## GENERAL INFORMATION

## A1. Address Information

Name of College or University University of Colorado Boulder
Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country
Office of Admissions
552 UCB
Boulder, CO 80309-0552
Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country
Main Phone Number 303-492-1411
WWW Home Page Address www.colorado.edu
Admissions Phone Number 303-492-6301
Admissions Toll-free Number
Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country
Office of Admissions, Regent Administrative Center
125, University of Colorado Boulder, 552 UCB,
Boulder CO 80309-0552
Admissions Fax Number 303-735-2501
Admissions E-mail Address
Domestic Email: admissions@colorado.edu
International Email: intladms@colorado.edu
If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: https://www.colorado.edu/admissions If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:

A2. Source of institutional control (check one only)
PublicPrivate (nonprofit)
Proprietary
A3. Classify your undergraduate institution:Coeducational college
Men's collegeWomen's college

## A4. Academic year calendar

$\boxtimes$ SemesterQuarterContinuousTrimesterDiffers by programOther

## A5. Degrees offered by your institution

Postbachelor's certificateM Master's
Post-master's certificate
D Doctoral degree - research/scholarship
D Doctoral degree - professional practiceDoctoral degree - other

## B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment-Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2019. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.
Please see: https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/pdf/Reporting_Study_Abroad\ Students_5.31.17.pdf

|  | FULL-TIME |  |  | PART-TIME |  |  | TOTAL |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Undergraduates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree-seeking, first-time <br> freshmen | 3,565 | 3,468 | 7,033 | 40 | 40 | 80 | 3,605 | 3,508 | 7,113 |
| Other first-year, degree- <br> seekinq | 1,160 | 827 | 1,987 | 91 | 53 | 144 | 1,251 | 880 | 2,131 |
| All other degree-seeking | 10,810 | 8,942 | 19,752 | 1,060 | 617 | 1,677 | 11,870 | 9,559 | 21,429 |
| Total degree-seeking | 15,535 | 13,237 | 28,772 | 1,191 | 710 | 1,901 | 16,726 | 13,947 | 30,673 |
| All other undergraduates <br> enrolled in credit courses | 46 | 16 | 62 | 185 | 181 | 366 | 231 | 197 | 428 |
| Total undergraduates | 15,581 | 13,253 | 28,834 | 1,376 | 891 | 2,267 | 16,957 | 14,144 | 31,101 |
| Graduate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree-seeking, first-time | 531 | 400 | 931 | 330 | 239 | 569 | 861 | 639 | 1,500 |
| All other degree-seeking | 924 | 895 | 1,819 | 1,777 | 1,243 | 3,020 | 2,701 | 2,138 | 4,839 |
| All other graduates enrolled <br> in credit courses | 1 | 2 | 3 | 76 | 131 | 207 | 77 | 133 | 210 |
| Total graduate | 1,456 | 1,297 | 2,753 | 2,183 | 1,613 | 3,589 | 3,639 | 2,910 | 6,549 |
| ALL STUDENTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -- Grand Total | 17,037 | 14,550 | 31,587 | 3,559 | 2,504 | 6,063 | 20,596 | 17,054 | 37,650 |

Total all undergraduates: 31,101
Total all graduate: $\quad 6,549$
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: $\qquad$ 37,650

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2019. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

|  | Degree-seeking <br> First-time First year | Degree-seeking <br> Undergraduates <br> (include first-time <br> first-year) | Total <br> Undergraduates <br> (both degree-and <br> non-degree- <br> seeking) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nonresident aliens | 212 | 1,730 | 1,734 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 949 | 3,914 | 3,971 |
| Black or African American, non- <br> Hispanic | 118 | 488 | 495 |
| White, non-Hispanic | 4,862 | 20,638 | 20,921 |
| American Indian or Alaska | 7 | 41 | 42 |
| Native, non-Hispanic | 442 | 1,784 | 1,813 |
| Asian, non-Hispanic | 5 | 31 | 33 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific <br> Islander, non-Hispanic | 486 | 1,866 | 181 |
| Two or more races, non-Hispanic | 32 | 30,673 | 198 |
| Race and/or ethnicity unknown | 7,113 |  | 31,101 |
| Total |  |  |  |

## Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2018, to June 30, 2019.

| Certificate/diploma | 0 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Associate degrees | $\underline{0}$ |
| Bachelor's degrees | $\underline{6,294}$ |
| Postbachelor's certificates | $\boxed{0}$ |
| Master's degrees | $\boxed{1,614}$ |
| Post-master's certificates | $\boxed{0}$ |
| Doctoral degrees - research/scholarship 391 |  |
| Doctoral degrees - professional practice 164 |  |
| Doctoral degrees - other | 0 |

## Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 201920 Survey.
In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2012 and Fall 2013 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grant*
- Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)
*Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

## For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2013 cohort if available. If Fall 2013 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2012 cohort.

## Fall 2012 Cohort

|  | Recipients <br> of a Federal <br> Pell Grant | Recipients of <br> a Subsidized <br> Stafford Loan <br> who did not <br> receive a Pell <br> Grant | Students who <br> did not receive <br> either a Pell <br> Grant or a <br> subsidized <br> Stafford Loan | Total (sum of 3 <br> columns to the <br> left) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A - Initial 2012 cohort of first-time, <br> full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) <br> degree-seeking undergraduate <br> students |  |  |  | (formerly B4) |
| B - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how <br> many did not persist and did not <br> graduate for the following <br> reasons: deceased, permanently <br> disabled, armed forces, foreign aid <br> service of the federal government, <br> or official church missions; total <br> allowable exclusions |  |  |  |  |
| C - Final 2012 cohort, after <br> adjusting for allowable exclusions |  |  | (formerly B5) |  |
| D - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how <br> many completed the program in <br> four years or less (by Aug. 31, <br> 2016) |  |  |  | (formerly B6) |
| E - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how <br> many completed the program in <br> more than four years but in five <br> years or less (after Aug. 31, 2016 <br> and by Aug. 31, 2017) |  |  |  | (formerly B7) |


|  | Recipients <br> of a Federal <br> Pell Grant | Recipients of <br> a Subsidized <br> Stafford Loan <br> who did not <br> receive a Pell <br> Grant | Students who <br> did not receive <br> either a Pell <br> Grant or a <br> subsidized <br> Stafford Loan | Total (sum of 3 <br> columns to the <br> left) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| F - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how <br> many completed the program in <br> more than five years but in six <br> years or less (after Aug. 31, 2017 <br> and by Aug. 31, 2018) |  |  |  | (formerly B9) |
| G - Total graduating within six <br> years (sum of lines D, E, and F) |  |  |  | (formerly B10) |
| H - Six-year graduation rate for <br> 2012 cohort (G divided by C) |  |  |  | (formerly B11) |

Fall 2013 Cohort

|  | Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant | Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant | Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan | Total (sum of 3 columns to the left) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A - Initial 2013 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students | 997 | 922 | 3,872 | 5,791 <br> (formerly B4) |
| B - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions | 2 | 1 | 3 | 6 <br> (formerly B5) |
| C - Final 2013 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions | 995 | 921 | 3,869 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5,785 \\ & \text { (formerly B6) } \end{aligned}$ |
| D - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2017) | 361 [36\%] | 436 [47\%] | 1,884 [49\%] | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2,681 \\ & \text { (formerly B7) [46\%] } \end{aligned}$ |
| E - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2017 and by Aug. 31, 2018) | 203 [20\%] | 142 [15\%] | 746 [19\%] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,091 } \\ & \text { (formerly B8) [19\%] } \end{aligned}$ |
| F - Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2018 and by Aug. 31, 2019) | 44 [4\%] | 25 [3\%] | 142 [4\%] | $211$ <br> (formerly B9) [4\%] |
| G - Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F) | 608 | 603 | 2,772 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3,983 \\ \text { (formerly B10) } \end{array}$ |
| H - Six-year graduation rate for 2013 cohort (G divided by C) | 61\% | 65\% | 72\% | (formerly B11) ${ }^{69 \%}$ |

## Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2018 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2018 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2019? $\qquad$

## C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

## Applications

C1.First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2019. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied TOTAL first-year (freshman) who applied

| $\underline{20,195}$ |
| :--- |
| $\underline{20,545}$ |
| 40,740 |

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted TOTAL first-time, first-year (freshman) who were admitted

| $\frac{15,432}{16,501}(76 \%)$ |
| :--- |
| $31,933(80 \%)$ |

Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled TOTAL first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled $\qquad$
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled TOTAL first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled $\qquad$
TOTAL full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) who enrolled TOTAL part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) who enrolled TOTAL first-time, first-year (freshman) who enrolled $\qquad$

First-time, first-year (freshman) students by residency. (Information not requested by CDS)

|  | First-time, <br> first-year <br> (freshman <br> ) | First-time, <br> first-year <br> admitted <br> applicants | Percent <br> Admitte <br> d | Total <br> first-time, <br> first-year <br> enrolled <br> applicants | Full <br> Time | Part <br> Time | Freshm <br> an <br> Yield |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In-state <br> Colorad <br> o | 10,972 | 9,400 | $86 \%$ | 3,756 | 3,723 | 33 | $40 \%$ |
| Out of <br> state | 29,759 | 22,530 | $76 \%$ | 3,357 | 3,308 | 49 | $15 \%$ |
| Total | 40,740 | 31,933 | $78 \%$ | 3,357 | 3,308 | 82 |  |

*Because residency status is unknown for 9 applicants and 3 admits, numbers of instate plus out-of-state students are lower than totals.

C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)
Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?YesNo
If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2019 admissions:
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list 4,380
Number accepting a place on the waiting list

## 1,380

Number of wait-listed students admitted

$$
558
$$

Is your waiting list ranked?YesNo
If yes, do you release that information to students?
Do you release that information to school counselors?

## Admission Requirements

C3. High school completion requirement
Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:High school diploma is required and GED is acceptedHigh school diploma is required and GED is not acceptedHigh school diploma or equivalent is not required

C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?RequireRecommendNeither require nor recommend

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

|  | Units Required | Units <br> Recommended |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Total academic units | 17 |  |
| English | 4 |  |
| Mathematics | $4^{*}$ |  |
| Science | 3 |  |
| Of these, units that must be <br> lab |  | $2^{* *}$ |
| Foreign language | 3 |  |
| Social studies | 3 |  |
| Of these, units that must be |  |  |
| History |  | $1^{* * *}$ |
| Geography |  |  |
| Academic electives |  |  |
| Computer Science |  |  |
| Visual/Performing Arts |  |  |
| Other (specify) |  |  |

*Includes at least 2 of algebra, 1 of geometry, and 1 of college preparatory math such as trigonometry, analytic geometry, or elementary functions.
**One of which must be either chemistry or physics.
***|f U.S. history is used to meet the history requirement, the geography requirement may be met with $1 / 2$ unit of geography and $1 / 2$ unit of world history.

## Basis for SelectionC6.

C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

No open admission policy.
Open admission policy as described above for all students $\qquad$
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but
selective admission for out-of-state students $\qquad$
selective admission to some programs $\qquad$
other (explain)
C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degreeseeking (freshman) admission decisions.

Very Important Important Considered Not Considered

## Academic

Rigor of secondary school record Class rank
Academic GPA
Standardized test scores
Application Essay
Recommendation
Nonacademic
Interview
Extracurricular activities
Talent/ability
Character/personal qualities
First generation
Alumni/ae relation
Geographical residence
State residency
Religious affiliation/commitment
Racial/ethnic status
Volunteer work
Work experience
Level of applicant's interest

## SAT and ACT Policies

## C8. Entrance exams

A. Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degreeseeking applicants? $\boxtimes$ YesNo

If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2021.

B. If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2021 please indicate which ONE of the following applies (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process):
__ ACT with writing required
ACT with writing recommended.
X ACT with or without writing accepted

If your institution will make use of the SAT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2021 please indicate which ONE of the following applies (regardless of whether the Essay score will be used in the admissions process): SAT with Essay component required SAT with ESSAY component recommendedSAT with or without ESSAY component accepted
C. Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT essay component; check all that apply.

|  | SAT <br> essay | ACT essay |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| For admission | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| For placement | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| For advising | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| In place of an application essay | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| As a validity check on the application <br> essay | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| No college policy as of now | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| Not using essay component | $\square$ | $\square$ |

D. In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?

X yes $\qquad$ no
E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission Jan 15 Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission Not applicable
F. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):
G. Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

SAT
ACT
SAT Subject Tests
AP
CLEP ®
Institutional Exam $\square$
State Exam (specify): $\qquad$

## Freshman Profile

Provide information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2019, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2019 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.

If a student submitted multiple sets of scores for a single test, report this information according to how you use the data. For example:

- If you consider the highest scores from either submission, use the highest combination of scores (e.g., verbal from one submission, math from the other).
- If you average the scores, use the average to report the scores.


* $N=5,148$ submitted scores from updated SAT; $N=10$ submitted scores from earlier version of SAT.

For each assessment listed below, report the score that represents the $25^{\text {th }}$ percentile (the score that 25 percent of the freshman population scored at or below) and the $75^{\text {th }}$ percentile score (the score that 25 percent scored at or above).

| Assessment | 25th <br> Percentile <br> Score | 75th <br> Percentile <br> Score | Mean |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SAT Composite* | 1150 | 1350 | 1251 |
| SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing* | 580 | 670 | 625 |
| SAT Math* | 560 | 690 | 626 |
| ACT Composite | 25 | 31 | 27.5 |
| ACT Math | 24 | 29 | 26 |
| ACT English | 24 | 32 | 28 |
| ACT Writing | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | N/A |

* $\mathrm{N}=5,148$ who submitted scores from updated SAT.

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

| Score <br> Range | SAT Evidence-Based <br> Reading and Writing | SAT Math |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $700-800$ | $16 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| $600-699$ | $51 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| $500-599$ | $28 \%$ | $33 \%$ |
| $400-499$ | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| $300-399$ | $<1 \%$ | $<1 \%$ |
| $200-299$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |

* $\mathrm{N}=5,148$ who submitted scores from updated SAT.

| Score Range | SAT <br> Composite |
| :--- | :---: |
| $1400-1600$ | $17 \%$ |
| $1200-1399$ | $48 \%$ |
| $1000-1199$ | $31 \%$ |
| $800-999$ | $4 \%$ |
| $600-799$ | $<1 \%$ |
| $400-599$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | $100 \%$ |

* $\mathrm{N}=5,148$ who submitted scores from updated SAT.

| Score Range | ACT <br> Composite | ACT English | ACT Math |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $30-36$ | $35 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
| $24-29$ | $47 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $53 \%$ |
| $18-23$ | $16 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| $12-17$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| $6-11$ | $0 \%$ | $<1 \%$ | $<1 \%$ |
| Below 6 | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class $26 \%$
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class $56 \%$
Percent in top half of high school graduating class $86 \%$
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class 14\%
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class 1\%
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank: $\qquad$ 45\%

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.


C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: $\underline{99 \%}$

## Admission Policies

## C13. Application fee

Does your institution have an application fee?sNo
Amount of application fee: $\$ 50$ for domestic applicants $\$ 70$ for international applicants
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need? $\boxtimes$ YesNo

If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please indicate policy for students who apply on-line:
Same fee: $\qquad$
Free:
Reduced: $\qquad$
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need? Yes/no YES

## C14. Application closing date

Does your institution have an application closing date?YesNo

Application closing date (fall): January 15
Application closing date (summer): January 15
Application closing date (spring): October 1
Fall/Summer Early Action date: November 15
*IMPORTANT NOTE re application to the College of Music: Incoming students applying to the College of Music at CU Boulder must complete two separate application processes, one through CU Undergraduate Admissions and another for the College of Music. The DEADLINES for both processes ARE NOT THE SAME. It is critical to remain in contact with both CU Undergraduate Admissions and the College of Music as you navigate the applications. The College of Music does not take applications for Summer term.

C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall? $\boxtimes$ YesNo

C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)
On a rolling basis beginning (date):
By (date):
Other: Non-Binding Early Action Notification: Feb. 1. Regular admissions: Apr. 1 for fall and summer; applications are processed on a rolling basis and notifications begin going out on Oct. 1 for spring.

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date): $\qquad$
No set date: $\qquad$
Must reply by May 1 or within $\qquad$ weeks if notified thereafter
Other: $\qquad$
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): The housing deposit must be paid at the time of application.
Amount of housing deposit: $\qquad$ $\$ 300$
Refundable if student does not enroll?
X Yes, in fullYes, in part
$\qquad$ No

C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?
$\boxtimes$ YesNo
If yes, maximum period of postponement: 12 months
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?YesNo

C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? $\square$ Yes $\boxtimes$ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date
First or only early decision plan notification date
Other early decision plan closing date
Other early decision plan notification date
$\qquad$

## For the Fall 2019 entering class:

Number of early decision applications received by your institution $\qquad$
Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan: $\qquad$

C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?

X YesNo
If "yes," please complete the following:

| Early action closing date | November 15 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Early action notification date | $\underline{\text { February 1 }}$ |

Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?Yes
No

## D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

## Fall Applicants

D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students? $\boxtimes$ Yes $\square$ No (If no, please skip to Section E)
If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?
YesNo

D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2019.

|  | Applicants | Admitted <br> Applicants | Percent <br> Admitted | Total <br> Enrolled <br> Applicants | Full <br> Time | Part <br> Time |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men | 2,176 | 1,534 | $70 \%$ | 866 | 765 | 101 |
| Women | 1,617 | 1,230 | $76 \%$ | 610 | 549 | 61 |
| Total | 3,793 | 2,764 | $73 \%$ | 1,476 | 1,314 | 162 |

The number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2019, broken down by residency. (Information not requested by CDS)

|  | Applicants | Admitted <br> Applicants | Percent <br> Admitted | Total <br> Enrolled <br> Applicants | Full <br> Time | Part <br> Time |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In-state <br> Colorado | 1,475 | 1,225 | $83 \%$ | 889 | 770 | 119 |
| Out of <br> state | 2,311 | 1,536 | $66 \%$ | 587 | 544 | 43 |
| Total | 3,793 | 2,764 | $73 \%$ | 1,476 | 1,314 | 162 |

*Because residency status is unknown for 7 applicants and 3 admits, numbers of in-state plus out-of-state students are lower than totals.

## Application for Admission

D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:FallWinterSpringSummer

D4. Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman? $\square$ Yes $\boxtimes$ No
If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure? $\qquad$
D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

|  | Required <br> of All | Recommended <br> of All | Recommended <br> of Some | Required <br> of Some | Not required |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High school transcript | X |  |  |  |  |
| College transcript(s) | X |  |  |  |  |
| Essay or personal statement | X |  |  |  |  |
| Interview |  |  |  | X | X |
| Standardized test scores |  |  |  |  | X |
| Statement of good standing <br> from prior institution(s) |  |  |  |  | X |
| Letter of recommendation |  |  |  |  |  |

D6. If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): $\qquad$

* This varies by college and school.

D7. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify
(on a 4.0 scale): $\qquad$ _

* This varies by college and school.

D8. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:
Other requirements vary by department. Some colleges require specific courses and minimum number of credit hours. College of Music applicants must also complete a College of Music application after their admission application has been submitted, provide a letter of reference, and schedule an audition.

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

|  | Priority Date | Closing <br> Date | Notification <br> Date | Reply Date | Rolling <br> Admission |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Fall* | March 1 | June 1 | March 1 | varies; see <br> confirmation <br> instructions on <br> application status <br> page | X |
| Winter |  |  |  | X |  |
| Spring* |  | October 1 | October 1 | varies; see <br> confirmation <br> instructions on <br> application status <br> page | X |
| Summer* |  | March 1 | March 1 | varies; see <br> confirmation <br> instructions on <br> application status <br> page |  |

*IMPORTANT NOTE re application to the College of Music: Incoming students applying to the College of Music at CU Boulder must complete two separate application processes, one through CU Undergraduate Admissions and another for the College of Music. The DEADLINES for both processes ARE NOT THE SAME. It is critical to remain in contact with both CU Undergraduate Admissions and the College of Music as you navigate the applications. The College of Music does not take applications for Summer term.

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?YesNo

D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: Not applicable.

## Transfer Credit Policies

D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: $\qquad$ C- (1.700)

D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number $\qquad$ Unit type $\qquad$
This is determined by the individual college/school to which the student applies. Please see
https://catalog.colorado.edu/undergraduate/admissions/transfer-college-level-credit/ for more information.

D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:
Number $\qquad$ Unit type $\qquad$
This is determined by the individual college/school to which the student applies. Please see
https://catalog.colorado.edu/undergraduate/admissions/transfer-college-level-credit/ for more information.
D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree: Not applicable
D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:
45 hours for Engineering, Arts \& Sciences, Business, and Media, Communication \& Information; varies for other colleges
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:
Please see https://catalog.colorado.edu/undergraduate/admissions/transfer-college-level-credit/.

## Military Service Transfer Credit Policies

D18. Does your institution accept the following military/veteran transfer credits:
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { American Council on Education (ACE) } & \boxtimes \text { Yes } \square \text { No } \\ \text { College Level Examination Program (CLEP) } & \boxtimes \text { Yes } \square \text { No } \\ \text { DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST) } & \boxtimes \text { Yes } \square \text { No }\end{array}$
*CU Boulder accepts Guaranteed Transfer (GT) Pathways credit for certain military occupations and courses. These courses were identified by CU Boulder faculty in conjunction with ACE. For ACE-recommended credit that is not assigned a GT Pathways designation, we grant lower-division elective credit when ACE recommends that a course or occupation deserves upper-division credit.

D19. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on military education evaluated by the American Council on Education (ACE):
$\qquad$
Number
Unit type $\qquad$

D20. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on Department of Defense supported prior learning assessments (College Level Examination Program (CLEP) or DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)):

Number $\qquad$ Unit type $\qquad$ credits $\qquad$

D21. Are the military/veteran credit transfer policies published on your website? $\boxtimes$ Yes $\square$No

If yes, please provide the URL where the policy can be located:
https://www.colorado.edu/veterans/2015/07/18/military-transfer-credit
D22. Describe other military/veteran transfer credit policies unique to your institution:

## E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

Accelerated programCooperative education program
Cross-registrationDistance learning
Double majorDual enrollment
English as a Second Language (ESL)Exchange student program (domestic)
External degree program
Other (specify): *RESEARCH AND
COMBINED BA/MA,
**SMALL GROUP ACADEMIC
PROGRAMS

## *Research and combined BA/MA include Undergraduate Research Opportunities Program and Concurrent Bachelor's/Master's Programs. <br> **Small Group Academic Programs include Residence Hall Academic Programs and Presidents Leadership Class.

E2. Has been removed from the CDS.
E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

```
Honors program
```

```Independent study
```

```Internships
Liberal arts/career combination
Q Student-designed major
\(\boxtimes\) Study abroad
Teacher certification program
```

```Weekend college
```Arts/fine artsComputer literacyEnglish (including composition)
Foreign languages
History
Other (describe): See below*
*Human Diversity, United States Context

Philosophy
Sciences
Social science

\section*{F. STUDENT LIFE}

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2019 who fit the following categories:

First-time, first-year Undergraduates
(freshman) students
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline aliens from the numerator and denominator) & 47\% & 42\% \\
\hline Percent of men who join fraternities & 13\% & 12\% \\
\hline Percent of women who join sororities* & 27\% & 22\% \\
\hline Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing & 94\% & 28\% \\
\hline Percent who live off campus or commute & 6\% & 72\% \\
\hline Percent of students age 25 and older & 0\% & 5\% \\
\hline Average age of full-time students & 18.1 & 20.1 \\
\hline Average age of all students (full- and part-time) & 18.1 & 20.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
*These data are from AY 2018-19. Current numbers are not available.
F2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

F3. ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)
Army ROTC is offered:
Q On campusAt cooperating institution (name):

Naval ROTC is offered:
```

On campus
At cooperating institution (name):

```

Air Force ROTC is offered:
\(\triangle\) On campusAt cooperating institution (name):

F4. Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\(\boxtimes\) Coed dorms & \(\boxed{\text { Special housing for disabled students }}\) \\
\(\square\) Men's dorms & \(\square\) Special housing for international students \\
\(\square\) Women's dorms & \(\boxed{\text { Fraternity/sorority housing }}\) \\
\(\boxtimes\) Apartments for married students & \(\square\) Cooperative housing \\
\(\boxtimes\) Apartments for single students & \(\boxed{\text { Theme housing }}\) \\
& \(\square\) Wellness housing \\
\(\boxtimes\) Other housing options (specify): Residential Academic Programs in specific \\
dorms
\end{tabular}

\section*{Additional Information, not part of CDS:}

Number of honor societies: 32
Number of sororities: 13 Panhellenic and 5 multi-cultural
Number of fraternities: 22 associated with the Undergraduate Interfraternity Council, plus 4 multi-cultural and 6 affiliated with campus
Number of campus organizations: Approximately 580 registered clubs/organizations
Number of religious organizations: Approximately 25

\section*{G. ANNUAL EXPENSES}

G0. Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator: https://ofa.colorado.edu/netpricecalculator/
Provide 2020-2021 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

\section*{NOTE: Expenses shown are for the 2019-20 academic year.}
\(\boxtimes\) Check here if your institution's 2020-2021 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2020-2021 academic year costs of attendance will be available: June 2020

G1.Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board
List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2020-2021 academic year ( 30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|}
\hline & FIRST-YEAR & UNDERGRADUATES \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
PRIVATE INSTITUTION \\
Tuition:
\end{tabular} & N/A & N/A \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
PUBLIC INSTITUTION \\
Tuition: \\
In-district:
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 10,728\) & \(\$ 10,728^{*}\) \\
\hline In-state (out-of-district): & \(\$ 36,546\) & \(\$ 35,482^{*}\) \\
\hline Out-of-state: & \(\$ 38,336\) & \(\$ 37,220^{*}\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
NONRESIDENT ALIEN: \\
Tuition:
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 1,772\) & \(\$ 1,804^{* *}\) \\
\hline REQUIRED FEES: & \(\$ 14,778\) & \(\$ 14,778\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
ROOM AND BOARD: \\
(on-campus)
\end{tabular} & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
ROOM ONLY: \\
(on-campus)
\end{tabular} & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
BOARD ONLY: \\
(on-campus meal plan)
\end{tabular} & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
*CU Boulder has a four-year tuition guarantee program for resident and non-resident undergraduates. With this guarantee, rates are held constant through the fourth summer from entry for all students enrolled as degree-seeking undergraduates. For details, see https://www.colorado.edu/bursar/costs/cu-boulder-tuition-guarantee. The amount listed is for undergraduates entering in fall 2018.
\({ }^{* *} \mathrm{CU}\) Boulder has a four-year guarantee of mandatory fee costs for resident undergraduates. With this guarantee, rates are held constant through the fourth summer from entry for all Colorado residents enrolled as degree-seeking undergraduates. For details, see https://www.colorado.edu/bursar/costs/cu-boulder-tuition-guarantee. The amount listed is for resident undergraduates entering in fall 2018. Fall 2019 first-year non-resident students are charged \(\$ 1,772\) in mandatory fees.

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):
N/A
Other: \(\qquad\)

\section*{G2.Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline For in-state residents & Minimum \(=12\) & Maximum \(=18\) \\
\hline For out of state & Minimum \(=1\) & Maximum \(=\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

G3.Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?\(\square\) YesNo

\section*{G4.Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?}
\(\boxtimes\) Yes \(\square\)No

If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1? \(\qquad\) 44.5\%

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|}
\hline & Residents & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Commuters \\
(living at home)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Commuters \\
(not living at home)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Books and supplies: & \(\$ 1,200\) & \(\$ 1,200\) & \(\$ 1,200\) \\
\hline Room only: & & & \\
\hline Board only: & & & \(\$ 13,050\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Room and board total (if your \\
college cannot provide \\
separate room and board \\
figures for commuters not \\
living at home):
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 14,778\) & \(\$ 4,617\) & \\
\hline Transportation: & \(\$ 1,152\) & \(\$ 1,152\) & \(\$ 1,152\) \\
\hline Other expenses: & \(\$ 1,404\) & \(\$ 1,251\) & \(\$ 1,404\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS: & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS \\
In-district:
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline In-state (out-of-district): & \\
\hline Out-of-state: & \\
\hline NONRESIDENT ALIENS: & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Not Applicable}

\section*{H. FINANCIAL AID}

\section*{Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H .}

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.
Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.
Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H 1 and H 2 , non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

\section*{Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:}

Non-need institutional grants
Non-need tuition waivers
Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants
Non-need state grants
Non-need outside grants
Non-need student loans
Non-need parent loans
Non-need work
Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

\section*{Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates}

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2018-2019 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2018-2019 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items \(\mathbf{H 1}, \mathbf{H 2}, \mathbf{H 2 A}\), and \(\mathbf{H 6}\) below:2019-2020 estimated or \(\square\) 2018-2019 final
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)
X Federal methodology (FM)
Institutional methodology (IM)Both FM and IM
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|}
\hline & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Need-based \\
(Include non-need-based aid \\
use to meet need.)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Non-need-based \\
(Exclude non-need-based aid \\
use to meet need.)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Scholarships/Grants & \(\$\) & \(\$\) \\
\hline Federal & \(\$ 23,342,022\) & \(\$ 5,810\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in \\
which your institution is located)
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 10,872,582\) & \(\$ 313,823\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual \\
gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by \\
the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition \\
waivers (which are reported below).
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 53,255,936\) & \(\$ 34,556,641\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Scholarships/grants from external sources \\
(e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by \\
the college
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 4,155,242\) & \(\$ 11,056,786\) \\
\hline Total Scholarships/Grants & \(\$ 91,625,782\) & \(\$ 45,933,060\) \\
\hline Self-Help & \(\$ 52,236,865\) & \(\$ 51,228,344\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Student loans from all sources (excluding \\
parent loans)
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 1,939,205\) & \(\$ 193,446\) \\
\hline Federal Work-Study & \(\$ 5,160,944\) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
N
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- \\
study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal \\
Work-Study captured above.)
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 59,337,014\) & \(\$ 51,421,790\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{\begin{tabular}{l} 
Total Self-Help
\end{tabular}} & \(\$ 31,765,347\) & \(\$ 68,653,245\) \\
\hline Parent Loans & & \(\$ 172,407,614\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Tuition Waivers \\
Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition \\
waivers in this row if you choose to report \\
them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.
\end{tabular} & & \(\$ 3,554,580\) \\
\hline Athletic Awards & TOTAL &
\end{tabular}

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l}
First-time \\
Full-time \\
Freshmen
\end{tabular} & Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh) & Less Than Full-time Undergrad \\
\hline a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2019 cohort) & 7,034 & 28,684 & 1,899 \\
\hline b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid & 4,906 & 15,078 & 731 \\
\hline c) Number of students in line \(\mathbf{b}\) who were determined to have financial need & 2,728 & 10,053 & 588 \\
\hline d) Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid & 2,662 & 9,594 & 476 \\
\hline e) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid & 2,090 & 7,457 & 326 \\
\hline f) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based selfhelp aid & 2,303 & 8,296 & 403 \\
\hline g) Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid & 158 & 414 & 5 \\
\hline h) Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) & 1,158 & 3,912 & 111 \\
\hline i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) & 80\% & 80\% & 69\% \\
\hline j) The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) & \$18,037 & \$17,962 & \$13,581 \\
\hline k) Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e & \$12,225 & \$11,882 & \$7,432 \\
\hline I) Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line \(f\) & \$5,913 & \$6,766 & \$7,858 \\
\hline m ) Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line \(\mathbf{f}\) who were awarded a need-based loan & \$5,000 & \$6,206 & \$7,809 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Non-need-based awards } & \begin{tabular}{c} 
First-time \\
Full-time \\
Freshmen
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Full-time \\
Undergrad \\
(Incl. Fresh)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Less Than \\
Full-time \\
Undergrad
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
n)
\end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{l} 
Number of students in line a who had no financial need and \\
who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship \\
or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic \\
awards and tuition benefits)
\end{tabular} & 2,725 & 8,732 & 236 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
o)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based \\
scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line \(\mathbf{n}\)
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 9,343\) & \(\$ 9,345\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
p)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Number of students in line a who were awarded an \\
institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant
\end{tabular} & 63 & 262 \\
\hline q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based \\
athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p
\end{tabular}

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H 4 and H 5 . Include:
* 2019 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019.
* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
* co-signed loans.

Exclude:
* students who transferred in.
* money borrowed at other institutions.
* parent loans
* students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree.

H4. Provide the number of students in the 2019 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019. Exclude students who transferred into your institution. 4,888

H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed. NOTE: The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources. The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Source/Type of Loan & Number in the class (defined in H 4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column & Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \(1 \%\) ) & Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1) \\
\hline a) Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. & 1,931 & 40\% & \$27,568 \\
\hline b) Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. & 1,845 & 38\% & \$18,825 \\
\hline c) Institutional Ioan programs. & N/A & N/A & N/A \\
\hline d) State loan programs. & N/A & N/A & N/A \\
\hline e) Private student loans made by a bank or lender. & 435 & 9\% & \$42,533 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:
\(\square\) Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available

If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: \(\qquad\) 131

Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$ \(\qquad\)
Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:
\$ 2,609,224
H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

\section*{Process for First-Year/Freshman Students}

H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\(\boxtimes\) & FAFSA \\
\(\square\) & Institution's own financial aid form \\
\(\square\) & CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE \\
\(\square\) & State aid form \\
\(\square\) & Noncustodial PROFILE \\
\(\square\) & Business/Farm Supplement \\
\(\square\) & Other: Tax return required
\end{tabular}

H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: _Feb 15
Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: None
No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): Rolling basis
H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
a.) Students notified on or about (date): \(\qquad\)
b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: Yes If yes, starting date: Feb 15

H11. Indicate reply dates:
Students must reply by (date): Grants, scholarships, and work-study are automatically accepted for students so no action is needed. Students have the entire loan period to apply for loans. Loans must be accepted on-line at myCUBoulder.colorado.edu.

\section*{Types of Aid Available}

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12. Loans
FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)

\section*{\(\boxtimes \quad\) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans}
\(\boxtimes \quad\) Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans
\(\boxtimes\) Direct PLUS Loans
\(\square \quad\) Federal Perkins Loans
\(\square \quad\) Federal Nursing Loans
\(\square\) State Loans
College/university loans from institutional funds
\(\boxtimes \quad\) Other (specify): private lenders

\section*{H13. Scholarships and Grants}

\section*{NEED-BASED:}

\section*{Federal Pell}

SEOG
State scholarships/grants
Private scholarships
College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds
United Negro College Fund
Federal Nursing Scholarship
Other (specify):
Non-need based (college-administered):
State
Academic
Creative arts/performance
Special achievements/activities
Special characteristics
Athletic
R ROTC
\(\square\) Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|l|c|c|l|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Non- \\
need
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Need- \\
based
\end{tabular} & & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Non- \\
need
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Need- \\
based
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline X & X & Academics & X & X & Leadership \\
\hline X & X & Alumni affiliation & & & Minority status \\
\hline X & X & Art & X & X & Music/drama \\
\hline X & X & Athletics & & & Religious affiliation \\
\hline & & Job skills & X & X & State/district residency \\
\hline X & & ROTC & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:
- The Transfer Excellence Scholarship was launched in spring 2017 to help support high-achieving transfer students. Please see https://www.colorado.edu/scholarships/cu-boulder/transferexcellence for more information.
- The CU Impact Scholarship launched in 2017-18. The scholarship is awarded to a select group of entering Colorado resident freshmen based on a holistic review of their academic performance in relation to their disadvantage. Please see https://www.colorado.edu/scholarships/impact-scholarship for more information.

\section*{I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE}

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2019. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Full-time } & \multicolumn{1}{c|}{ Part-time } \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, \\
faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their \\
services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post- \\
doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows
\end{tabular} & Exclude & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Include only if they \\
teach one or more \\
non-clinical credit \\
courses
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of \\
students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though \\
they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction \\
and may have faculty status
\end{tabular} & Exclude & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Include if they teach \\
one or more non- \\
clinical credit courses
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
(C ) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non- \\
clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty \\
status
\end{tabular} & Exclude & Include \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the \\
instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching \\
assistant, teaching fellow, and the like
\end{tabular} & Exclude & Exclude \\
\hline (e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay & Include & Exclude \\
\hline (f) faculty on leave without pay & Exclude & Exclude \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or \\
leave with pay
\end{tabular} & Exclude & Include \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)
Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes fulltime faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|}
\hline & Full-time & Part-time & Total \\
\hline a.) Total number of instructional faculty & 1,667 & 663 & 2,330 \\
\hline b.) Total number who are members of minority groups & 303 & 77 & 380 \\
\hline c.) Total number who are women & 667 & 276 & 943 \\
\hline d.) Total number who are men & 1,000 & 385 & 1,385 \\
\hline e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international) & 42 & 21 & 63 \\
\hline f.) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree & 1,454 & 171 & 1,625 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but \\
not a terminal master's
\end{tabular} & 162 & 131 & 293 \\
\hline h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's & 25 & 89 & 114 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
i.)
\end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{l} 
Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other \\
(Note: Items \(\mathbf{f}, \mathbf{g}, \mathbf{h}\), and \(\mathbf{i}\) must sum up to item a.)
\end{tabular} & 26 & 272 & 298 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional \\
programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level \\
students
\end{tabular} & 44 & 35 & 79 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Faculty -- Highest Degree}

Nearly all tenured and tenure-track faculty (98\%) have a doctorate or other terminal degree. The percentage of full-time instructional faculty whose highest degree is a doctorate or other terminal degree is \(87 \%\).

\section*{I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio}

Report the Fall 2019 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus \(1 / 3\) part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus \(1 / 3\) part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2019 Student to Faculty ratio: \(\qquad\) to 1
(based on 33,136 student FTE and 1,877 faculty FTE [from 37,907 undergraduate and graduate students excluding law and telecommunications and 2,382 instructional faculty excluding law and telecommunications]).

\section*{I-3. Undergraduate Class Size}

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2019 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2019. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the " \(20-29\) " column of the class subsections table.

\section*{Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled}

\section*{Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \(2-9\) & \(10-19\) & \(20-29\) & \(30-39\) & \(40-49\) & \(50-99\) & \(100+\) & Total \\
\hline CLASS SECTIONS & 262 & 1,362 & 769 & 428 & 241 & 399 & 248 & 3,709 \\
\hline\(\%\) of total class sections & \(7.1 \%\) & \(36.7 \%\) & \(20.7 \%\) & \(11.5 \%\) & \(6.5 \%\) & \(10.8 \%\) & \(6.7 \%\) & \\
\hline Cumulative \% & \(7.1 \%\) & \(43.8 \%\) & \(64.5 \%\) & \(76 \%\) & \(82.5 \%\) & \(93.3 \%\) & \(100 \%\) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \(2-9\) & \(10-19\) & \(20-29\) & \(30-39\) & \(40-49\) & \(50-99\) & \(100+\) & Total \\
\hline CLASS SUB- SECTIONS & 155 & 499 & 846 & 163 & 59 & 21 & 7 & 1,750 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
\% of total class \\
subsections
\end{tabular} & \(8.9 \%\) & \(28.5 \%\) & \(48.3 \%\) & \(9.3 \%\) & \(3.4 \%\) & \(1.2 \%\) & \(0.4 \%\) & \\
\hline Cumulative \% & \(8.9 \%\) & \(37.4 \%\) & \(85.7 \%\) & \(95 \%\) & \(98.4 \%\) & \(99.6 \%\) & \(100 \%\) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED}

\section*{Degrees conferred between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019}

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of \(1^{\text {st }}\) and \(2^{\text {nd }}\) majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1 st Majors and the Grand Total by \(2^{\text {nd }}\) major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using \(1^{\text {st }}\) majors only.

\section*{Bachelor's Degrees Awarded--includes double and second majors}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|}
\hline CIP Discipline & N & PCT & CIP 2010 Categories to Include \\
\hline Agriculture & -- & -- & 1 \\
\hline Natural resources and conservation & 193 & 3 & 3 \\
\hline Architecture & 140 & 2 & 4 \\
\hline Area, ethnic, and gender studies & 49 & 1 & 5 \\
\hline Communication/journalism & 650 & 10 & 9 \\
\hline Communication technologies & -- & -- & 10 \\
\hline Computer and information sciences & 344 & 5 & 11 \\
\hline Personal and culinary services & -- & -- & 12 \\
\hline Education (Music only) & 16 & 0 & 13 \\
\hline Engineering & 827 & 12 & 14 \\
\hline Engineering technologies & -- & -- & 15 \\
\hline Foreign languages, literatures, and & 151 & 2 & 16 \\
linguistics & & & \\
\hline Family and consumer sciences & -- & -- & 19 \\
\hline Law/legal studies & -- & -- & 22 \\
\hline English & 133 & 2 & 23 \\
\hline Liberal arts/general studies & 22 & 0 & 24 \\
\hline Library science & -- & -- & 25 \\
\hline Biological/life sciences & 899 & 13 & 26 \\
\hline Mathematics and statistics & 164 & 2 & 27 \\
\hline Military science and military technologies & -- & -- & 28 and 29 \\
\hline Interdisciplinary studies & 249 & 4 & 30 \\
\hline Parks and recreation & -- & -- & 31 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|r|}
\hline CIP Discipline & N & PCT & CIP 2010 Categories to Include \\
\hline Philosophy and religious studies & 60 & 1 & 38 \\
\hline Theology and religious vocations & -- & -- & 39 \\
\hline Physical sciences & 215 & 3 & 40 \\
\hline Science technologies & -- & -- & 41 \\
\hline Psychology & 478 & 7 & 42 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Homeland Security, law enforcement, \\
firefighting, and protective services
\end{tabular} & -- & -- & 43 \\
\hline Public administration and social services & -- & -- & 44 \\
\hline Social sciences & 778 & 12 & 45 \\
\hline Construction trades & -- & -- & 46 \\
\hline Mechanic and repair technologies & -- & -- & 47 \\
\hline Precision production & -- & -- & 48 \\
\hline Transportation and materials moving & -- & -- & 49 \\
\hline Visual and performing arts & 229 & 3 & 50 \\
\hline Health professions and related programs & 71 & 1 & 51 \\
\hline Business/marketing & 993 & 15 & 52 \\
\hline History & 83 & 1 & 54 \\
\hline TOTAL (includes double majors) & 6,744 & \(100 \%\) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Common Data Set Definitions}

\section*{- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.}
- Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.
Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.
*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.
American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is not creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.
Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but not more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.
Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.
Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.
*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.
Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.
Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.
*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.
Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Clock hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as contact hour.
Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.
Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.
*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour ( 50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.
Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or recognized postsecondary credential. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a twomonth program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.
Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to
the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously
Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.
Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 clock hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.
*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more clock hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.
*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.
High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.
Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.
International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.
Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.
*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.
*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).
Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.
*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.
Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.
*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.
Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.
Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.
Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 clock hours a week each term.
*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.
Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact/clock hour requirements-

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year ( 2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 clock hours by a student enrolled full-time.
At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 clock hours.
At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 clock hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

\section*{Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.}

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Recognized Postsecondary Credential: Includes both Title IV eligible degrees, certificates, and other recognized postsecondary credentials. Any credential that is received after completion of a program that is eligible for Title IV federal student aid. Credentials that are awarded to recognize an individual's attainment of measurable technical or industry/occupational skills necessary to obtain employment or advance within an industry occupation. (Generally based on standards developed or endorsed by employers or industry associations).

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.
*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).
Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.
Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.
*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.
Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.
Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.
*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, clock hour).
Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.
*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.
Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.
Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.
*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

\section*{Financial Aid Definitions}

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.
Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.
Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-needbased reason. When reporting questions H 1 and H 2 , non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

\section*{Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:}

Non-need institutional grants
Non-need tuition waivers
Non-need athletic awards
Non-need federal grants
Non-need state grants
Non-need outside grants
Non-need student loans
Non-need parent loans

\section*{Common Data Set 2019-2020}

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.```

