CETI Cetacean Echolocation

Translation Initiative



Search and Help Aquatic Mammals UAS

Manufacturing Status Review

<u>Team</u>

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Customers

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<u>Advisor</u>

Donna Gerren









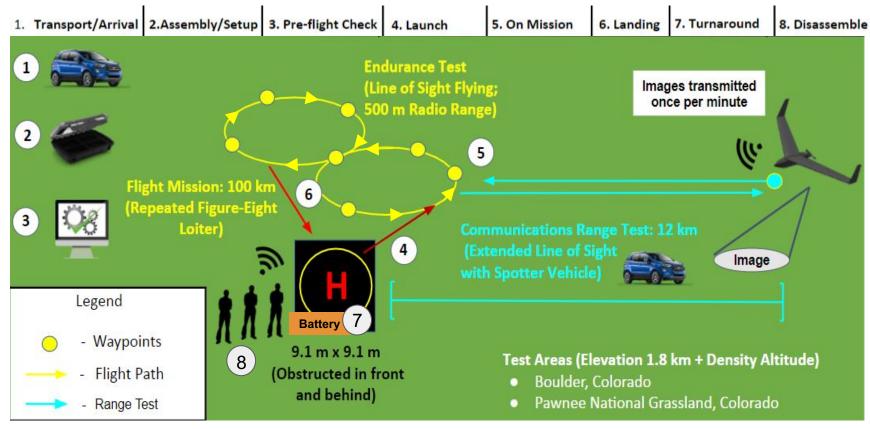


Critical Project Elements

Project Description Search and Help Aquatic Mammals UAS

will design an **unmanned aerial system** to carry a <u>future</u> instrument payload capable of **locating sperm whales in the ocean**. The future unmanned aerial vehicle will be **launched and recovered from a research vessel's helipad**.

SHAMU Test CONOPS



Overview

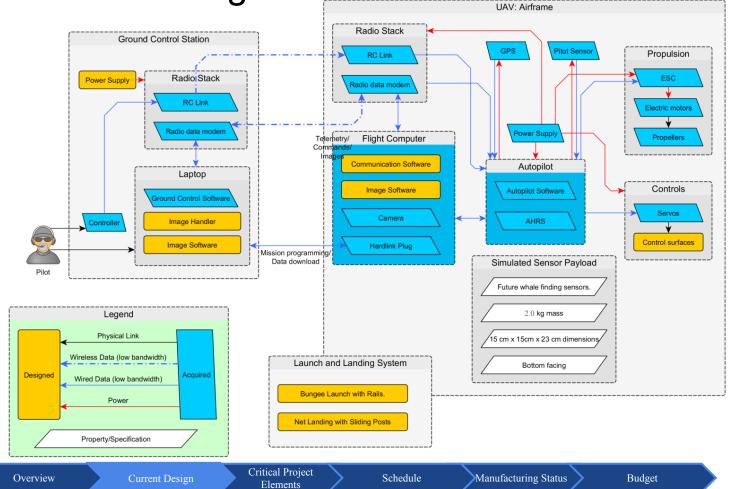
Critical Project Elements

Schedule

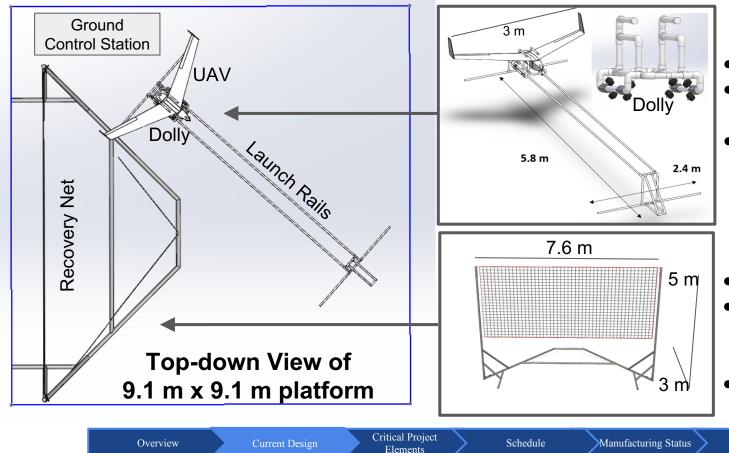
Levels of Success

- <u>The aircraft and associated systems pass ground tests</u>: Aircraft has 2 kg instrument payload with 15 x 15 x 23 cm volume; wing loading test of 5g; aircraft mass below 22.7 kg. Power source endures 1 hour simulated flight mission. Locally downlink telemetry; full manual control over control surface servos.
- 1. <u>The aircraft is airworthy and proven to fly</u>: piloted **takeoff** and **landing**, **5 minutes** on mission, uplink **waypoints**, **telemetry** displayed to pilot.
- 1. <u>The aircraft has improved flight performance</u>: **30 minutes** on mission, **full autonomy** at cruise, **500m** radio range, **images** are **saved onboard once per minute**.
- The UAS meets all mission objectives: 1.4 hours on mission, 20 m/s cruise speed, 12km radio range, images transmitted once per minute.

Functional Block Diagram



Review of Baseline Design



UAV on Launch Rails

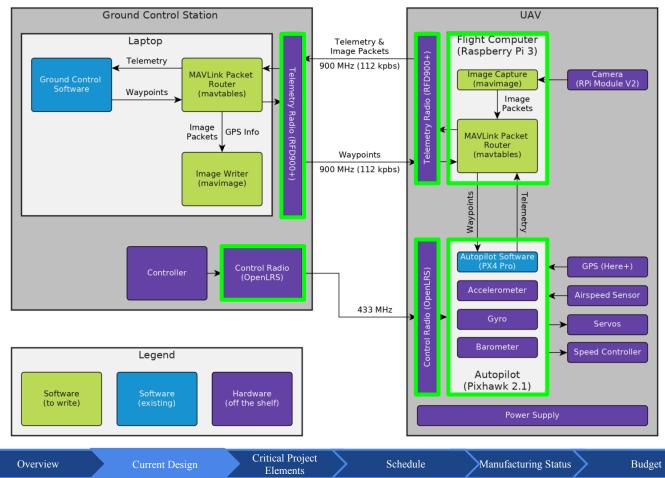
- Dolley rides on rails
- UAV accelerated via dolley and bungees
 - UAV ejected by sudden stop of dolley via restraining rope

Recovery Net

• Net extends

- Lines, pulleys, and bungees enable net extension
- Sailing cleat prevents rebound

Review of Navigation Hardware/Software Design



Critical Project Elements



Requirement Considerations

Aerial Vehicle	 Stability and control Future sensor payload Tradeoff between maximizing lift-to-drag ratio and structural/manufacturing complexity 			
Takeoff and Recovery	 Accelerate/decelerate aircraft under maximum structural load Capability to transport and setup on 9.1m x 9.1m helipad 			

Current Design

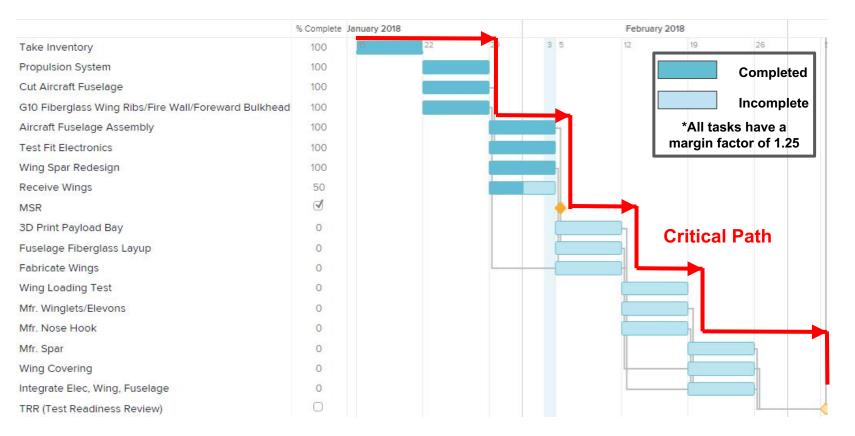
Critical Project Elements



Requirement Considerations

Communication with Ground Station	 Communication range of 12 km from ground station Transmit images at one per minute Piloted manual control Transmit updated flight waypoints Transmit telemetry to ground station
Flight Computer / Autopilot	 Collects sensor data for virtual cockpit Autopilot keeps aircraft in steady, level flight Accepts flight waypoints and executes

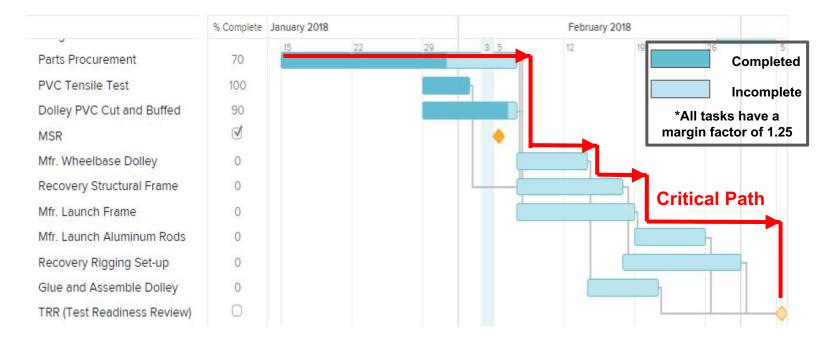
CPE: Aerial Vehicle Schedule



Current Design Critical Project Elements

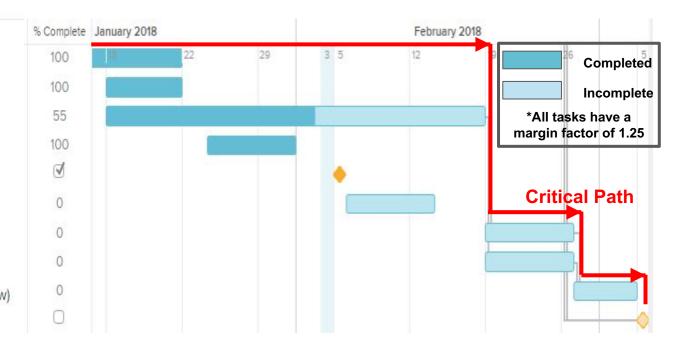
Schedule

CPE: Takeoff/Recovery Schedule

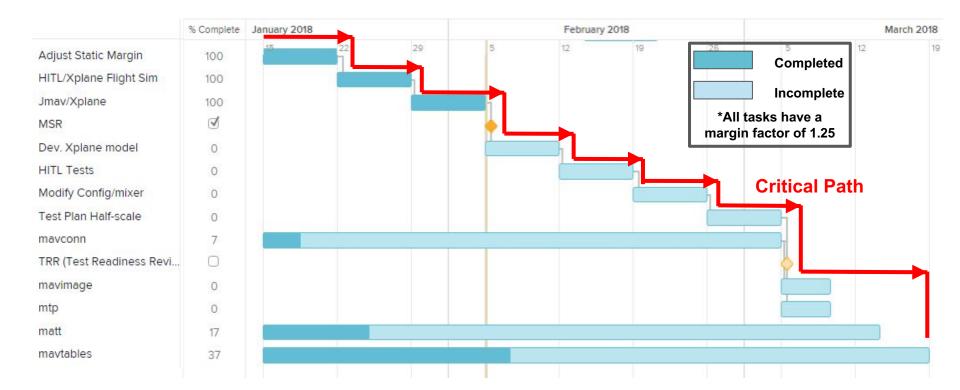


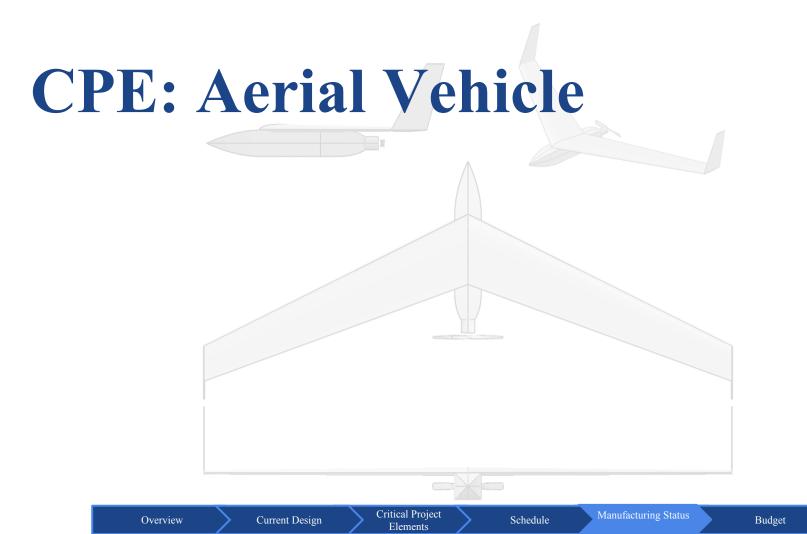
CPE: Communication Schedule

Mfr. Groundstation Tower Install Antenna Pointer Parts Procurement Power Supply Design MSR Radio Functional Test Datalink Range Test RC Range Test Integrate Comm into UAV TRR (Test Readiness Review)



CPE: Flight Computer/Autopilot (Software) Schedule





Manufacturing Flow Chart

Completed

Behind schedule

Upcoming

Week	1/15	1/22	1/29	2/5	2/12	2/19	2/26	3/5 - 3/19
	Inventory	Propulsion System	Receive Wings	Fuselage fiberglass layup	Nose hook fabrication	Carry through spar fab.	Wing covering	Schedule margin
		Foam Fuselage Parts Fab.	Fuselage Assembly	Cut wing spars	Elevon cuts	Elevon rigging	Electronics Integration	
		G10 Parts Fab.	Test fit electronics	Cut wings for rib	Winglet fabrication		Wing/ fuselage mate	
				Glue spars/ribs in wing cores				
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>	

Overview

Critical Project Elements

Challenges- Carry Through Spar

<u>lssue:</u>

Previous solution Aluminum 7075:

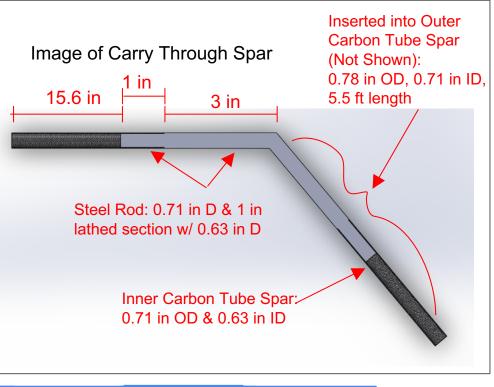
- Not weldable, thus cannot obtain "bend"
- No source for 0.71 in diameter rod

Mitigation:

- Use 440c steel
- Shorten carry through spar (higher density)
- Reinforce wing's Outer Carbon Tube Spars with Inner Carbon Tube Spar (together, create 0.78 in OD and 0.63 mm ID spar)

Process:

- Lathe steel rod ends (last 1 in) to fit within 0.63 in ID Inner Carbon Tube Spar.



Critical Project Elements

Schedule

Challenges- Fiberglass Layup

<u>lssue:</u>

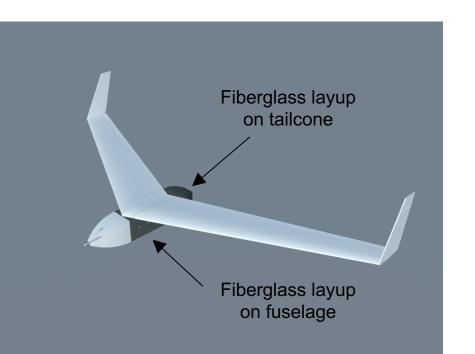
- Attention to detail to prevent air pockets and wrinkles
- Lack of experience on team

Mitigation:

- Fuselage is designed without compound curves, which simplifies fiberglass layup

Solution:

- Get instruction from experts at RECUV
- Do a practice run with extra fiberglass and EPP



Schedule

Challenges- Elevon Cuts

Issue:

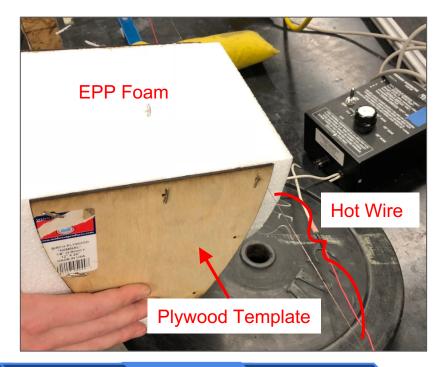
- To prevent wing damage, elevon cuts must be done to 1 mm precision
- Tolerance: 1 mm

Mitigation:

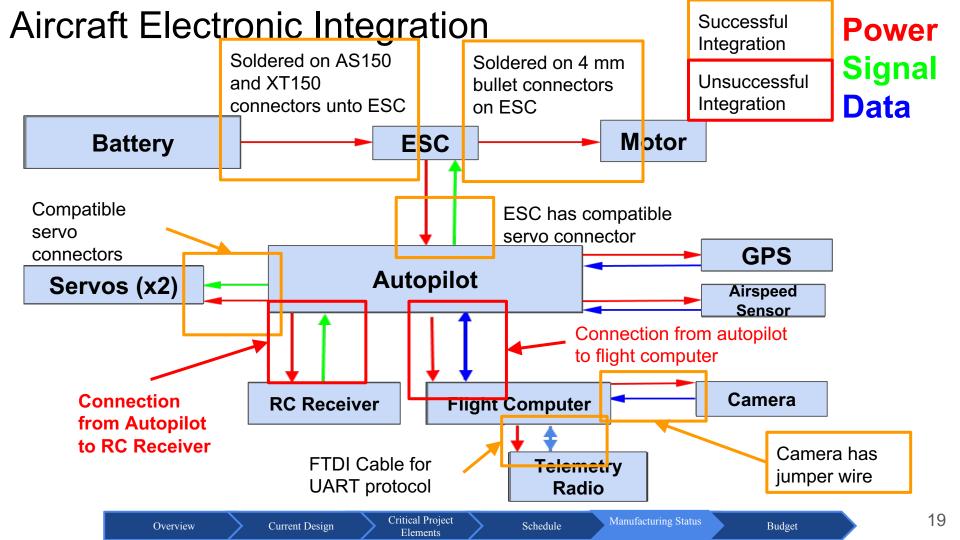
- Plan elevon hotwire cut late in schedule \rightarrow group will have experience
- Practice on extra, unusable set of wings

Process:

- Laser cut 1/8 inch plywood templates
- Pin templates to wing (exterior sides on templates line up with wing planform)
- Cut foam by running hotwire cutter along templates

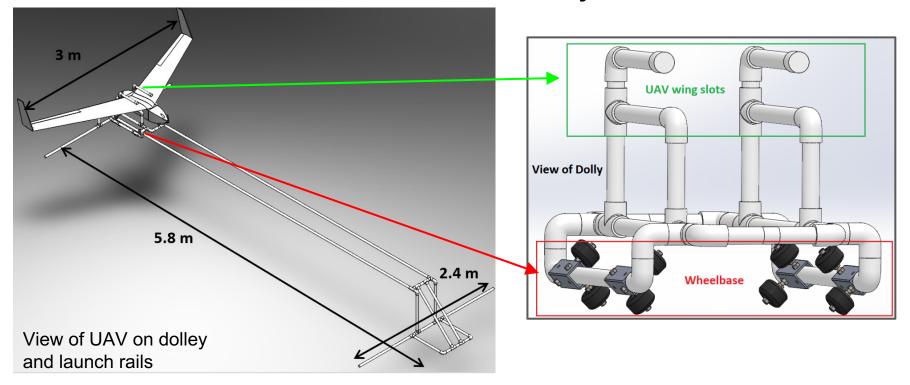


Schedule





SHAMU Launch System



Overview

Current Design

Critical Project Elements

Schedule

Launch System

Functionality	• Dolly will carry UAV down the rails up to speed				
	Rail Framing will guide dolly for UAV takeoff				
Challenges	Wheelbase machining				
Plan	Pursue help from machine shop experts				
	 Perform tasks by February 14th 				

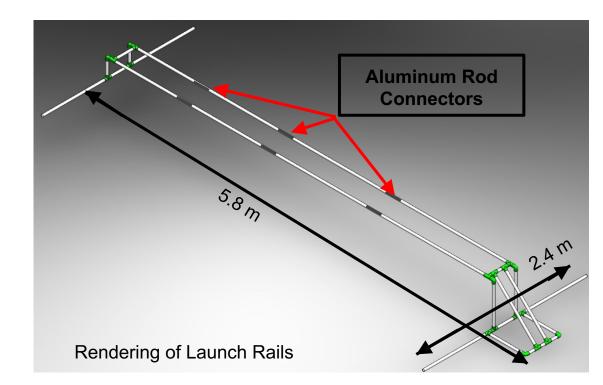
Rail System Status - 15% Complete

PVC (2 in. Sch 40)

- Status: PVC lengths marked
- Next Steps: Cutting the PVC with sawzall. Prepare for launch testing before TRR.

6061 Aluminum rods (6 in long)

- Status: Parts Acquired
- Next Steps: Drill 1 inch hole with drill press. Prepare for launch testing before TRR.

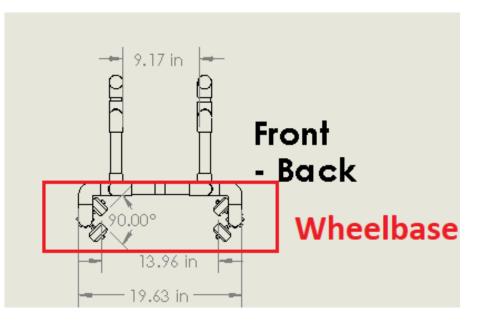


Dolly Status - 20% Complete

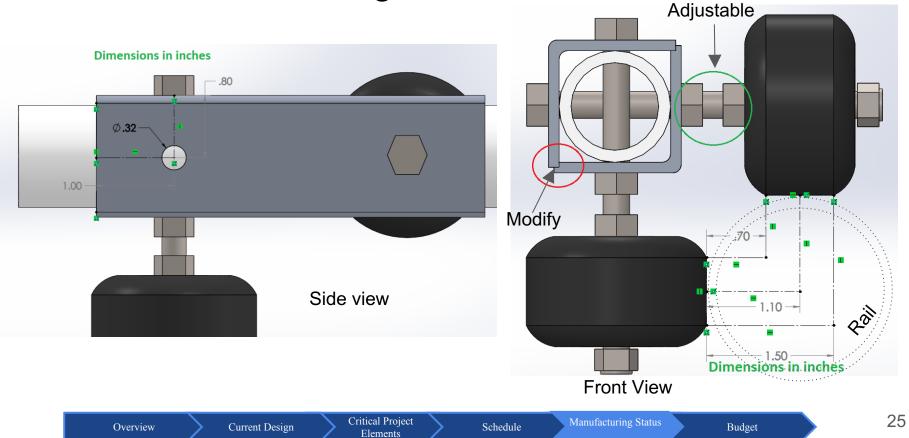
- PVC (1 in. Sch 40)
 - Status: All segments cut
 - Next Steps: Needs to be glued
 - Tools: Sawzall, Sand, Buffer

Wheelbase

- **Status:** Scheduled for manufacturing
- **Tools:** Saw, Sanding, Drill Press



Challenge - Wheelbase

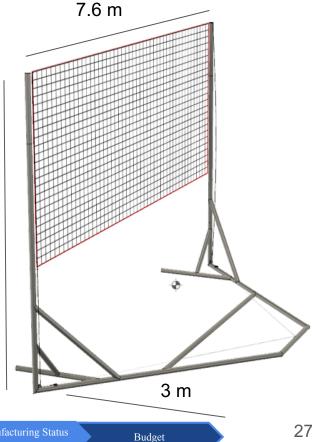


Recovery System

Functionality	PVC Structure will support the recovery net				
	• Damping System will slow the aircraft to a halt				
Challenges	System complexity				
	Rope/Pulley Interfacing/Tangling				
Plan	Complete PVC structure by Feb 18, 2018				
	Use eyebolts to effectively guide rope				

Recovery System Status

- Manufacturing delayed due to PVC Testing \bullet
- Dry Assembly 10%
 - PVC testing completed Feb 3, 2018. Ο
- Damping Setup 10% \bullet
 - 50% of supplies acquired
- Despite delays, manufacturing scheduled to finish 1 week prior to TRR



Critical Project Elements

5 m

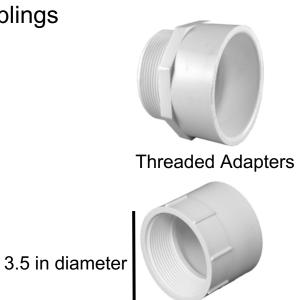
Recovery Assembly

Structure

- Pipe sections secured to connectors with threaded adaptors
- Sections >6 feet long split and secured with couplings

Rigging/Net

- Eyebolts screw into pipe
- Eyebolt/Pulley every 1.5 ft on vertical section
- Pulleys/cleats screw through pipe and secured



Budget

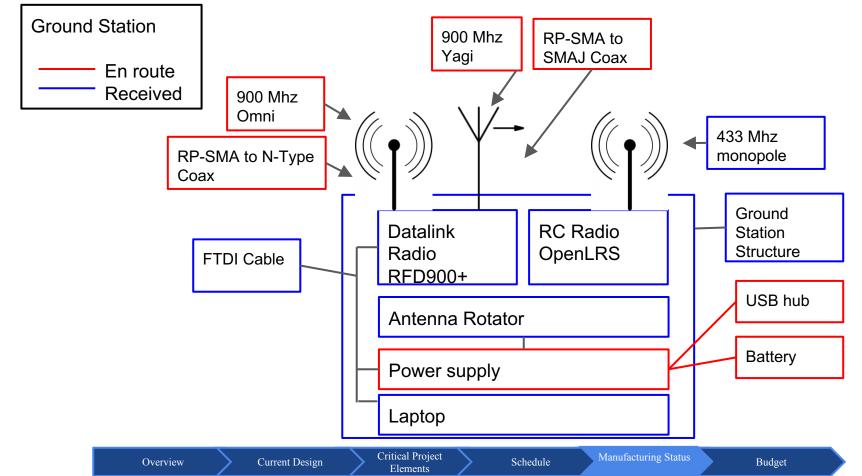


Communications

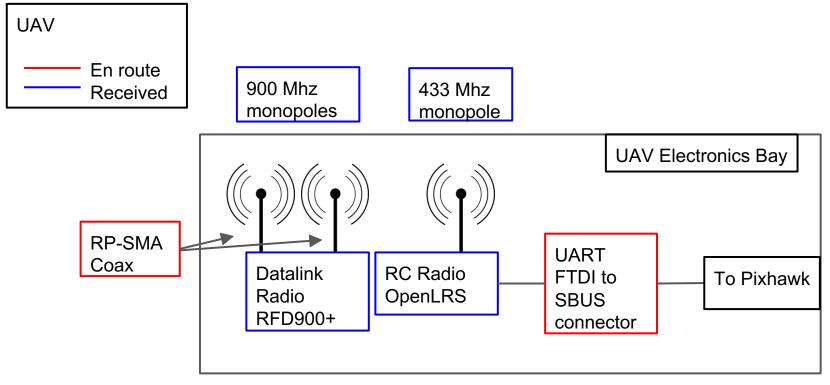
Functionality	RC and Datalink Communication range of 12 km from ground station			
	Transmit updated flight waypoints			
	• Transmit telemetry & images to ground station			
Challenges	 Procurement of parts (long lead times) 			
	Antenna pointing			
	RC channel performance (false specifications)			
Plan	Use an alternative supplier if parts do not arrive			
	Resort to use of omni-directional antenna or tracking system			
	More powerful backup system ordered (HawkEye OpenLRS)			

Budget

Communications System Status Diagram

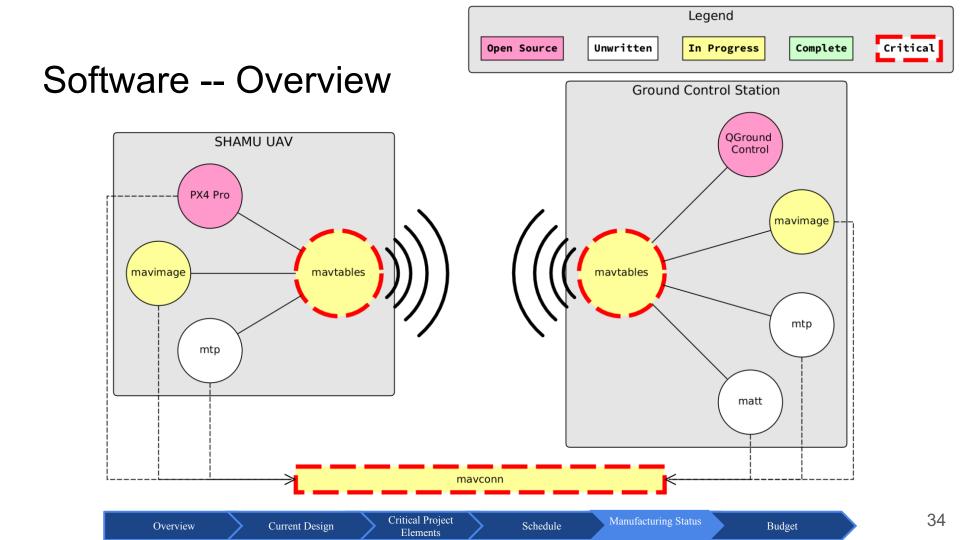


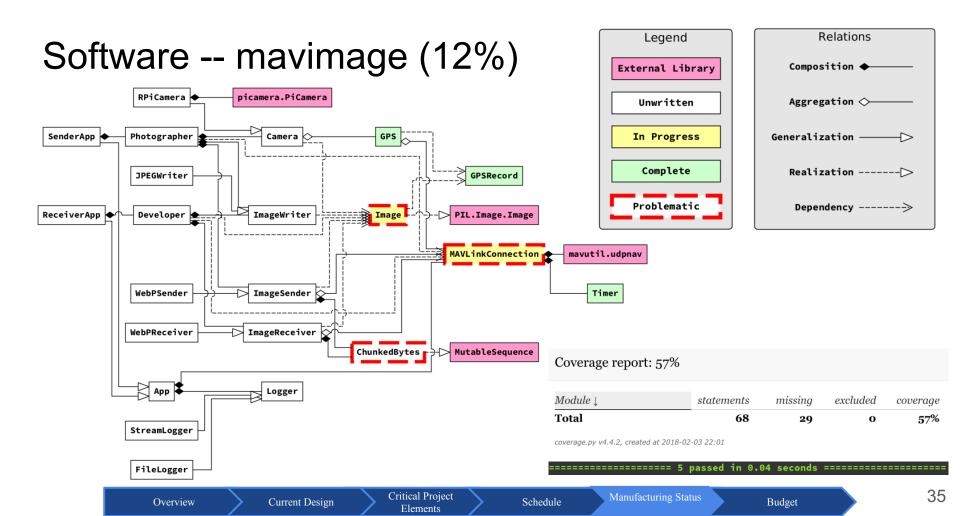
Communications System Status Diagram

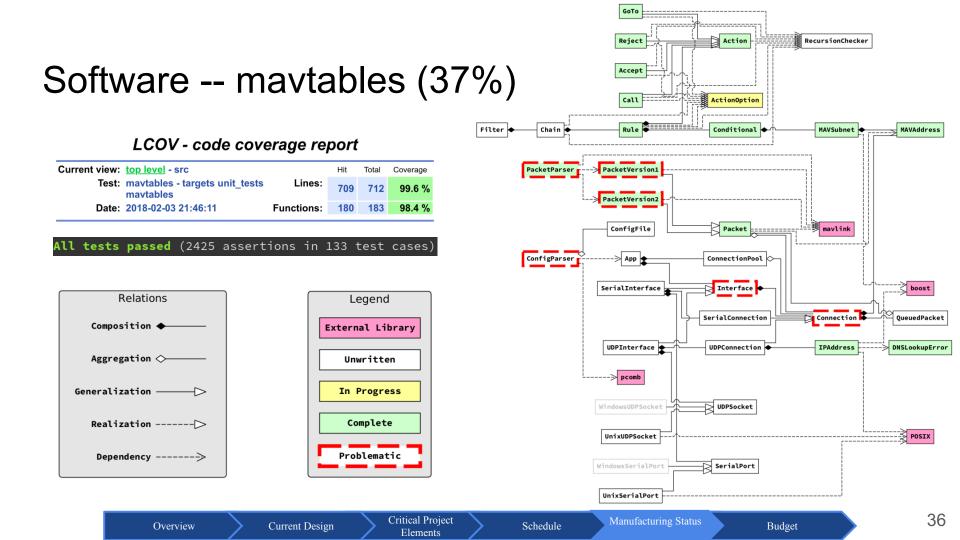


Overview	Current Design	Critical Project Elements	Schedule	Manufacturing Status	
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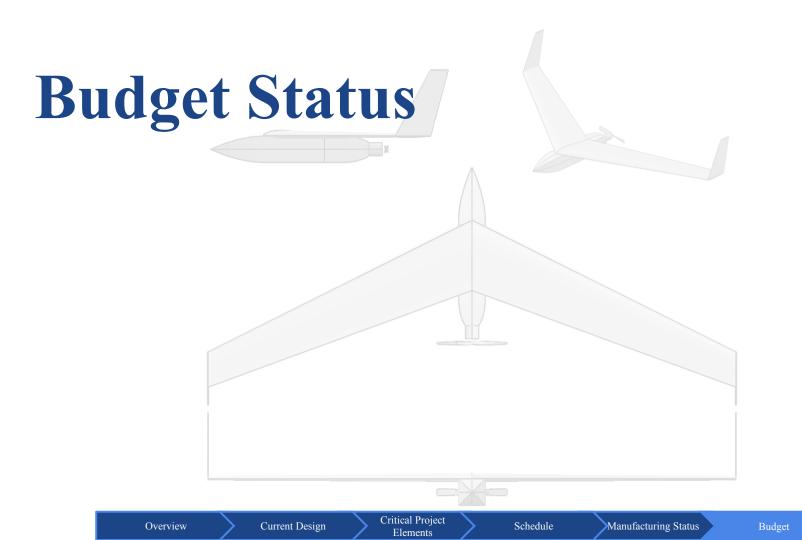






Adding New Airframe to Pixhawk 2.1

Functionality	Enable autopilot to control aircraft				
	Provide aircraft parameters, i.e. PID gains				
Procedure	Develop configuration and mixer files				
	Hardware-in-the-loop (HITL) tests with Pixhawk 2.1 and X-Plane				
	 Manual flights with maneuvers provided in PX4 Pro documentation 				
Challenges	Incorrect gains lead to crash of aircraft				
Plan	Perform procedures with half-scale model: verifies method				
	Modify procedures if necessary				
	Perform procedures with full-scale aircraft				
Overview	Current Design Critical Project Schedule Manufacturing Status Budget				



Budget Update

Airframe w/ motor:	\$1230	
Communications:	\$530	
Electronics:	\$800	
Launch system: \$295		
Recovery system:	\$510	
Software:	\$320	
Fall Semester Estimate: \$3,685		

Airframe w/ motor:	\$1229.00
Communications:	\$771.62
Electronics:	\$746.82
Launch system:	\$340.83
Recovery system:	\$207.16
Software:	\$344.74

Budget Spent on Major Parts: \$3,640.17*

*Shipping costs not included to provide cost of system components only.

Note: 95% of parts have been purchased

SHAMU Spending

As of 2/5/18, 95% of critical parts have been ordered and are being manufactured with the exception of the recovery PVC.

Total Spent as of 2/5/2018: \$4,154.21

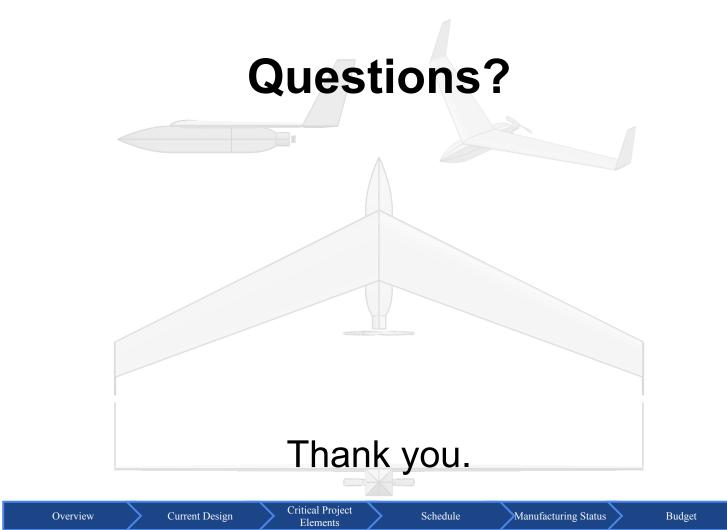
Remaining Purchases Recovery PVC: ~ \$200 Printing SFR and poster: ~\$200 Miscellaneous remaining items: ~ \$100

Miscellaneous 4% Margin Left Airframe 7% 25% **Future Spending** 10% Shipping 6% software 70/n **Communications Recovery System** 15% 4% Launch System Electronics 7% 15%

Estimated Margin Remaining: **\$345.79**

Acknowledgements

The SHAMU team would like to thank Dr. Gerren, Dr. Koster, Dr. Lawrence, Trudy Schwartz, Bobby Hodgkinson, Matt Rhode, PAB, Tim Kiley, Lee Huynh, Trimble Inc., James Nestor, and David Gruber.



Backup Slides

Functional Requirements Aircraft Design: Specifications Aircraft Design: Performance Carry through spar interface Challenges- Logistics Delays Takeoff Design Overview **Rail Framing Status** Internal Connectors **Dolley Dimensions Recovery Dimensions** Communications Tasks System Complexity **Recovery System** Work Breakdown Chart **Organizational Chart** Test Plan Multi-Year User CONOPS

Back up Budget PVC Tensile Strength Results ELECTRONICS Electronic Bay CAD Colored Electronic Bay CAD Plans for Electronic Challenges Functionality Software – Overview Software – mavimage Software – mavtables Software – Plan

References

- Cooper-Harper scale: <u>https://skybrary.aero/bookshelf/books/1962.pdf</u> (retrieved 12/3/17)
- Pixhawk 2.1 Assembly Guide: <u>http://www.hex.aero/wp-content/uploads/2016/09/PIXHAWK2-Assembly-Guide.pdf</u> (retrieved 12/3/17)
- Pixhawk 2.1 Feature Overview: <u>http://www.proficnc.com/index.php?controller=attachment&id_attachment=5</u> (retrieved 12/3/17)
- PX4 Pro: <u>http://px4.io/</u> (retrieved 12/3/17)
- QGroundControl: <u>http://qgroundcontrol.com/</u> (retrieved 12/3/17)
- Model Aircraft Propellers:
 - https://www.google.com/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=6&cad=rja&uact=8&ved=0ahUKEwjO8MLoh-_XAhVD6oMKHduWDCsQFghrMAU&url=http%3A%2F%2Fdc-

rc.org%2Fpdf%2FModel%2520Propellers%2520Article.pdf&usg=AOvVaw1CxfDyyhN4K5DIHAanXPPt (retrieved 12/3/17)

- OrangeRx Open LRS Transmitter: <u>https://hobbyking.com/en_us/orangerx-open-lrs-433mhz-transmitter-1w-jr-turnigy-compatible.html</u> (retrieved 12/3/17)
- OrangeRx Open LRS Receiver: <u>https://hobbyking.com/en_us/orangerx-open-lrs-433mhz-9ch-receiver.html</u> (retrieved 12/13/17)
- UIAA climbing rope: <u>http://www.theuiaa.org/safety-standards/</u>

Current Design

Solidworks: <u>http://www.solidworks.com/</u>

Overview

- PVC porperties: <u>https://www.engineeringtoolbox.com/physical-properties-thermoplastics-d_808.html</u>
- PVC pressure ratings: <u>https://www.engineeringtoolbox.com/pvc-cpvc-pipes-pressures-d_796.html</u>

n Critical Project Elements	Schedule	Manufacturing Sta
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Software Repositories

- <u>https://github.com/shamuproject/mavtables</u>
- <u>https://github.com/shamuproject/mavimage</u>
- <u>https://github.com/shamuproject/mavlogger</u>
- <u>https://github.com/shamuproject/mavconn</u>

Functional Requirements

1.	Operate in manually piloted mode throughout all phases of flight with autonomous mode capability at cruise altitude .
2.	Takeoff and land from/to a stationary 9.1 m x 9.1 m platform obstructed fore (represents ship superstructure) and aft (represents ship crane).
3.	12 km communication range for telemetry, images, and RC control from ground control station .

Functional Requirements

- 4. Aircraft shall support downward-facing 2.0 kg simulated instrument payload with 15 cm x 15 cm x 23 cm dimensions.
- 5. Aircraft shall be **operable and recoverable** onto stationary platform in **winds up to 10 m/s.**
- 6. Aircraft shall have **100 km ground track range endurance.**

Design Solution

Aircraft	Takeoff	Recovery	Autopilot	Flight Computer	RF Comm.
Design and Validate Airframe	Bungee Launch with Rail	Net with Extending Lines	PX4 Pro with Pixhawk 2.1	Raspberry Pi 3 Model B	RFD900+ Datalink OpenLRS RC

Critical Project Elements

Aircraft Design: Specifications

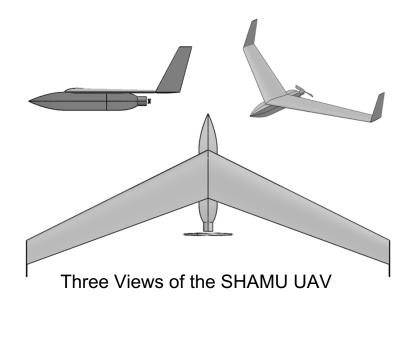
Critical Project

Elements

Schedule

Wing Span	3.0 m (10 ft)	
Length	1.4 m (4.5 ft)	
Height	0.53 m (1.8 ft)	
Wing Area	0.93 m ² (10 ft ²)	
Wing Aspect Ratio	10	
Empty Weight	4.5 kg (10 lbs)	
Payload Weight	2.0 kg (4.4 lbs)	
Gross Weight	8.45 kg (19 lbs)	
Motor Power	1300 W (1.74 hp)	

Overview



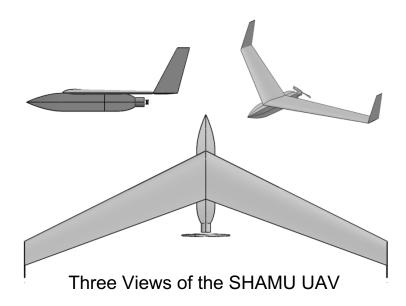
Manufacturing Status

Budget

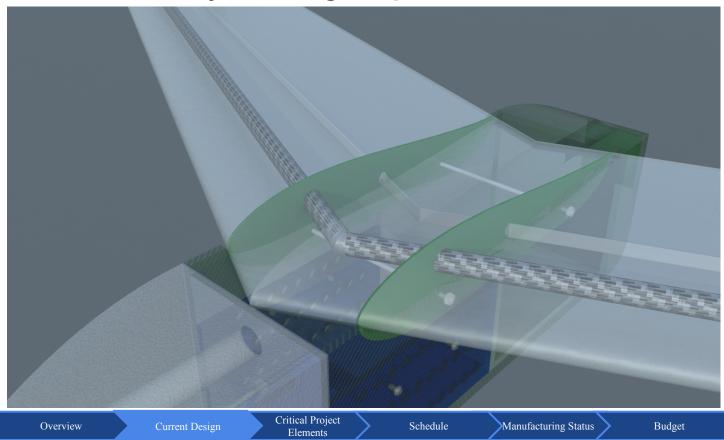
49

Aircraft Design: Performance

Cruise Speed	20 m/s (38 kts)	
Stall Speed	11 m/s (20 kts)	
Range	100 km (62 mi)	
Climb Rate	>5.1 m/s (>1000 ft/min)	
Cruise L/D	12 - 16.2	
Wing Loading	9.8 kg/m ² (2.0 lbs/ft ²)	



Carry through spar interface



51

Challenges- Logistics Delays

- Issue
 - Incorrect wings were shipped.
 Redesign required purchase of new carry through spar materials and materials to test wing spar

Solution

 All previously mentioned parts have been ordered. Incorrect set of wings will be used for practice and testing purposes



Schedule

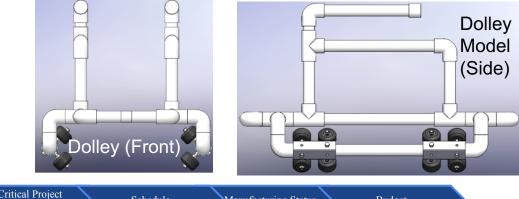
Design Solution

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Takeoff Design Overview

Bungees	5
Initial length of Bungee	1.99 m
Spring Constant	86 N/m
Tension Force	343.33 N
Final Velocity	13.2 m/s
Rail Length	5.25 m
PVC Diameter	2"
Takeoff Angle	5 degrees
Max Deflection of Rails	3.86 mm
Time	0.69 s
Overview	Current Design





Manufacturing Status

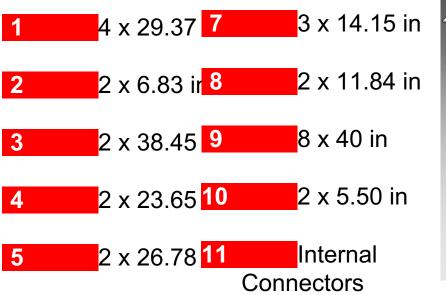
Budget

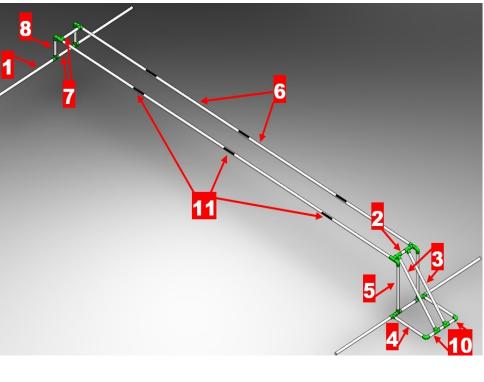
Schedule

Elements

Rail Framing Status

PVC (2 in. Sch 40) Lengths:





Elbows: 6 T-Connectors: 14

Overview

8 x 51.57 in

6

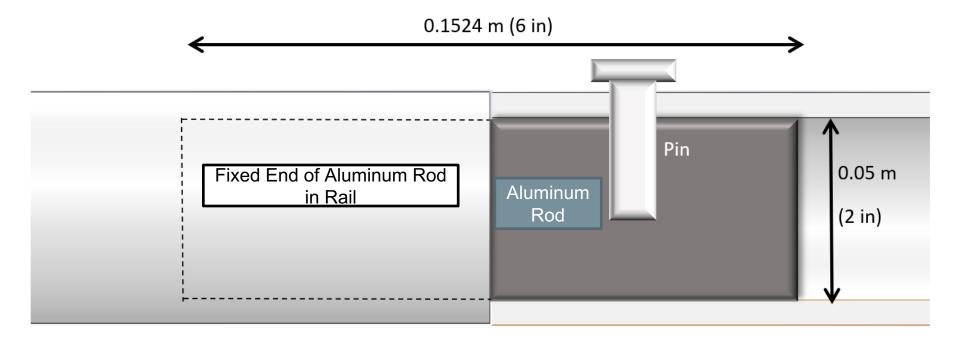
Critical Project Elements

Schedule

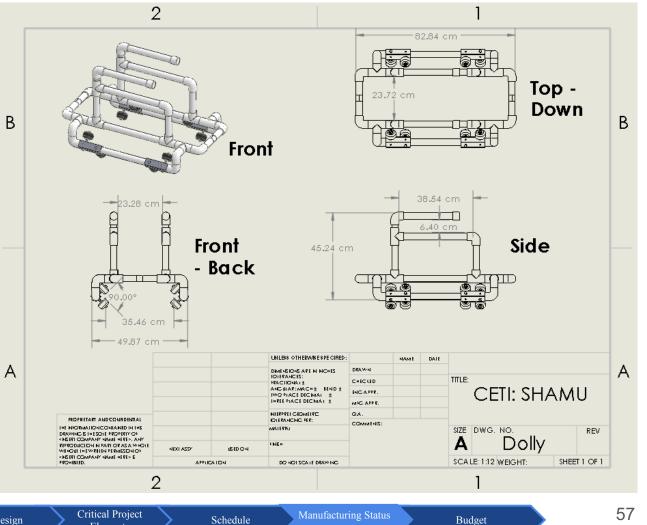
Budget

55

Internal Connectors



Dolley Dimensions



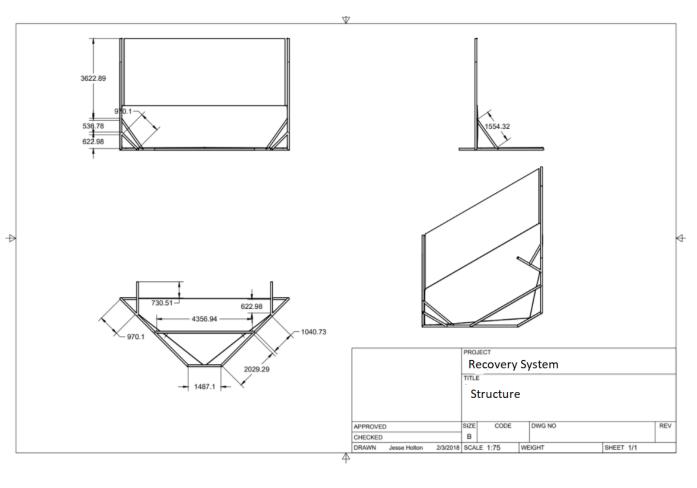
Overview

Elements

Recovery Dimensions

- Structure

 Width: 7.6m
 Height: 4.6m
- Net
 - Width: 7.3m
 - Height: 3m



Recovery Major Tasks

- Dry Assembly (1.5 Weeks)
 - Cutting PVC to size (2-3 Days)
 - Gluing Adaptors/Tees (3-4 Days)
 - Structure Assembly (3-4 Days)
- Rigging Setup (1.5 Weeks)
 - Structure Markup (1 Day)
 - Drilling/Component Addition (2-3 Days)
 - Rigging (1-2 Days)
 - Full Assembly(2-3 Days)

Communications Tasks

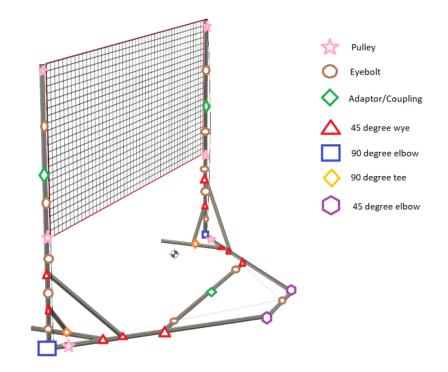
Task	Remaining Steps	
Parts procurement	Awaiting antennas and cables	
Ground Station Assembly	Antenna/Radio/Power supply attachments	
Functional Test	Firmware Update	
Datalink Range Test	Awaiting Antennas & coax connections	
RC Range Test	Awaiting OpenLRS cables	

Critical Project Elements

Schedule

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Recovery System Complexity



Design Solution

Aircraft	Takeoff	Recovery	Autopilot	Flight Computer	RF Comm.
Design and Validate Airframe	Bungee Launch with Rail	Net with Extending Lines	PX4 Pro with Pixhawk 2.1	Raspberry Pi 3 Model B	RFD900+ Datalink OpenLRS RC

Recovery System

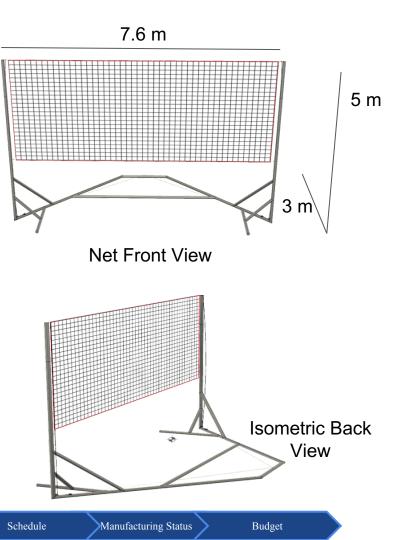
- Net suspended between two poles
- Pulley connections to extend upon impact
- Extension of net reduces forces upon landing and closes the net to capture aircraft
- Impact forces are damped by a bungee attached to the pulley line
- Sailing Cleat prevents line from rebounding

to

Hook on nose of aircraft will catch the net

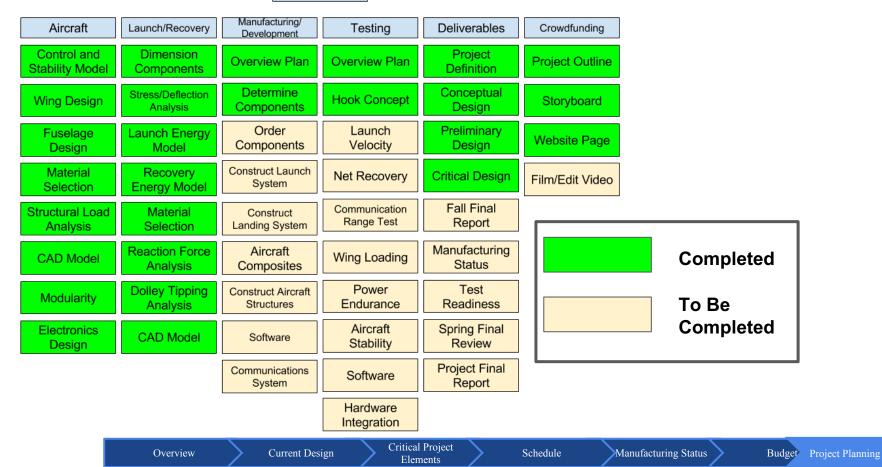
prevent impact with ground Critical Project

Elements



SHAMU

Work Breakdown Chart

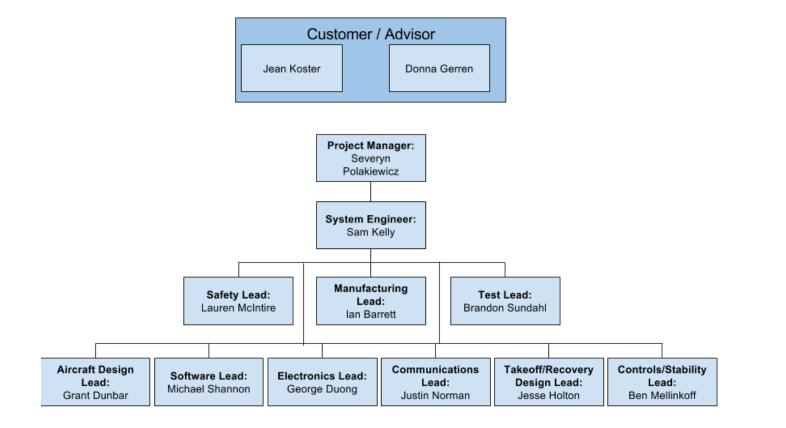


Design Solution

Aircraft	Takeoff	Recovery	Autopilot	Flight Computer	RF Comm.
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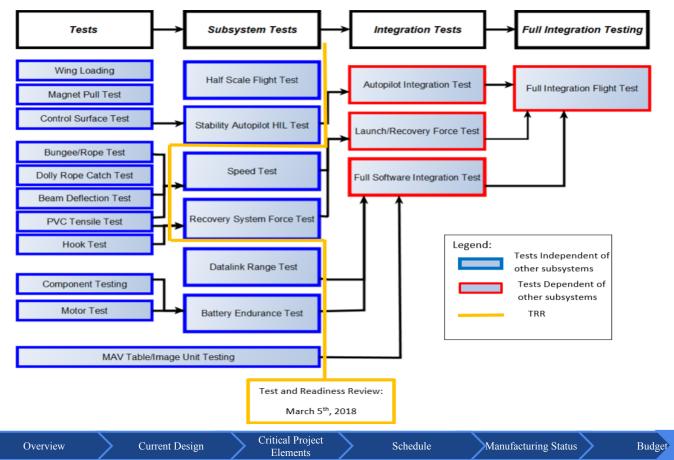
Critical Project Elements

Organizational Chart



Overview	Current Design	Critical Project Elements	Schedule	Manufacturing Status	Budg	Project Planning
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Test Plan



Multi-Year User CONOPS

1.	Transport/ Arrival	2. Assembly/ Setup	3. Pre-flight Check	4. Launch	5. Cruise/Search	6. Whale Located	7. Landing	8. Turnaround	9. Disassemble
1					CETI UÁV I	flight Pad	it <u>100 </u>	um (Groui	id Track)
2	6	1-	Radius: 1	.2 km					
0	100					5	0	6	
3					ł	1	PS Locatio	'n	J
ALL Y				7	1	4 G	P2		
2	Legend	d		8 9			- 4		
	——> - Fli	ight Path			A an arrant. of				
-	→ - Lo	viter Path		No. of Concession, Name	<i>llucia</i> Research (Helipad; Statio	and the second s			

Overview

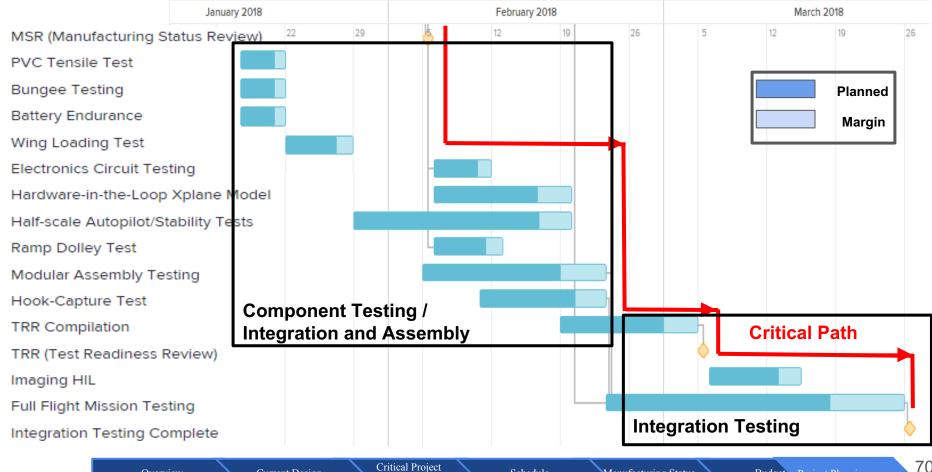
Work Plan (Gantt Chart)



Work Plan (Gantt Chart Continued)

Overview

Current Design



Elements

Schedule

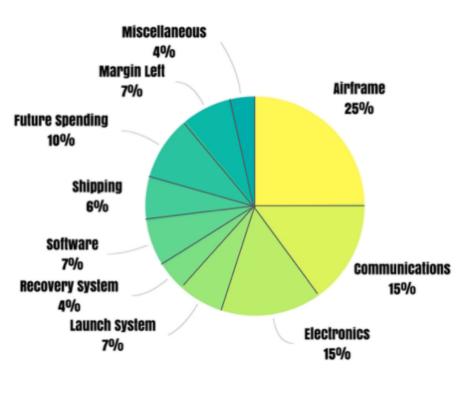
Manufacturing Status

Budget

Project Planning

Back up Budget

Label	Value
Airframe	1229
Communications	771.62
Electronics	746.82
Launch System	340.83
Recovery System	207.16
Software	344.74
Shipping	316.41
Future Spending	500
Margin Left	345.79
Miscellaneous	197.63



Current Design

Critical Project Elements

Schedule

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DO NOT REMOVE SLIDE - USE FOR REFERENCE

- What design components are most challenging/time consuming
- Describe the scope of manufacturing What? Where? How?
- Address Critical Project Elements Prioritize.
- Plan detailing integration of systems into project.
- CAD models, diagrams, schematics, flowcharts wrt manufacturing
- <u>DIMENSIONS</u> AND TOLERANCES (do tolerances stack up?)

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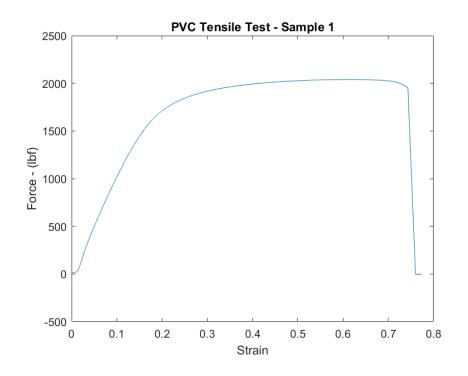
Budget

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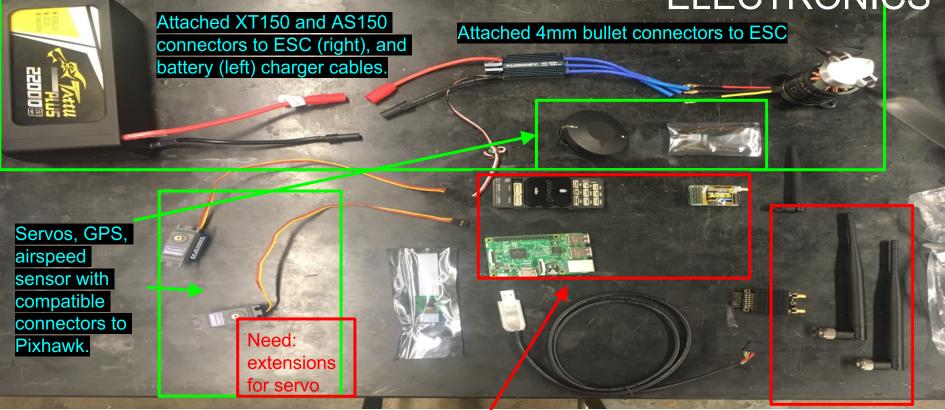
PVC Tensile Strength Results

- Design Point 2x + Safety Factor
- Expected Bending Stress 2100 psi
- Mean Failure Stress Tested 6800 psi
- Factor of Safety 3.25



Budget

ELECTRONICS



Connection from Pixhawk to Raspberry Pi, Connection from Pixhawk to OpenLRS Receiver

Need Coaxial Cables

Budget

Overview

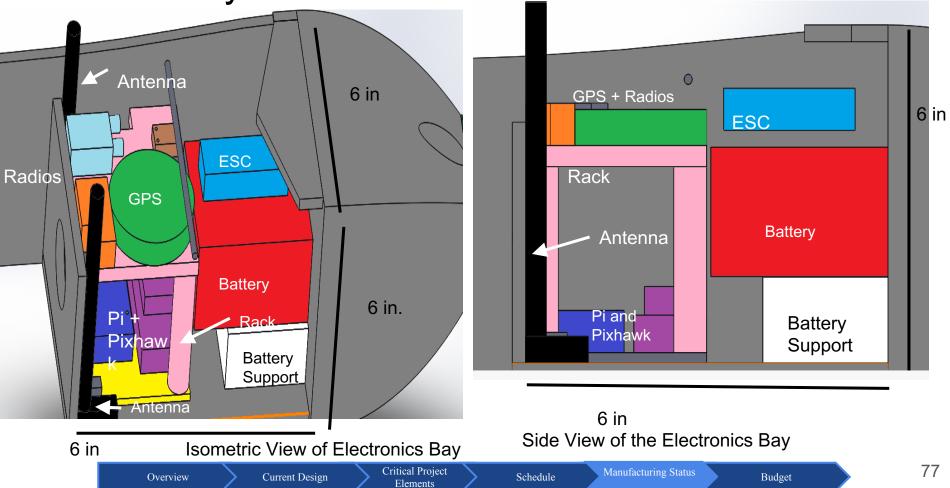
Current Design

Critical Project Elements

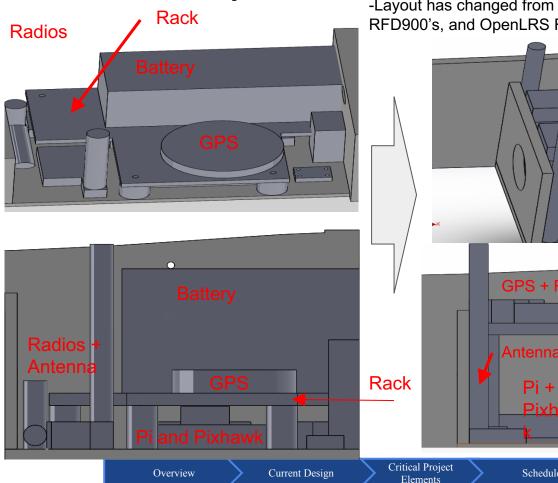
Schedule

76

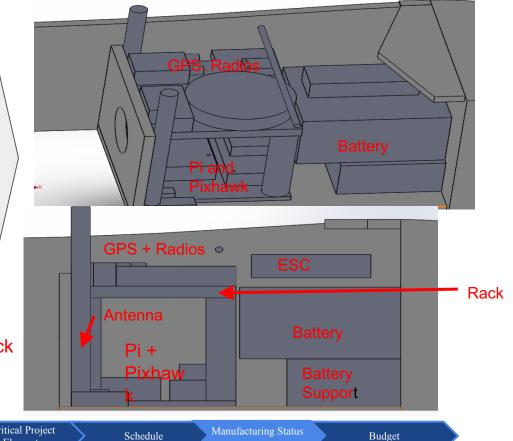
Electronic Bay CAD Colored



Electronic Bay CAD



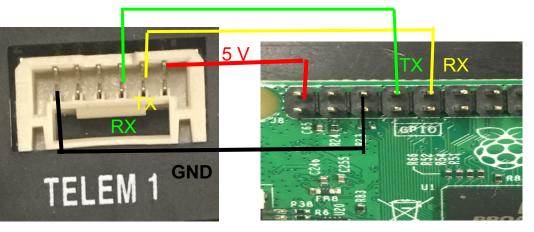
-Bottom layer will be 3D printed (Nylon) to allow mounting holes for rack, airspeed sensor and Raspberry Pi. -Layout has changed from FFR: coaxial extensions for RFD900's, and OpenLRS Receiver



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Plans for Electronic Challenges

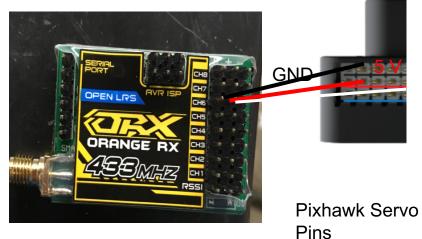
For Pixhawk to Raspberry Pi Connection: Use only RX, TX, +5V, and GND pins



Pixhawk Telem Pins

Raspberry Pi Pins

For Pixhawk to OpenLRS Receiver: Use only GND, 3.3V, Signal pins



For Coaxial Cables: Estimate needed length from CAD Model, order cables

Overview

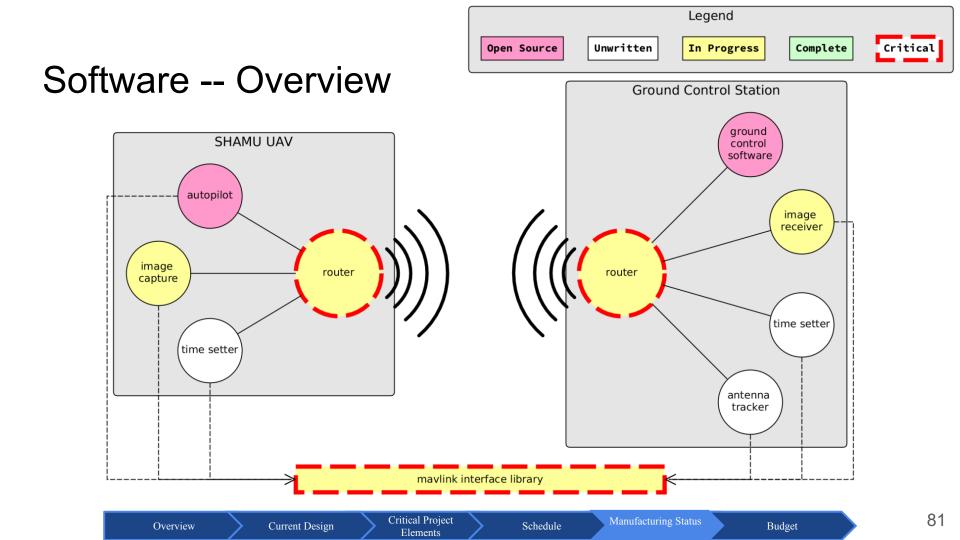
Critical Project Elements

Schedule

Budget

Functionality

Without Flight Computer	Remotely piloted and autonomous aircraft.
Computer	• Possibly reduced (below 12 km) communication range.
With Flight Computer	 Image capture and transmission to ground station.
	• Antenna tracking to support full 12 km communication range.



Software -- mavimage

Functionality	Capture images from the Raspberry Pi Camera				
	 Tag the WebP image with the GPS coordinates 				
	 Send and receive the image over MAVLink from the flight computer to the ground station 				
Procedure	Write classes starting with dependencies				
	Unit test each class until 90% coverage, 100% passing				
Challenges	Time constraints and roadblocks in challenging classes				

Software -- mavtables

Functionality	Route MAVLink packets between components.		
	Prioritize safety critical packets.		
Procedure	Write classes starting with dependencies		
	Unit test each class until 90% coverage, 100% passing		
Challenges	• Time constraints, large amount of software to write.		

Software -- Plan

Plan	Increase individual lines written per week
	Meet 4 hours per week for problem solving
	 Off ramp: By February 12th, if software development meetings fail to produce a net gain they will be replaced with individual work time and remote help
	• Off ramp: By February 26th, if mavconn proves too complex for current team member it will be reassigned to the software lead

mavimage (17%)

mavconn (6%)

	erview		