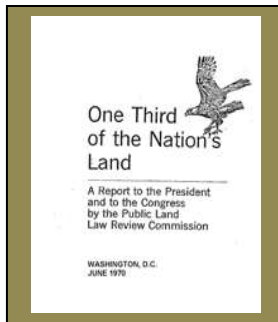


Celebrating the 40th Anniversary of *One Third of The Nation's Lands*



In 1964 Congress established the Public Land Law Review Commission to review the public land laws of the United States and to determine whether revisions were necessary. The Commission was comprised of six members appointed by the President, six by the U.S. Senate and six by the U.S. House. Congressman Wayne Aspinall of Colorado served as chair. In 1970, the Commission issued its report – ***One Third of Our Nation's Lands***. This influential report became a blueprint for much future public lands legislation including, most notably, the Federal Land Policy and Management Act and the National Forest Management Act.

As we celebrate the 40th Anniversary of this seminal document, it is time to reflect on the need for a new Commission and a new report to address the challenges for our public lands in the 21st century. The NRLC's 2010 Martz summer conference will offer a venue to consider this important idea.

About the NRLC Martz Summer Conference

Since 1980, the University of Colorado Law School has convened an annual summer conference on leading issues in natural resources law and policy. The summer conference was instrumental in the decision to establish the Natural Resources Law Center in 1982, and the Center has hosted the summer conference ever since.

The NRLC's popular summer conference is renowned for its success in bringing together the leading lawyers and policy-makers of the day to engage a sophisticated audience in an informed discussion and debate over natural resources policy. The NRLC summer conference regularly attracts prominent national speakers.

In 2009, the NRLC named its summer conference to honor Clyde Martz. Over his long and distinguished career, Clyde Martz has worn many hats. He began his career as a law professor at the University of Colorado, where he wrote the first casebook on natural resources law, at a time when it was not even recognized as a distinct field of study. Eventually, Clyde left teaching to practice law with the law firm of David, Graham, and Stubbs, where he remained for most of his remarkable career. On two occasions, however, Clyde left practice to enter public service, first to serve as the Assistant Attorney General for Land and Water Resources during the Lyndon Johnson Administration, and subsequently to become the Interior Solicitor during the Jimmy Carter Administration. Beyond his many professional accomplishments, Clyde was a leading promoter of the field of natural resources law. He was a founder and one of the first presidents of the Rocky Mountain Mineral Law Foundation, and he was the chair of the committee that led to the founding of our own Natural Resources Law Center. Naming the summer conference in honor of Clyde reminds us of the important role that the Center has to play in the national debate over natural resources policy. We hope you will join us in shaping that debate.