

**INSTRUCTIONS:** Books, notes, and electronic devices are not permitted. Write **your full name** on every piece of paper that will be uploaded to gradescope. Do all problems. **Start each problem on a new page.** **Box** your answers. A correct answer with incorrect or no supporting work may receive no credit, while an incorrect answer with relevant work may receive partial credit. **Justify your answers, show all work. Only use techniques from sections 1.1-3.7.**

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1. (20pts) Short answer. Box your answer. No justification required.

- (a) True or False: Newton's Method will always converge to the desired answer (i.e  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = r$ )?
  - (b) For the function  $f(x) = x^3 + 1345$  does the point at  $(0, 1345)$  have any significance (in the curve sketching sense) other than being a y-intercept?
  - (c) Suppose you know for some function  $f(x)$  that  $f(r) = 0$ , that is  $x = r$  is a root of the function  $f(x)$ . If you are using Newton's method applied to  $f(x)$  and let  $x_1 = r$  what is  $x_2$ ?
  - (d) Find the most general antiderivative for  $f'(x) = \sin(x) + 2x$
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2. (20pts) Sketch the curve in parts.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

- (a) Domain, Asymptotes, Symmetry, Intercepts
  - (b) Interval of Increasing or Decreasing, location and value of Maxima/Minima
  - (c) Intervals of Concavity
  - (d) Sketch (indicate with a label any intercepts, max/mins, asymptotes, inflection points).
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3. (20pts) Show all work.

Maximize the product of two positive numbers that sum to 300.

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4. (20pts) Show all work. Parts (a) and (b) are unrelated.

- (a) Use Newton's Method to find a solution to  $\sin(x) = x$ . Find  $x_2$  given  $x_1 = \pi/2$ .
  - (b) Set up the formula for  $x_{n+1}$  if using Newton's method to find a maxima/minima of a function  $g(x)$ .
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5. (20pts) Show all work.

Given the acceleration of a particle moving in a straight line is  $a(t) = 6t$ , find the position function given  $v(0) = 1$  and  $s(1) = 0$ .