

1. Which of the following is **not** a formal requirement for joining the European Union:
 - a. Political Stability
 - b. All current European Union members must agree to admit the applicant country
 - c. Cultural and ethnic similarity to the countries currently in the European Union
 - d. The adjustment of the constitutional document to reflect European standards on the rule of law and human rights

2. Which of the following best describes European Russia:
 - a. A physical geography typified by plains, which is sixty percent permafrost with the remainder primarily forest and wetlands, and the site of heavy industry and small population centers.
 - b. Arid steppe that was heavily irrigated during the Soviet period in order to facilitate the cultivation of cotton. Is currently experiencing significant environmental problems associated with Soviet central planning at sites like the Aral Sea.
 - c. A varied physical geography, including mountains, plateaus, and a long coastline, settled by migrants from Western Russia, with significant natural resource wealth, including oil, gold, diamonds, and tin.
 - d. Site of Russia's main population centers, including Moscow and St. Petersburg, and agricultural production; the cultural hearth of the Russian state.

3. The growth of Islam is an example of which of the following processes:
 - a. Spatial diffusion through disease vectors, specifically the Black Plague
 - b. Spatial diffusion through trade and conquest
 - c. Spatial diffusion from point-to-point, as facilitated by modern modes of transport
 - d. Spatial diffusion

4. The movie "The Men That Got Away" documented the failure of the international community to capture two war criminals from the War in Bosnia, 1992-1995. One of these two men has since been caught. Who is it?
 - a. Ratko Mladic, the general in command of Serbian forces in Bosnia
 - b. Slobodan Milosevic, the former president of Serbia
 - c. Radovan Karadzic, the former political leader of the Bosnian Serbs
 - d. Bosko Radonjich, former CIA operative who gave away the position of Bosnian fighters in July 1995

5. According to the *Economist* article "Free Trade on Trial", NAFTA benefited the Mexican economy by:
 - a. Insulating Mexico's economy from financial instability as experienced in other parts of Latin America, specifically Argentina and Brazil
 - b. Maintaining the system of tariffs that provided an important revenue stream for the Mexican state

- c. Flooding cheap corn into the Mexican market, which spurred the rise of a domestic ethanol industry
- d. Raising wages among Mexican factory workers to the same level as enjoyed by their American and Canadian counterparts.