



OSPRI

Offset **S**-duct **PR**opulsion Inlet

Team:

- ▶ Tim Breda
- ▶ Joey Derks
- ▶ Zak Dmitriyev
- ▶ Ryan Joseph
- ▶ Dishank Kathuria
- ▶ Harrison Methratta
- ▶ Joshua Seedorf
- ▶ Michael Vogel
- ▶ William Watkins
- ▶ John Wissler

Advisor:

Customer:

Laboratory

POC:

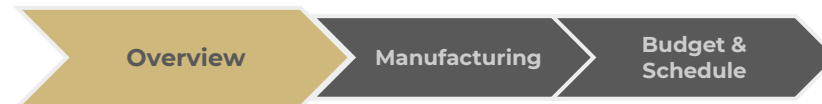
Professor John Mah

Air Force Research

Capt. Riley Huff

Section 1

Overview





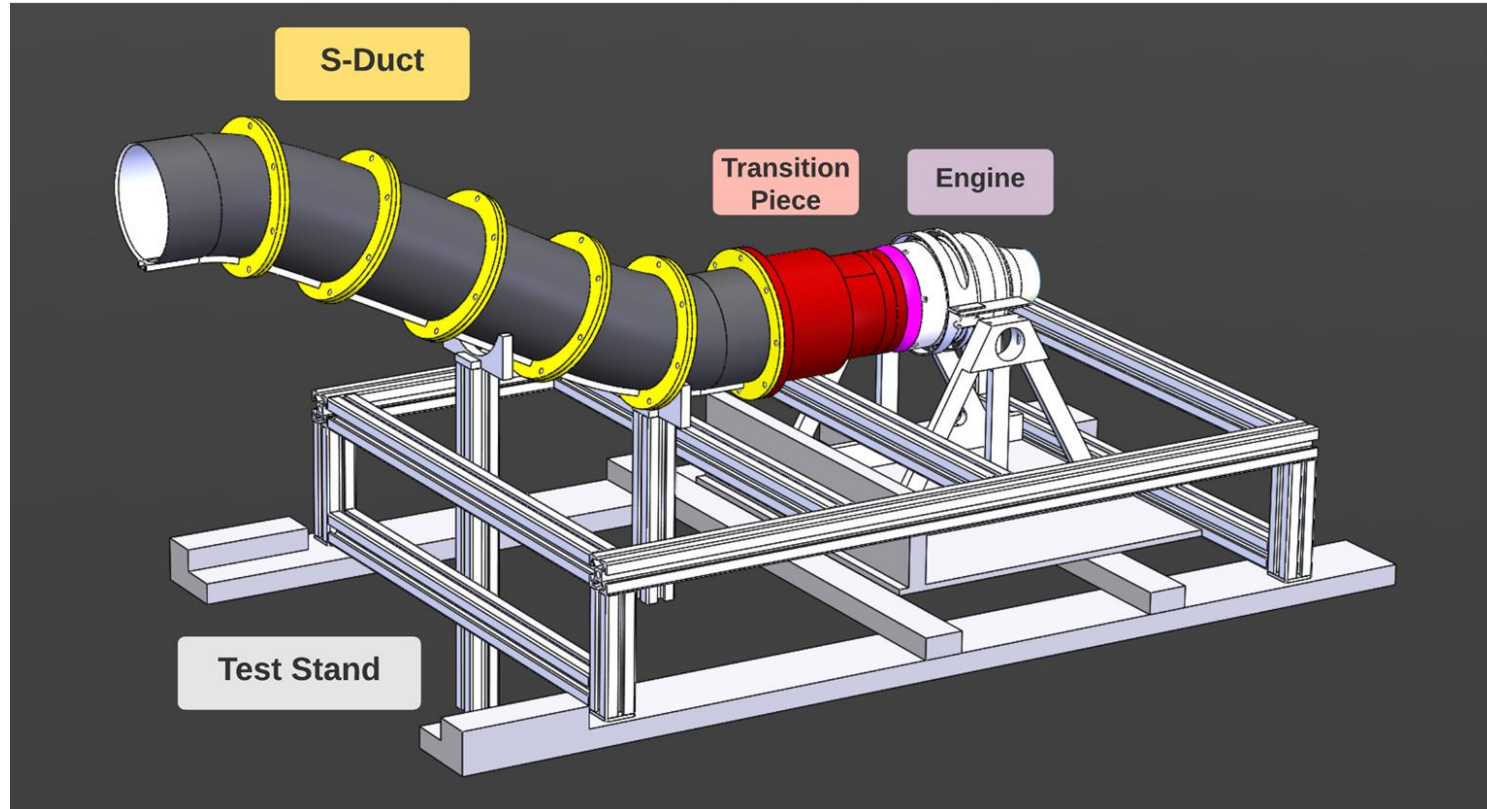
Problem Statement

The purpose of the OSPRI project is to:

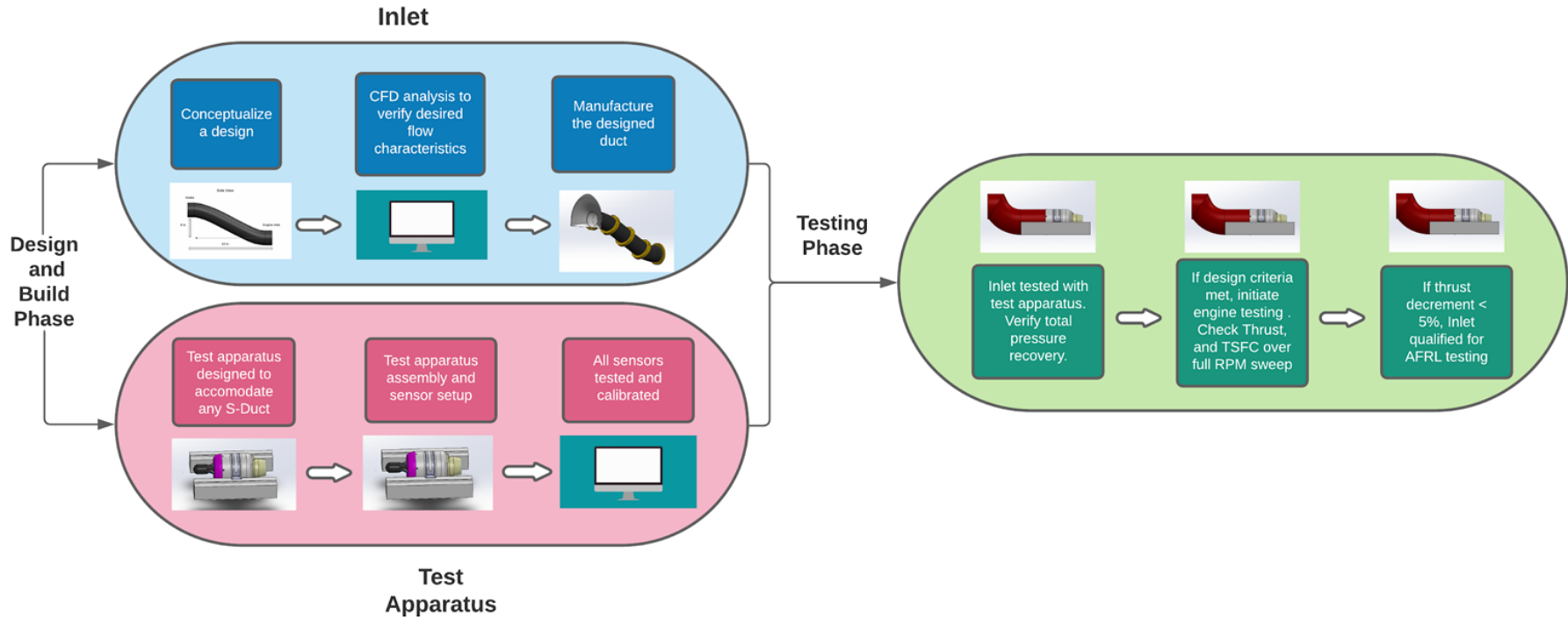
- Design and build an S-duct inlet for use with the JetCat P100-RX turbojet engine, for the Air Force Research Lab's (AFRL's) Aerospace Propulsion Outreach Program (APOP)
- Additionally, OSPRI will design and build a testing apparatus to measure total pressure and distortion distributions in the inlet, and measure fuel flow and thrust produced by the JetCat



Project Model

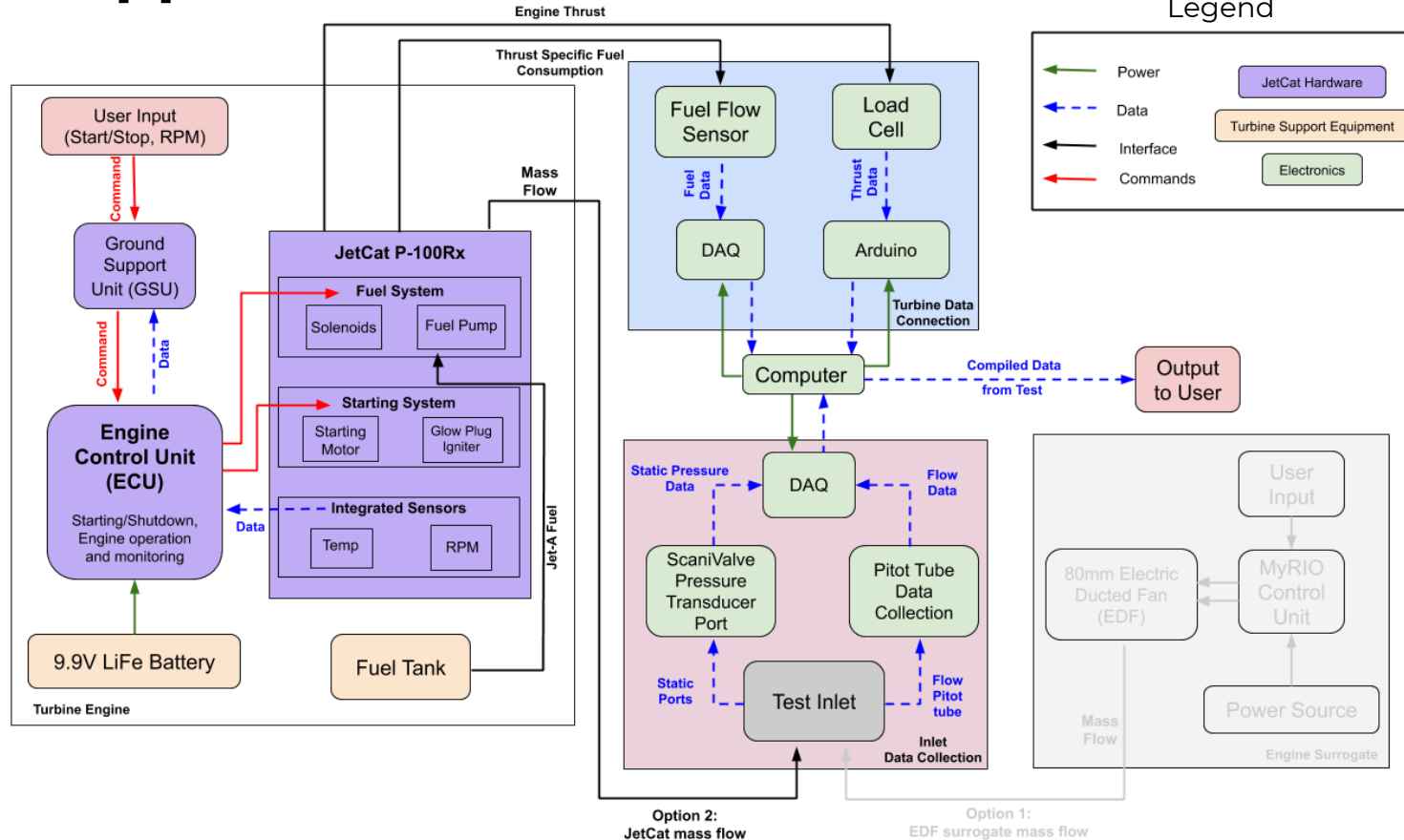


Concept of Operations (CONOPS)

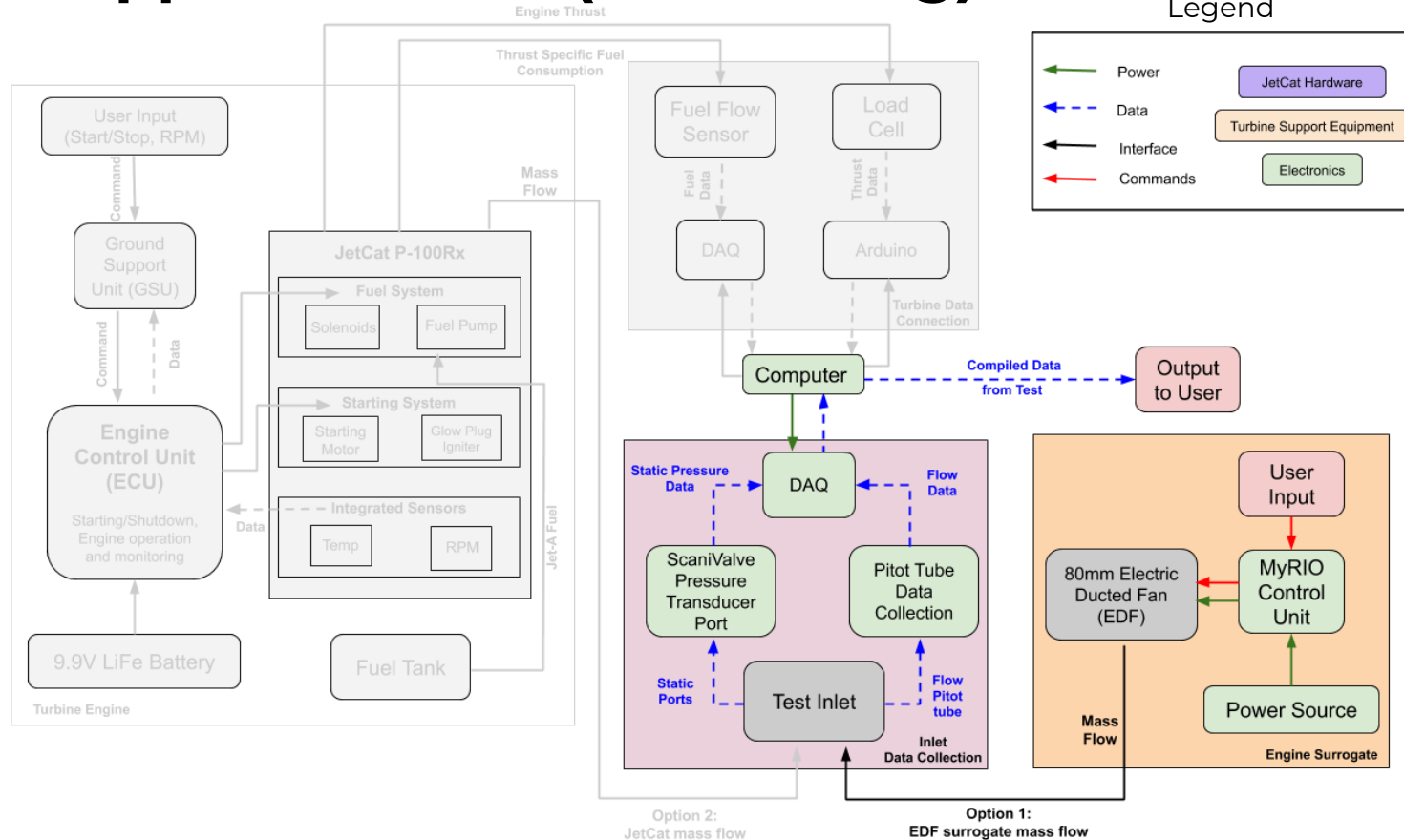




Test Apparatus FBD



Test Apparatus FBD (For Testing)





Levels of Success

Level	Objective
1	A test rig is designed and manufactured that is capable of measuring all parameters as outlined in the Design Requirements
2	Experimental Verification of the test rig's ability to measure thrust and TSFC
3	Experimental Verification of the test rig's ability to characterize the flow within a test inlet
4	Experimental verification of an inlet with total pressure recovery >90%
5	Experimental verification of nominal engine operation with level 4 inlet attached, with decrements to thrust and TSFC of no more than 10%
6	Experimental verification of nominal engine operation with inlet attached, with decrements to thrust and TSFC of no more than 10%, and total pressure recovery $\geq 98\%$



Critical Project Elements (Test Apparatus)

1. LabView:

Three main functions from LabView control: Sensor data collection, EDF closed loop control, and turbine related sensor data collection

1. Mass Flow Surrogate:

Engine condition replication using Electric Ducted Fans allows for more inlet testing

1. Support hardware and infrastructure:

Test apparatus anchor point providing support for inlet, facilitates EDF and turbine tests

1. JetCat integrated testing:

Testing to calibrate and increase mass flow surrogate fidelity, integrated testing with inlet to provide thrust and TSFC data (customer requested)



Critical Project Elements (Inlet)

1. Print Inlet Sections:

Print inlet sections in a timely and cost effective manner

1. Print Transition Pieces:

Print transition pieces provided by AFRL

1. Assembly:

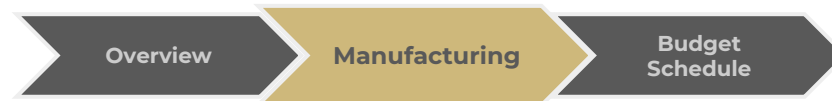
Assemble the printed sections and get inlet ready for testing

1. Iterative re-design and second printing:

Utilize data gathered to manufacture improved inlet

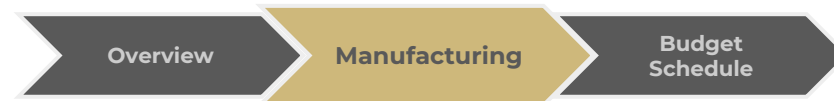
Section 2

Manufacturing



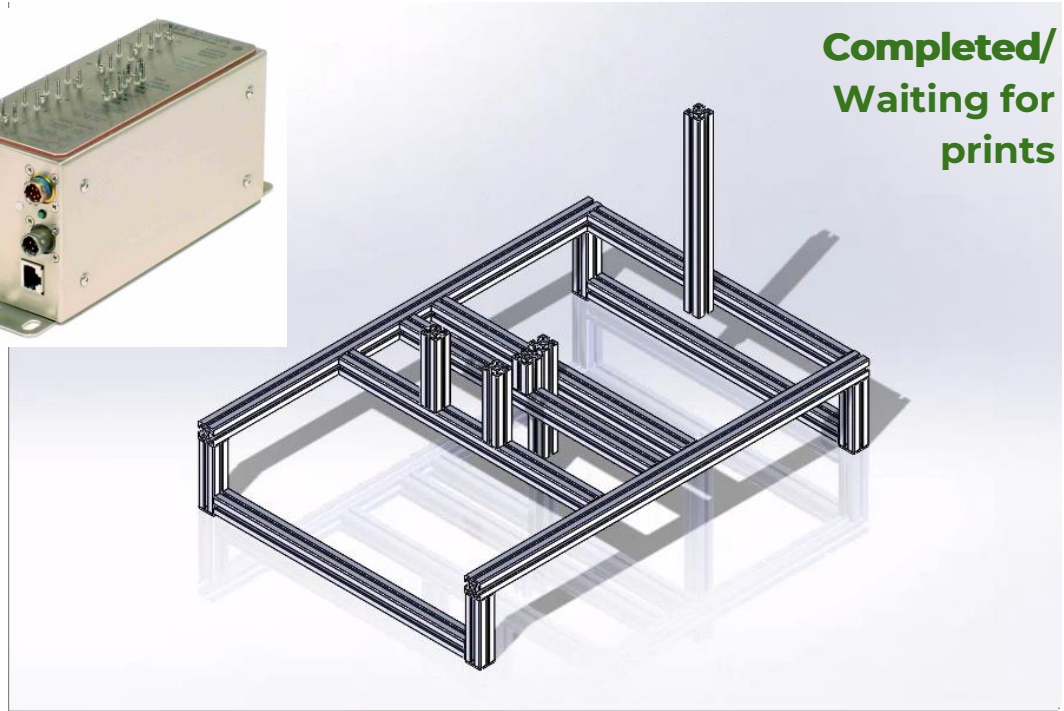
Section 2.1

Test Apparatus Manufacturing



Test Apparatus Breakdown/Overview

- Inlet test frame
- Inlet cradles
- Power plant to inlet transition piece
- Sensor suite
 - ▶ Scanivalve
 - ▶ Pitot probe
 - ▶ Static pressure ports
 - ▶ LabView controlled
- Electric Ducted Fan (EDF)
- Turbine test stand
- JetCat P100-Rx
- AFRL designed transition piece



Test Apparatus Model Overview



Test Apparatus Status Overview

Frame Assembly	Completed (Due 24 Jan)
Transition piece/cradles	Completed (Due 24 Jan)
EDF Integration and Verification	On Track (Due 5 Feb)
Labview Development and Verification	On Track (Various Due dates)
Sensors Verification	On Track (Due 3 Feb)
JetCat Engine and Testing	Setback (Various Due dates)

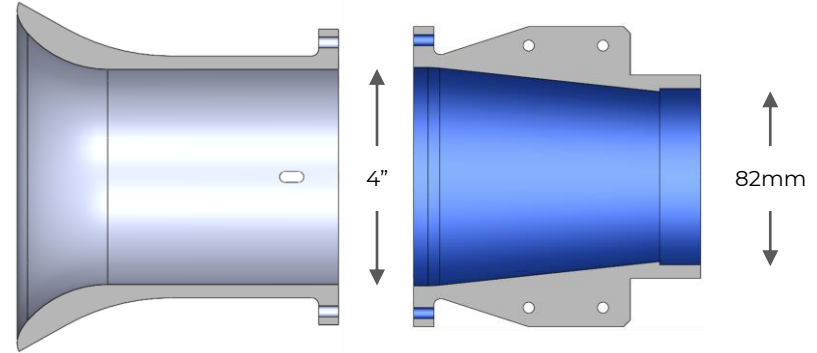
Frame Assembly Status **(Completed)**

- Assembly completed
- All sliding posts yet to be tightened
 - Internal dimensions still variable
- Extremely rigid, lightweight
- To be moved to Aero Building soon



Transition pieces/cradles status **Completed**

- JetCat Transition Piece
 - Design provided by AFRL
 - **Completed 24 Jan**
- EDF Transition Piece
 - **Completed 24 Jan**
- Straight bell-mouth inlet
 - Mass flow calibration
 - **Completed 24 Jan**
- Cradles
 - Bolted design for EDF Transition
 - Hose Clamp design for Jetcat
 - **Completed 24 Jan (print in progress)**



Straight bell-mouth Inlet and EDF Transition piece



Cradle for the Jet Engine Transition Piece



Cradle for the EDF Transition piece

EDF Integration Status **On Track (Due 5 Feb)**

- EDF and ESC (Electronic Speed Controller)
 - ▶ The finance department did not order last semester
 - ▶ Ordered again and **delivered January 27th**
- 6 cell LiPo battery
 - ▶ Provided by the electronics lab
- Maximum mass flow validation
 - ▶ Targeting 0.23 kg/s
 - ▶ Using a servo tester for control
- Mass flow calibration
 - ▶ Using Labview for precise control





LabView Development Status **(On Track)**

- Stages of Development
 - ▶ Stage 1: **Scanivalve functionality** **(Completed Jan 31st)**
 - For pressure measurements (Sample rate: 500Hz)
 - Extract required existing Wind Tunnel code
 - ▶ Stage 2: **EDF Control functionality** **(Complete by Feb 12th)**
 - For fan flow control
 - Integrate cDaq & NI 9401 (digital I/O module)
 - ▶ Stage 3: **JetCat Fuel Flow Sensor functionality** **(Complete by Feb 21st)**
 - For fuel flow measurements
 - Integrate NI 9215 (analog in module)

LabView Development Status cont (On Track)

- LabView Software
 - ▶ Working closely with Josh Mellin
 - ▶ Troubleshooting and debugging
 - ▶ Tasks to do:
 - Finalize software for fuel flow
 - Finish VI interface to connect with TA rig
 - Verify data acquisition outputs (graphs, plots, etc)
 - ▶ cDAQ (+ PWM Module, Frequency Module): **Checked Out**
cDAQ-9171, NI-9401, NI-9215 w/ BNC modules



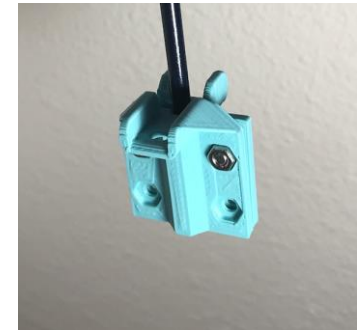
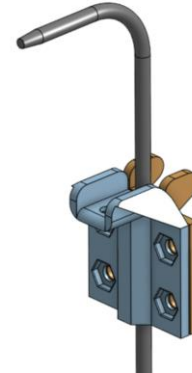


Sensors & DAQ Status **On Track (Due 3 Feb)**

- cDaq (+ Digital Module, Analog Module): **Checked out**
- Labview Module Development: **Development underway**
- Sensors : **Acquired**
 - ▶ Pitot Probe: **Acquired**
 - Slotted Inlet Mount: **Designed & Printed**
 - ▶ Fuel Flow Probe: **Acquired**
- Scanivalve: **Available upon request**

Upcoming tests

- Wind tunnel **sensor calibration** test: **(Complete by 3 Feb)**
 - ▶ Calibration of pitot probe using 6 or more known airspeeds in the windtunnel





JetCat P-100Rx Status (Setback)

- Engine issues (warranted services by JetCat Americas) **(Est. return: 12 Feb)**
 - ▶ *Fall semester:* Starter motor and front sensor board burnt out, sticky bearings
 - ▶ *27 Jan:* After servicing, surface mounted chip fell off of front sensor board
- Upcoming tests
 - ▶ JetCat **initial verification** test: **(Complete by 27 Jan moved to 15 Feb)**
 - Unmodified test to verify functionality with CU facilities and procedure familiarization
 - ▶ JetCat **mass flow verification** test: **(Complete by 15 Feb)**
 - Collect mass flow data through entire RPM sweep to calibrate mass flow surrogate
 - ▶ JetCat **baseline** test: **(Complete by 26 Feb)**
 - Collect thrust data and fuel flow (TSFC) data through entire RPM sweep

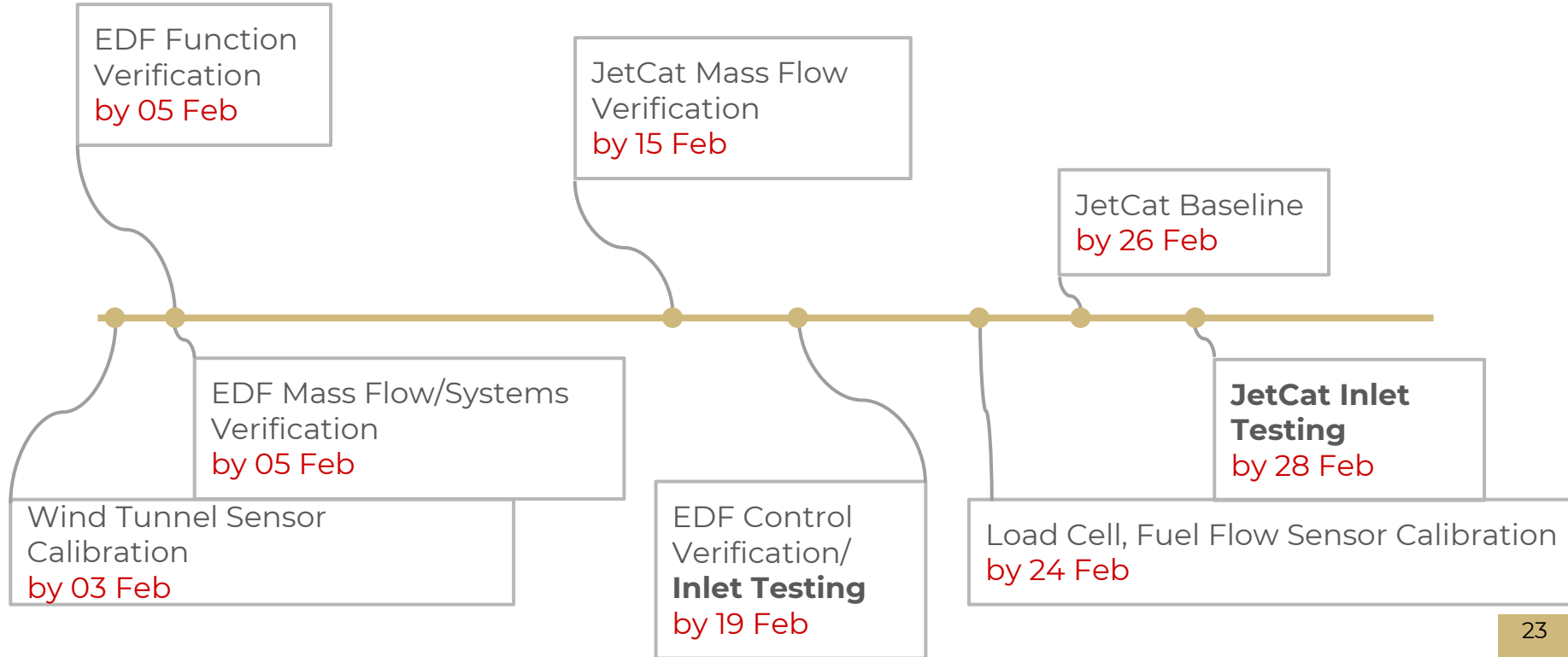


Test Apparatus Future Outlook

System 1: EDF testing						System 2: JetCat Turbine testing					
Task number	Due date	Task/description	Dependent on task:	Building access required	Complete	Task number	Due date	Task/description	Dependent on task:	Building access required	Complete
E 1.a	24 Jan	EDF transition piece design/print	N/A	N	Y	J.1.a	24 Jan	AFRL transition piece print	N/A	N	Y
E 1.b	24 Jan	EDF/Transition Piece cradles design/print	N/A	N	Y	J.1.b	24 Jan	Bell mouth design/print	N/A	N	Y
E 1.c	24 Jan	Bell Mouth design/print	N/A	N	Y	J.1.c	24 Jan	Transition piece print	N/A	N	Y
E.1.d (TA.1)	24 Jan	Inlet frame assembly	N/A	N	Y	J.1.d (TA.1)	24 Jan	Inlet frame assembly	N/A	N	Y
E.2 (TA.2)	31 Jan	Labview scannivalve functionality	N/A	Y	Y	J.3 (TA.2)	31 Jan	Labview scannivalve functionality	N/A	N	Y
E.3 (TA.3)	3 Feb	Wind tunnel sensor calibration test	E.2 (TA.2)	Y		J.4 (TA.3)	3 Feb	Wind tunnel sensor calibration test	J.3 (TA.2)	Y	
E.4	5 Feb	EDF systems functionality test with temporary control and frame integration	E.1	?		J.2	(Org 27 Jan) 15 Feb	JetCat verification run	N/A	Y	
E.5	10 Feb	EDF mass flow verification test	E.1, E.2, E.3, E.4	Y		J.5	15 Feb	JetCat mass flow verification test	J.1, J.2, J.3, J.4	Y	
E.6	12 Feb	Labview EDF control functionality	E.4	N		J.6	21 Feb	Labview Equiflow fuel flow sensor functionality	N/A	N	
E.7.a	19 Feb	EDF control verification tests	E.6, J.5	N		J.7	24 Feb	Flow sensor/load cell calibration test	J.6	Y	
E.7.b	19 Feb	Turbine to EDF mass flow calibration tests	E.1, E.2, E.3, E.4	Y		J.8	26 Feb	JetCat baseline test	J.3, J.4, J.5, J.6, J.7	Y	
E.8	19 Feb	Inlet testing	E.1-E.8	Y		J.9	26 Feb	Inlet testing	J.1 - J.8, E.8	Y	
Indicates test which needs scheduling						Current as of 31 Jan 2021					



Test Apparatus Future Outlook



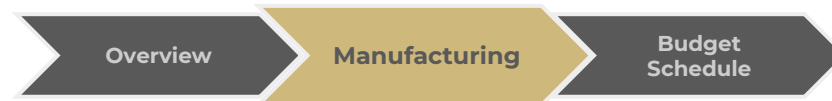


Challenges

- **Timeline**
 - ▶ Need to construct and perform verification and validation before any inlet testing can begin
 - ▶ Quicker test apparatus is ready, the more inlet iterations can be tested
- Repeated issues with JetCat P-100RX
- Integrating all sensors into cohesive LabView package

Section 2.2

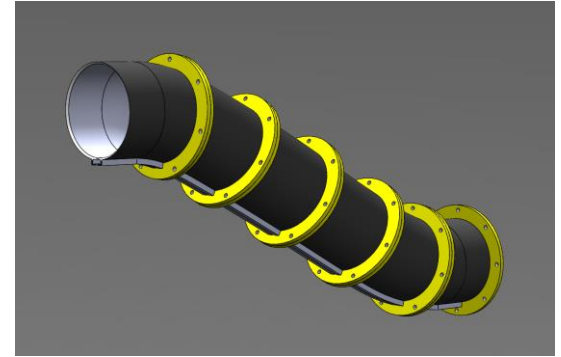
Inlet Manufacturing



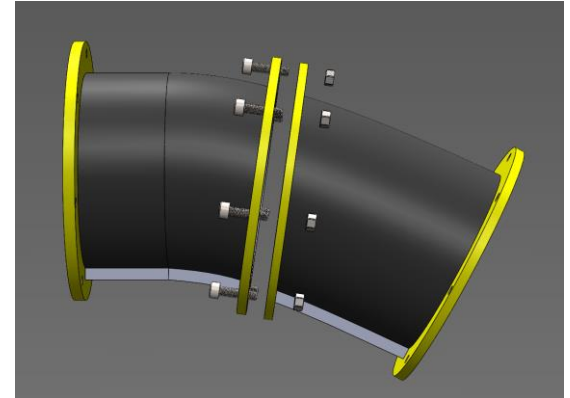
Initial Plan

- Originally planned FDM printers for prototype
 - ◆ Extensive post-processing
 - ◆ High chance of inconsistent surfaces
- Switched gears to SLA
 - ◆ Planned for access to 3 FormLabs SLA printers
 - ◆ Inlet made to be sectioned to fit smaller print volume
- Assembly
 - ◆ Using 7 M5 bolts and nuts

Model



Assembly



Status

- Currently, initial design is being printed by the PILOT
 - ◆ Finished first of six inlet sections **On Track (Due Feb 14)**
 - ◆ Paused queue in order to print parts need for test assembly
 - ◆ Dealing with upcoming issues with manufacturing



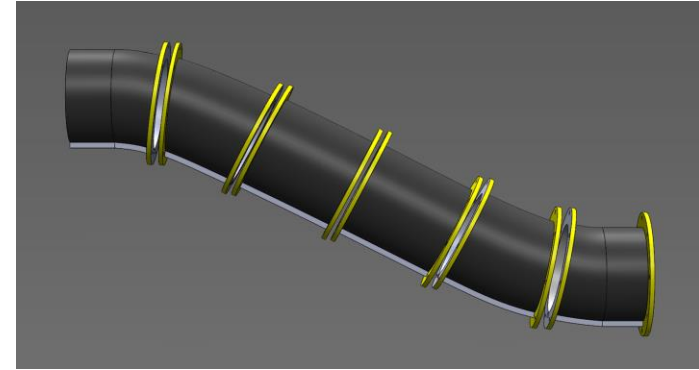
Inlet Section



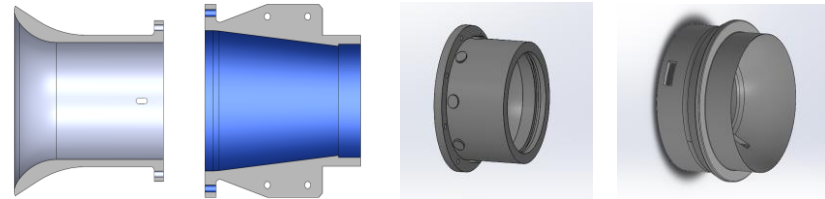
APOP Transition (Inlet Side)

Challenges

- Printer Reliability Problems
 - ◆ IdeaForge printers unuseable
 - ◆ Working with only 1 printer
- Print Quality
 - ◆ ~25 micron - 50 microns
 - ◆ Limited Print volume
- Part Prioritization
 - ◆ Transition pieces then inlet
 - ◆ 10 SLA parts in queue



Inlet Sectional View



Transition Pieces



Challenges

→ Cost

- ◆ Outside vendor quotes
 - ~\$800 for just 4 parts
 - ~\$600 in ASEN machine shop for all 10 parts

Line Item	Service	Description	Quantity	Unit	Price	Line Total
1	Print	50 um EDF transition and Inlet and Inlet transition and Jetcat 1x each Hard Black-Photocentric	1.00	Each	\$780.09	\$780.09
2	Sanding		2.00	Hours	\$35.00	\$70.00
3	Support Removal		2.00	Hours	\$10.00	\$20.00
4						
5						

The 3D Printing Store Quote

→ Manufacturing Defects

- ◆ Crack along flange of printed Inlet section
- ◆ Will fix with epoxy patch



Cracked Inlet Sectional

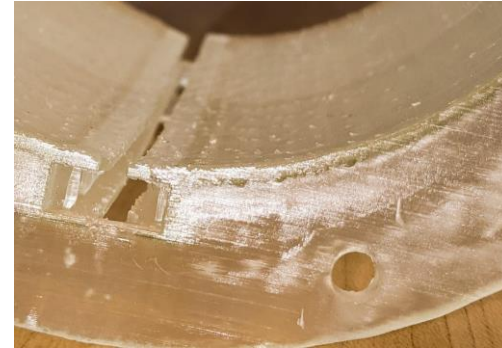
Challenges

→ Post-Processing

- ◆ Sanding inside surface as needed
- ◆ Support structure dependent on individual print



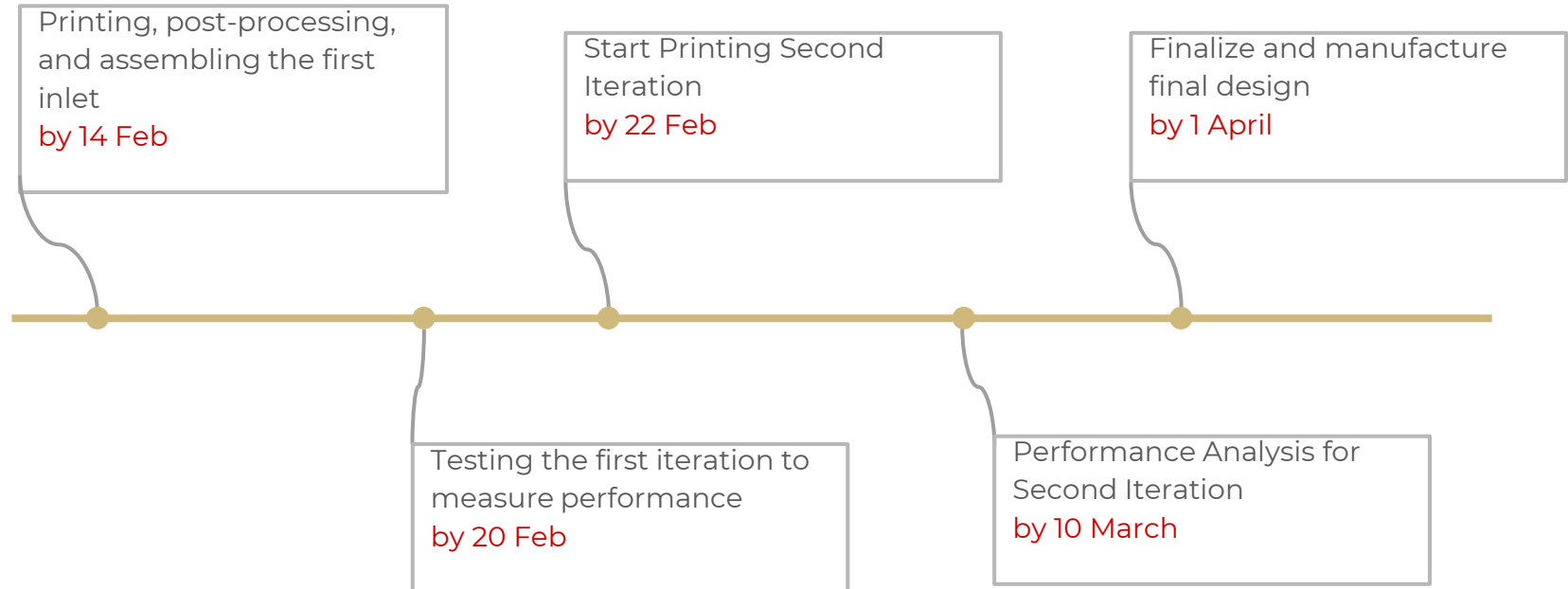
Transition Section



Inlet Section



Inlet Timeline



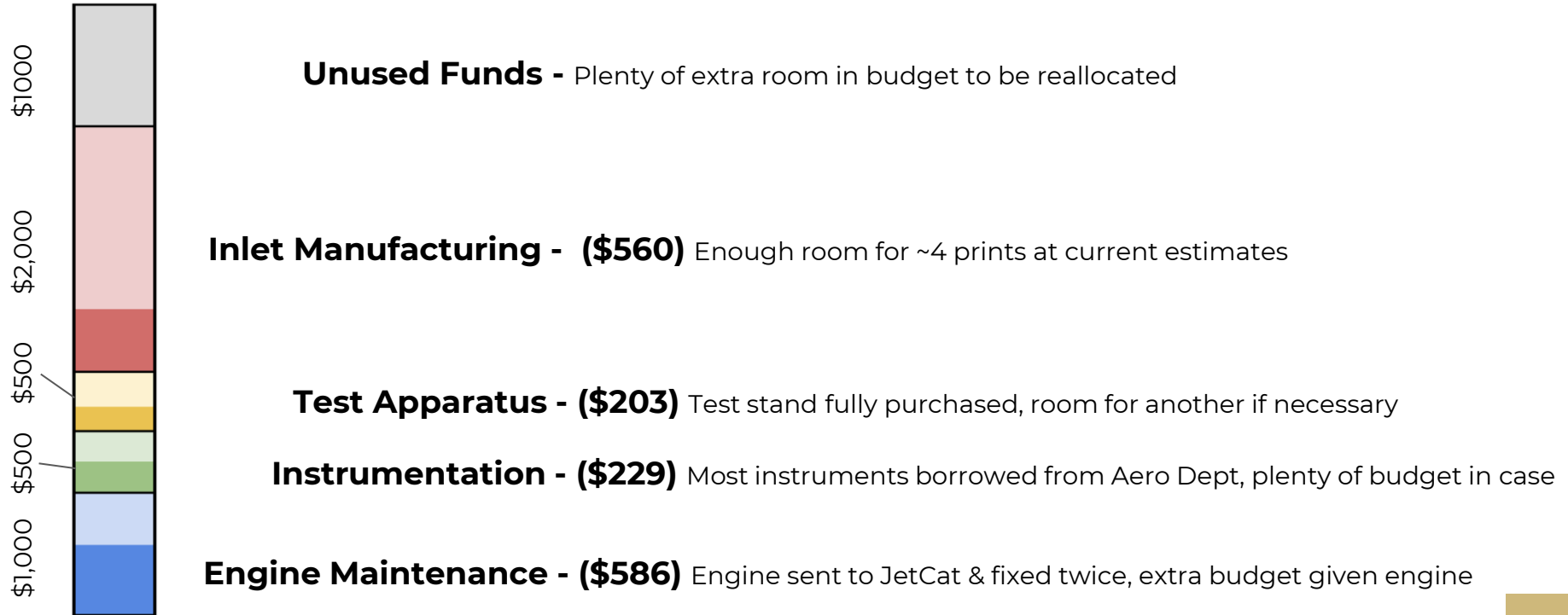
Section 3

Budget & Schedule





Cost Plan





Major Costs

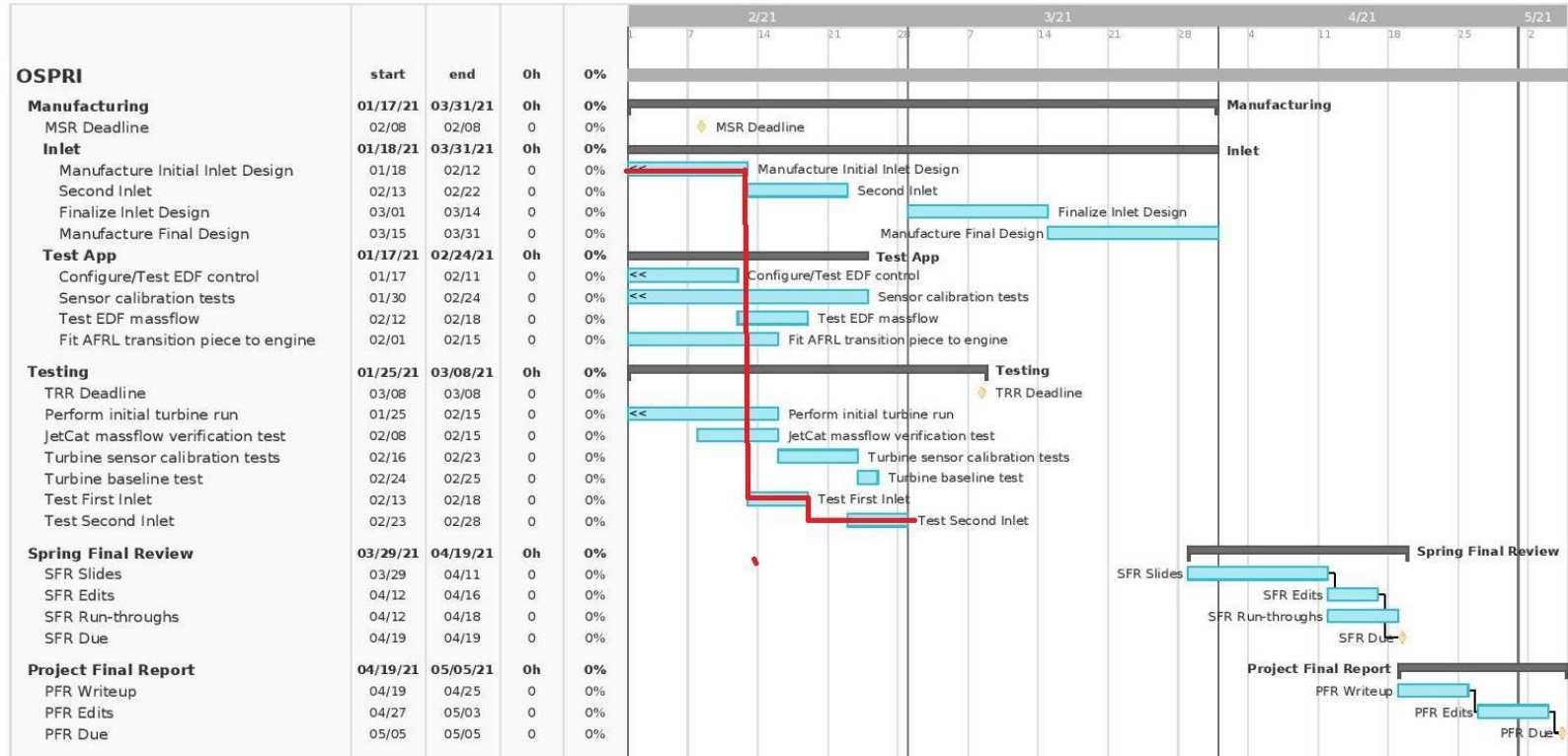
- **Inlet**

- SLA Printing 6 pieces (\$50 - \$60 each) ~ \$360
- Transition Pieces 4 pieces (\$40 each) ~ \$160
- Bolts, nuts, and tape ~ \$40
- Total budget for Inlet iterations: \$2000
- Leftover money: \$1440

- **Test Apparatus**

- Mounting Cradles 4 (\$25-30 each) ~ \$120
- Set screws, nuts, hardware ~ \$30
- Total budget for Test Apparatus: \$500
- Leftover money: \$130

Schedule



Resources

- [1] Lee, J., Cho, J. "Effect of aspect ratio of elliptical inlet shape on performance of subsonic diffusing S-duct," J Mech Sci Technol 32, 1153–1160 (2018). <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12206-018-0218-5>.
- [2] Anderson, J., Introduction to Flight Eighth Edition, New York City:McGraw Hill education, 2016
- [3] Sun, S., Guo, R.W. 2006. "Serpentine Inlet Performance Enhancement Using Vortex Generator Based Flow Control," Chinese Journal of Aeronautics
- [4] Tanguy, G. 2016. "Passive flow control study in a convoluted intake using Stereo Particle Image Velocimetry," The French Aerospace Lab
- [5] Kirk, A. M. 2006. "Active flow control in an advanced serpentine jet engine inlet duct Master's thesis", Texas A&M University
- [6] Shaw, R., "The Influence of Hole Dimensions on Static Pressure Measurements," Department of Mechanical Engineering, University of Liverpool, 1 July 1959.
- [7] "Delta-V 32 80mm (EFLDF32) Fan Unit Instructions," Horizon Hobby, retrieved November 12, 2020.
- [8] Reichert, B.A., and Wendt, B.J., 1994, "Improving Diffusing S-Duct Performance by Secondary Flow Control," AIAA 32nd Aerospace Sciences Meeting and Exhibit.
- [9] Basawaraj, Hosur, S., 2016. "CFD Analysis of Serpentine Inlet Duct to Enhance the Flow Properties Using Vortex Generator," International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology
- [10] Rabe, A. 2003. "Effectiveness of a Serpentine Inlet Duct Flow Control Scheme at Design and Off-Design Simulated Flight Conditions," Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University
- [11] Anderson, B. H., and Gibb, J., "Vortex Generator Installation Studies on Steady State and dynamic Inlet Distortion," AIAA Paper 96-3279, July 1996.
- [12] Dudek, J. C., "Empirical Model for Vane-Type Vortex Generators in an Navier-Stokes Code", AIAA Journal, Vol. 44, No. 8, pp 1779-1789, August 2006.



Resources

- [13] HARRINGTON-CRESSMAN, PETER J.M., "AIRCRAFT SYSTEM COMPARTMENT DIAGRAM." Retrieved 10 September 2020. <https://www.airlinereporter.com/2015/09/requiem-trijet-masterpiece-lockheed-l-1011-tristar/aircraft-system-compartment-diagram/>

OSPRI



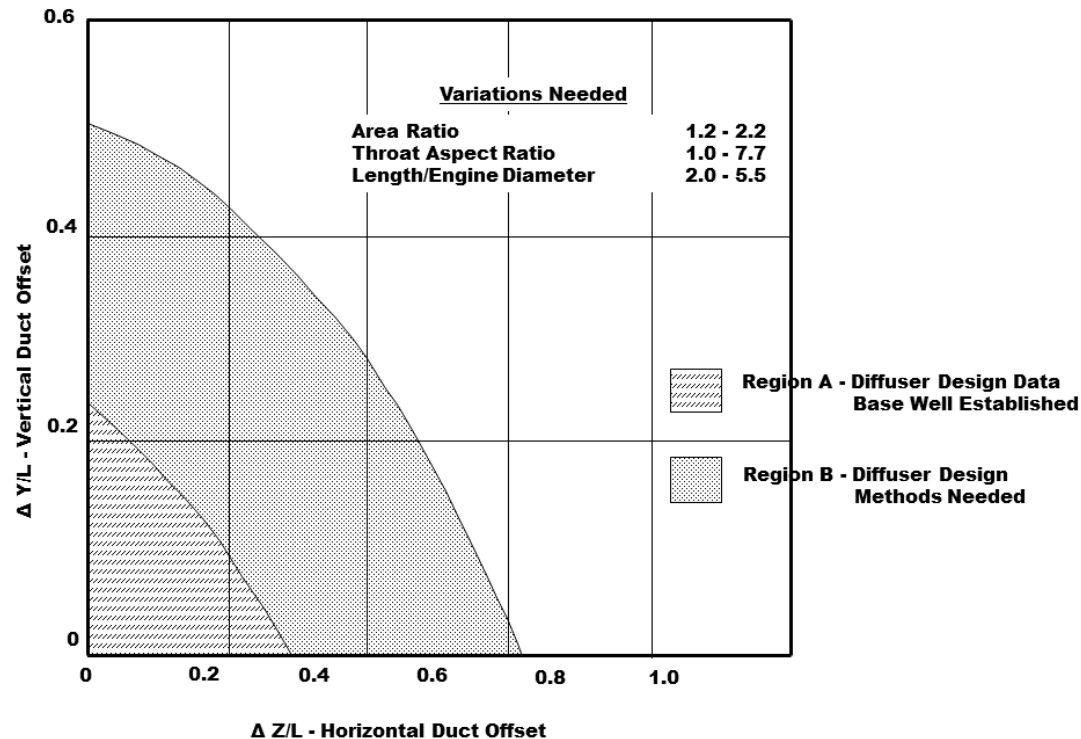
Additional Slides



Inlet Slides



Inlet Length Guide



Vortex Generator Example Visualization [10]

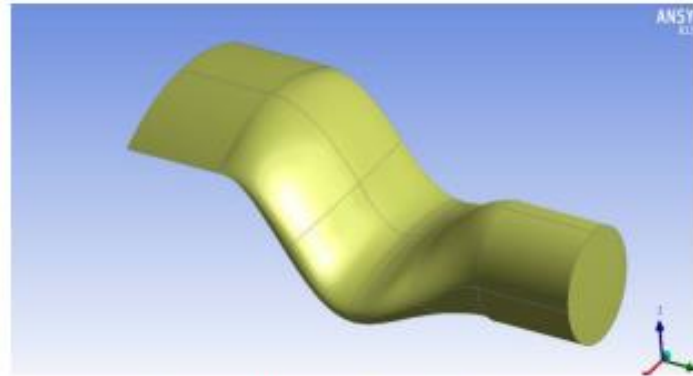


Figure-1 Baseline serpentine duct model

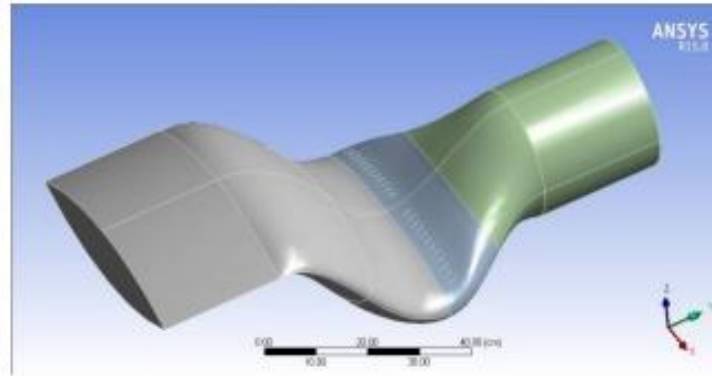
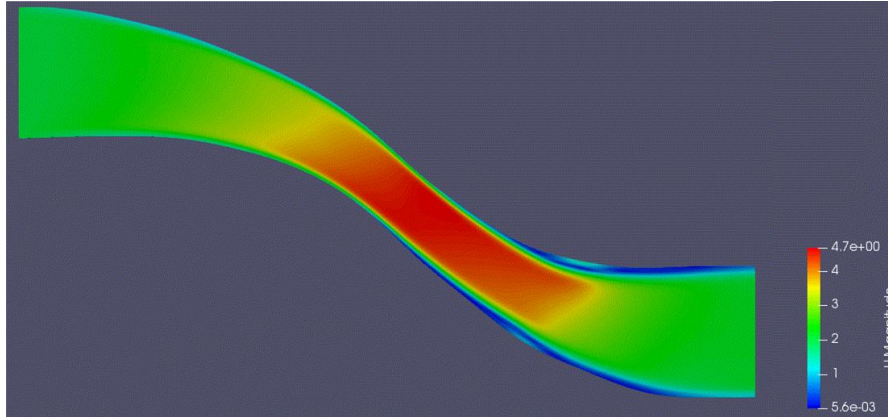


Figure-2 Serpentine duct with vortex generators

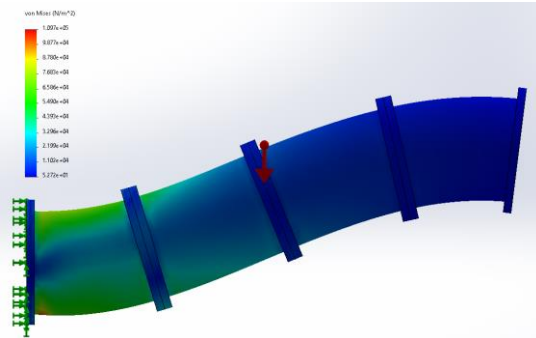
CFD Results (Design 05) using icoFoam



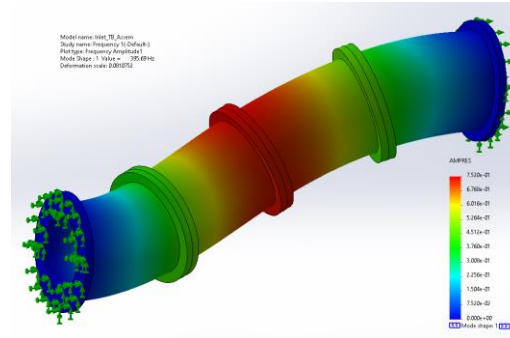
Re#: ~2350 (Transition-Turbulent Flow)



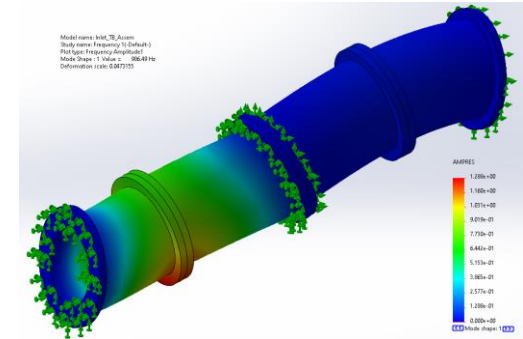
Stress and Vibration Analysis



- Free standing Static



- Restrained at ends only
- 1st failure mode at 396 Hz

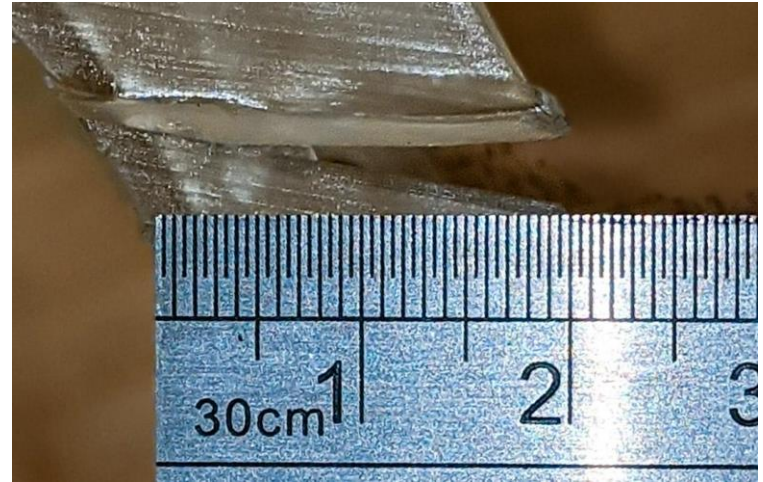


- Restrained at ends and throat
- 1st failure mode at 986 Hz

- Tests conducted with Formlabs Standard (Clear) material properties
- Inlet: L = 24 in AR = 1

Challenges

- Crack in flange of Inlet section
 - ◆ 2 cm length
 - ◆ Does not extend to the actual inlet
 - ◆ Pressing forward with use



Top View



Outsourced Quotes

→ The 3D Printing Store

Quote



3D PRINTING STORE[®]
Powered By ACCUCORE

Date:	January 25, 2021
Valid Until	February 24, 2021
Customer:	Tim Breda

Customer Info:	
Company	
Client	Tim Breda
Email	Timothy.Breda@colorado.edu
Number	

Quote/Project Description
50 um EDF transition and Inlet and Inlet transition and Jetcat 1x each Hard Black-Photocentric

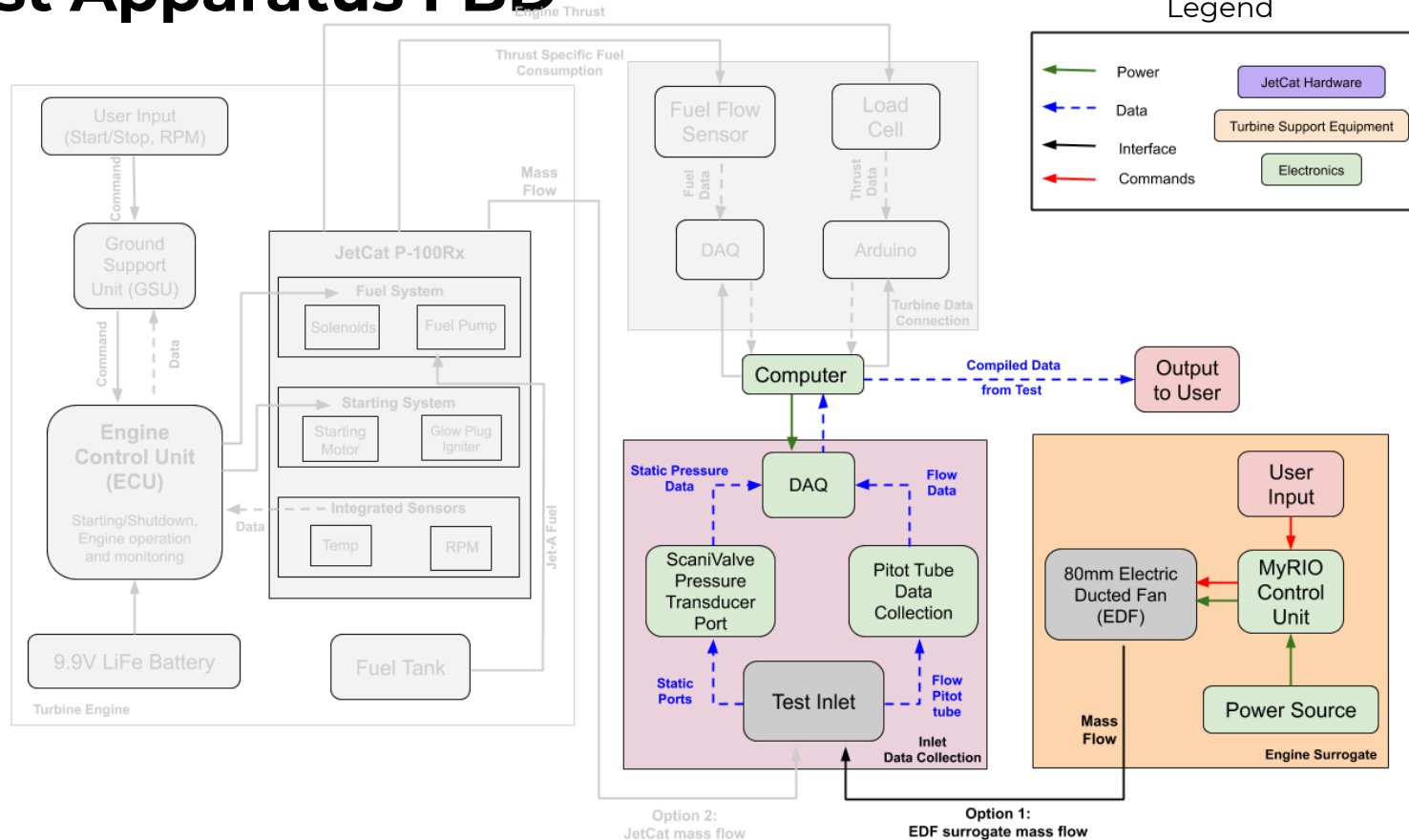
Line Item	Service	Description	Quantity	Unit	Price	Line Total
1	Print	50 um EDF transition and Inlet and Inlet transition and Jetcat 1x each Hard Black-Photocentric	1.00	Each	\$780.09	\$780.09
2	Sanding		2.00	Hours	\$35.00	\$70.00
3	Support Removal		2.00	Hours	\$10.00	\$20.00
4						
5						



Test Apparatus Slides

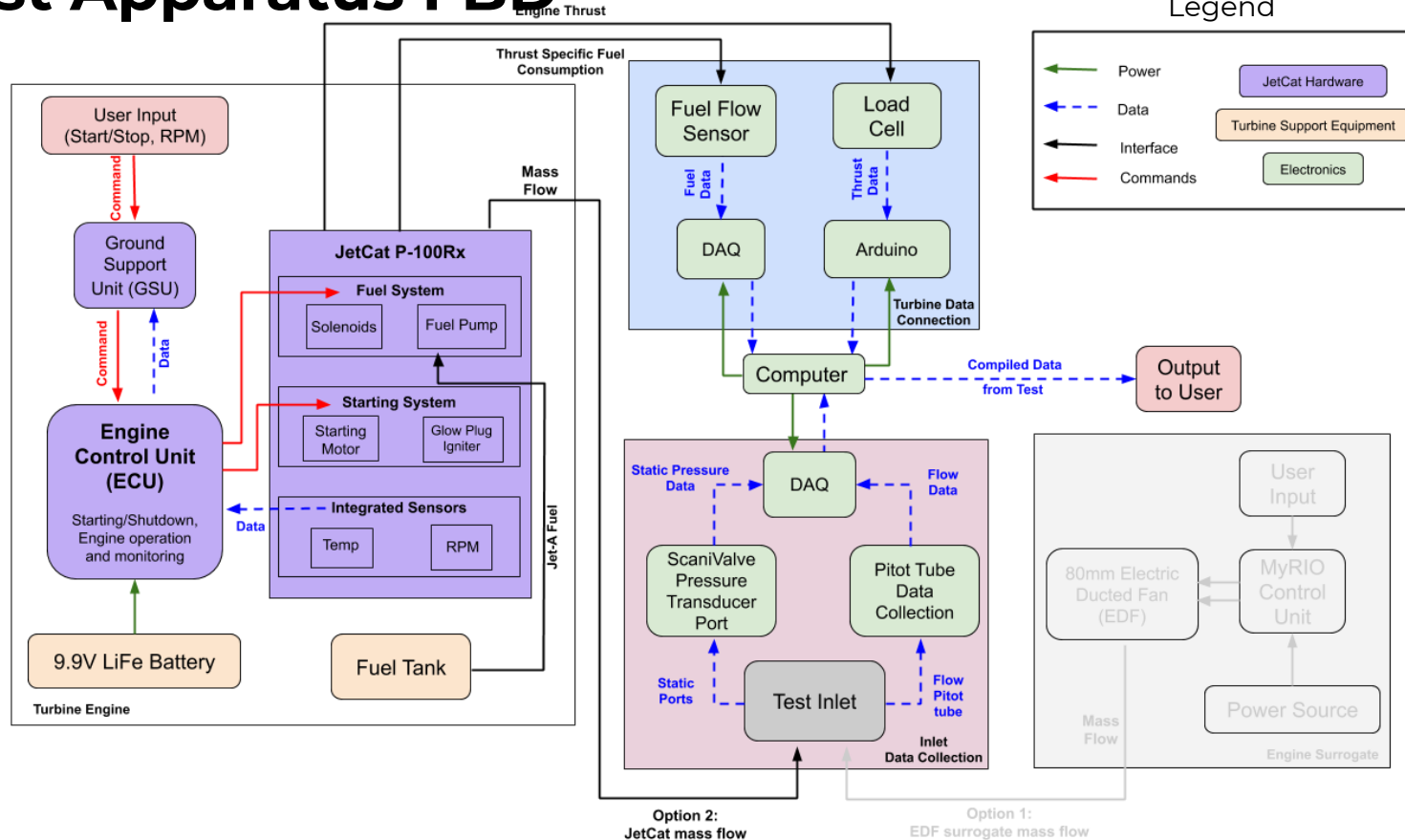


Test Apparatus FBD

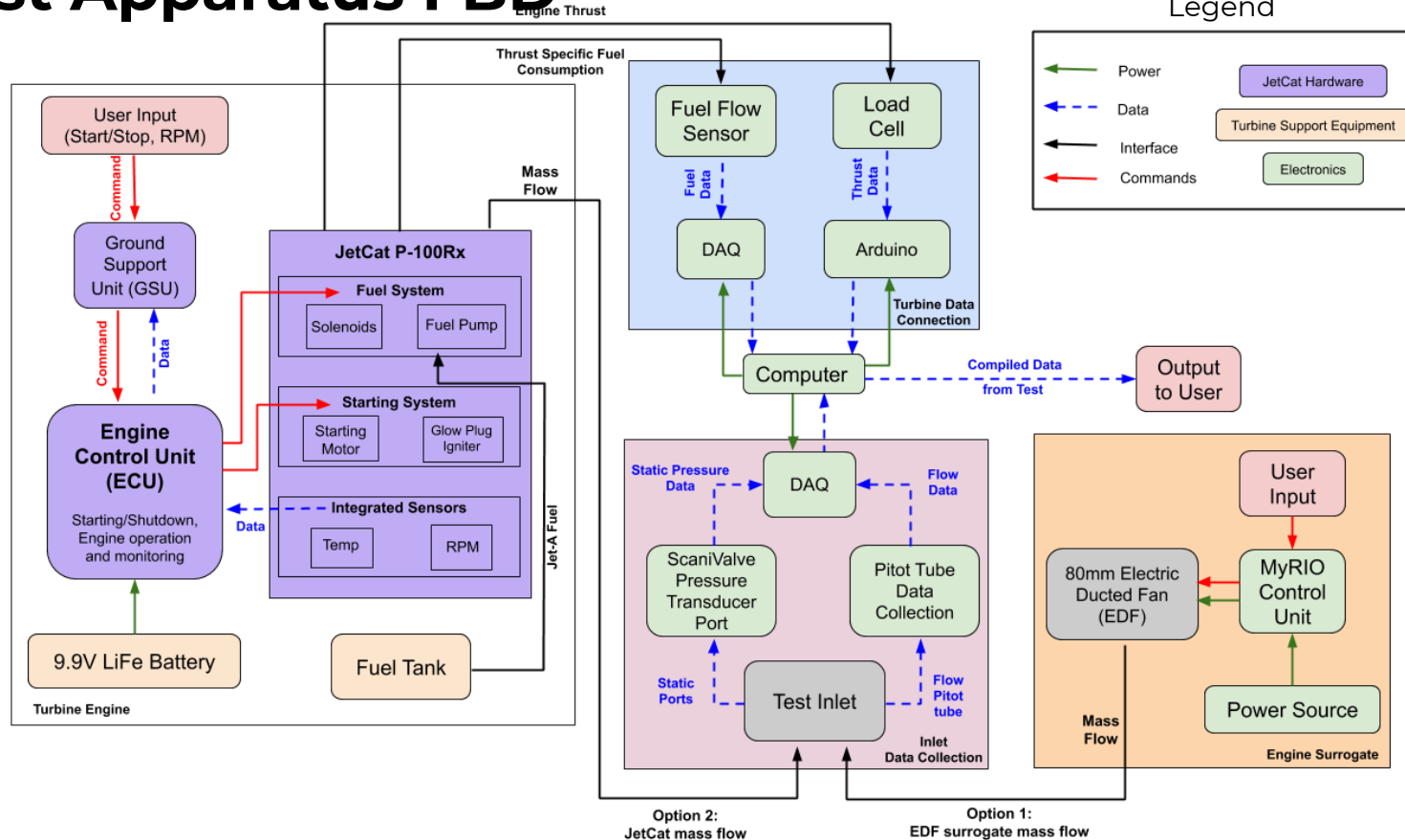




Test Apparatus FBD



Test Apparatus FBD





Mass Flow Surrogation

Assumptions:

Circular cross section

Constant area cross section

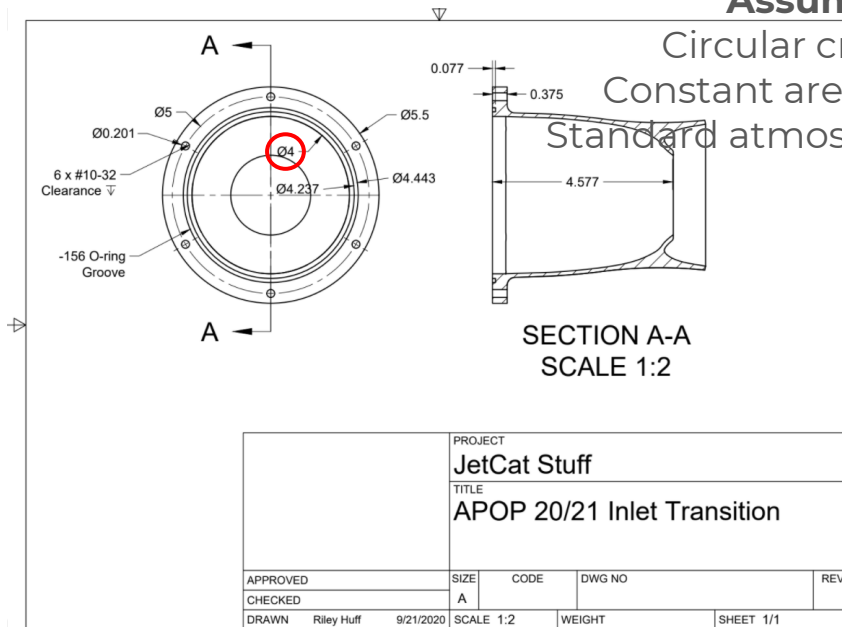
Standard atmospheric conditions

$$\dot{m} = \rho v a$$

$$.23 \frac{kg}{s}$$

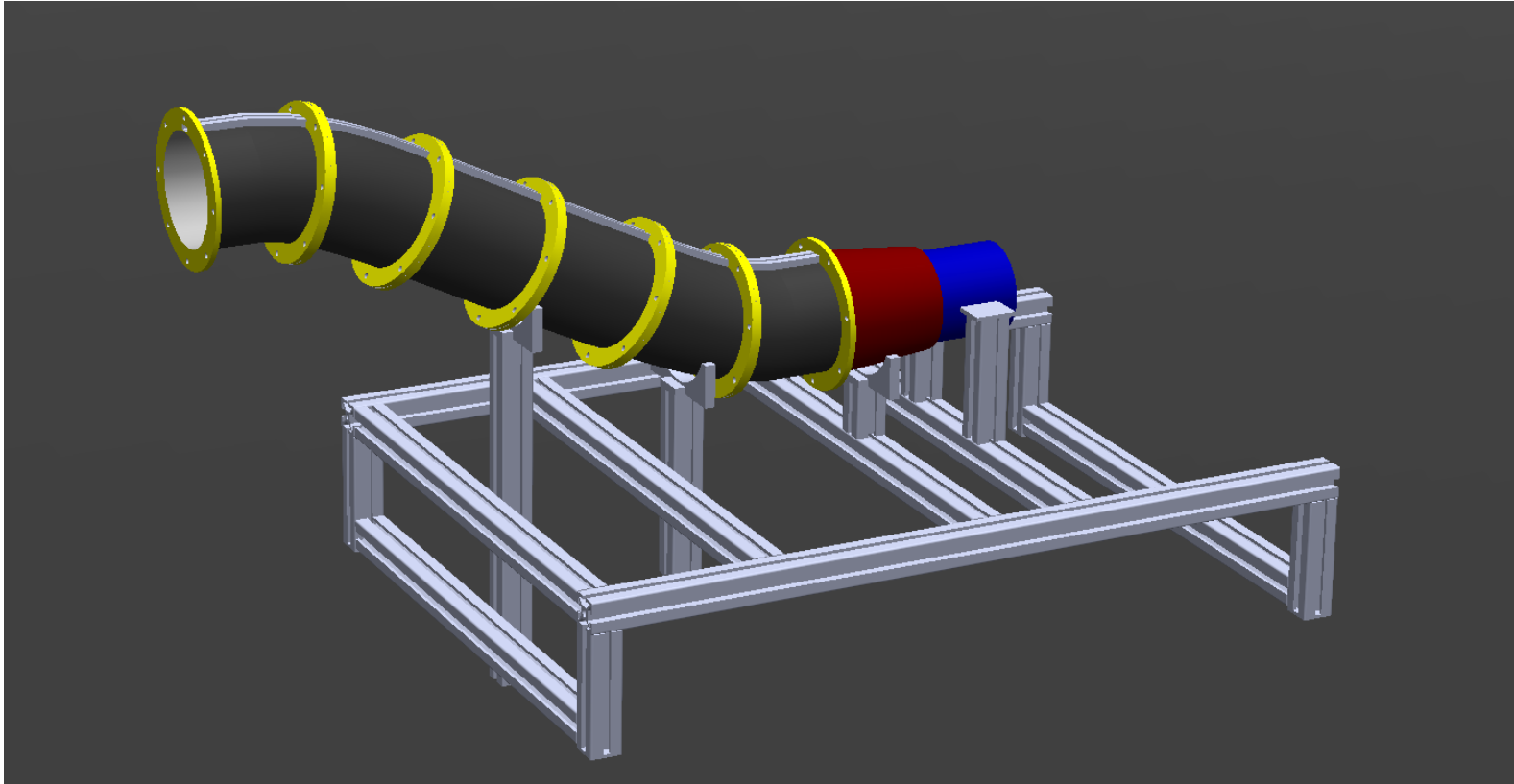
$$v = \frac{\frac{\pi}{4} (0.1016m)^2 * (1.225 \frac{kg}{m^3})}{.23 \frac{kg}{s}}$$

$$v = 23.16 m/s$$

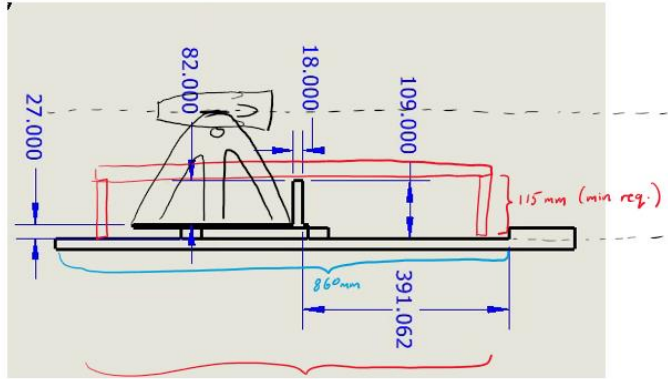




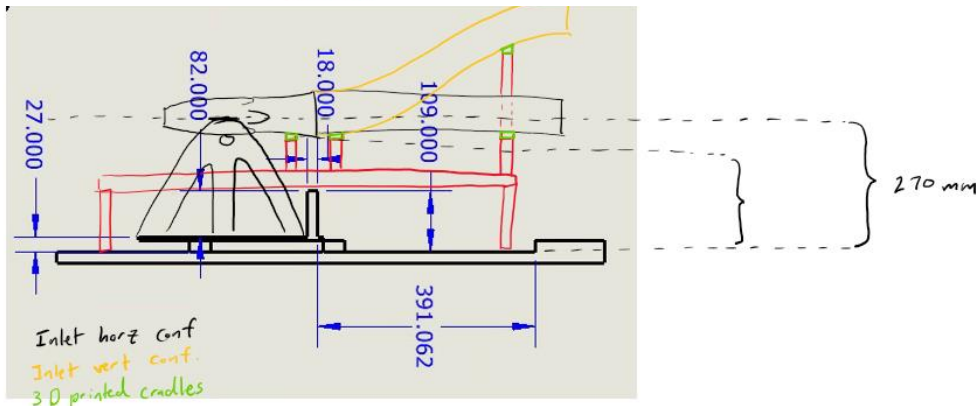
Inlet Testing with EDF



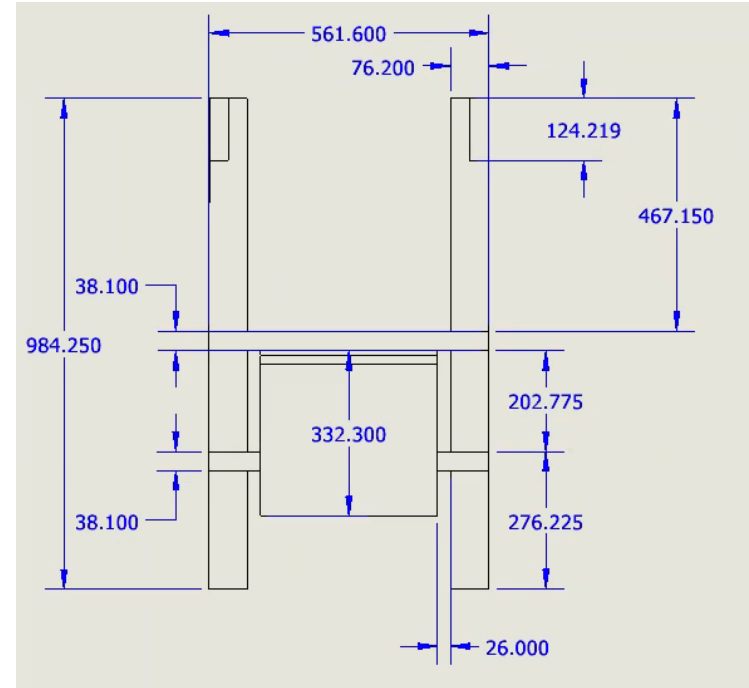
Test Stand Design Process



750 mm

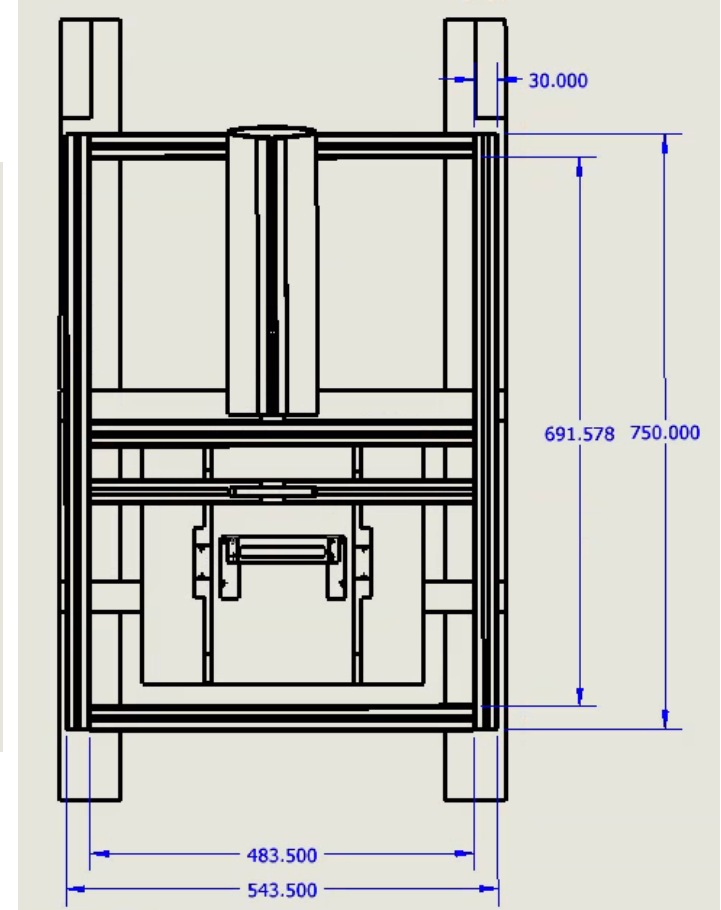
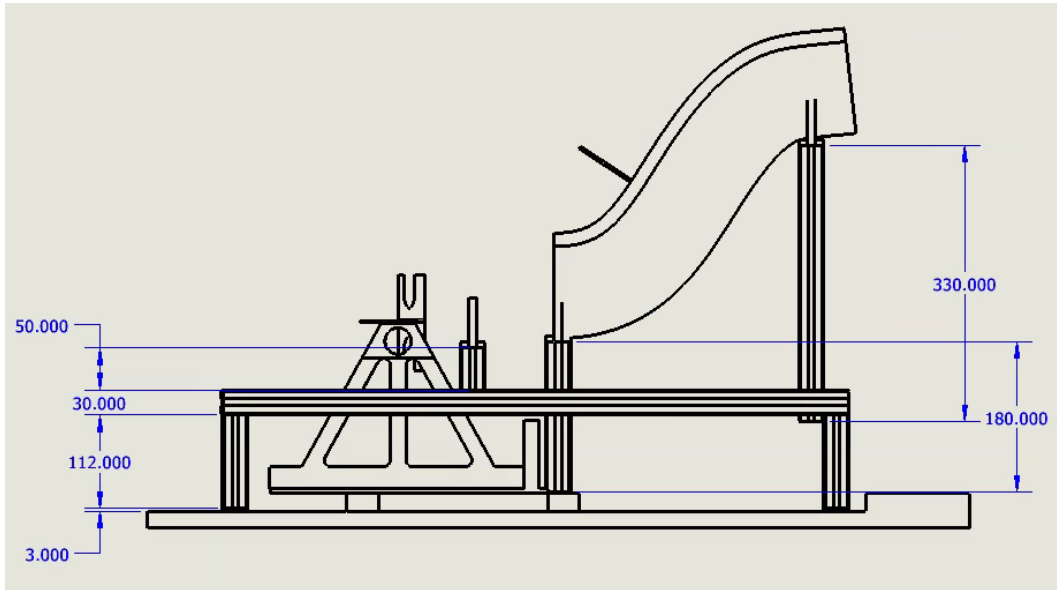


Inlet horz conf.
Inlet vert conf.
3D printed cradles



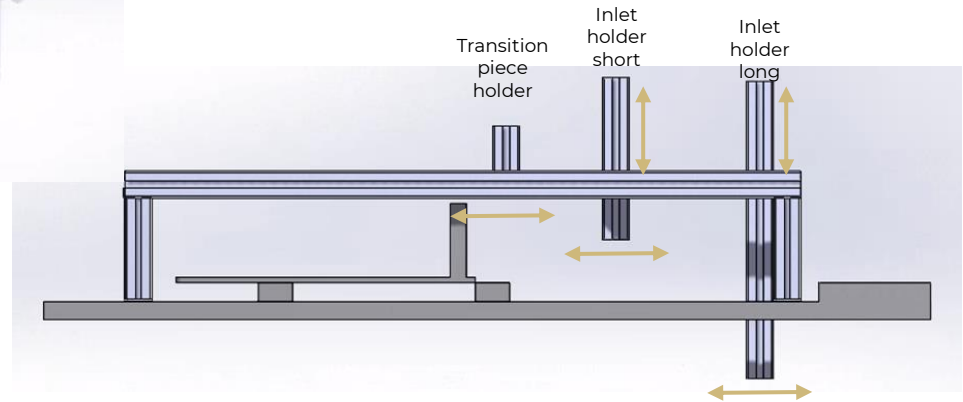
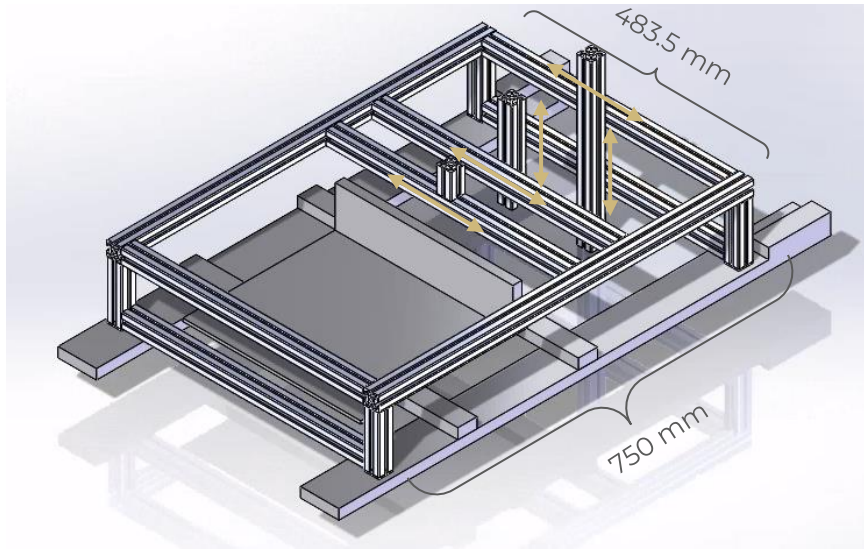


Test Stand Frame





Test Stand Frame





Test Stand Design Process

Item	Quantity	Length (mm)	Pice Per	Price Total
Struts Across	6	483.5	\$5.31	\$31.86
Struts Along	2	750	\$8.25	\$16.50
Vertical Stand Supports	4	112	\$4.47	\$17.88
EDF Trans Piece	1	50	\$4.47	\$4.47
Inlet Trans Piece	1	50	\$4.47	\$4.47
EDF Holders	2	120	\$4.47	\$8.94
Inlet Holder Short	2	180	\$4.47	\$8.94
Inlet Holder Long	1	330	\$3.63	\$3.63
End Caps	4	HFC6-3030	\$1.79	\$7.16
EDF mount L brackets	6	HBLFSSW6	\$3.13	\$18.78
Frame L Brackets	min of 40 (11 packs)	-	\$1.98 (4 pack)	\$21.78
Channel Nuts	min of 80	HNTT6-4	package of 100	\$36.56
M4 screws 10 mm	min of 80 (40 packs)	10	0.98 (2 pack)	\$39.20
M4 screws 12 mm (EDF)	min of 8 (5 packs)	12	0.98 (2 pack)	\$4.90
			Total	\$225.07

Test Stand Design Process

$$M = (dist)(Force)$$

$$F = \sim 2.3 \text{ kg} = 22.5553 \text{ N}$$

$$M = (120 \text{ mm})(22.5553 \text{ N}) = 2706.64 \text{ N} \cdot \text{mm}$$

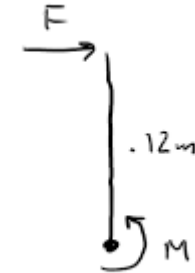
$$\text{Flexure Formula: } \sigma_b = \frac{M \cdot (y \text{ dimension})}{I_y}$$

From 30x30 Aluminum Extrusion Documentation:

$$I_y = 2.83 \times 10^4 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$y \text{ dimension} = 30 \text{ mm}$$

$$\sigma_b = \frac{(2706.64 \text{ N} \cdot \text{mm})(30 \text{ mm})}{2.83 \times 10^4 \text{ mm}^4} = 2.86923 \text{ N/mm}^2$$



Mechanical Properties of Aluminum Extrusion

	JIS Standard (Reference)	JIS S
Series	HFS Series	
Material (JIS Symbol)	A6N01SS-T5 Aluminum Alloy	
Tensile Strength (N/mm ²)	245 or more	
Proof Stress (N/mm ²)	205 or more	
Longitudinal Elastic Modulus (N/mm ²)	69972	
Brinell Hardness (HB)	88	
Surface Treatment	Anodize 9μm or more	



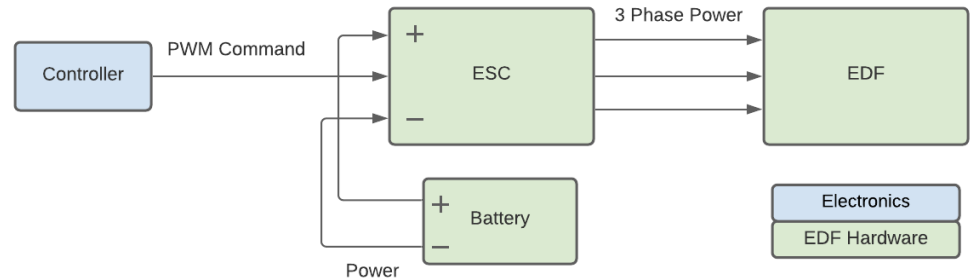
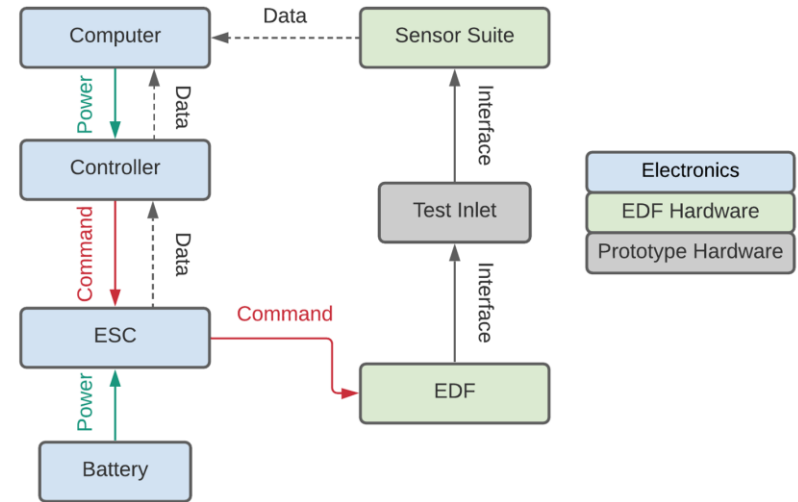
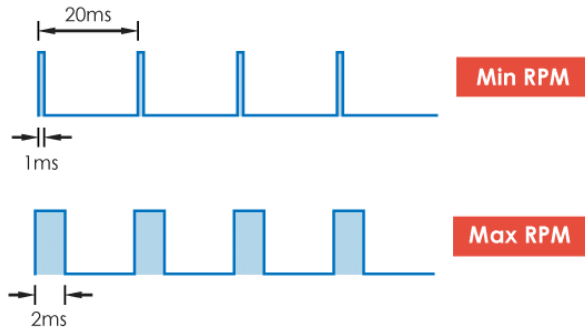
EDF Control

Electronic Speed Control (ESC)

- Exact components dependant on EDF

ESC Signal for RC EDFs

- 50 Hz PWM, 5-10% duty cycle



Equflow Flow Measurement Instrument

- Working closely with professor Trudy Schwartz to understand how it works
- Instrument output is a square wave and counting the frequency will give flow rate
- Typically use a microcontroller or NI DAQ with a counter/timer card to read square wave, encoder, etc measurements.
- In the past teams have used the NI 9401 digital input module to read square wave
- Disposable to reduce clogging and inaccuracies. Will need to purchase multiple for tests.
- Max turbine flow rate: 0.36 L/min
- Min turbine flow rate: 0.06 L/min (at idle)
- 0045 model flow rate: 0.1 - 1.8 L/min (with minimum flow of 0.06 L/min)
- Pack of 10 Replacements (€ 400.00 ~ \$470)
- <https://www.equflow.com/product/pfa-click-housing-flow-sensor>
- <https://www.equflow.com/product/pfa-flow-tube-4-5-for-click-housing-tul>





Test Apparatus Spending

Category	Item	Unit Price (USD)	Amount	Total Price
Test Stand Aluminum	Struts Across	\$5.31	6	31.86
	Struts Along	\$8.25	2	16.5
	Vertical Stand Supports	\$4.47	4	17.88
	EDF Trans Piece	\$4.47	1	4.47
	Inlet Trans Piece	\$4.47	1	4.47
	EDF Holders	\$4.47	2	8.94
	Inlet Holder Short	\$4.47	2	8.94
	Inlet Holder Long	\$3.63	1	3.63
Test Stand Accessories	End Caps	\$1.79	4	7.16
	EDF mount L brackets	\$3.13	6	18.78
	Channel Nuts	\$36.56	1	36.56
	M4 Screws 10 mm	\$0.98	40	39.2
	M4 Screws 12 mm	\$0.98	5	4.9
	Corner L Bracket (1)	\$2.13	2	4.26
	Corner L Bracket (2)	\$2.42	10	24.2
	Set Nut (M3-0.5)	\$0.56	6	3.36
	Set Screw (M3-0.5x6)	\$0.56	6	3.36
	Shipping	\$19.36	1	19.36
Total				203.29



Instrumentation & Maintenance Spending

Category	Item	Unit Price (USD)	Amount	Total Price
Massflow Surrogate	EDF	\$39.99	1	39.99
	ESC	\$35.49	1	35.49
Test Stand Instrumentation	Pitot Tube	\$93.00	1	93
	Tubing	\$0.60	100	60
Total				228.48

Category	Item	Unit Price (USD)	Amount	Total Price
Initial Engine Parts	Starter Motor	\$89.99	1	89.99
	LiFE Battery	\$49.99	1	49.99
	EC3 M to XT60 F Adapter	\$1.99	1	1.99
	EC3 F to XT60 M Adapter	1.99	1	1.99
Packaging Supplies	Bubble Wrap	\$6.62	1	6.62
	Cardboard Box	\$6.99	1	6.99
	Sales Tax	\$1.20	1	1.2
Turbine Ground Support	4mm tubing	\$1.29	3	3.87
	Festo Ball Valve 4mm	\$21.47	2	42.94
	Festo Blanking Cap 4mm	\$2.21	3	6.63
	iTrap40 Classic Pro 4mm	\$85.54	1	85.54
	Plastic Syringe	\$10.38	1	10.38
	Diesel Fuel Can	\$26.15	1	26.15
Shipping	Outbound (1)	\$34.84	1	34.84
	Outbound	\$117.00	1	117
	Inbound	\$50.00	2	100
Total				586.12

Test Plan

Test	Materials	Location	Special Access
TA Turbine Operation verification	JetCat Engine	Engine Test Cell	Yes - R2R Schedule*
TA Instrument Verification	Test App, Wind Tunnel	Aero Wind Tunnel	Yes - R2R Schedule*
TA Turbine mass flow test	JetCat Engine, Test App	Engine Test Cell	Yes - R2R Schedule*
TA EDF Verification	Test App, EDF	Aero Wind Tunnel	Yes - R2R Schedule*
TA Turbine sensors calibration test	Test App, Inlet, JetCat	Engine Test Cell	Yes - R2R Schedule*

* - R2R Schedule only allows Team OSPRI to be on campus 2 days/week



Test Plan cont.

Test	Materials	Location	Special Access
Inlet EDF Testing	Test App, Inlet, EDF	Wind Tunnel	Yes - R2R Schedule*
TA Turbine baseline test	JetCat Engine, Test App	Engine Test Cell	Yes - R2R Schedule*
Inlet Turbine integrated inlet testing	JetCat Engine, Test App, Inlet	Engine Test Cell	Yes - R2R Schedule*

* - R2R Schedule only allows Team OSPRI to be on campus 2 days/week



Management Slides



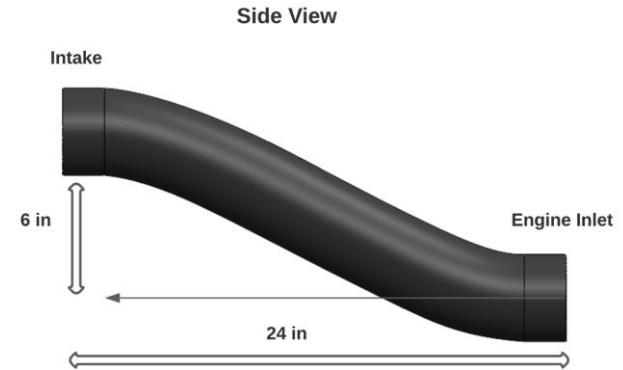
Functional Requirements

OSPRI functional requirements stem from the APOP's Statement of Work provided to the CU Aerospace Engineering Department and the OSPRI team:

1. Design, build, and validate an S-duct inlet for use with the JetCat P100-RX turbojet engine that performs according to AFRL's objectives.
2. Design, build, and validate a test rig capable of measuring critical inlet performance metrics and inform inlet design.

Inlet Design Requirements

1. The inlet shall interface with the AFRL transition piece
2. The nearest outside edge of the capture area shall be on the centerline of the engine.
3. The inlet shall have a total pressure recovery $\geq 98\%$ at engine inlet.
4. The maximum thrust decrement of the engine shall be $\leq 1\%$ when the inlet is attached.
5. The maximum TSFC increment of the engine shall be $\leq 1\%$ when the inlet is attached.
6. The inlet shall have an axial length between 20 inches and 28 inches, with the objective being 20 inches (or shorter, if feasible).*
 - a. Requirements changed from PDR



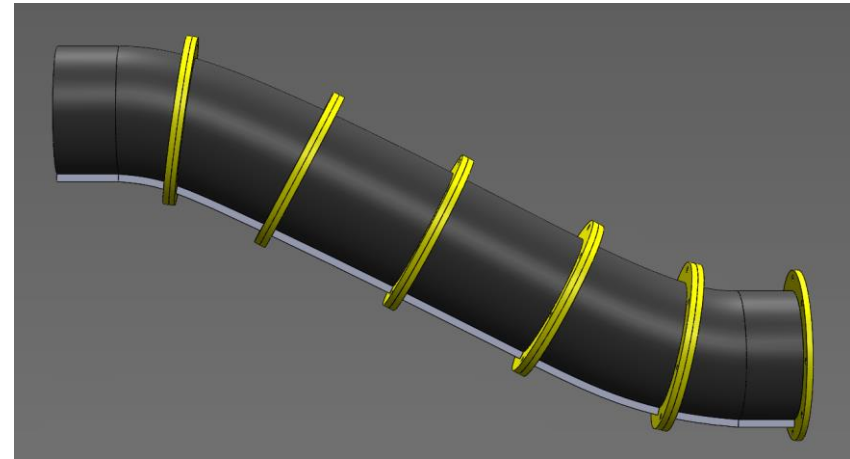


Test Apparatus (TA) Design Requirements

1. The TA shall be capable of mapping the total pressure distribution at the inlet entrance, the Aerodynamic Interface Plane (AIP), and between the first and second turns, at a minimum.
2. The TA shall be capable of mapping the distortion distribution throughout the inlet.
3. The TA shall be capable of measuring key JetCat engine parameters.
 - a. TA shall be capable of measuring the thrust produced by the engine.
 - b. TA shall be capable of measuring the Thrust Specific Fuel Consumption (TSFC) of the engine.
4. The TA shall be capable of interfacing with multiple different inlet designs.

Timeline Moving Forward

1. Printing, post-processing, and assembling the first inlet (Complete by Feb. 14th)
2. Testing the first iteration to measure performance (Complete by Feb. 20th)
3. Start Printing the second iteration (Complete by Feb. 22nd)
4. Performance analysis for second iteration (Complete by Mar. 10th)
5. Finalize and Manufacture Final Design (Complete by Apr. 1st)



Work Plan

