- 1. (24 pts) Consider the region  $\mathcal{R}$  in the first quadrant bounded above by  $y = \cosh x$ , below by y = 1, and on the right by  $x = \ln 2$ .
  - (a) Sketch and shade the region  $\mathcal{R}$ .
  - (b) Set up but <u>do not evaluate</u> integrals to determine each of the following:
    - I. The volume of the solid generated by rotating  $\mathcal{R}$  about the *y*-axis.
    - II. The volume of the solid generated by rotating  $\mathcal{R}$  about the line y = 3.
    - III. The length of the curve  $y = \cosh x$  for  $0 \le x \le \ln 2$ . (Simplify the integrand, eliminating all square roots.)
- 2. (14 pts) Find the surface area when  $y = 6\sqrt{x+7}$  from x = 0 to 9 is rotated about the x-axis. Evaluate the corresponding integral.
- 3. (18 pts) The following two problems are not related.
  - (a) Masses  $m_1 = 3$  and  $m_2 = k$  are located at (k, -8) and (1, 3k), respectively. The moment  $M_x$  of the system equals 6k. What is the value of k?
  - (b) Solve the initial value problem. Simplify your answer and express it in the form y = f(x).

$$\frac{\csc^2 x}{y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = \sec^2 x, \quad y\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = e^{-\pi/4}$$

4. (24 pts) The following two problems are not related.

(a) Does 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5+3^n}{4^n}$$
 converge or diverge? If it converges, find the sum.  
(b) i. Is  $\left\{\frac{\pi n}{1-2n}\right\}$  monotonic? Justify your answer.  
ii. Does  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{1-2n}\right)$  converge or diverge? If it converges, find the sum.

5. (20 pts) Suppose  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$  is a series such that the corresponding sequence of partial sums is given by

$$s_n = \arctan\left(\frac{n^2 + 2}{7 - 3n}\right)$$

- (a) Find  $a_1$  and  $a_2$ , the first two terms of the series. You may leave your answer unsimplified.
- (b) Does  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$  converge? If so, to what does it converge? Justify your answer.
- (c) Does  $\{a_n\}$  converge? If so, to what does it converge? Justify your answer.