On the front of your bluebook, write (1) your name, (2) Exam 1, (3) APPM 3570/STAT 3100. Correct answers with no supporting work may receive little or no credit. Books, notes and electronic devices of any kind are not allowed. A sheet of interesting formulae accompanies this exam. Your exam should be uploaded to Gradescope in a PDF format (Recommended: Genius Scan, Scannable or CamScanner for iOS/Android). Show all work, justify your answers. Do all problems. Students are required to re-write the honor code statement in the box below on the first page of their exam submission and sign and date it:

On my honor, as a University of Colorado Boulder student, I have neither given nor received unauthorized assistance on this work. Signature: Date:

1. (32pts) There are 4 unrelated parts to this question. Justify your answers.
(a) (8pts) How many different permutations are there of the 12 letters $A, B, C, \ldots, K, L$ for which (i) $A$ and $B$ are next to each other? (ii) $A$ is before $B$ (but not necessarily next to $B$ )?
(b) (8pts) A committee of 12 is to be selected from 10 seniors and 10 freshmen, in how many ways can the selection be carried out if there must be more freshmen than seniors?
(c) (8pts) How many distinct terms are there in the complete expansion of $\left(\frac{x}{2}+y-3 z\right)^{5}$ ? What is the sum of all the coefficients in the complete expansion?
(d) (8pts) An urn contains $M$ white and $N$ black balls. If a random sample of size $r$ is chosen, what is the probability that it contains exactly $k$ white balls? (Assume that $k \leq r$.)
2. (32pts) You have 6 coins in front of you. Five of the coins are unbiased (i.e., the probability of tossing a head is $50 \%$ ). The sixth coin is biased, and the probability of tossing a head is $70 \%$. It is not possible to tell which is the biased coin just by looking. You plan to pick a coin at random and then will flip it three times.
(a) (4pts) If an unbiased coin was picked, what is the probability that two of three tosses will be heads? What assumptions are you making?
(b) (4pts) If the biased coin was picked, what is the probability that two of three tosses will be heads? What assumptions are you making?
(c) (8pts) What is the total probability of tossing two heads?
(d) (8pts) You pick a coin, toss it three times and get two heads. What is the probability you selected the biased coin?
(e) (8pts) Now let $Y$ be the total number of flips of the biased coin required to get exactly three heads (we stop flipping after the occurrence of the third head). Find $P(Y=n)$ for $n=3,4, \ldots$.
3. (36pts) Shedeur and Shiloh are playing a game with two 3-sided dice, die $A$ and die $B$ (note, 3-sided dice do not exist but, for the sake of this question, let's just say they do). Die A has the values $-1,0$, and 1 , and is biased, with $\mathrm{P}(A=-1)=\frac{2}{10}$, $\mathrm{P}(A=0)=\frac{4}{10}$ and $\mathrm{P}(A=1)=\frac{4}{10}$, and Die B has the values $1,2,3$ and is a fair die (so all sides of Die B are equiprobable).
The game works as follows: both dice are rolled, and Shiloh pays Shedeur the product of the amounts shown on the faces of Die $A$ and Die B, if the product is negative, Shedeur pays Shiloh. (For example, if $\operatorname{Die} A=1$ and $D i e B=3$, then the product is $1 \cdot 3=3$ and Shiloh has to pay Shedeur $\$ 3$; if Die $A=-1$ and $\operatorname{Die} B=2$ then the product is $-1 \cdot 2=-2$ and Shedeur has to pay Shiloh $\$ 2$.)
(a) (8pts) What is the sample space of all possible outcomes of rolling the pair of dice? (Your answer should be in the appropriate set notation.)
(b) (4pts) Define the random variable $X$ to be the amount of money Shedeur gains/loses on a single turn. What values can $X$ take on?
(c) (8pts) Find the probability mass function (pmf) of $X$. What assumptions are you making about dice A and B? Verify that your answer is a true probability mass function. (Your pmf should be defined for all real numbers.)
(d) (8pts) Write down the cumulative distribution function (cdf) of $X$. (Your cdf should be defined for all real numbers.)
(e) (8pts) Find the probability that Shedeur wins at least two dollars.
