

PROPSAT

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Nomenclature



CubeSat – Pico satellite conforming to Cal-poly specifications

ALLSTAR – Agile Low-cost Laboratory for Space Technology
Acceleration and Research

PROPSAT – Propulsion satellite

R-134a – 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

Expansion Ratio – The ratio between throat area and the exit area

Delta V – Change in velocity



Mission Goal



- PROPSAT is a continuation and third revision of the ALLSTAR satellite system following polar cube.
- The payload is designed to provide impulsive propulsion capability to ALLSTAR. Used for orbital maintenance and small impulsive maneuvers.



The PROPSAT Module



- The PROP module is cold gas thruster with R-134a as fuel.
- PropSat is a continuation of the ALLSTAR and PolarCube missions.
- It is a dedicated propulsion module for missions utilizing the ALLSTAR bus structure (3U CubeSat configuration)
- Part of NASA's CubeSat Launch Initiative

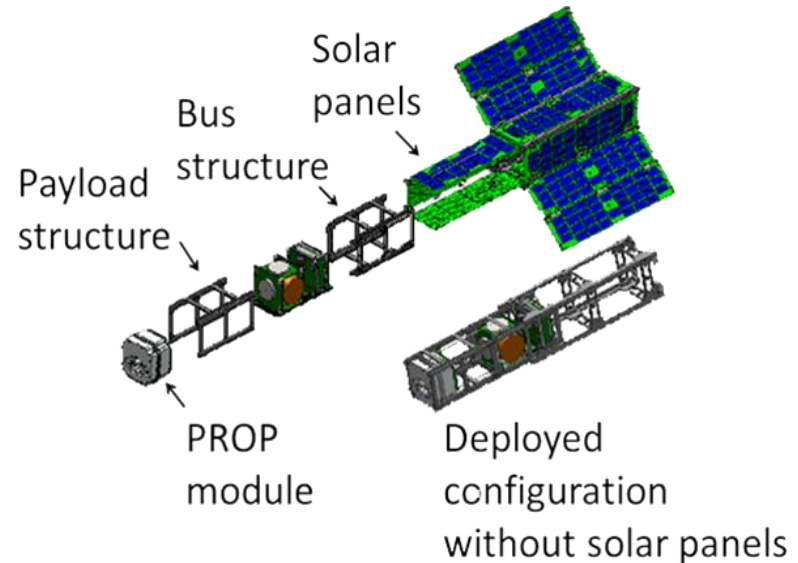


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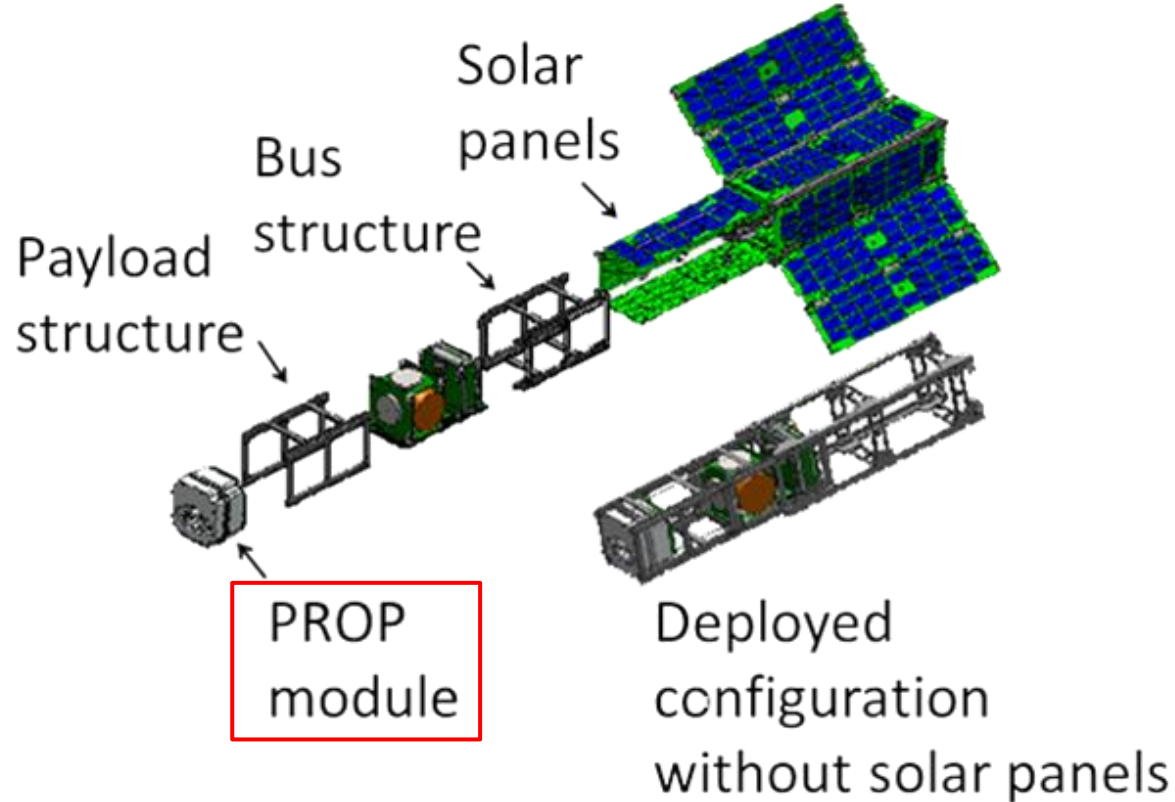
Integration with ALLSTAR



- Prop attaches to the edge of the payload section and takes up roughly $\frac{1}{2}$ - unit of the payload section
- Prop will consume no more the 2 watts at any given time.
- Prop will be software controllable by the ALLSTAR avionics
- Allows 1-unit for science payload



ALLSTAR Bus Integration



Design Requirements



- Estimation for one year orbital maintenance
 - ALLSTAR requirement is 10 m/s impulsive
 - 1-Unit : 4.5 to 17 m/s
 - 3 unit : 3.5 to 20 m/s
 - Depending on orientation and solar state
- Attitude Estimation
 - 1-Unit : 1-3 m/s*
 - 3 unit : 2-4 m/s*
 - No ALLSTAR Requirement
- Power draw: 2 watts

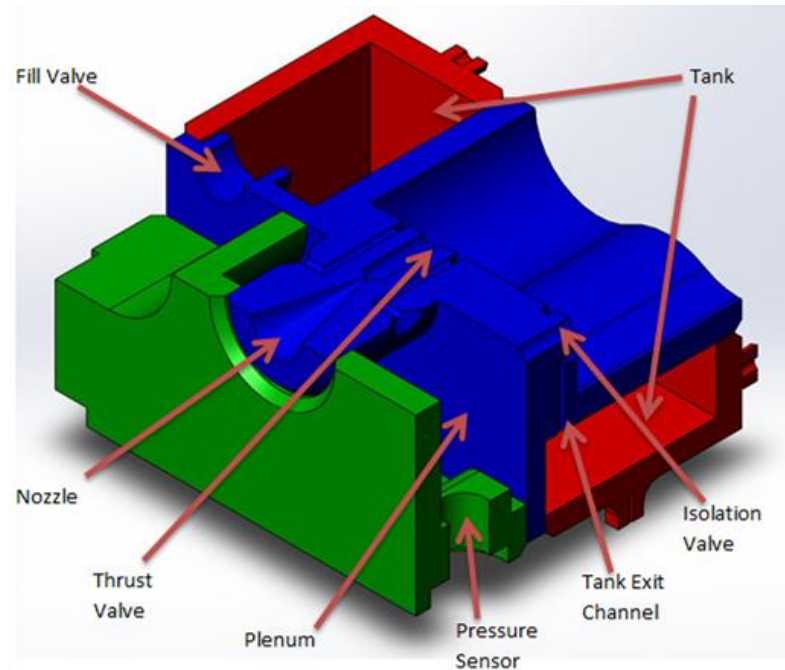


Design Overview

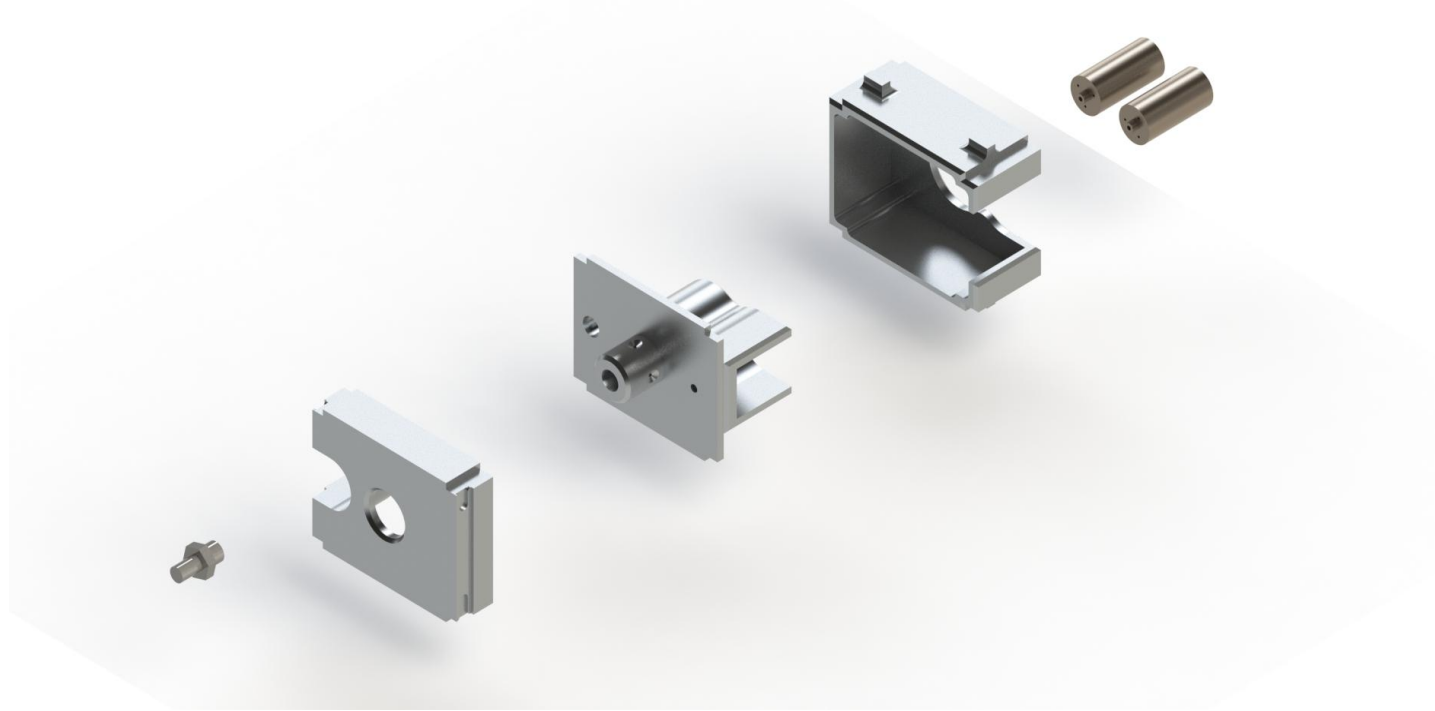
- Two-phase cold-gas propulsion system.
 - Phase one: saturated liquid
 - Phase two: gaseous state
- Uses R134-a propellant
 - High density
 - High molecular mass
 - Chemically inert
- Machined in four pieces out of 6061 Aluminum
- Pieces welded together using Electron beam welding

Design

- Tank
 - Stores saturated liquid R-134a
- Isolation valves
 - Transfers the fluid from the Tank to the Plenum
 - Plenum to exhaust
- Plenum
 - Stores pressurized R-134a vapor
 - Feeds from tank
- Nozzle
 - Speeds up the flow of the fluid
 - Expansion ratio of 460
 - Feeds from Plenum to exhaust



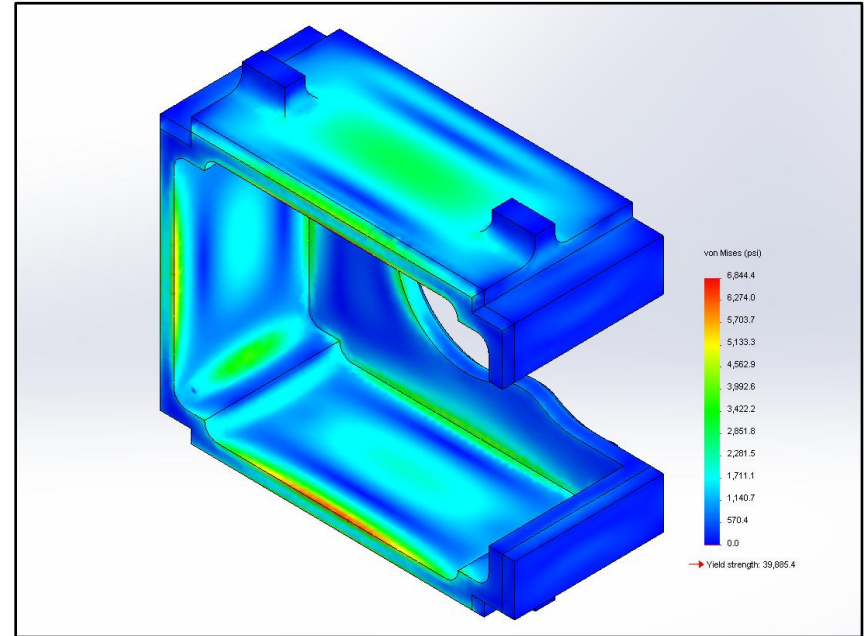
Exploded View



Tank Specifications



- Factor of safety of 4.38
- Tank volume of 6.43 cubic inches
- 6061 Aluminum
- Saturated Liquid
- 70 psi to 80 psi



Nozzle Specifications



- Expansion ratio 460
- Current ISP of 48-50 seconds
- Minimum Thrust of 4.983×10^{-5} N
- Maximum operating pressure 200 psi



Propulsion

- Tank and plenum are heated by external patch heaters (limited to 2 watts total power draw)
 - Increased fluid pressure and overall efficiency
- Isolation valve opens and plenum is filled.
- Thrust valve opens allowing a quick, efficient burst of thrust.
- Control loop keeps plenum at optimal pressure via the isolation valve.

Performance



- Current design has a nozzle expansion ratio of 460
- Exit Mach number of 6.368
- Experimental ISP of 48-50 seconds
- Average estimated ΔV of 14.6m/s



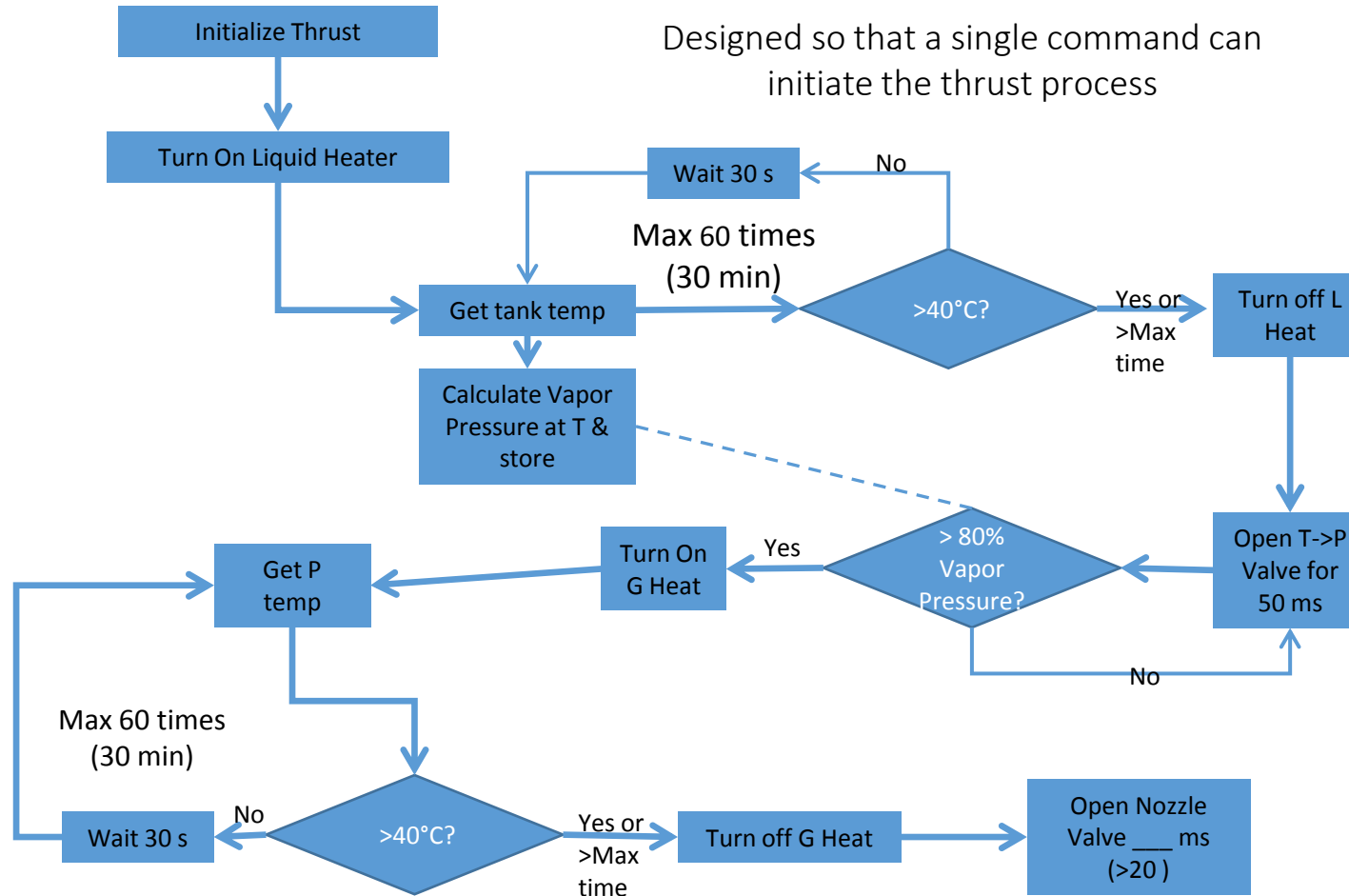
Control



- PROPSAT thrust is dictated by ALLSTAR avionics and flight software
- PROPSAT is controlled by a control loop on a dedicated board secured to the outside of module
- Control loop uses stored thermodynamic data to estimate the states of propellant
- Board then controls valves and patch heaters based on estimates
- Helps keeps exit velocities more constant

Control algorithm

Designed so that a single command can initiate the thrust process



Lessons Learned



- Tasks take longer than expected
- Documentation is important
- Organization is helpful in the long run
- Unanticipated technical problems can always occur



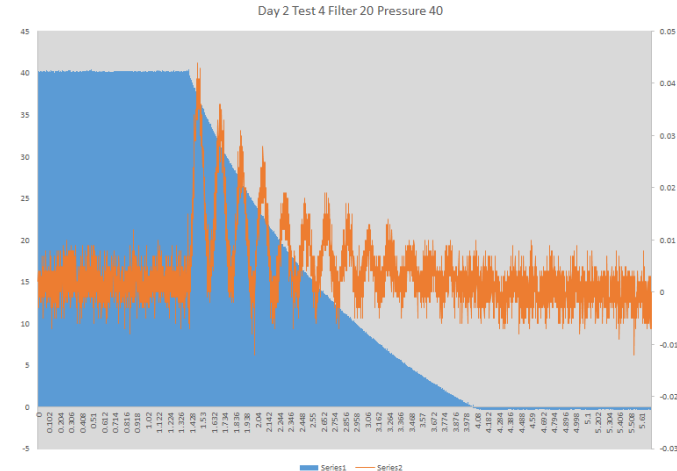
Benefits to the Scientific Community

- Small scale propulsion is something that has been tried a lot , but rarely done successfully. PROPSAT and the ALLSTAR bus hopes to provide an affordable and easily reproducible option for thrust on small scale satellites.
- This can provide a multitude of different possibilities

Future?



- More environmental and performance testing to be completed
- PolarCube completion
- Launch opportunities:
 - CubeSat Initiative Launch Secured
 - CubeQuest Centennial Challenge



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Colorado Space Grant Symposium

Conclusion



- PROPSAT is used for orbit sustainability and small impulsive maneuvers
- PROPSAT is a usable, scalable propulsion method that could be utilized on a wide variety of platforms.



Acknowledgements and Thank you's



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- The PROPSAT Team – Current and former members
- ALLSTAR Team
- PolarCube Team



References



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- Pender, A., "CubeSat Propulsion Subsystem Design," Jan. 2013

