

On the front of your bluebook, please write: a grading key, your name, student ID, your lecture number and instructor.

This exam is worth 150 points and has 5 questions.

- Submit this exam sheet with your bluebook. However, nothing on this exam sheet will be graded. Make sure all of your work is in your bluebook.
- **Show all work and simplify your answers!** Answers with no justification will receive no points unless otherwise noted. **Please begin each problem on a new page.**
- You will be taking this exam in a proctored and honor code enforced environment. This means: no notes or papers, calculators, cell phones, or other electronic devices are permitted.

1. [30 pts] Let  $f(x) = \frac{e^x}{4 - e^x}$ .

- Find all asymptotes, if any, of the graph of  $f(x)$ . Full justification requires the appropriate use of limits.
- Find the linearization of  $f(x)$  at  $x = 0$ .
- Find the area under the graph of  $f(x)$  between  $x = 0$  and  $x = 1$ .

2. [35 pts] Consider the function  $g(x) = \int_{-1}^{2x} \sqrt{1 + \sin t} dt$

- [5 pts] Find  $g(-1/2)$ .
- [10 pts] Will  $g(x)$  attain a maximum value on the interval  $[0, \pi/2]$ ? Explain briefly.
- [10 pts] Let  $c$  be the smallest positive critical number of  $g(x)$ . Find  $c$  and determine, with justification, whether or not  $g(c)$  is a relative extremum.
- [10 pts] Determine, with justification, if  $g(x)$  has an inflection point in the interval  $(0, \pi/2)$ .

3. [65 pts] The following problems are unrelated.

- [10 pts] Find  $(f^{-1})'(2)$  where  $f(x) = x^3 + 2x - 1$ .
- [6 pts] Let  $a > 0$  be a constant. If  $x = a \sin \theta$ , find  $\tan \theta$  in terms of  $x$  and  $a$ .
- [28 pts] Find the following limits.

$$\text{i. } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - 3x)^{1/x} \quad \text{ii. } \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{1 + x^2}{1 + 2x^2} \right) \quad \text{iii. } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{i}{n^2} \quad \text{iv. } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2}}{x-1}$$

(d) [21 pts] Evaluate the following integrals.

$$\text{i. } \int_{1/3}^{\sqrt{3}/3} \frac{1}{1 + 9x^2} dx \quad \text{ii. } \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{5x+1}} dx \quad \text{iii. } \int \frac{\sinh w}{1 + \sinh^2 w} dw$$

- [10 pts] A bug crawls along the curve  $y = \cosh x$ . If the  $y$ -coordinate of the bug is changing at a rate of  $-4$  mm/sec, how fast is its  $x$ -coordinate changing when  $x = \ln 3$ ? Write your final answer without any hyperbolic functions, using appropriate definitions.
- [10 pts] Suppose an experimental population of fruit flies in your lab grows at a rate that is proportional to the number of flies present. Your lab assistant tells you that there were 100 flies after 2 days and 300 flies after 4 days. Approximately how many flies were in the original population?

POTENTIALLY HELPFUL FORMULAS

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \quad \sum_{i=1}^n i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \quad \sum_{i=1}^n i^3 = \left[ \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right]^2$$