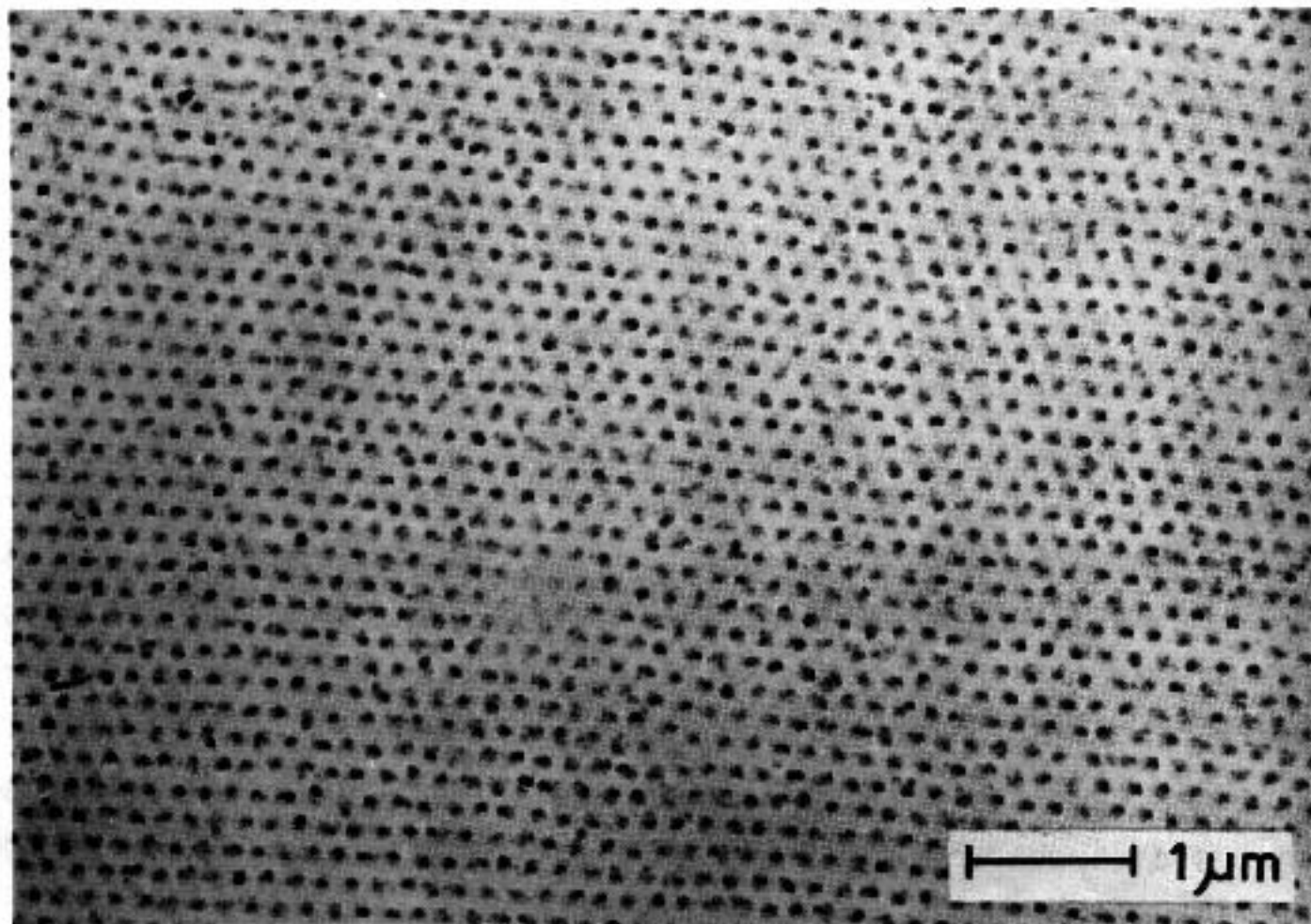


Planar Defects

- ◆ Twin boundaries
- ◆ Layered structure



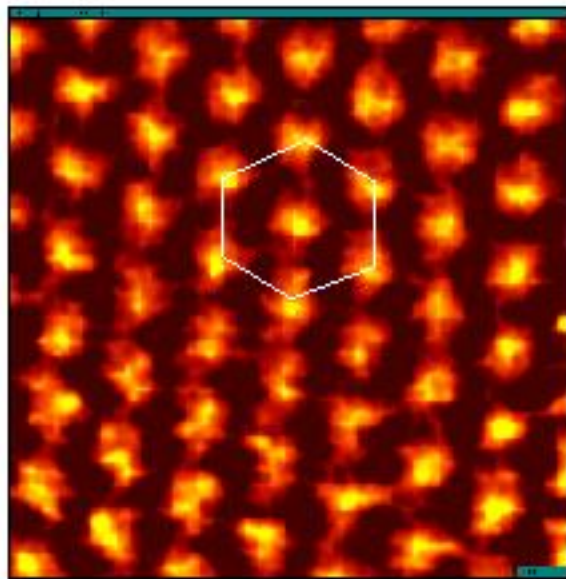
Vortex Decoration



Nb at $T = 1.2 \text{ K}$ $H = 985 \text{ G}$

U. Essmann, H. Träuble, Phys. Lett. **24A**, 526 (1967)

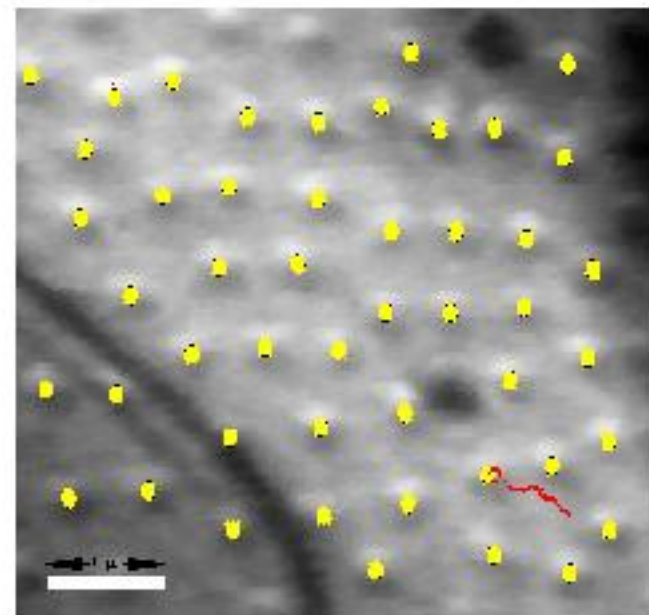
Imaging Vortex Arrays



NbSe₂

scanning tunneling microscopy

Y. de Wilde et al



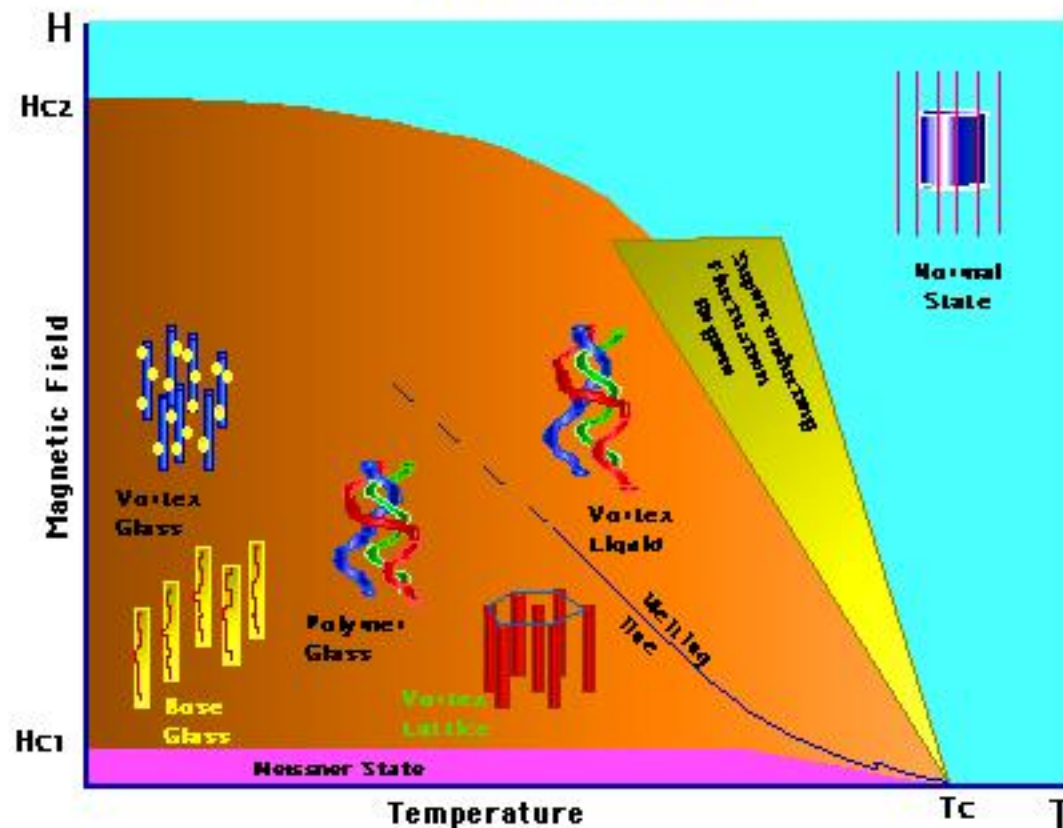
Nb

Lorentz microscopy

A. Tonomura et al

Equilibrium Phases

vortex matter



four competing energies

thermal → liquid

interaction → lattice

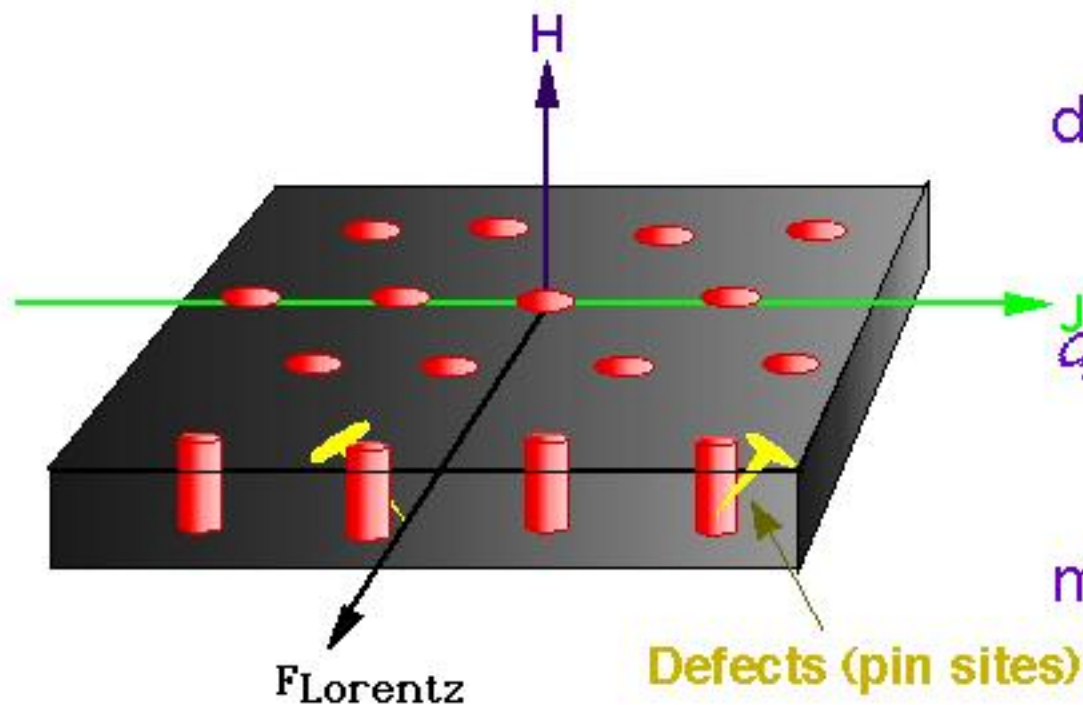
pinning → glass

coupling → 3D line

experiment: control all four energies

theory: simple Lorentz force interaction

Dynamic Phases



distinct steady states
plastic/elastic

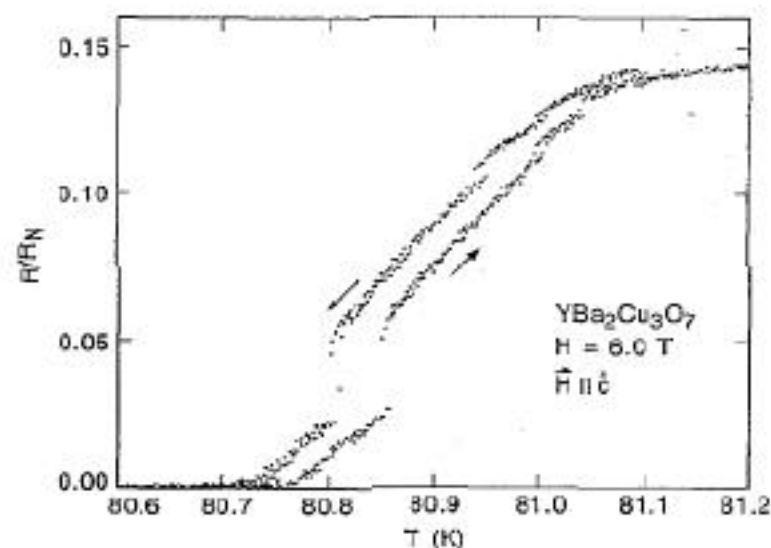
dynamic phase transitions
de-pinning transition

motion $\rightarrow$ dissipation
no energy conservation
no thermodynamics

basic science: non-linear dynamics

applications: control vortex motion

First Evidence for Vortex Melting



VOLUME 69, NUMBER 5

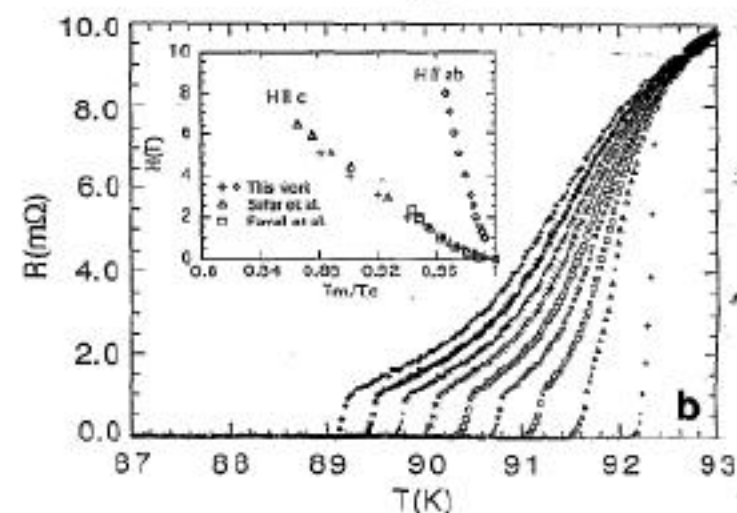
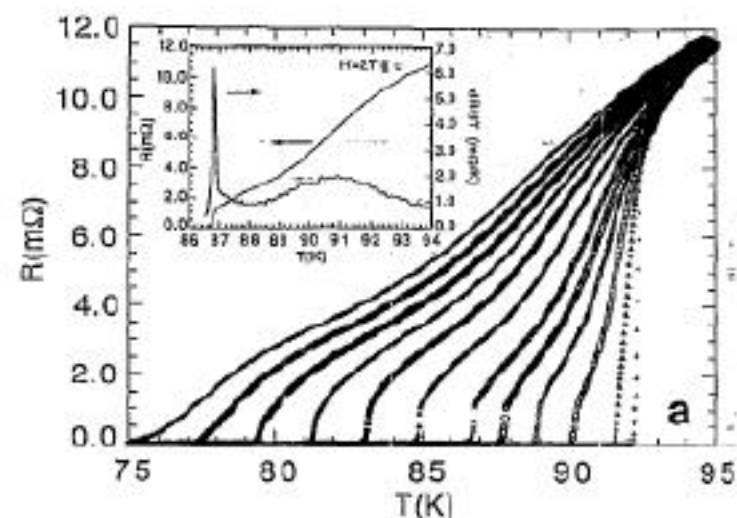
PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

3 AUGUST 1992

Experimental Evidence for a First-Order Vortex-Lattice-Melting Transition in Untwinned, Single Crystal YBa₂Cu₃O₇

H. Safar, P. L. Gammel, D. A. Huse, and D. J. Bishop
AT&T Bell Laboratories, Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974

J. P. Rice and D. M. Ginsberg
Department of Physics, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, Urbana, Illinois 61801
(Received 4 May 1992)



VOLUME 69, NUMBER 23

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

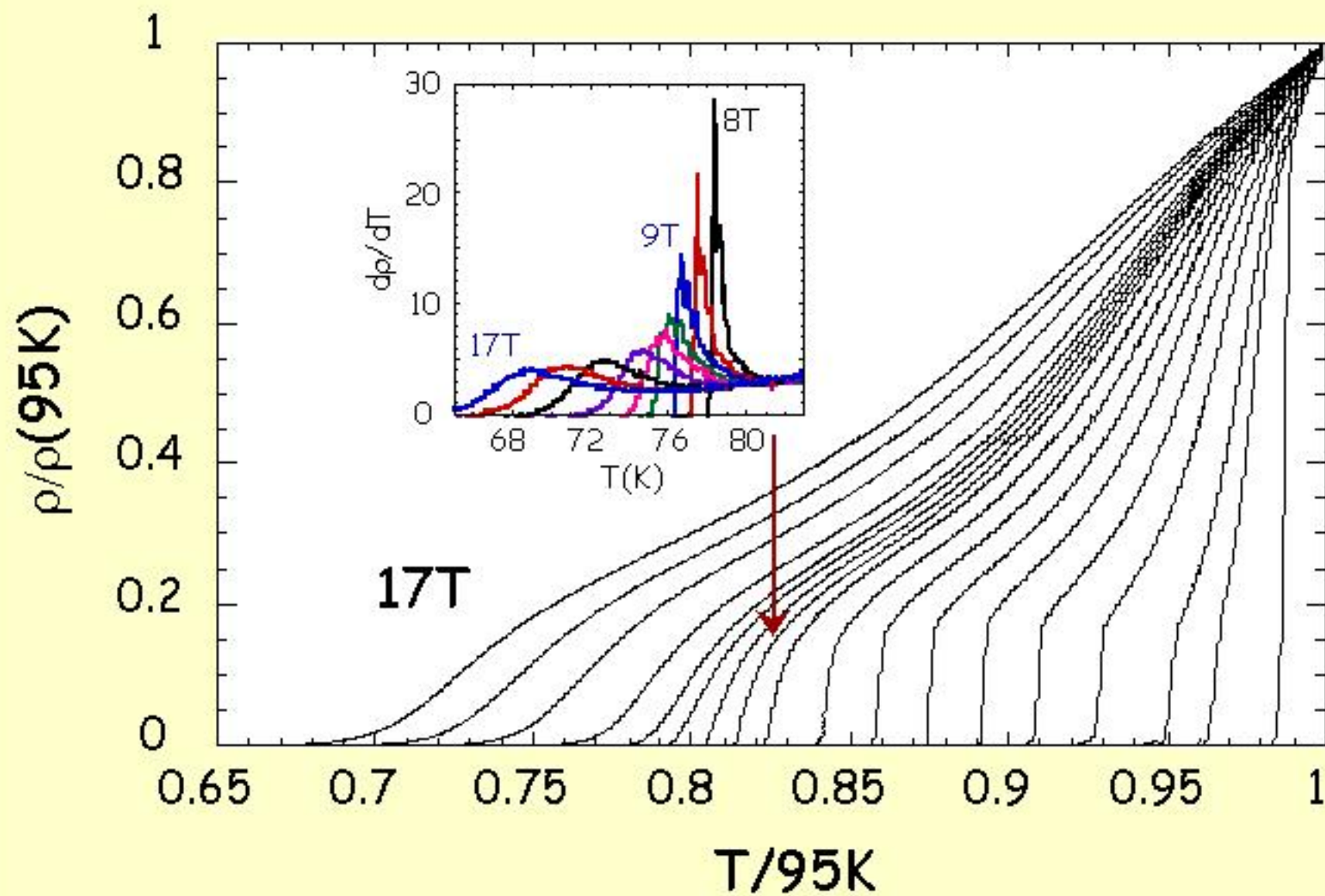
7 DECEMBER 1992

Vortex Lattice Melting in Untwinned and Twinned Single Crystals of YBa₂Cu₃O_{7-x}

W. K. Kwok, S. Fleshler, U. Welp, V. M. Vinokur, J. Downey, and G. W. Crabtree
Science and Technology Center for Superconductivity and Materials Science Division,
Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, Illinois 60439

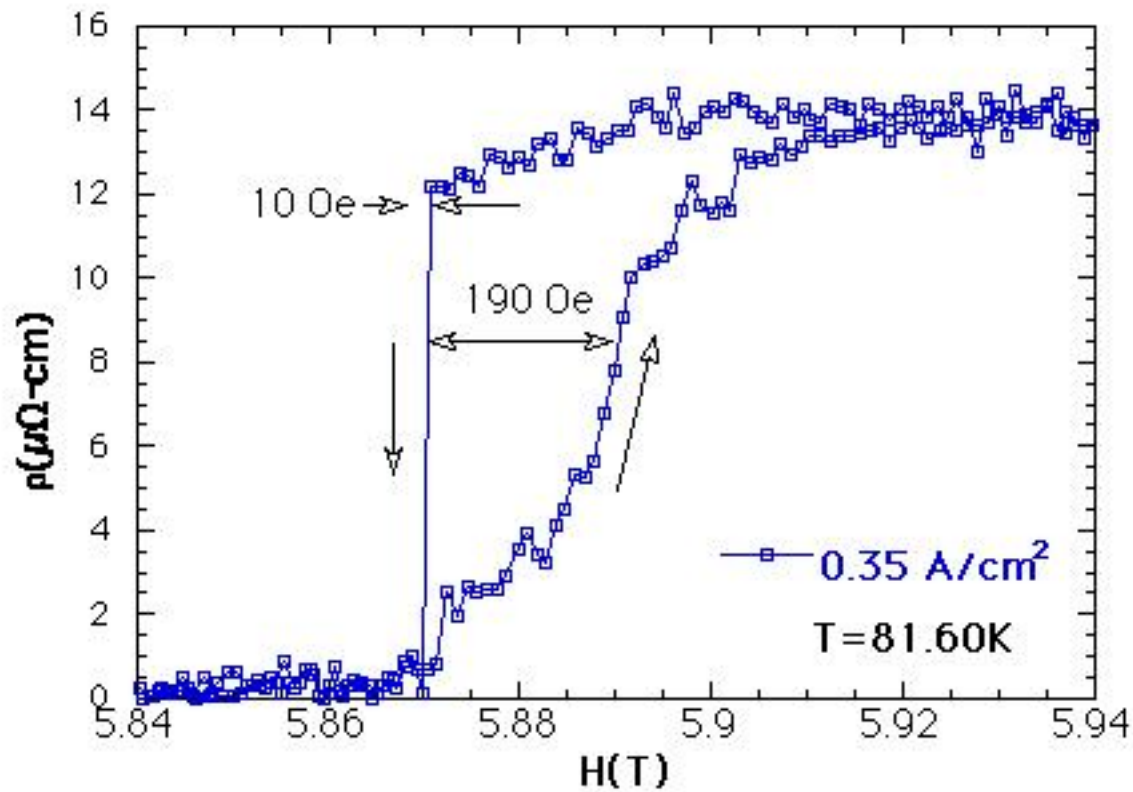
M. M. Miller
Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, D.C. 20375
(Received 1 October 1992)

Resistive Melting in Untwinned YBCO



Resistive Hysteresis on Melting

YBCO

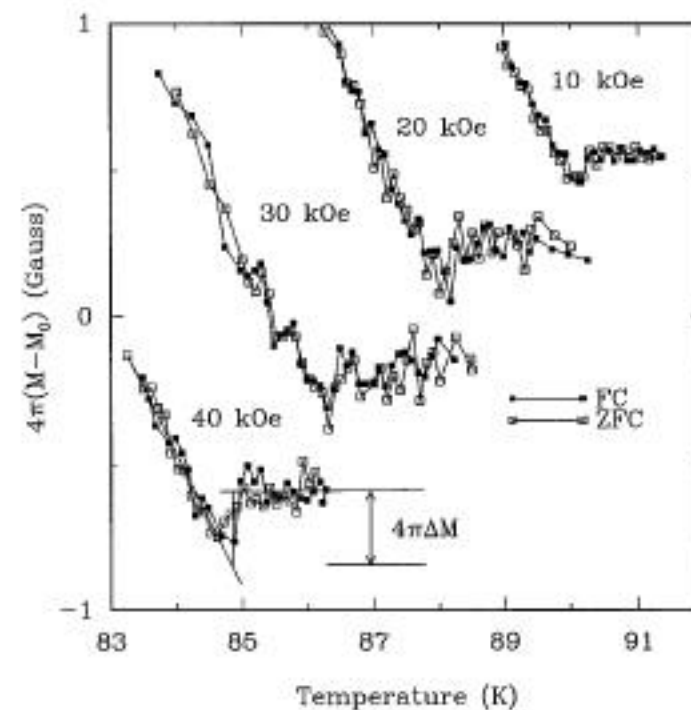
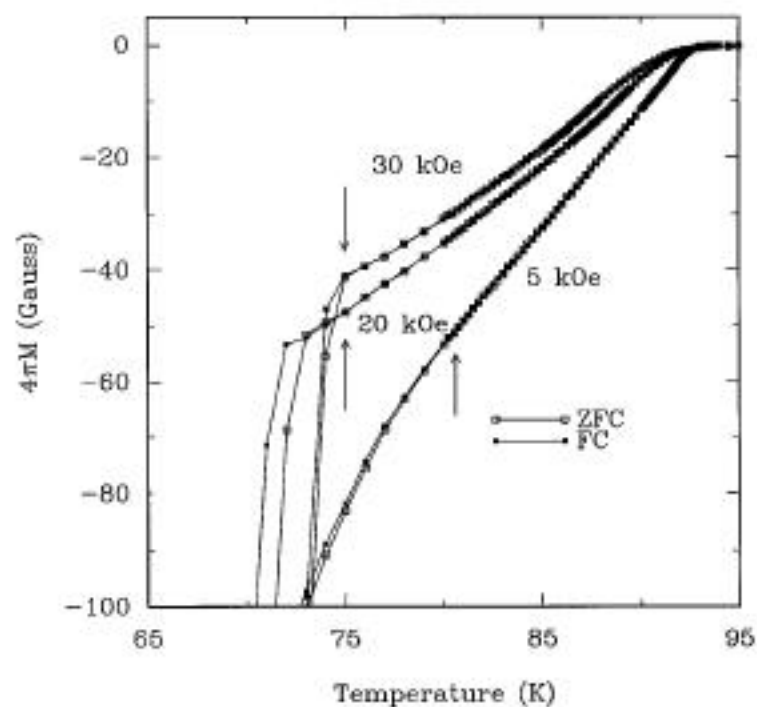


Discontinuity of Reversible Magnetization in Untwinned YBCO Single Crystals at the First Order Vortex Melting Transition

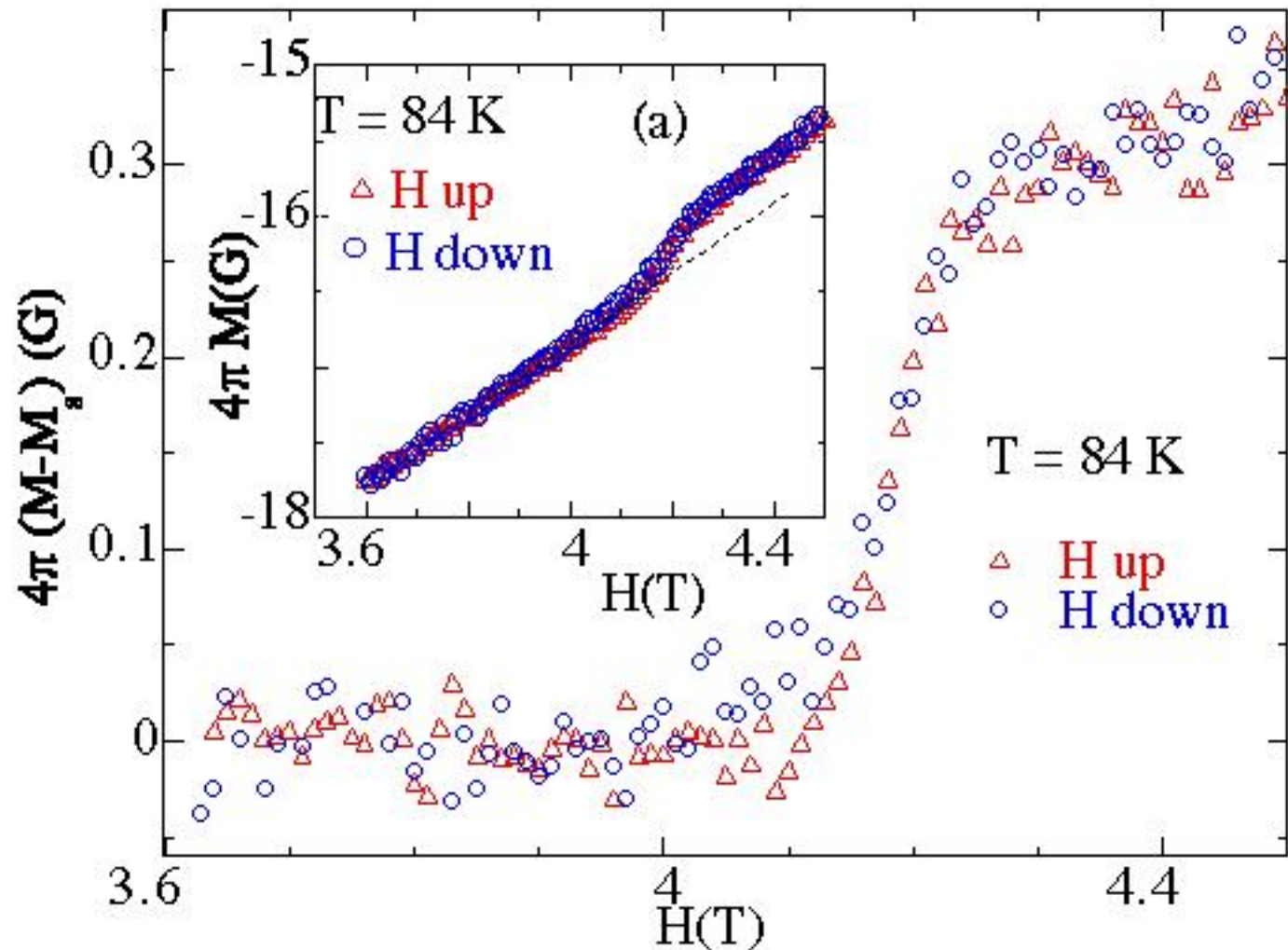
Ruixing Liang, D. A. Bonn, and W. N. Hardy

Department of Physics, The University of British Columbia, 6224 Agricultural Road, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6T 1Z1

(Received 26 June 1995)



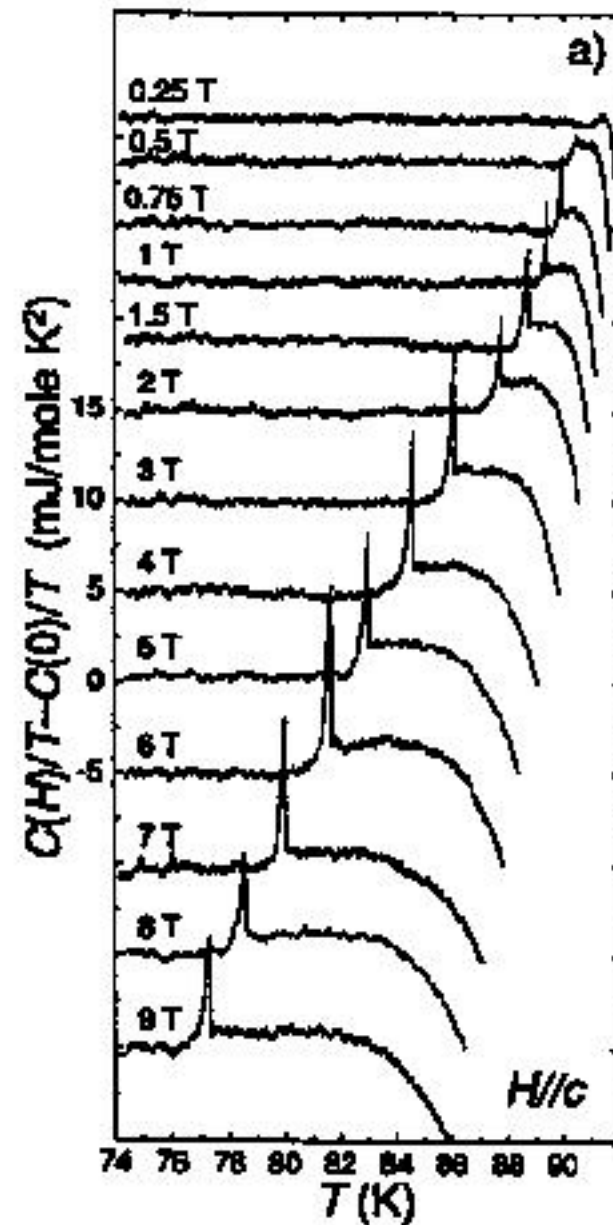
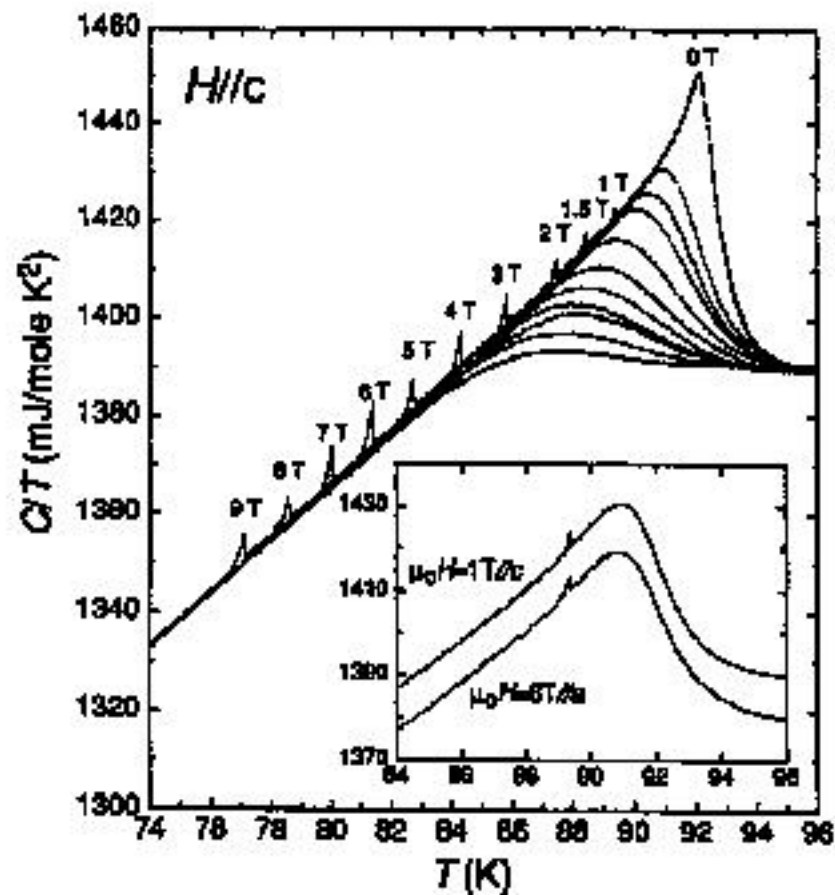
Magnetization Discontinuity on Melting



Liang, Bonn, Hardy, PRL **76**, 835 (1996)

Welp, Fendrich, Kwok, Crabtree, Veal, PRL **76**, 4809 (1996)

Heat Capacity YBCO



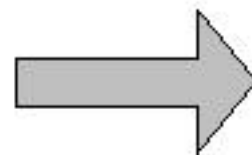
Schilling, Phillips, Fisher, Welp, Kwok, Crabtree
 Nature **382** (1996)
 Phys. Rev. Lett. **78** (1997)

Ice-like Melting

Clausius-Clapeyron equation

$$\frac{dH_m}{dT} = - \frac{\Delta S}{\Delta M}$$

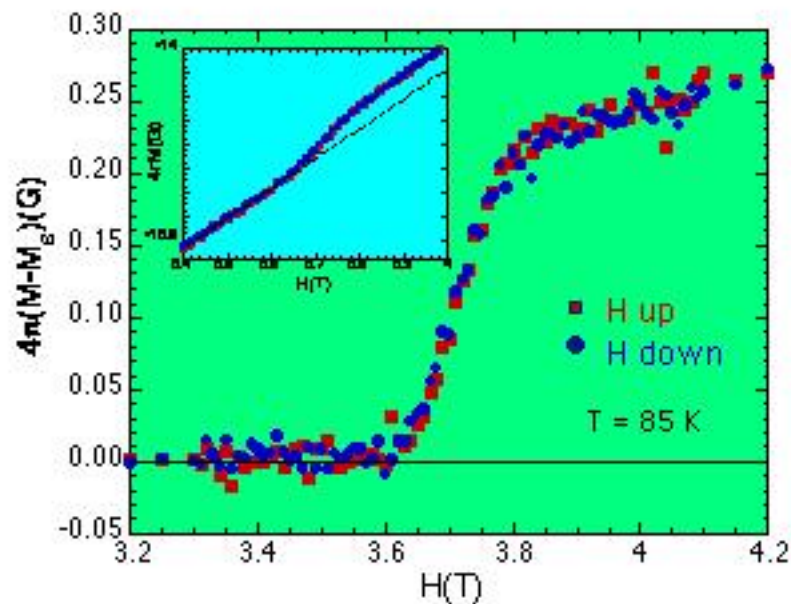
negative melting slope
higher entropy liquid



denser liquid

origin: weak long range interaction

$$V(r) \sim \ln(\lambda/r)$$

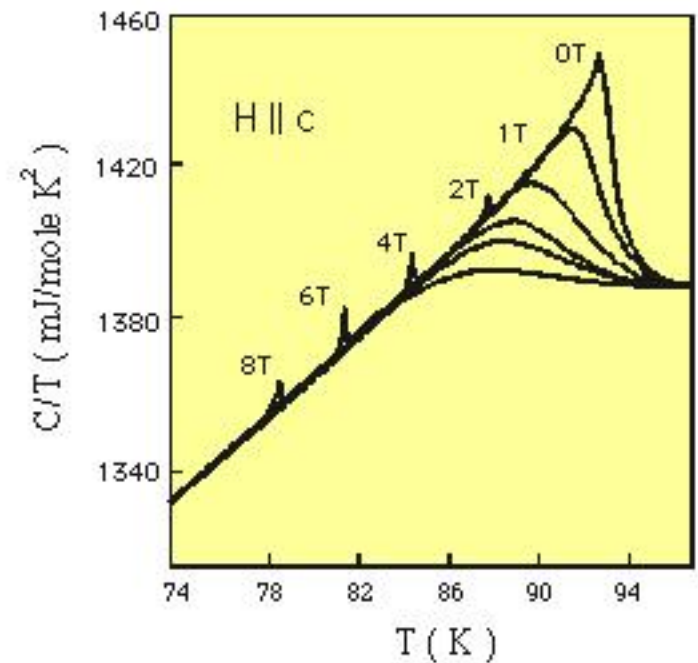


Welp, Fendrich, Kwok, Crabtree, Yeal
PRL **76**, 4809 (1996)

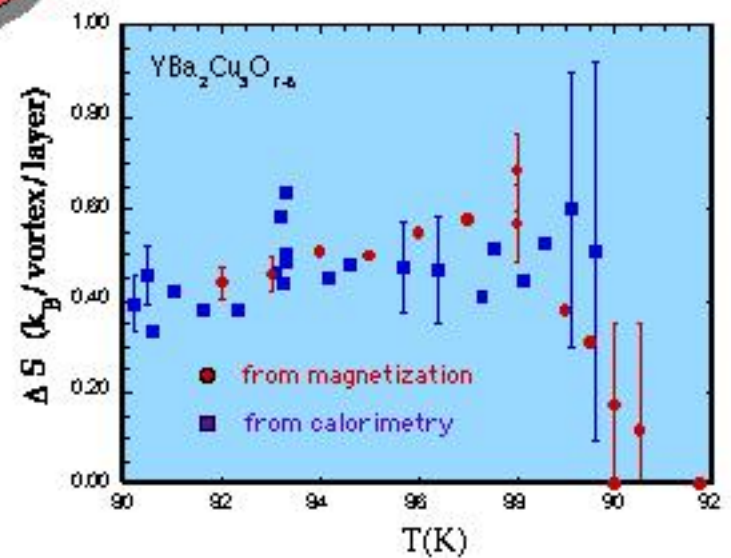
first order
melting

$$\frac{dH_m}{dT} = - \frac{\Delta S}{\Delta M}$$

Clapeyron equation

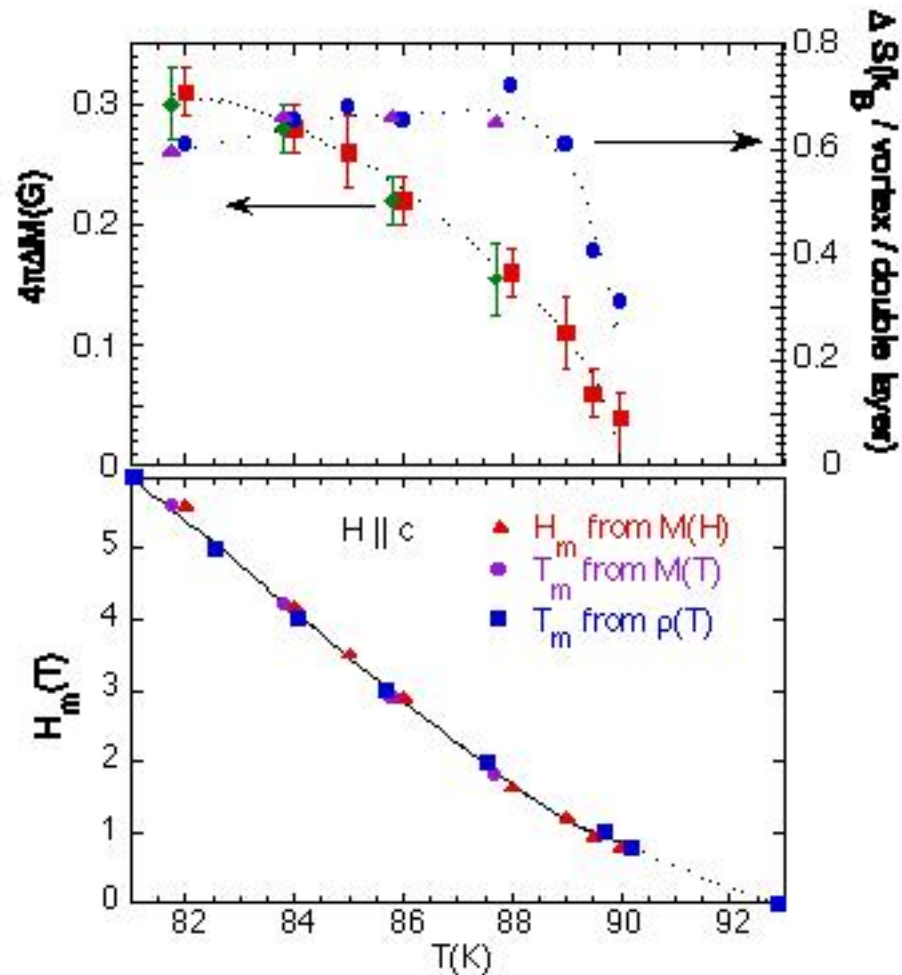


Schilling, Phillips, Fisher, Welp, Kwok, Crabtree,
Nature **382**, 791 (1996)



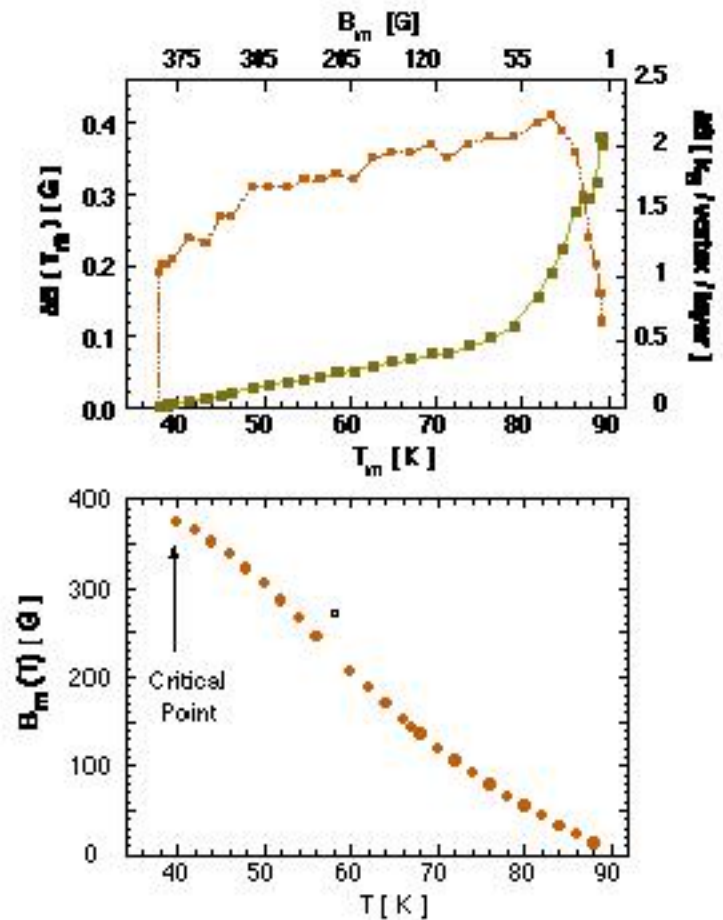
First Order Melting

YBCO



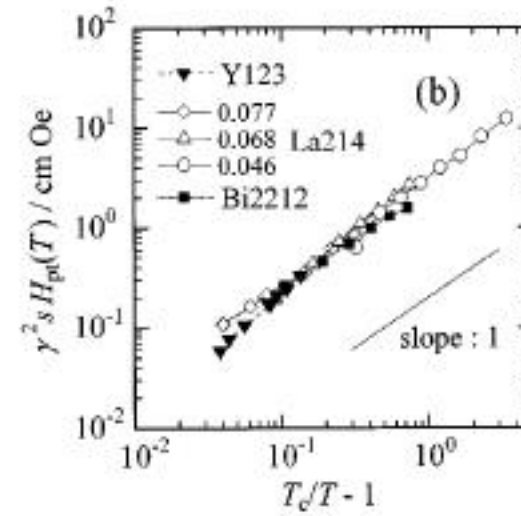
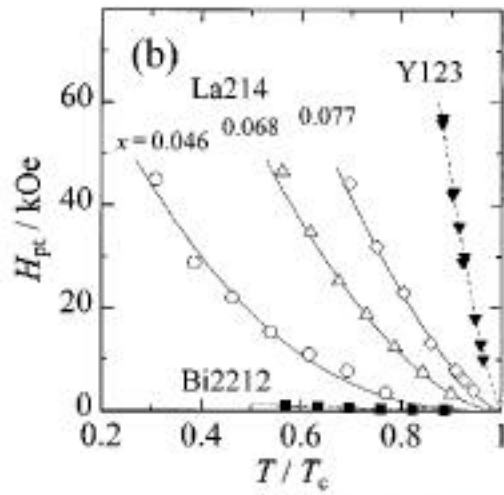
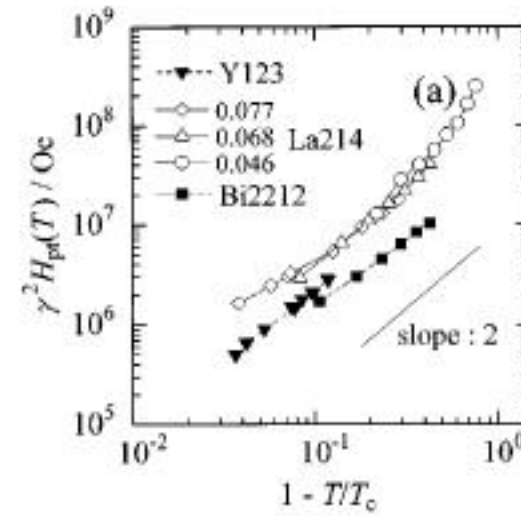
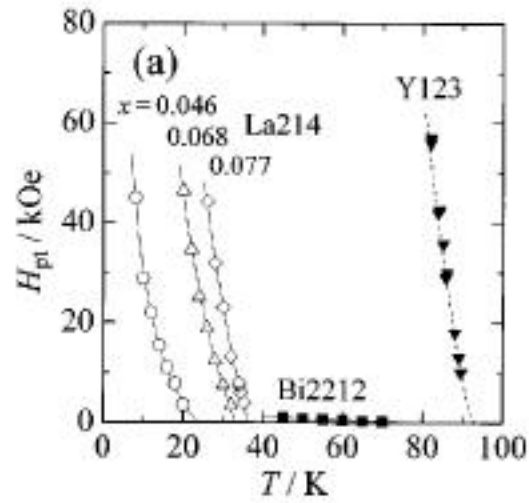
Welp, Fendrich, Kwok, Crabtree, Veal, PRL **76**, 4809 (1996)

BSCCO



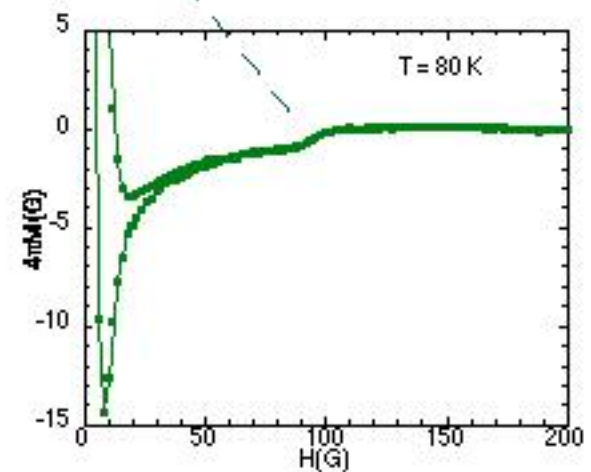
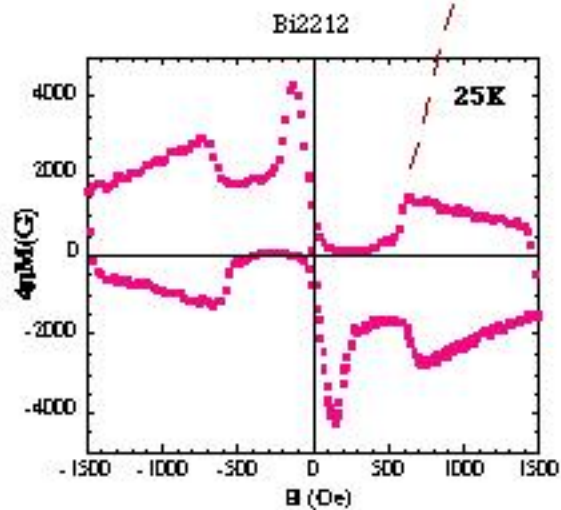
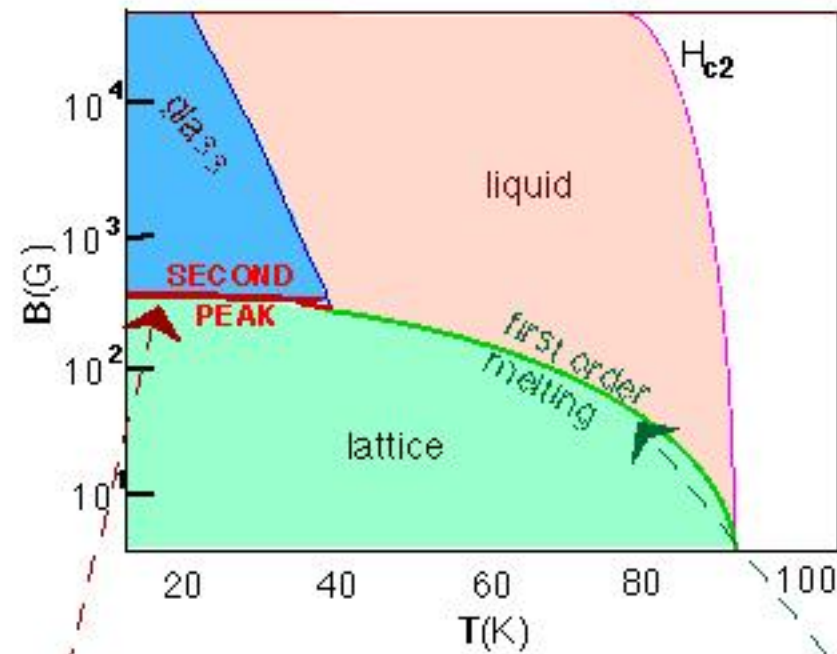
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 Zeldov et al, Nature **375**, 373 (1995)
 Hanaguri et al, Physica C **256**, 111 (1996)
 Ikuta et al Physica C (1996)
 Kadowaki et al (1996)

Universal Melting



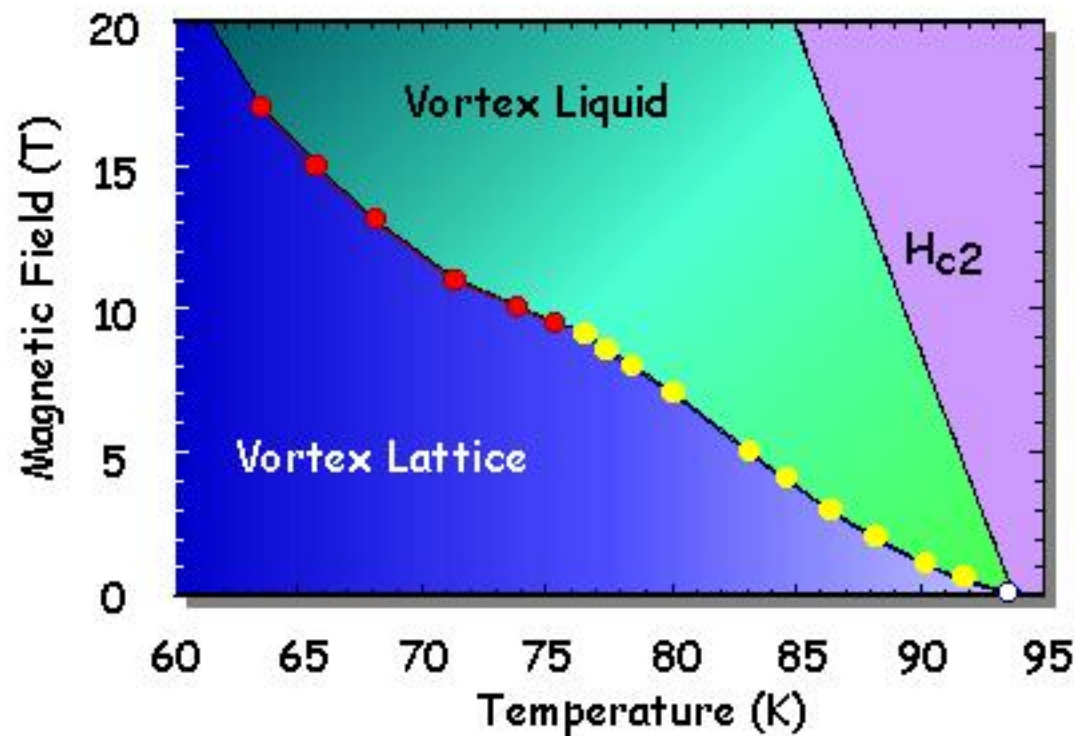
Sasagawa, Kishio, Togawa, Shimoyama, Kitazawa Phys Rev Lett **80**, 4297 (1998)

BSCCO phase diagram



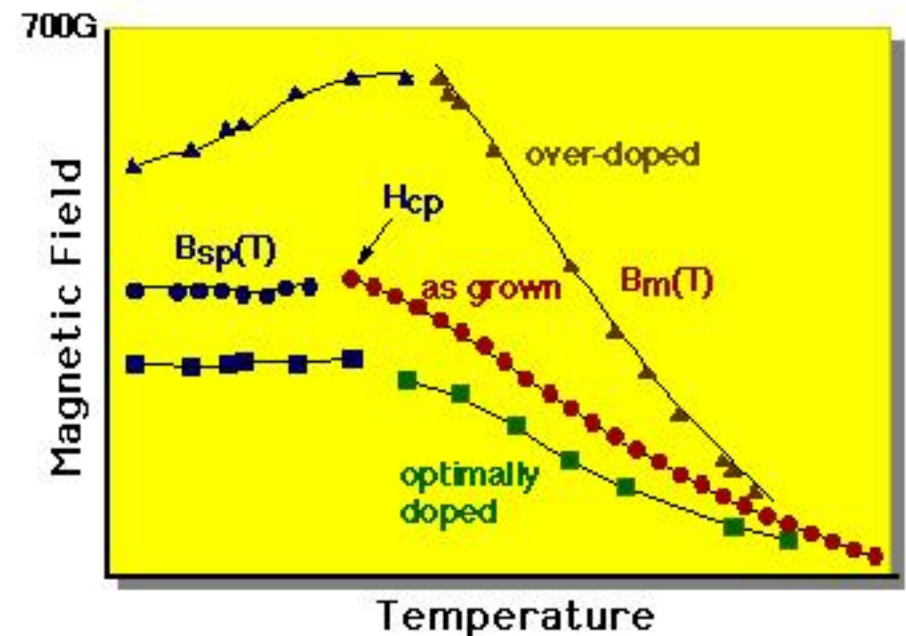
Vortex Melting Phase Diagram

YBCO



H. Safar et al., Phys Rev. Lett. 69,824 (1992)
 W. K. Kwok et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 69, 3370 (1992)
 U. Welp et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 76, 4809 (1996)
 A. Schilling et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 78, 4833 (1998)

BSCCO 2212



Zeldov et al. Nature 375, 373 (1995)
 Khaykovich et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 76, 2555 (1996)

- critical end points
- pinning disorder

Critical Points and Disorder in the Vortex Phase Diagram

W. K. Kwok, L. M. Paulius, A. M. Petrean
G. Karapetrov, R. J. Olsson, V. Tobos,
W. G. Moulton, G. W. Crabtree

*Argonne National Laboratory
Western Michigan University
Michigan State University
National High Magnetic Field Laboratory*

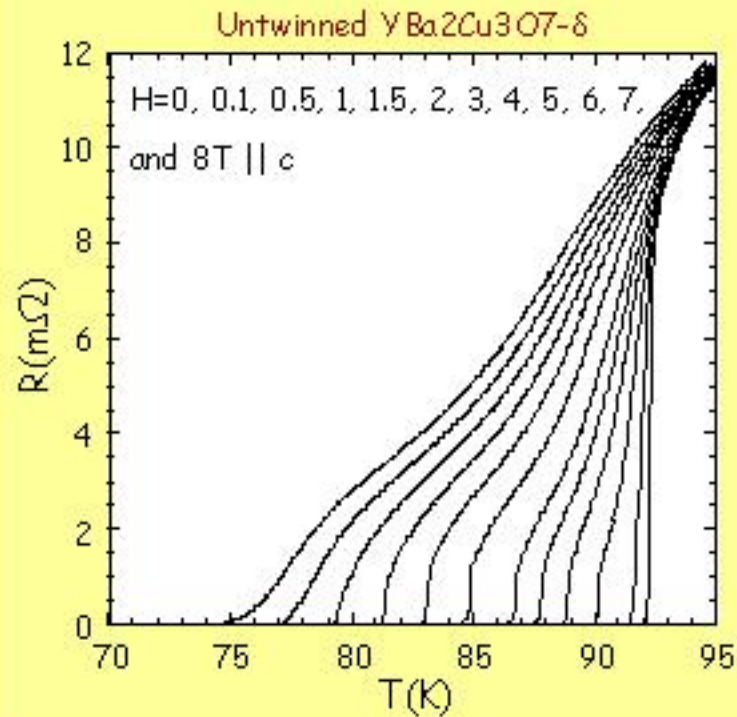
outline

upper/lower critical points $\Leftrightarrow$ line/point disorder

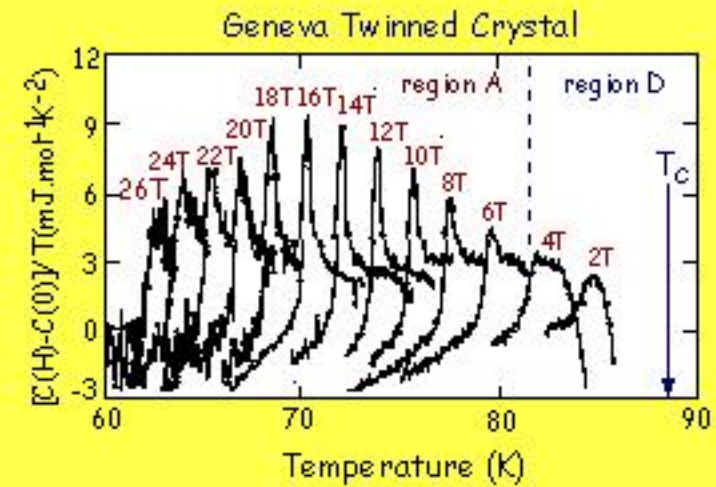
Bose glass $<$ lower critical point

longitudinal entanglement / transverse randomization

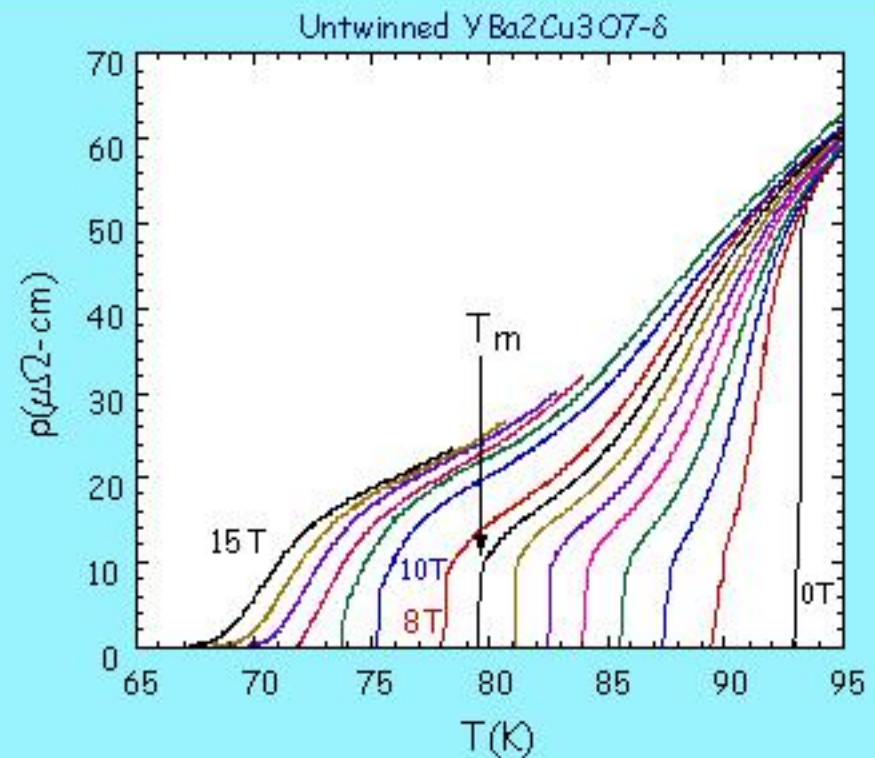
Upper Critical Point



W. Kwok et al, Phys. Rev. Lett. 69, 3370 (1992)

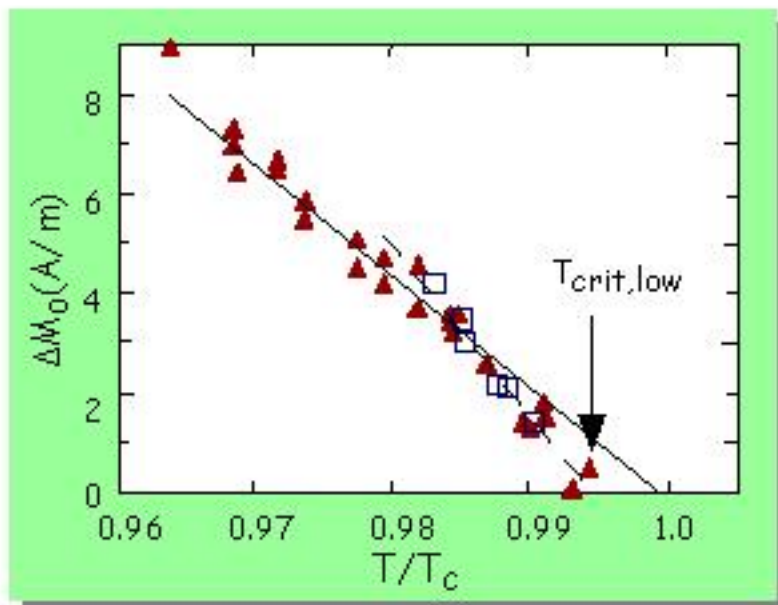


F. Bouquet & C. Marcenat et al, Proceed. of the NATO Adv. Study Inst, Kusadasi, Turkey, 1998

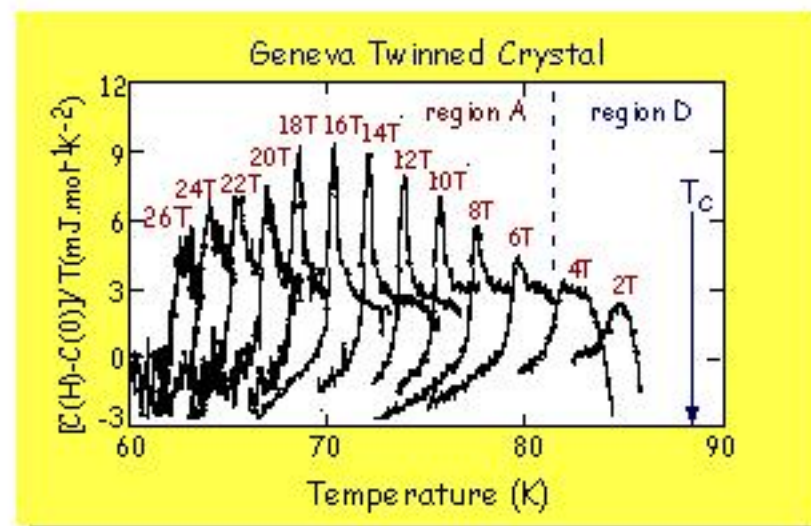


W. Kwok et al, (1999)

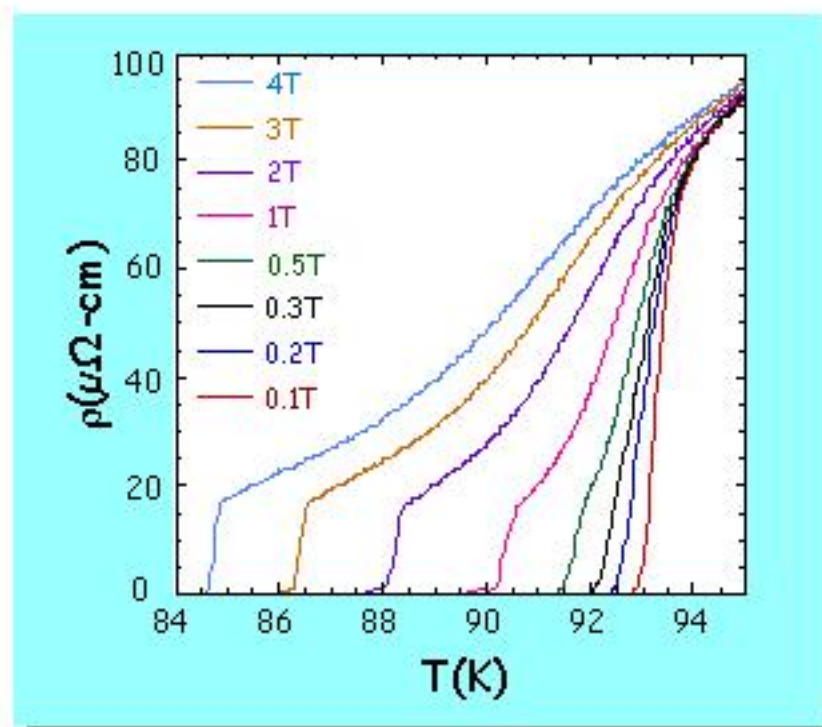
Lower Critical Point



A. Schilling et al., PRB 61, 3192, 2000



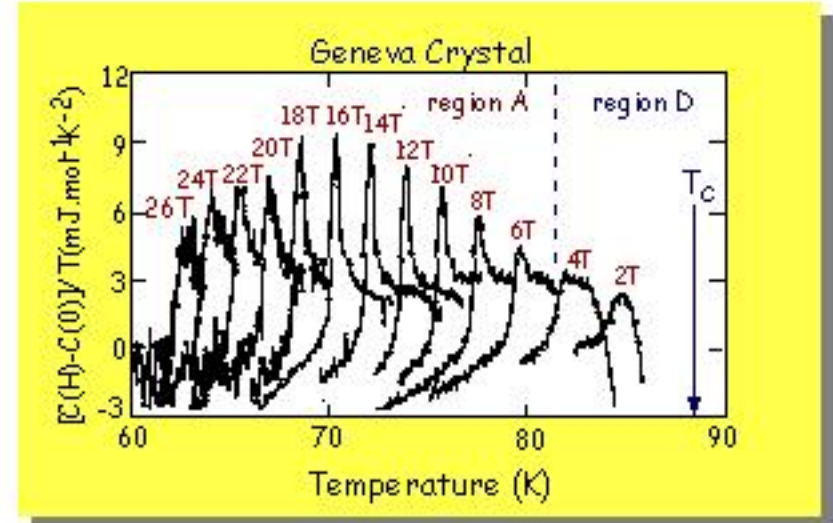
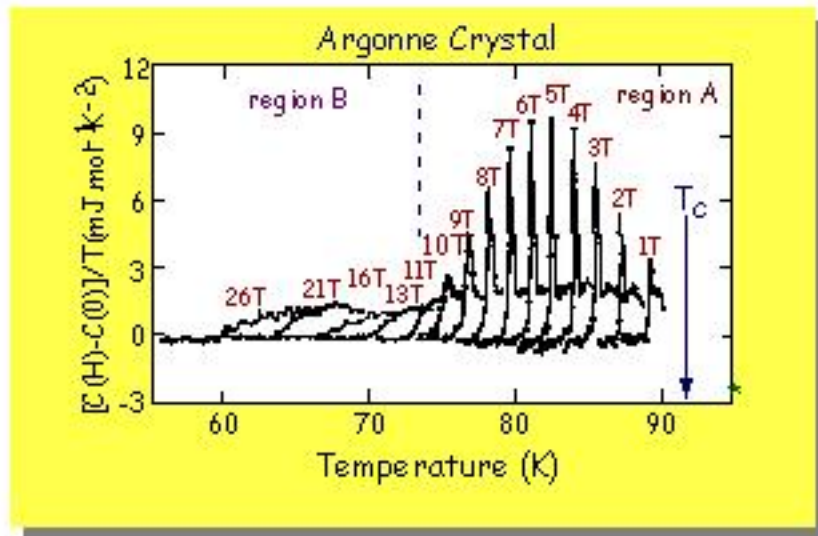
F. Bouquet & C. Marcenat et al, Proceed. of the NATO Adv. Study Inst, Kusadasi, Turkey, 1998



Kwak et al., (1999)

Thermodynamic Lower and Upper Critical Points

heat capacity of $\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_7$



untwinned, $x \sim 6.93$ point pinning

upper critical point $\sim 12 T$

twinned, $x \sim 7.0$ planar pinning

upper critical point $> 26 T$

lower critical point $\sim 4 T$

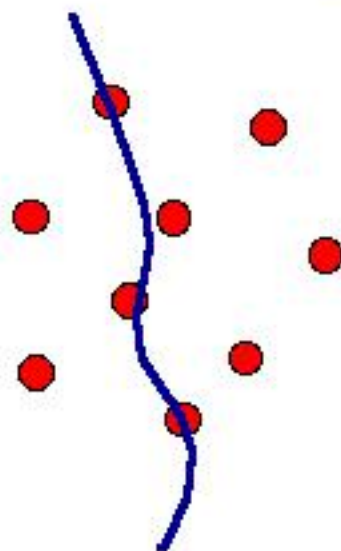
F. Bouquet and C. Marcenat et al

in *Physics and Materials Science of Vortex States, Flux Pinning and Dynamics*, R. Kossowsky, S. Bose, V. Pan, and Z. Durusoy, eds. (Kluwer, Dordrecht, 1999) p. 743.

Proceedings of the NATO Advanced Study Institute, Kusadasi, Turkey, July 26–August 8, 1998

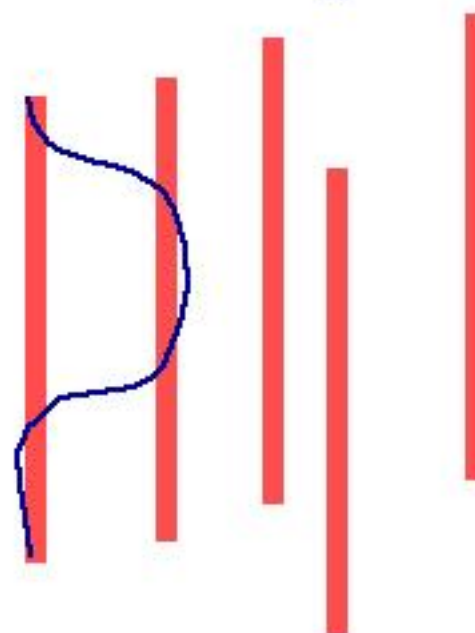
Thermodynamic Glassy States

vortex glass



D. S. Fisher, M. P. A. Fisher, and D. A. Huse
Phys. Rev. B **43**, 130-159 (1991)

Bose glass



D. R. Nelson and V. M. Vinokur
Phys. Rev. B **48**, 13060-13097 (1993)

2nd order transition to liquid

scaling

$$\rho \sim (T - T_g)^{\nu(z-1)}$$

$$E/J(T - T_g)^{\nu(z-1)} \sim F_{\pm}(J/(T - T_g)^{2\nu})$$

$$E \sim J^{(z+1)/2}$$

linear regime

non-linear regime

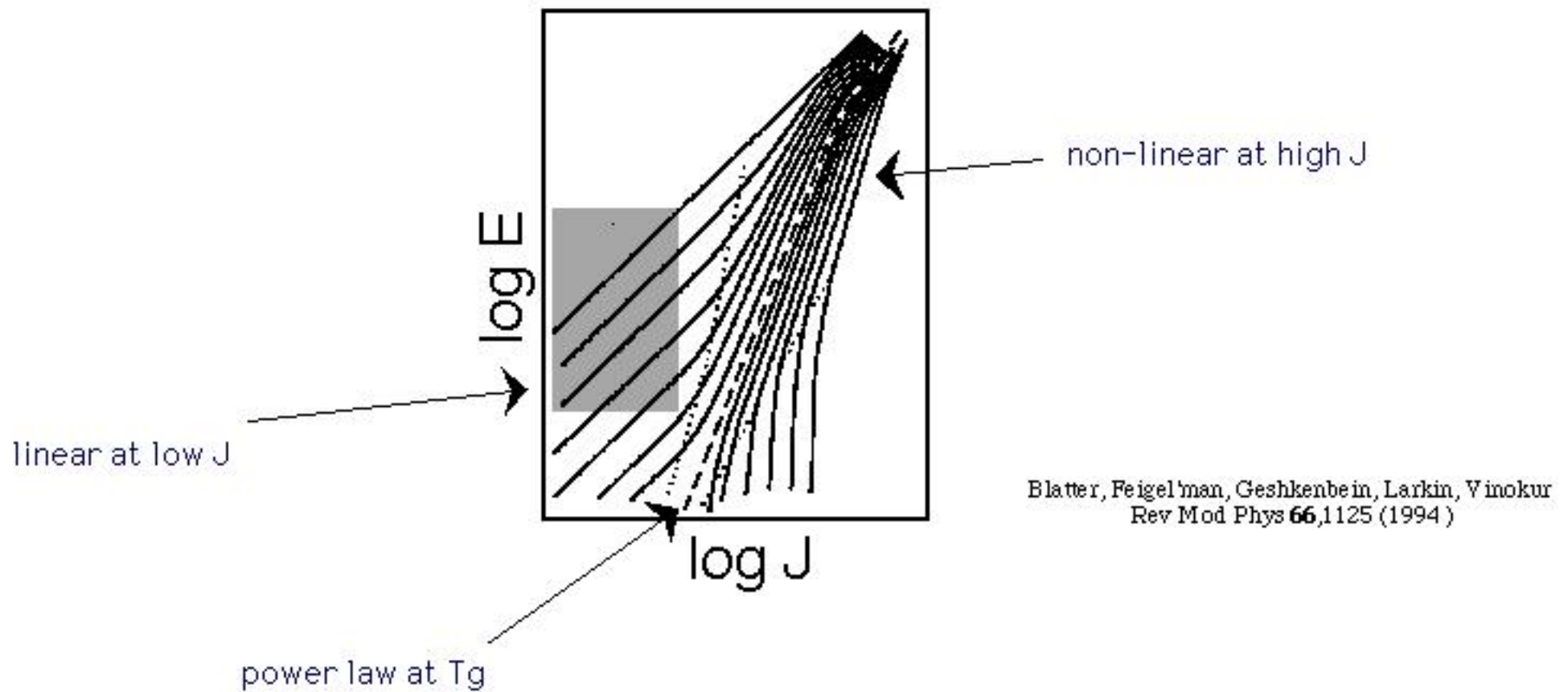
at T_g

$$\rho \sim (T - T_{BG})^{\nu(z-2)}$$

$$E/J(T - T_{BG})^{\nu(z-2)} \sim F_{\pm}(J/(T - T_g)^{3\nu})$$

$$E \sim J^{(z+1)/3}$$

2nd Order Glass - Liquid Scaling



$$\rho \sim (T - T_g)^{\nu(z-1)}$$

$$E/J(T - T_g)^{\nu(z-1)} \sim F_{\pm}(J/(T - T_g)^{2\nu})$$

$$E \sim J^{(z+1)/2}$$

linear regime

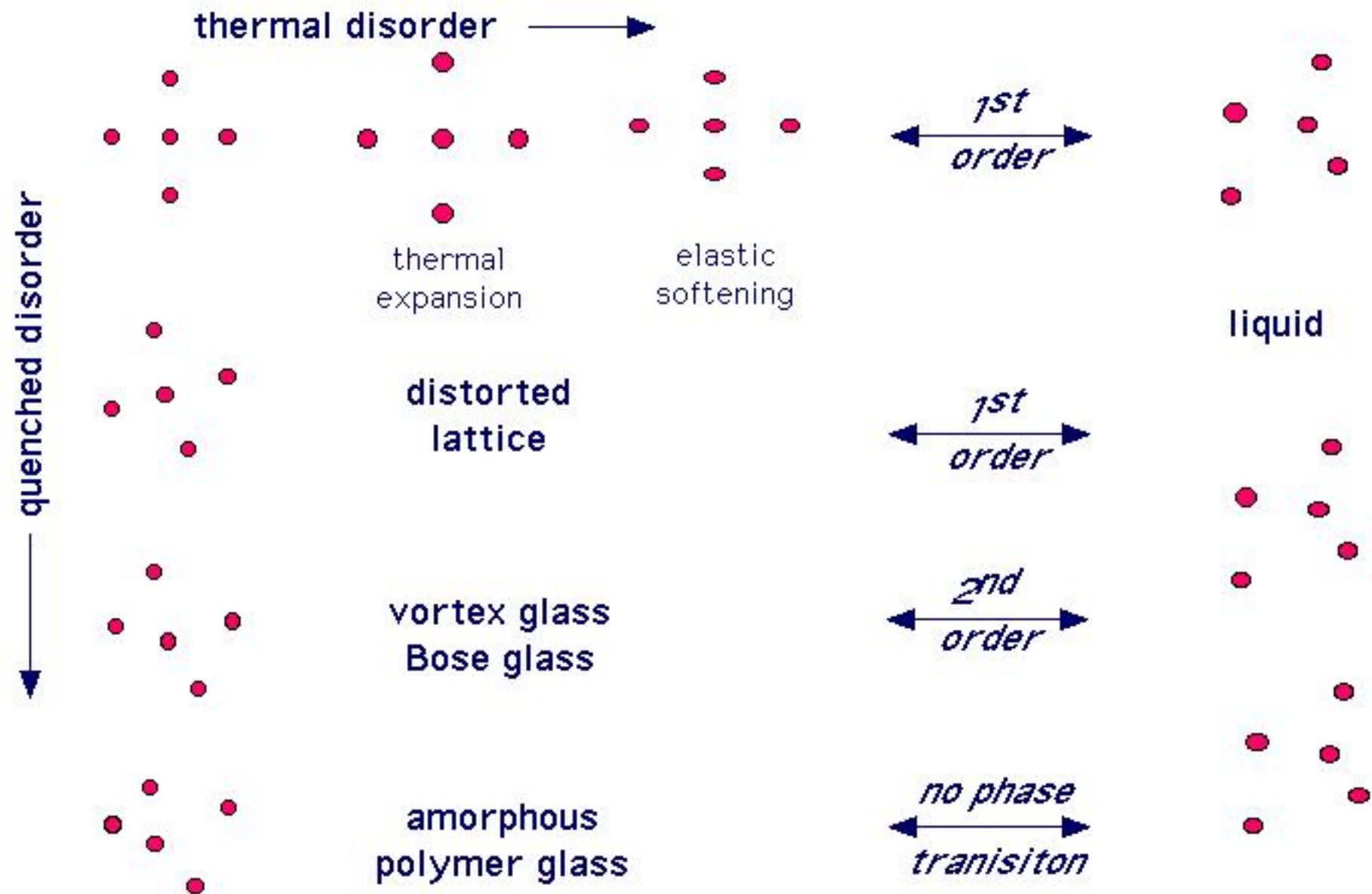
*non-linear regime
at T_g*

$$\rho \sim (T - T_{BG})^{\nu(z-2)}$$

$$E/J(T - T_{BG})^{\nu(z-2)} \sim F_{\pm}(J/(T - T_g)^{3\nu})$$

$$E \sim J^{(z+1)/3}$$

Effects of Disorder



Experiment: Line Disorder and the Critical Points

Experimental Design



untwinned YBCO



$B_\phi = 0 \text{ ref.}$	$B_\phi = 0 \text{ ref.}$
$B_\phi = 50 \text{ Oe}$	$B_\phi = 100 \text{ Oe}$
$B_\phi = 100 \text{ Oe}$	$B_\phi = 1000 \text{ Oe}$
$B_\phi = 500 \text{ Oe}$	$B_\phi = 1.0 \text{ Tesla}$

cleave into several pieces



heavy ion irradiation

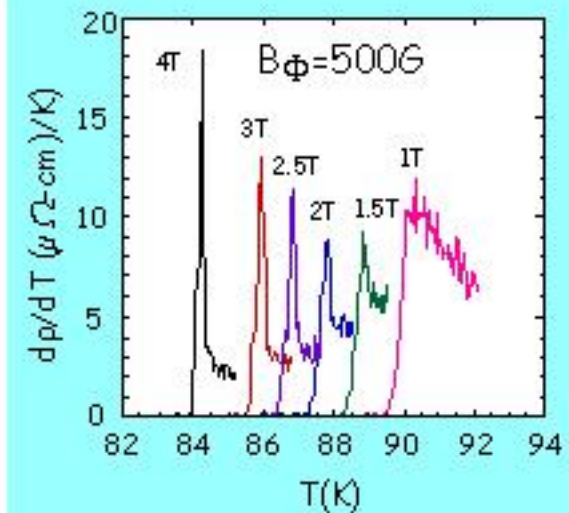
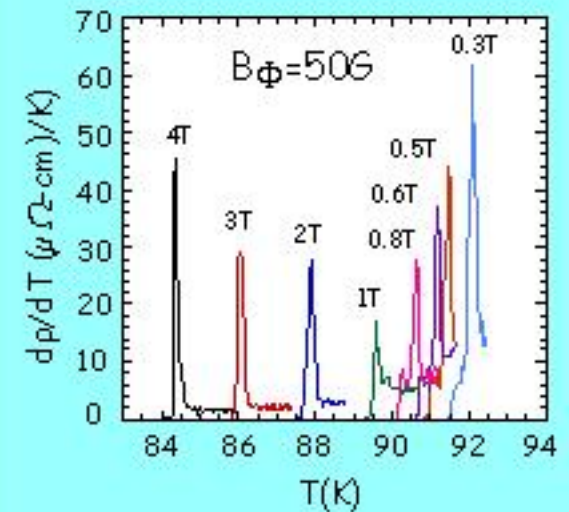
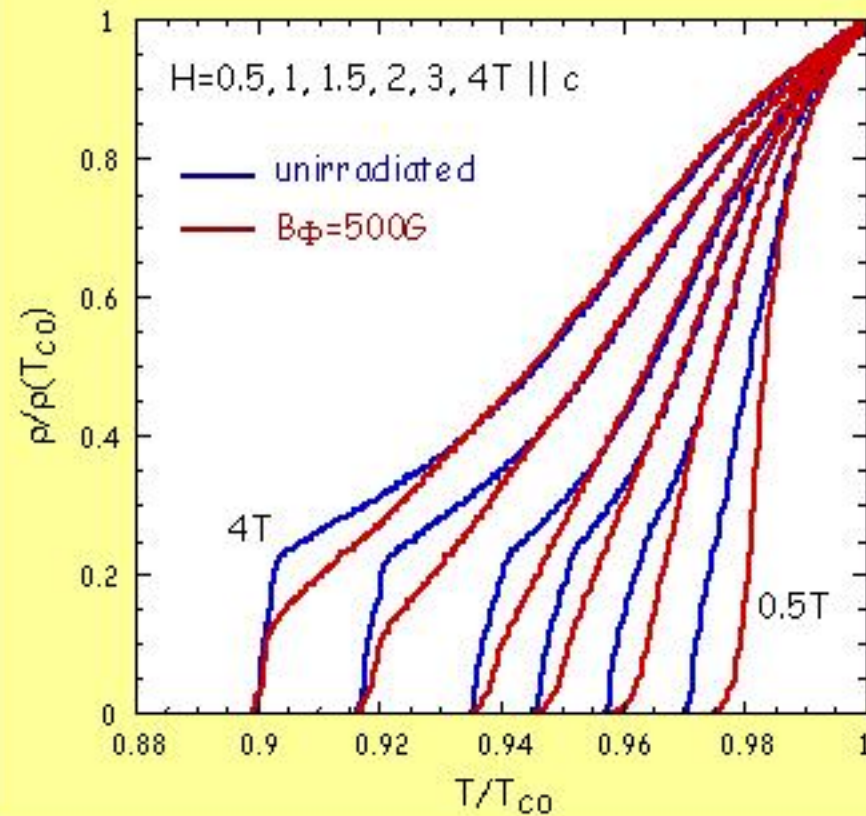
1.4 GeV $^{208}\text{Pb}^{56+}$

$B_\phi = \text{matching field}$

vortex density = column density

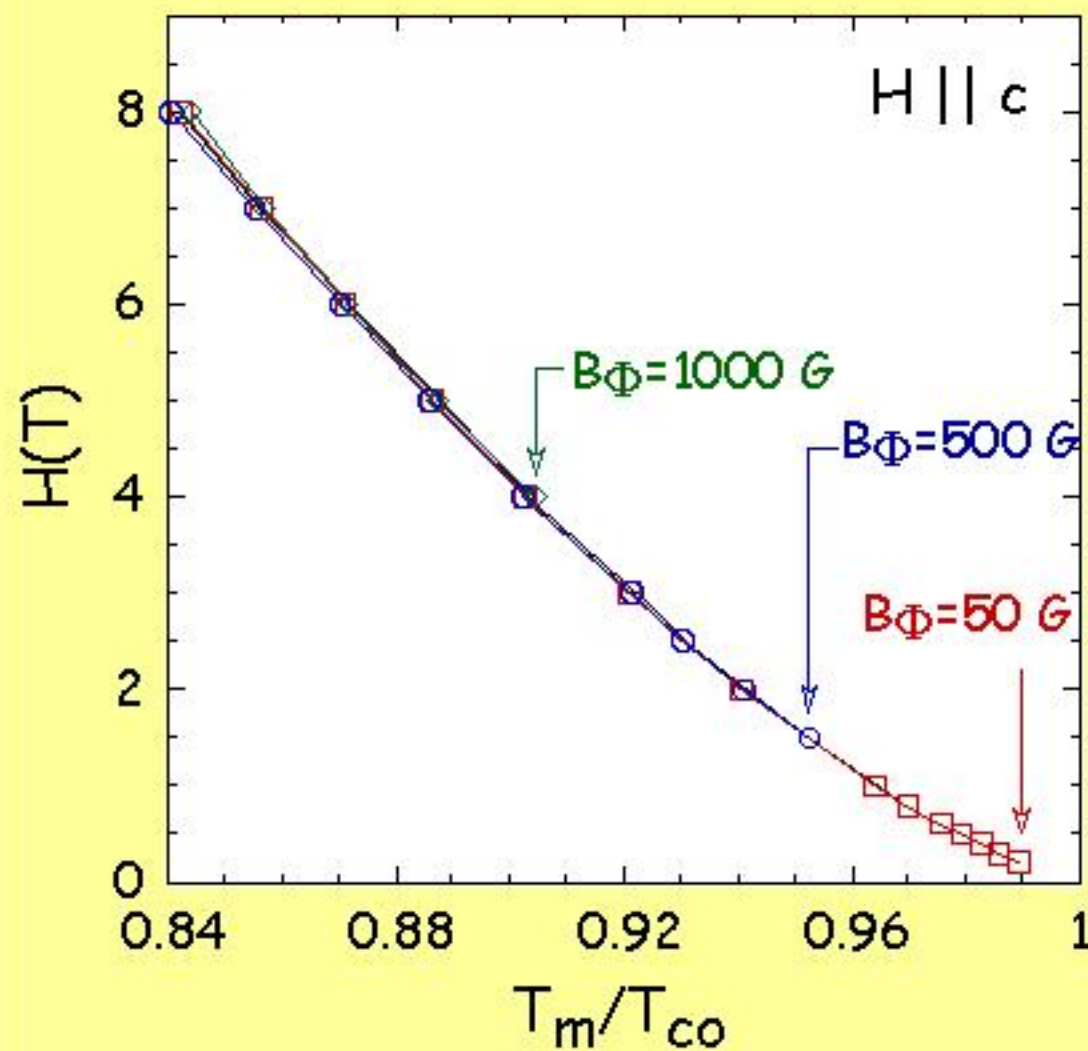
- untwinned crystal/sharp first order melting $\rightarrow$ no competing disorder
- cleave from one crystal $\rightarrow$ identical initial states
- systematic variation of defect density B_ϕ

Line Disorder and Lower Critical Point

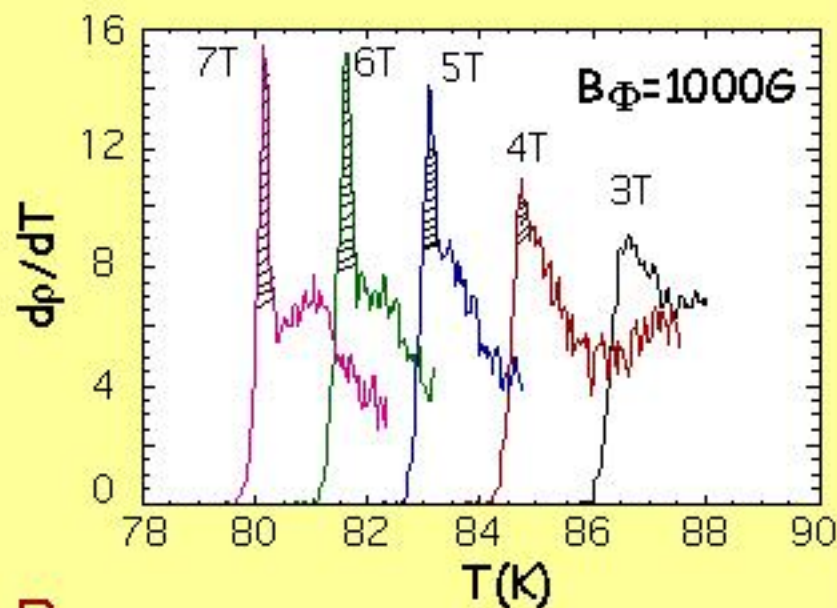
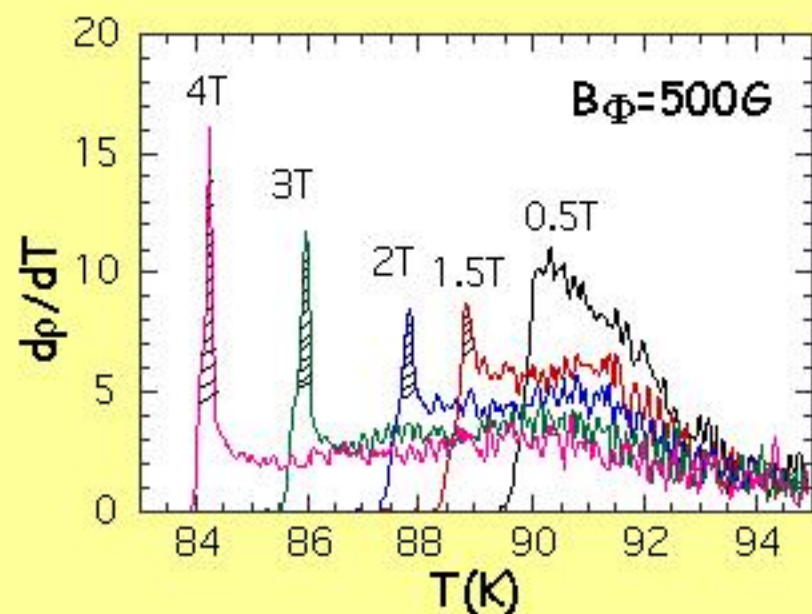


Line Disorder

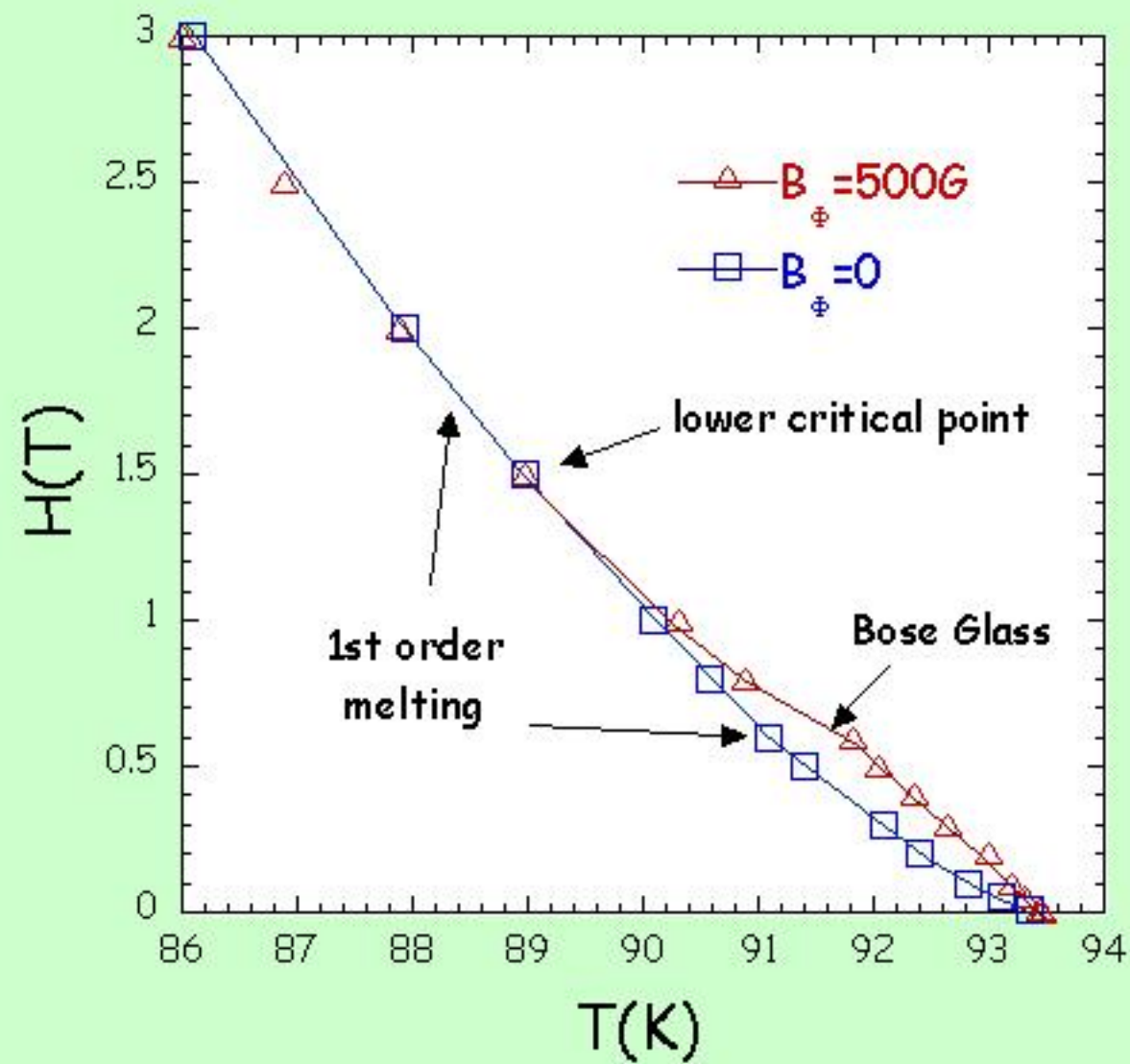
Lower Critical Point Tracks B_{Φ}



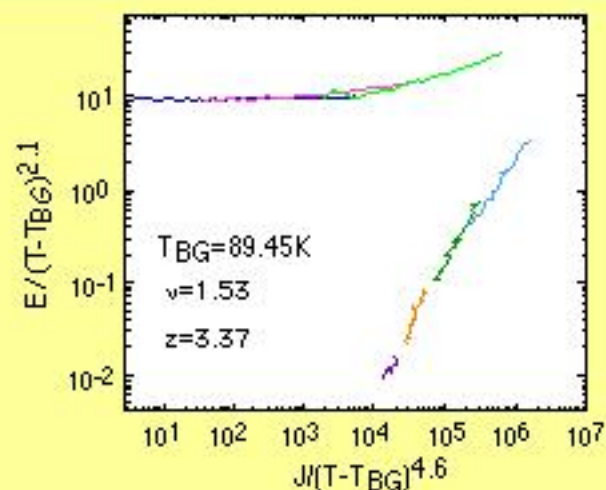
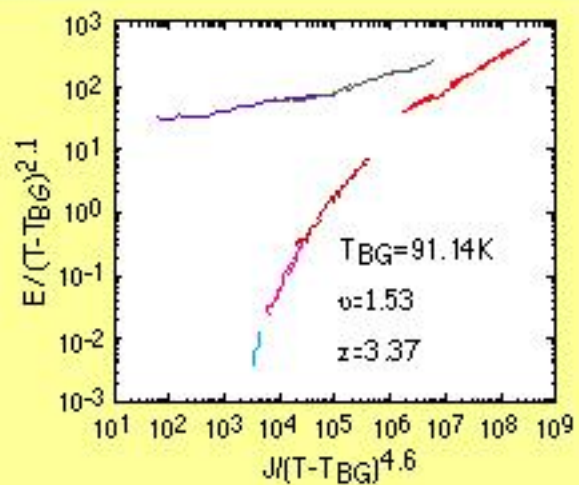
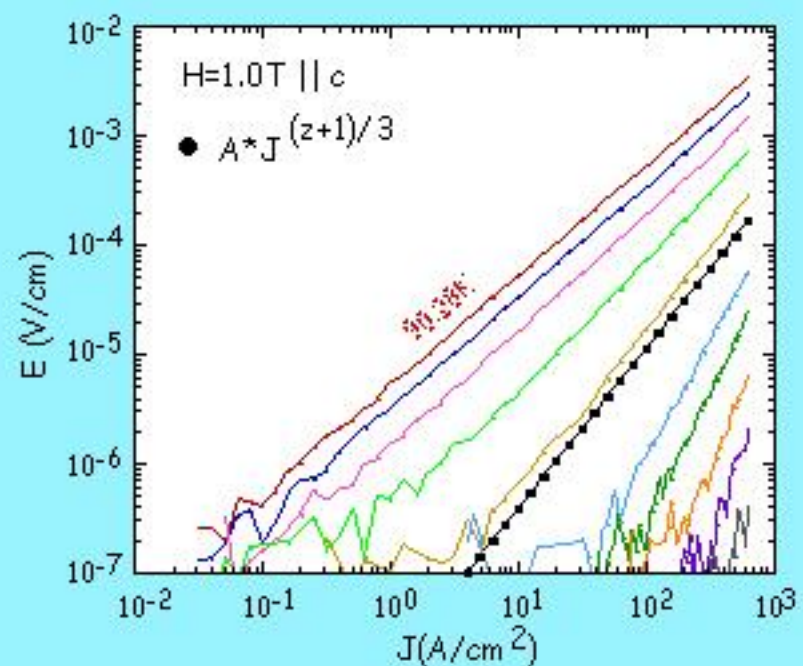
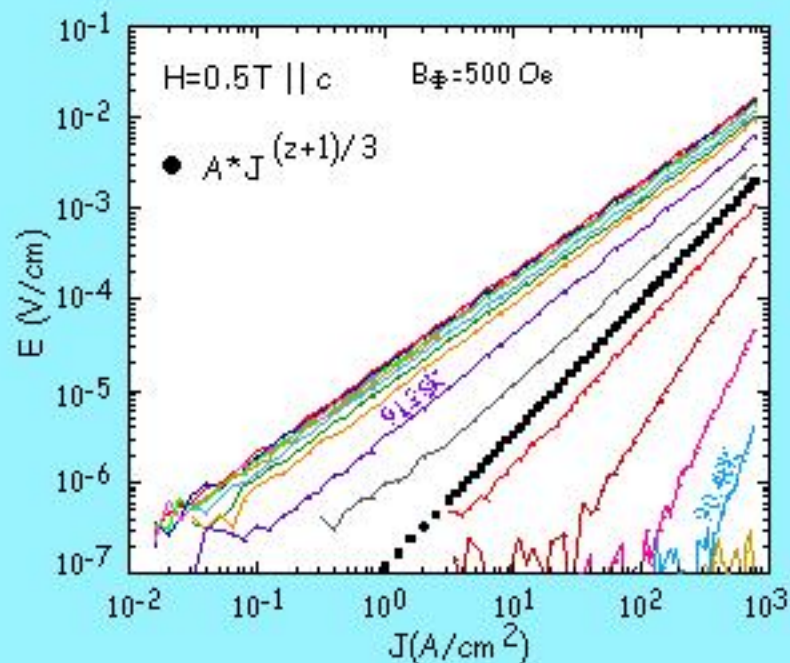
$$H_{lcp} \sim 40 B_{\Phi}$$



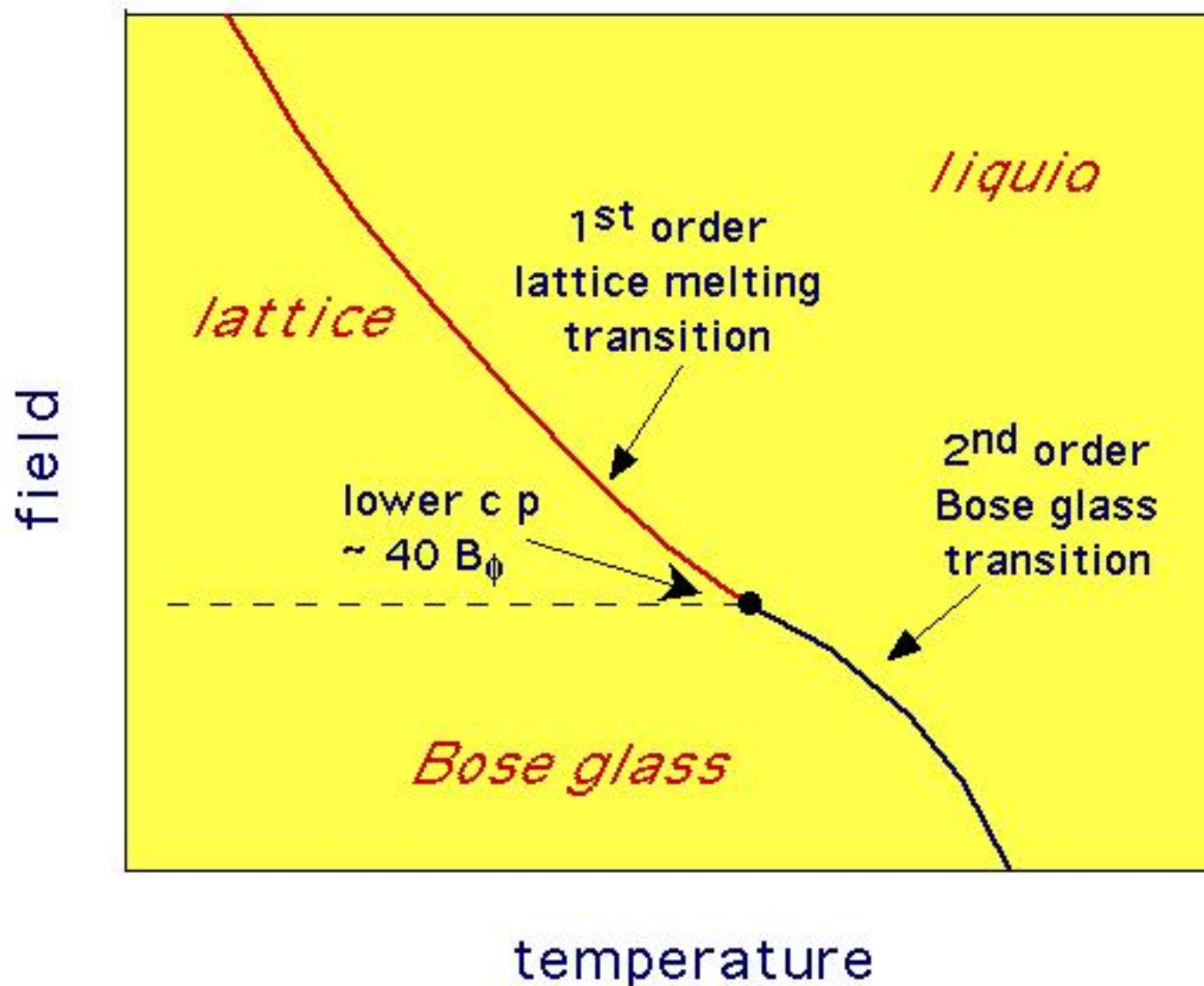
Enhanced Irreversibility Line



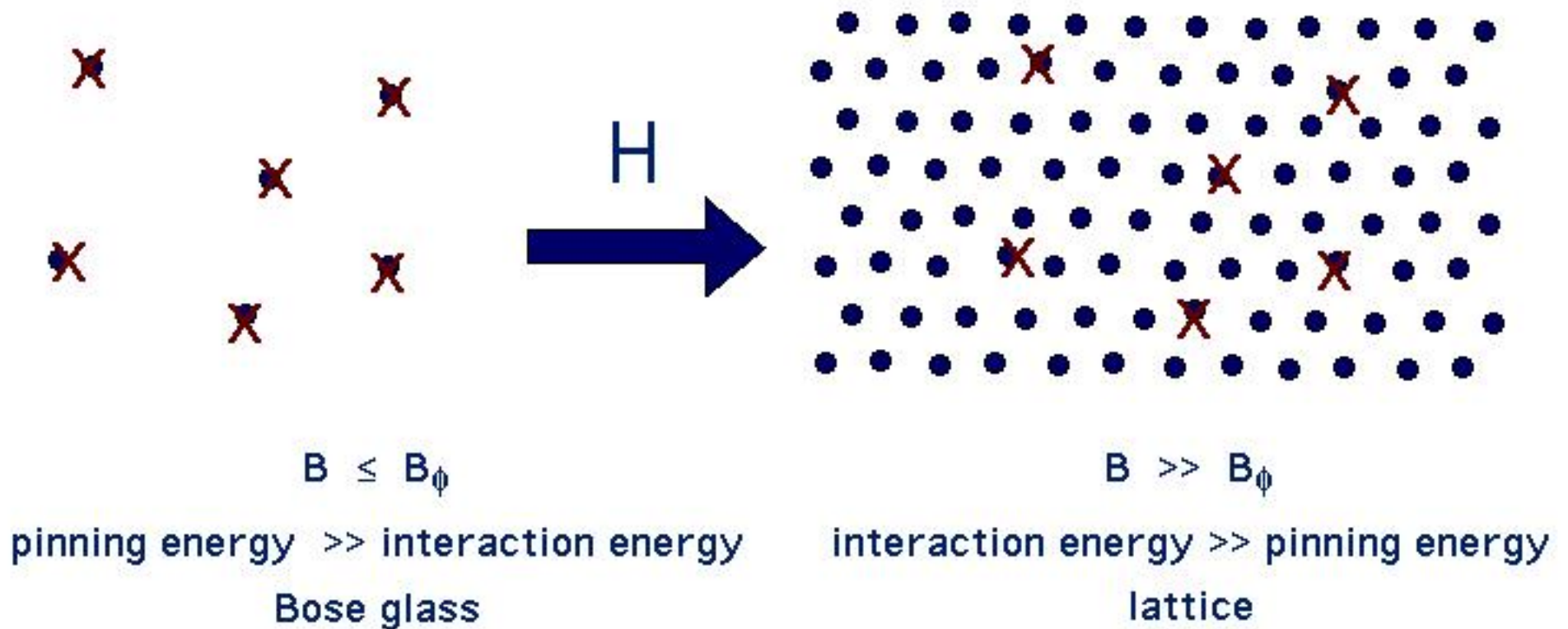
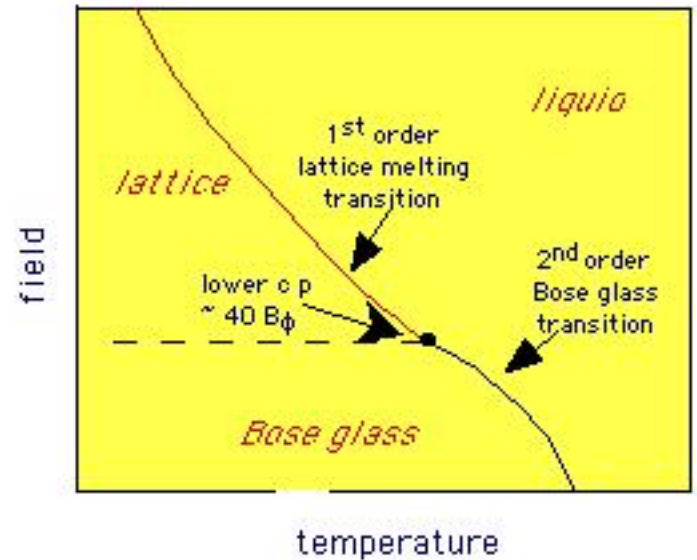
Bose Glass Scaling Below the Lower H_{cp}



New Phase Diagram with Line Disorder

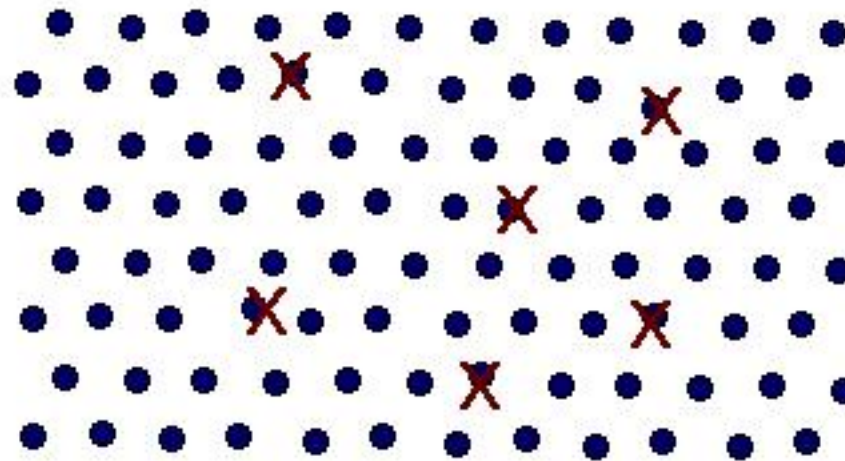


Bose Glass $\rightarrow$ Lattice



Triggering the Lower Critical Point

$$B/B_{\Phi} \sim 40$$



degree of disorder

$$1/40 = 2.5 \%$$

of vortices displaced

degree of order

$$\sqrt{40} \sim 6$$

lattice constants
correlation length

Lindemann criteria

interstitial vortices: $\langle u^2 \rangle = 0$

pinned vortices: $\langle u^2 \rangle = a_0^2/2$
(random displacement)

$$\text{average } \langle u^2 \rangle = 0.025 a_0^2/2$$

$$c_L = (\langle u^2 \rangle / a_0^2)^{1/2} \sim 0.11$$

Experiment: Point Disorder and the Critical Points

Experimental Design



Untwinned YBCO



proton irradiation
9 MeV
Western Michigan U
tandem accelerator

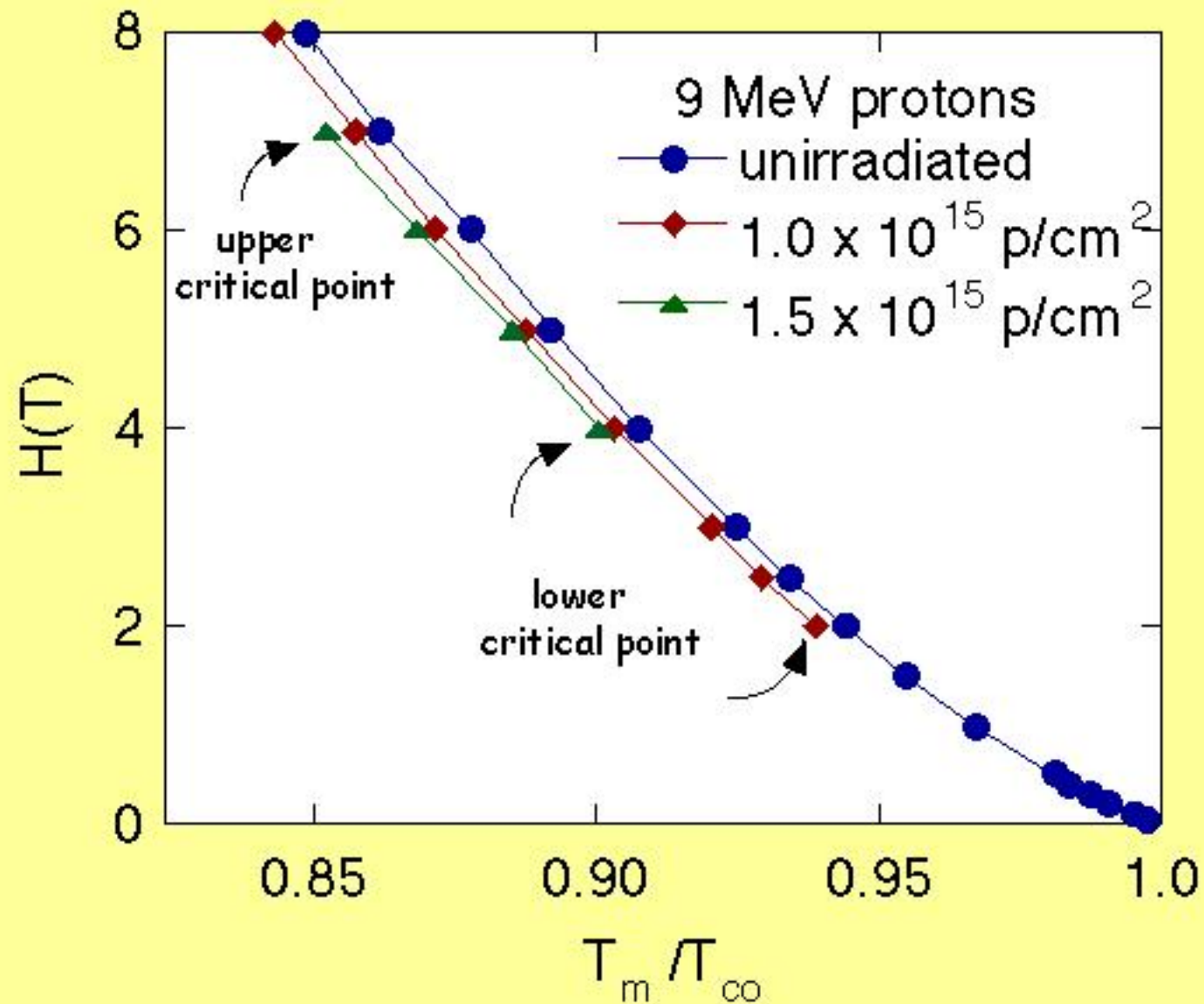


successive doses

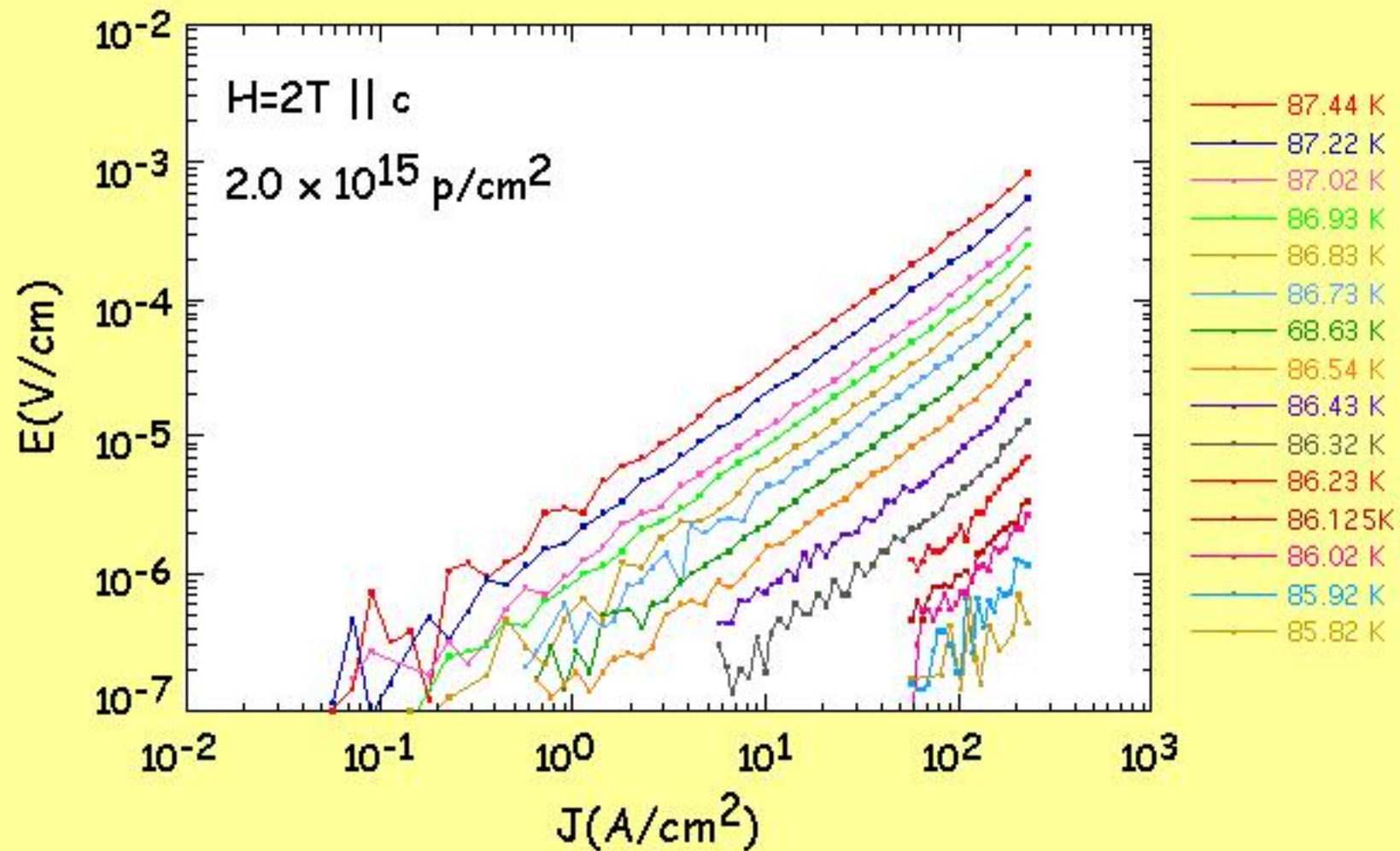
0.5×10^{15} p/cm²
 1.0×10^{15} p/cm²
 1.5×10^{15} p/cm²
 2.0×10^{15} p/cm²

- untwinned crystal/sharp first order melting → no competing disorder
- successive irradiation of same crystal
- systematic variation of defect density B_ϕ

Point Disorder Phase Diagram

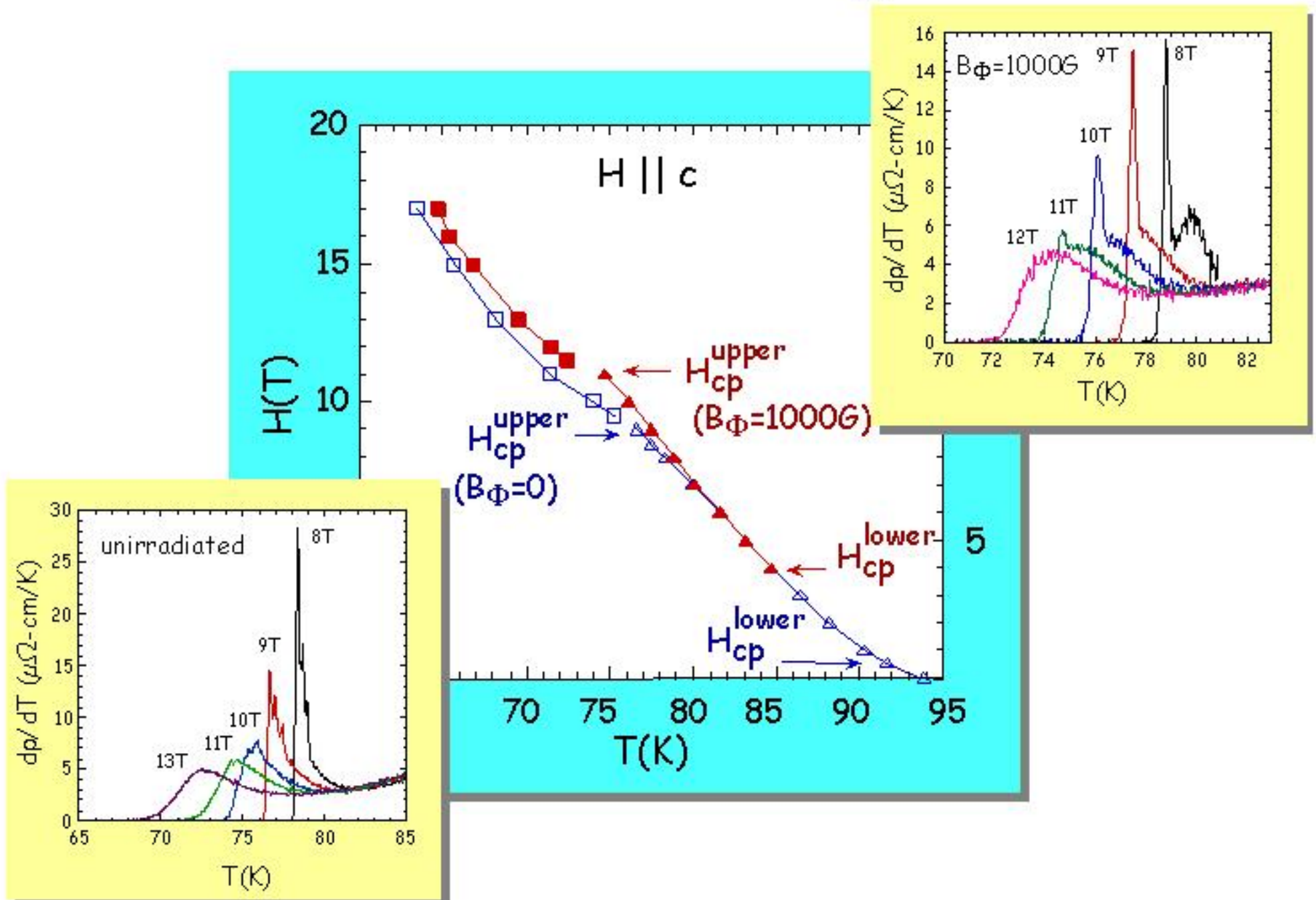


Point Disorder: Linear I-V



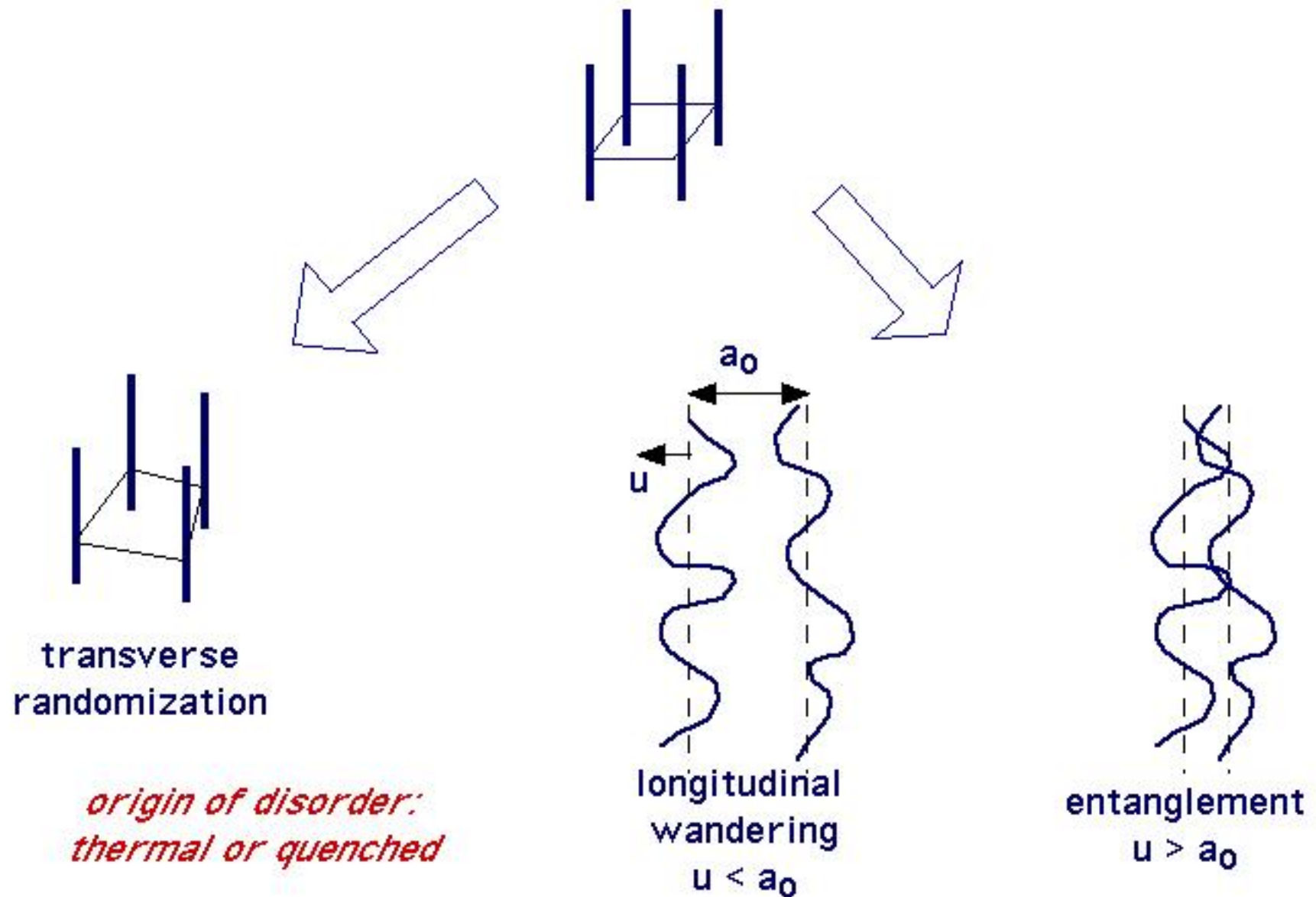
No Glassy Behavior

Line Disorder Phase Diagram

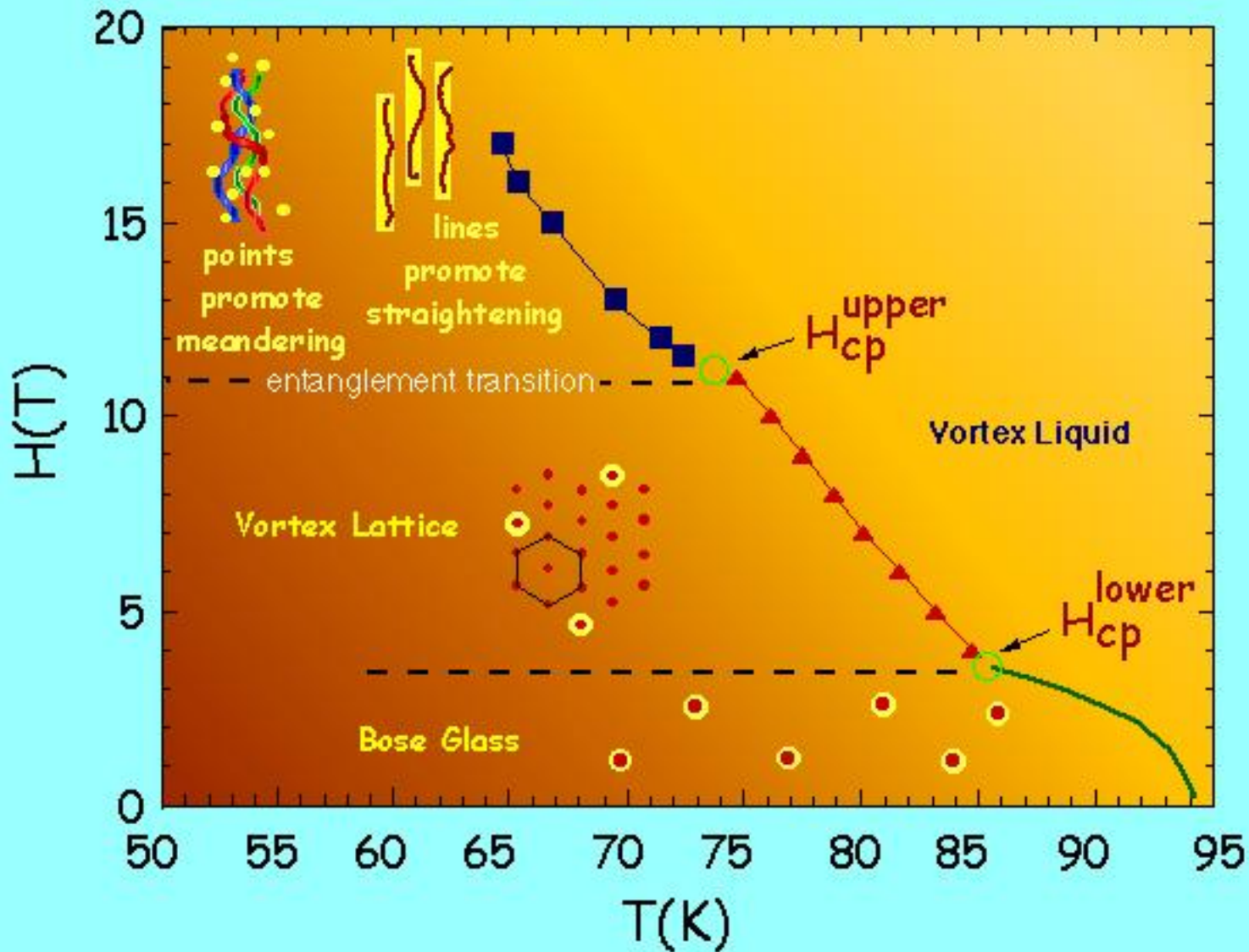


Disorder in Line Systems

polymers, liquid crystals, vortices

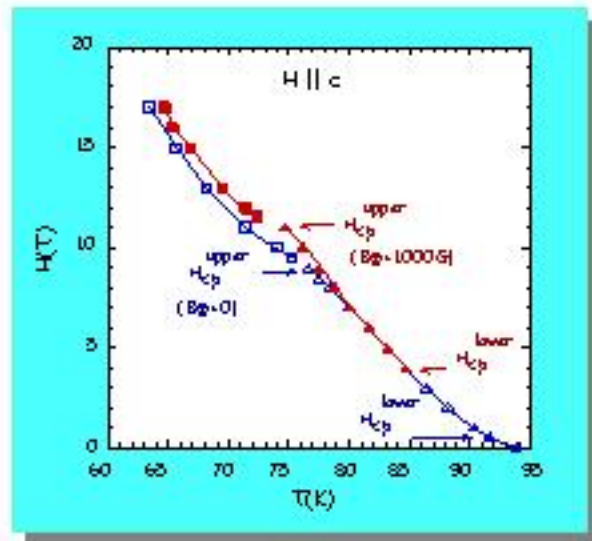


Phase Diagram of Vortex Matter

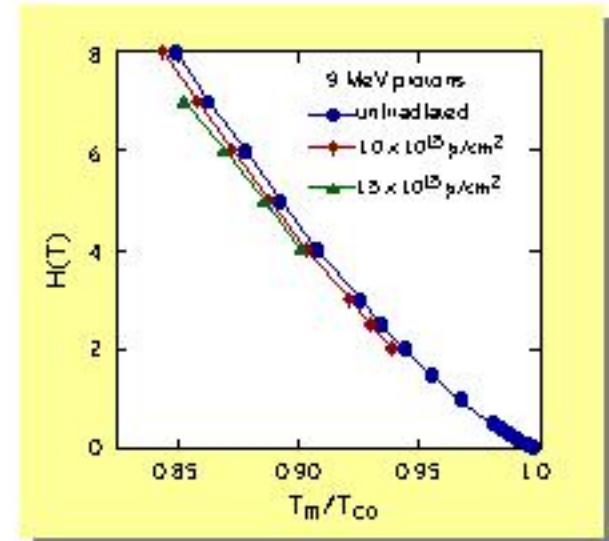


W. K. Kwok, R. J. Olsson, G. Karapetrov, L. M. Paulius, W. G. Moulton, D. J. Hofman, G. W. Crabtree (1999)

Summary



line disorder



point disorder

critical points controlled by disorder

- line defects: Bose glass < lower critical point $H_{lcp} \sim 40 B\phi$
- point defects: disordered phases not identified
- upper phase - longitudinal wandering & entanglement
- lower phase - transverse randomization