

1. The following are unrelated (no justification is needed for this problem): (8 pts)

(a) Write in interval notation: $x \leq -\pi$ or $1 < x \leq \sqrt{3}$.

(b) Write in interval notation: x is less than $\frac{2}{5}$ and greater than or equal to zero.

(c) Graph on the real number line: $(-\infty, -3) \cup [3, \infty)$.

(d) i. Plot the numbers -5 and -7 on the real number line.

ii. Is the inequality $-5 < -7$ correct based on your answer to part i?

2. Perform the indicated operations (8 pts).

(a) $\frac{4}{15} - \frac{3}{20}$

(b) $\frac{3}{2} \left(1 + \frac{\frac{6}{5}}{3} \right)$

3. Consider the list of real numbers: $\left\{ \frac{1}{4}, \pi, 0, -5, 97, \sqrt{3} \right\}$ (6 pts)

(a) Write down the irrational numbers **note that some numbers may appear in more than one part.**

(b) Write down the rational numbers **note that some numbers may appear in more than one part.**

(c) Write down the integers **note that some numbers may appear in more than one part.**

4. Express the quantity without using absolute value: (4 pts)

(a) $|7 - x|$ when $x < -7$

(b) $|3 - \pi|$

5. The following are unrelated: (12 pts)

(a) Add as indicated: $-2^2 + 8^0 + 3^{-1}$

(b) Evaluate the expression: $\frac{2 - |4 - 11|}{|-1| - 5}$

(c) Evaluate the expression: $\frac{\sqrt{32}}{\sqrt{18}}$

6. The following are unrelated: (8 pts)

(a) Simplify the expression: $(3x - 5)^2 + 2x^5 + 3 - (2x^2x^3) - x.$

(b) Combine into a single fraction:

$$\sqrt{4 + x^2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 + x^2}}$$

7. Simplify the expression (give your answer without negative exponents) (4 pts): $3(a^{-1/2})^{-12} + \frac{10a^8}{5a^2b^3b^{-3}}$

8. Is $x = 2$ a solution of $(x^2 + 14)(x-3)^9(x-1)^7\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = -6$? As usual, make sure to justify your answer, an answer without work will receive no credit. (4 pts)

9. Consider the difference of two cubes formula, $a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$ and the expression $8x^3 - 27y^3$. (7 pts)

(a) In order to apply the formula to factor $8x^3 - 27y^3$ we need to identify what a and b are in the formula. Write down the appropriate values for a and b that allow us to factor $8x^3 - 27y^3$.

(b) Now use the formula and your answer to part (a) to factor $8x^3 - 27y^3$.

10. Factor completely (If not factorable write NF): $2x^2y - 12xy^2 + 32xy$ (4 pts)

11. Factor each of the following completely (If not factorable write NF): (7 pts)

(a) $x^{3/2} - 9x^{-1/2}$ (start by factoring out lowest power of x)

(b) $x^2 + 16$

12. Simplify the complex fraction: $\frac{\frac{1}{x} - \frac{4}{x^3}}{1 - \frac{1}{x-1}}$ (4 pts)

13. Divide: $\frac{\frac{x^3 - x^2}{x^2 + 2x + 1}}{\frac{38x - 38}{4(x-1)}}$ (4 pts)

14. Solve each of the following equations: (8 pts)

(a) $x^2 + 10 = 7x$

(b) $\frac{x}{8} = \frac{3}{4}x - 3 - \frac{1}{4}$

15. Solve each of the following equations: (12 pts)

(a) $\sqrt{2} = (x + 3)^2$

(b) Solve for r : $2r + 3pr = -5 + r$

(c) Solve: $4 - 2x = x^2$