This is a sample Lab assignment for Calc III. It is based on a Calc I style optimization problem, and this is intended to show examples of "good" and "bad" lab write-ups. Adapted from <u>Brief Applied Calculus</u> by Berresford and Rockett.

To celebrate the acquisition of Styria in 1261, Ottokar II sent hunters into the Bohemian woods to capture a unicorn. To display the unicorn at court, the King wants to build a rectangular cage. The material for the three sides of the cage cost 3 ducats per running cubit, while the fourth wall was to be gilded (covered in gold) and cost 51 ducats per running cubit.

In 1261, it was well known that a happy unicorn requires an area of 2500 square cubits. Of course, the King wanted to build a cage that would keep the unicorn happy, but not cost him his whole kingdom!

- 1. Draw a picture of the cage and define some variables to be the lengths of the unknown sides.
- 2. Intuitively, what shape will the cage have? Will it be square or rectangular? What sides will be the shortest?
- 3. Derive an equation for the *cost* of the cage as a function of the longer side.
- 4. Plot the cost function.
- 5. Use calculus to determine the dimensions of the cage with minimum cost.
- 6. Suppose the King decided that the unicorn's cage would not have a guilded wall (thus making all sides of the cage cost 3 ducats per running cubit). Then what would be the dimensions of the optimally shaped cage?
- 7. What conclusions can you make?