

ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR PROCESSES: ASTR-5110

This document presents topical guidelines for instructors of one of the five APS core graduate courses. It is provided as a reference to support instructors in their syllabus preparation, and to assist the APS Examinations Committee in their review of those syllabi. Following each set of primary/recommended topics (in black), we list suggested optional topics (in *violet*) and example applications to APS research fields (in *green*) suitable for student projects, scientific coding, or homework exercises. It is anticipated that instructors focus at least two-thirds of class time on the primary course topics, with the remaining time spent on optional topics or other related topics of the instructor's choosing. Instructors are encouraged to draw upon a range of examples from astrophysics, planetary science, and solar/space physics to illustrate the core material. The current version of these guidelines was adopted by the AY20-21 and AY21-22 Graduate Curriculum and Concerns Committees (GCCC). Future changes/updates will be made regularly; alternately, changes can be proposed to the GCCC.

Basics of Quantum Mechanics

Postulates; operators

The Schrödinger equation (connection to probabilities & observables)

Importance of quantized angular momentum & spin

Application: potential-well penetration for thermal particles undergoing fusion

Atomic Structure

The hydrogen atom: energy levels, wavefunctions & spherical harmonics

Perturbation theory: degeneracy, level splitting, radiation

Level splitting: fine & hyperfine structure; the Zeeman effect

Multi-electron atoms: orbitals & shell-filling

Spin-orbit interactions: L-S coupling, *J-J coupling*

Time-dependent Hamiltonian, including perturbation terms

Application: fitting/simulating Zeeman-split spectral lines formed by magnetized atmospheres

Atomic Spectroscopy

Hydrogen spectroscopy and nomenclature

Selection rules for line transitions; spectroscopic notation

Einstein A & B coefficients (stimulated emission/absorption; spontaneous emission)

Collisional excitation & de-excitation

Source functions and detailed balance

Line formation (emission vs. absorption); optical depth

Line broadening (natural, thermal, collisional); introduction to the curve of growth

Blackbody radiation; partition functions; quantum statistics

Practical spectroscopic data analysis tools; fitting line profiles

Application: properties of the CMB: blackbody radiation & quantum fluctuations

Application: diagnostic potential of equivalent widths & emission measures

Molecular Physics & Spectroscopy

Molecular orbitals; electronic, vibrational, & rotational spectra

Rigid rotator & harmonic oscillator descriptions of observed modes

Molecular spectroscopy selection rules for diatomic molecules

Application: ortho-para H₂ interconversion in Jupiter's atmosphere and/or supernova shocks

Application: deriving column density from rotational emission (e.g., CO isotopologues)

Ionization and Recombination

Rate coefficients

Ionization/recombination equilibrium in the Saha, coronal, and nebular limits

Collision rates and heating

Radiative cooling of a plasma

Charge exchange; nonthermal excitation processes

Molecular formation and dissociation

Application: origin of the stellar spectral sequence (OBAFGKM)

Application: stable phases of the interstellar medium (CNM, WNM/WIM, HIM)

Application: assessing properties of nebulae (temperature, density) from forbidden lines