

APPM 4360/5360 Introduction to Complex Variables and Applications

EXAM #2 Wednesday March 16, 2016

Two pages (8 /2x11) of notes allowed; no calculators or text books

XC: Extra Credit

1. (15) Evaluate the integral  $\oint_C f(z)dz$  where  $C$  is the unit circle centered at the origin with:

a)  $f(z) = \frac{\sin z}{z}$

b)  $f(z) = \frac{e^{iz}}{z-a}$ ,  $0 < a < 1$

2. (15) Suppose  $f(z)$  is an entire function with  $|f(z)| \leq C_1|z|^2$  and  $|f'(z)| \leq C_2|z|$  with  $C_1 > 0, C_2 > 0$  constant. Find the most general form of  $f(z)$ . Explain your reasoning.

3. (15) Consider  $S(z) = \sum_1^\infty e^{-nz}$

a) Show that  $S(z)$  converges uniformly for  $\operatorname{Re} z \geq 1$

b) Find the largest region in the  $z$  plane where  $S(z)$  diverges; explain.

4. (15) Consider  $F(z) = \int_0^\infty f(t)e^{izt}dt$

a) Suppose  $f(t)$  is continuous and  $|f(t)| \leq Ke^{\alpha t}$ ,  $K > 0, \alpha > 0$ . Find the region in the complex plane where  $F(z)$  is analytic; explain.

b) Let  $f(t) = \frac{e^{-\alpha t^2}}{1+t^3}$ ,  $\alpha > 0$ . Find the region in the complex plane where  $F(z)$  is analytic; explain.

5. (20) Find the Laurent series associated with the following functions in the indicated regions

a)  $z + 1/z$   $0 < |z| < \infty$

b)  $\frac{z}{z^2+1}$ ,  $|z| > 1$

c)  $\frac{\log(1+z)}{z^2}$ ,  $|z| < 1$ , principal branch

PLEASE TURN OVER

6. (15) Find and classify all singularities and find the the strength of any pole and the residues in the finite  $z$  plane for the following functions:

a)  $f(z) = \frac{z^2+z+1}{z^2}$

b)  $f(z) = \cos(1/z^2)$

c)  $f(z) = \cot z$

7. (XC) (10)

A function that has period  $p$  satisfies  $f(z + p) = f(z)$ . Suppose  $f(z)$  has periods  $p = 1$  and  $p = i$  and let  $f(z)$  be an entire function. Prove that  $f(z)$  must be constant.