

Smalyukh Lab (G335) Safety Guidelines

Version 1.0
February 7, 2012
by Taewoo Lee

1. General Laboratory Safety

1.1. Responsibilities

All the group members should understand “Smalyukh Lab Safety Guidelines”.

CU – Environmental Health & Safety “Laboratory Safety Guideline” in the “Smalyukh Group Safety Guide” folder and

http://www.colorado.edu/ehs/pdf/ECIH.Laboratory%20Safety%20Guidelines.11_08.pdf

1.2. Laboratory Chemical Safety Plan (LCSP)

1.2.1. Training

- Hazardous Materials and Waste Management
- Classroom training (<http://www.colorado.edu/ehs/training/hazardous.html>)
- Annual refresher training (Online)

1.2.2. Chemical inventory, Storage, Labeling

- Chemical inventory is posted on the group website and in the storage cabinet.
- Flammable solvents should be kept in the storage under the fume hood.
- Labeling chemical containers is one of the critical issues for all the group members.

1.2.3. Hazardous waste

- Follow the “Hazardous Waste Generators’ Guide” in the “Smalyukh Group Safety Guide” folder or <http://www.colorado.edu/ehs/pdf/HWGenGuide.pdf>
- See Section 2 for details.

1.2.4. Chemical hazard information

- Materials Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) should be kept in the “Smalyukh Group Safety Guide” folder
- Whenever you have a new chemical you should get MSDS and add it to the folder.
- Online resources <http://www.colorado.edu/ehs/research/material.html>

1.2.5. Ventilation

- Fume hood

1.2.6. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

- PPEs are in the wall storage shelf.

1.2.7. Emergency

- Call 911

2. Hazardous Materials Waste

- Hazardous waste generators have responsibilities as below.
- Label as “Hazardous Waste”
- Label with complete chemical contents on a “HMW tag”

2.1. Chemical Waste

All waste must be stored in a *Satellite Accumulation Area (SAA)* under the fume hood

2.1.1. Flammables / Solvents

There will be two separate waste containers.

2.1.1.1. Chlorinated

ex. Chloroform, Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride), etc.

2.1.1.2. Non-chlorinated

ex. Methanol, Ethanol, Isopropanol, Acetone etc.

2.1.2. Aqueous solutions

ex. DMOAP in water etc.

2.1.3. Corrosives

- Separate acids and bases

- Record pH and concentration/volume

2.1.3.1. Acids

ex. Hydrochloric acid (HCl), Sulfuric acid (H₂SO₄), Chlorosulfonic acid (HClSO₃)

2.1.3.2. Bases

ex. Sodium hydroxide (NaOH)

2.2. Broken glass, Plastic pipettes tips, Other possible puncture hazards

- **Cardboard box**

- **No trash, no sample, only empty vials, pipettes tips, slide glass, coverslip etc.**

2.3. Sharps (needles, scalpels, and blades)

- **Plastic containers**

- **All metal sharps whether contaminated with hazardous materials or not**

2.4. Gas cylinder

- How to order? Call to Airgas Intermountain-Boulder (Tel.303-442-2481) and mention "Duane Physics RmG335" with P-card.

- Return empty cylinder as soon as possible. (Form is in the "Smalyukh Group Safety Guide" folder)

2.5. Batteries

- Cardboard box in the SAA

2.6. Empty containers

- if EPA "P-listed" (in the "Smalyukh Group Safety Guide" folder) consider as Hazardous Waste

- Otherwise it can be dumped in the main trash container outside Duane Physics building (not in a trash can in the lab)

2.7. Proctor (Rahul Trivedi as of Feb 7, 2012)

- Inspect weekly SAA, Hazardous Materials/Waste Accumulation Log, and particularly all the chemical containers (sample vials etc.)

- Hazardous Waste generator should inspect SAA and check the log

3. Laser Safety

- University is now preparing laser safety guideline.

- Laser registration form will be submitted to EH & S.

- **Use correct Laser safety goggles** when you are working with lasers.