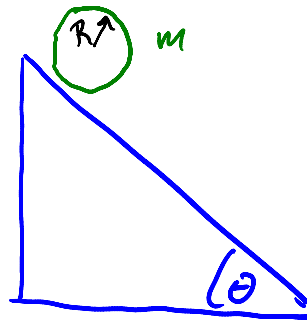


Rolling down an incline

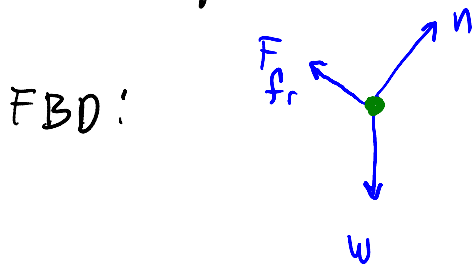
Wednesday, December 06, 2006
5:50 PM

The multiple-choice question regarding torque was probably the hardest of those on the exam. It is a good example of a multiple-choice question which should be answered by treating it as a written question.

An extended object rolls down an inclined plane without slipping.



What is the torque on this object?



Three forces act on the object: weight, normal, and friction.

$$F_{\text{net}\parallel} = mgs\sin\theta - F_{\text{fr}} = ma$$

Net torque $\tau_{\text{net}} = RF_{\text{fr}} = I\alpha$
Rolling without friction $\alpha = a/R$
so $RF_{\text{fr}} = I \frac{a}{R}$

$$\text{or } F_{fr} = I \frac{a}{R^2}$$

$$\text{So } ma = mg \sin \theta - I \frac{a}{R^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{g \sin \theta}{1 + I/MR^2}$$

Thus

$$\tau = I \frac{a}{R} = \frac{g}{R} \sin \theta \frac{I}{1 + I/MR^2}$$

$$= g m R \sin \theta \frac{I/MR^2}{1 + I/MR^2}$$

$$\text{Let } c = \frac{I/MR^2}{1 + I/MR^2}$$

c is maximum when $I = MR^2$, so torque is also maximum for $I = MR^2$, which is true for the hoop